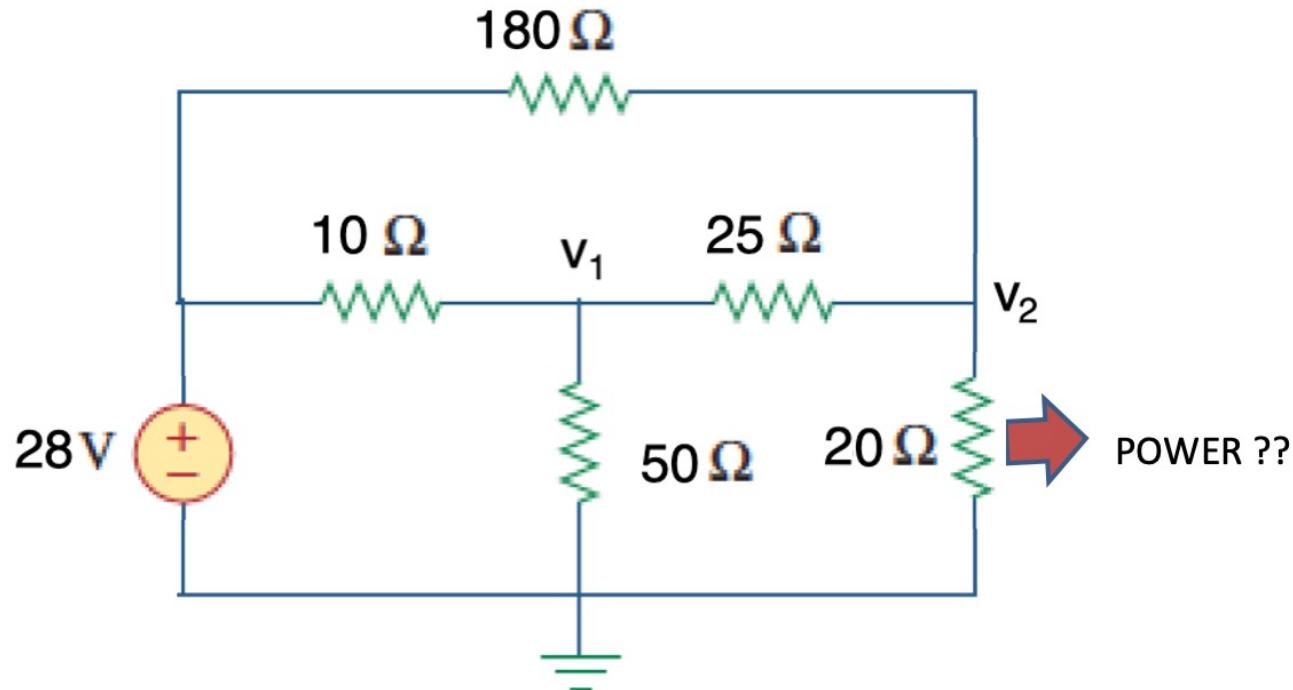


# Lecture 27

## Theorems – 4 of 6

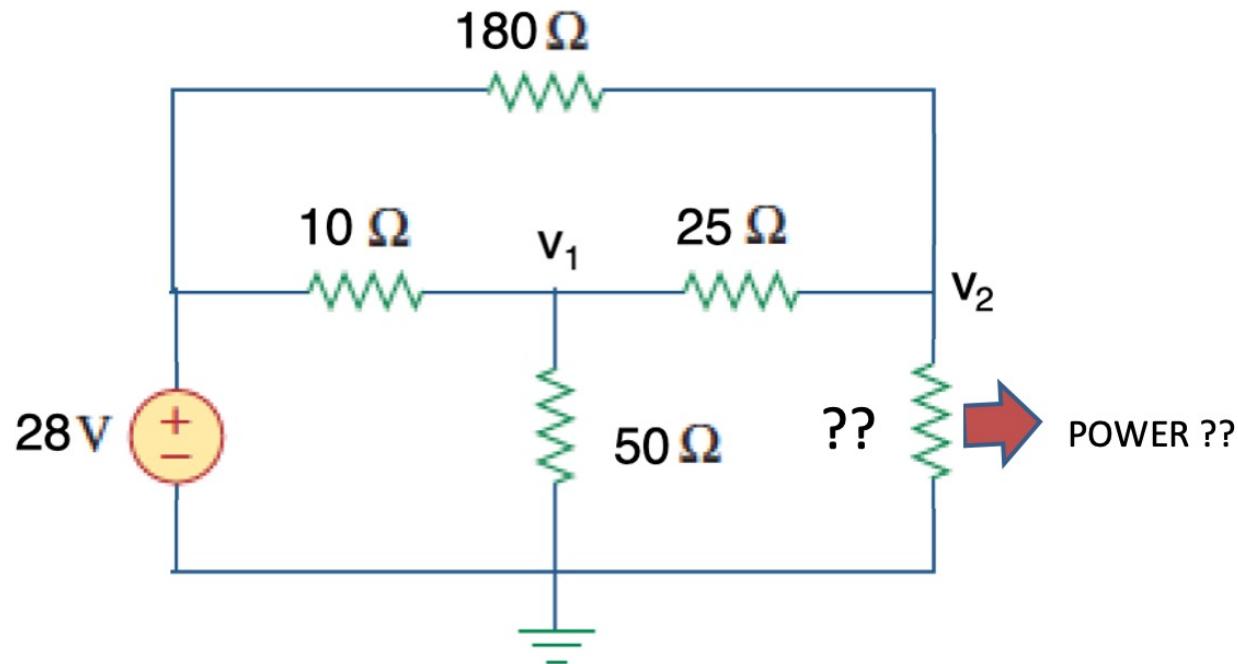
maximum power transfer

# Power Transfer

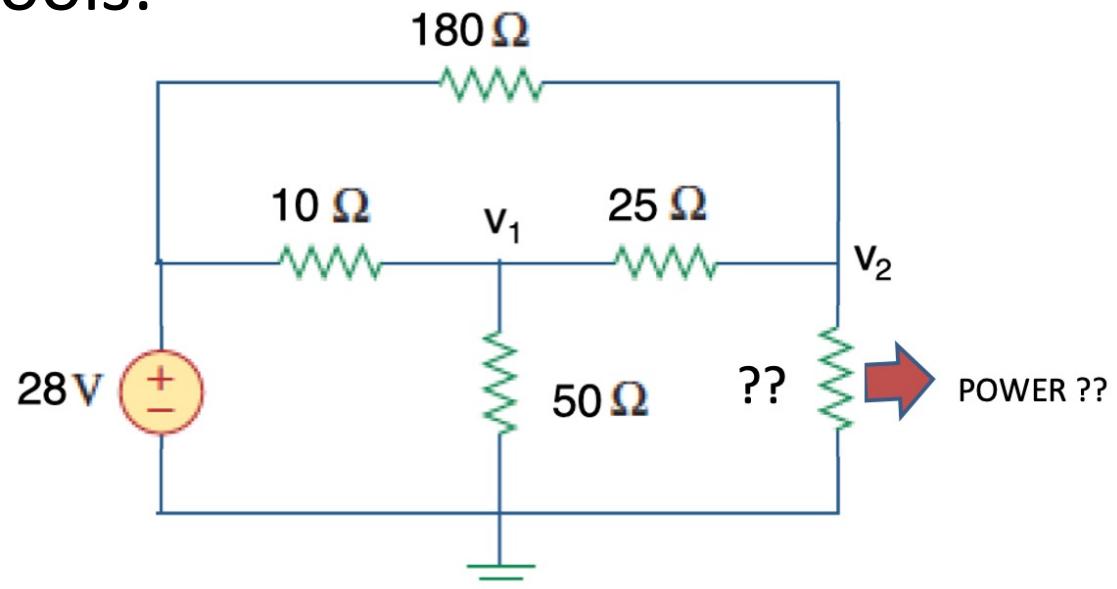


- How much power is dissipated in the 20 Ω resistor?
  - Method: node analysis  $\rightarrow v_2 = 10 \text{ V}$
  - Power calculation  $P = \frac{v_2^2}{20} = \frac{10^2}{20} = 5 \text{ W}$

- Question – if the resistance was larger/smaller than  $20\ \Omega$  could it take more power from the circuit?



- Approach 1 – solve for power in terms of R
  - MatLab symbolic tools:



**%% setup problem**

```
syms v1 v2 R
```

```
[s1,s2] = solve( v1/50+(v1-28)/10+(v1-v2)/25==0, ...
    v2/R+(v2-v1)/25+(v2-28)/180==0,v1,v2)
```

```
pow = s2^2/R;
```

**%% check for  $R = 20$  ohms**

```
subs(s2,R,20)
```

```
subs(pow,R,20)
```

```
ans =
10
ans =
5
```

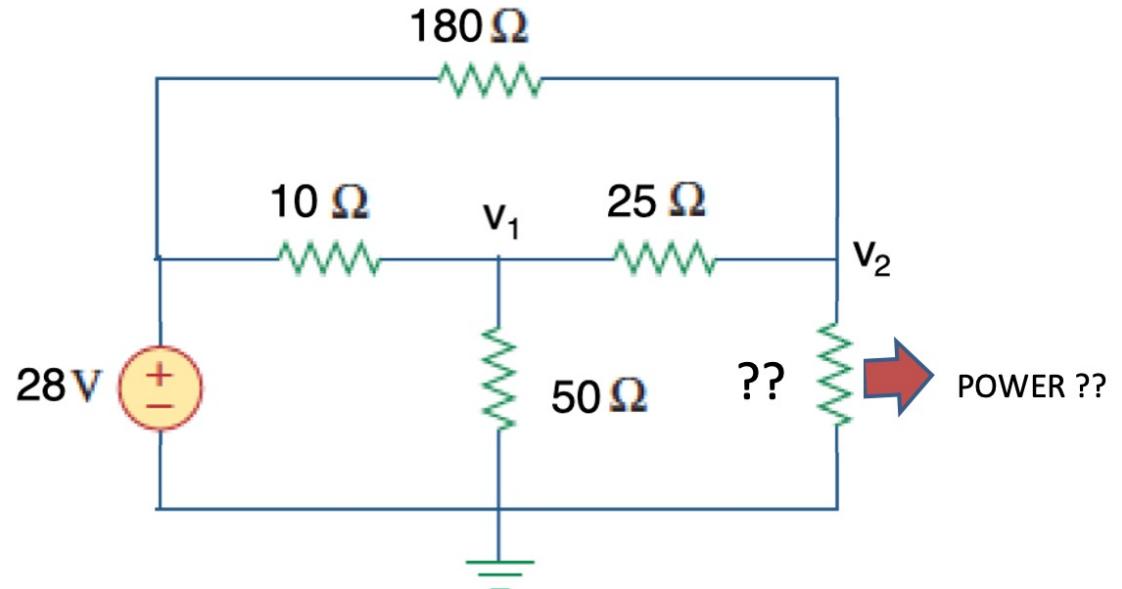
- Optimize

% optimize over R

```
dpow = diff(pow,R);
```

```
Rstar = solve(dpow)
```

```
eval( subs(pow,R,Rstar) )
```



Rstar =

225/8

ans =

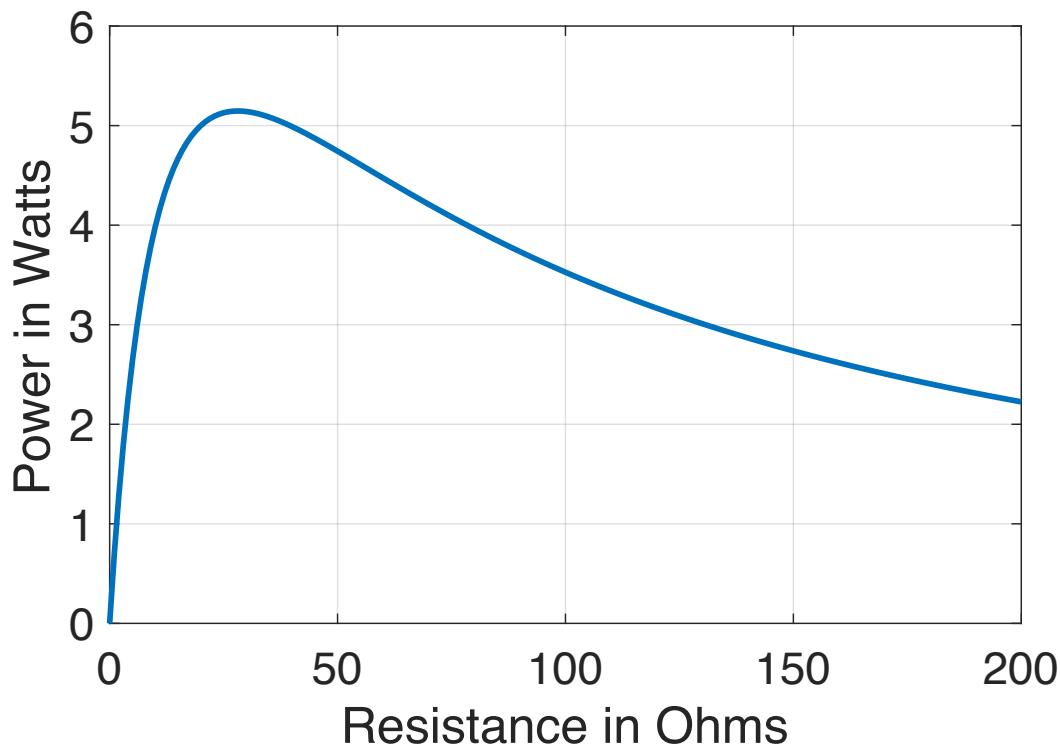
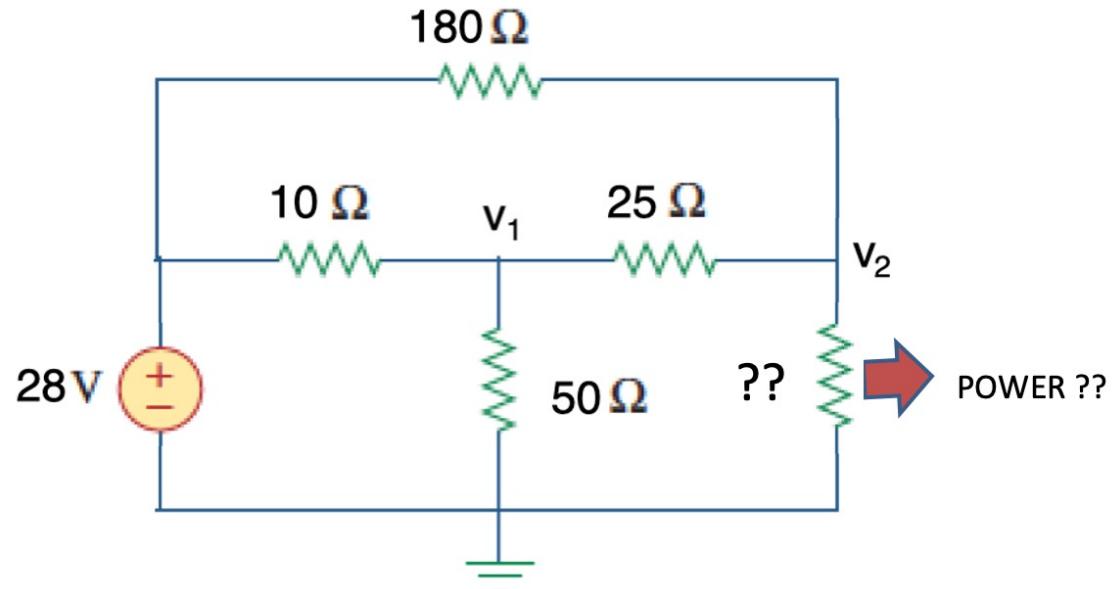
5.1467e+00

$$R^* = \frac{225}{8} = 28.1 \Omega$$

$$P_{max} = 5.15 W$$

- What's going on?

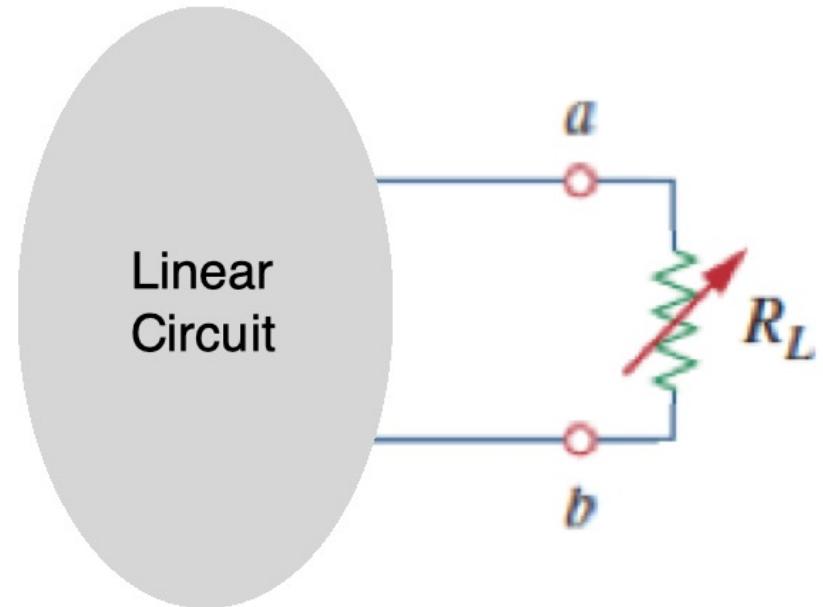
$$P = \frac{148225 R}{4 (8R + 225)^2}$$



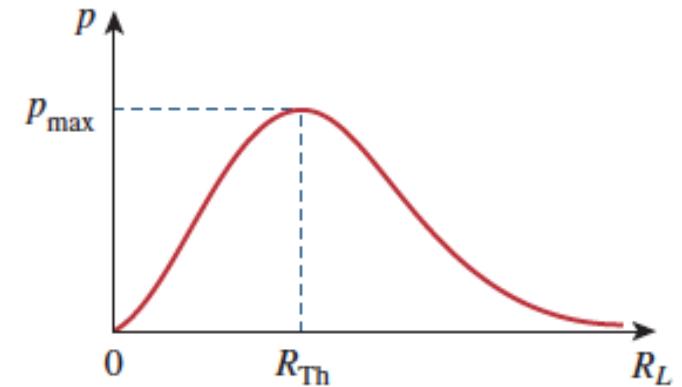
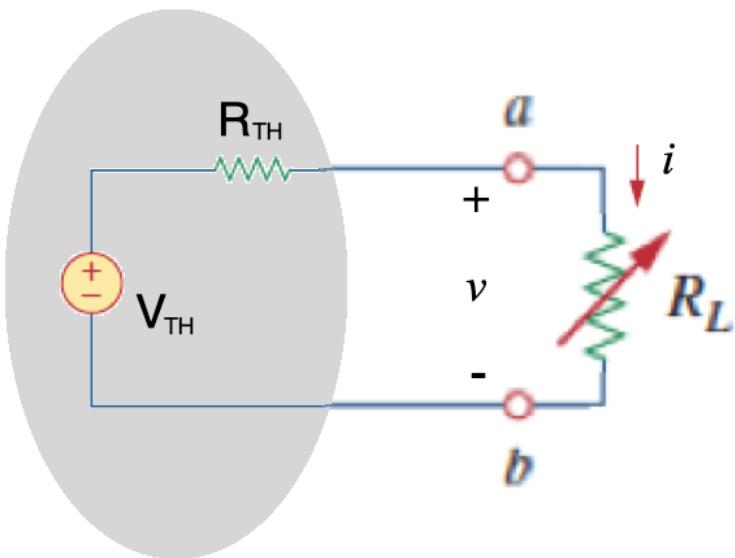
```
Rv = 0:200;
Pv = subs(pow,Rv);
plot(Rv,Pv)
```

# Maximum Power Transfer

- Consider connecting a “load” resistance,  $R_L$ , across two points of a circuit
- What happens as it varies?
  - Current
  - Voltage
  - Power



- Use the Thevenin model



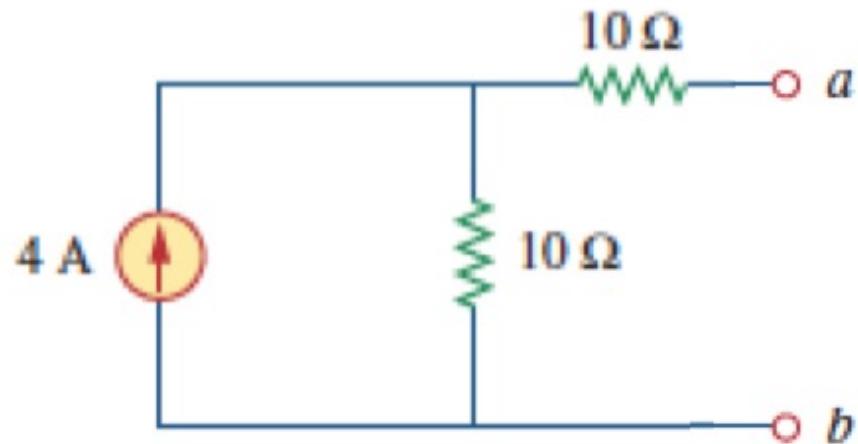
$$v = \frac{R_L}{R_L + R_{th}} v_{th}$$

$$p = \frac{v^2}{R_L} = \frac{R_L}{(R_L + R_{th})^2} v_{th}^2$$

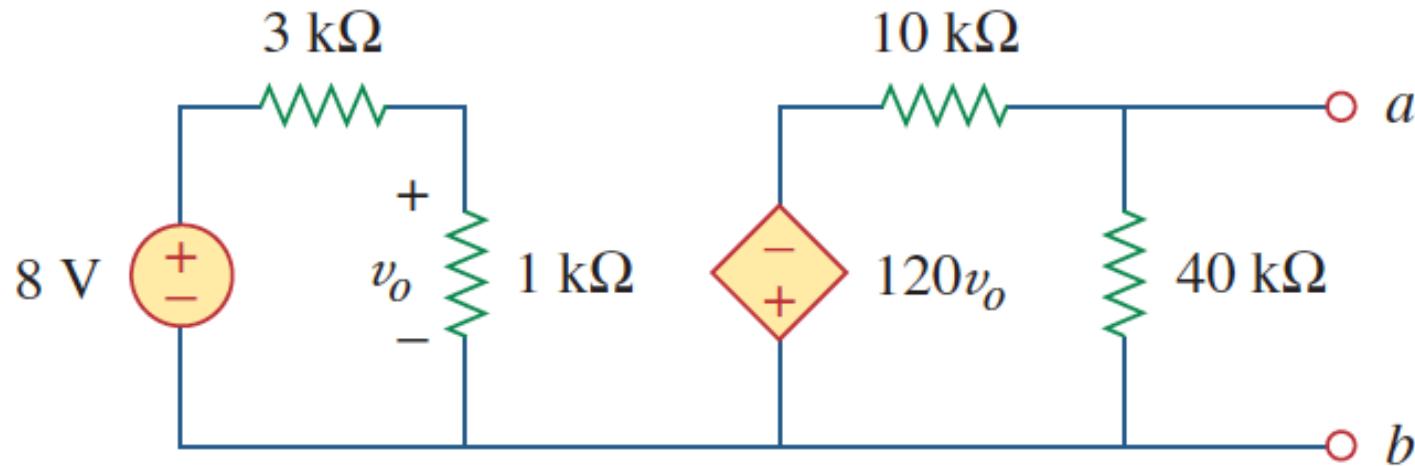
- $\frac{\partial p}{\partial R_L} = 0$  yields a max of  $P_{max} = \frac{V_{th}^2}{4R_{th}}$  when  $R_L = R_{th}$

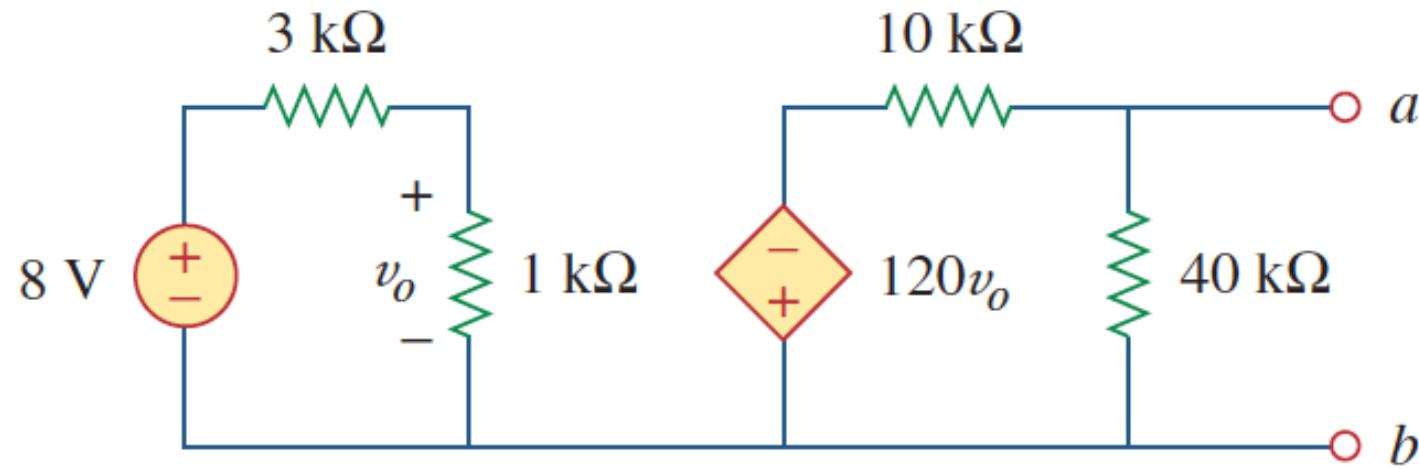
**Example:** find a load resistance to dissipate maximum power

$20 \Omega, 20 W$



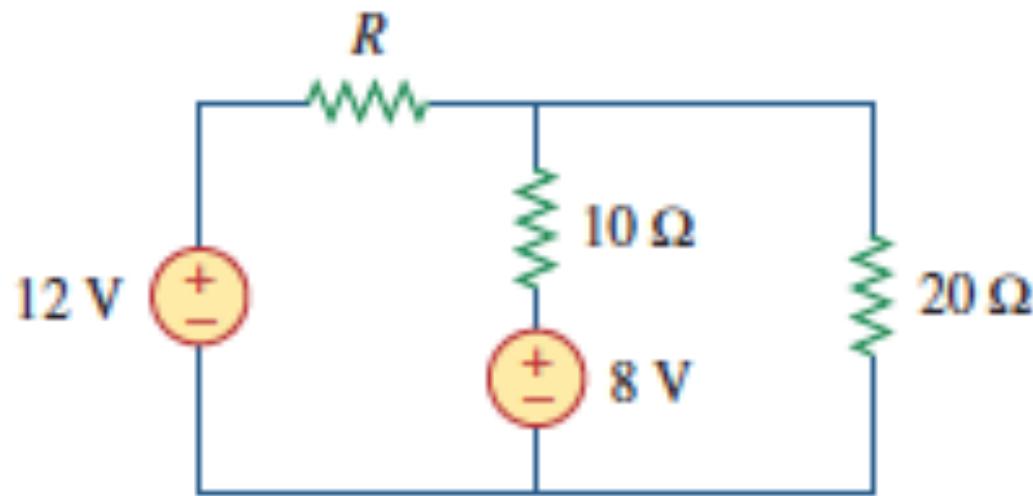
**Example:** find the load that dissipates maximum power





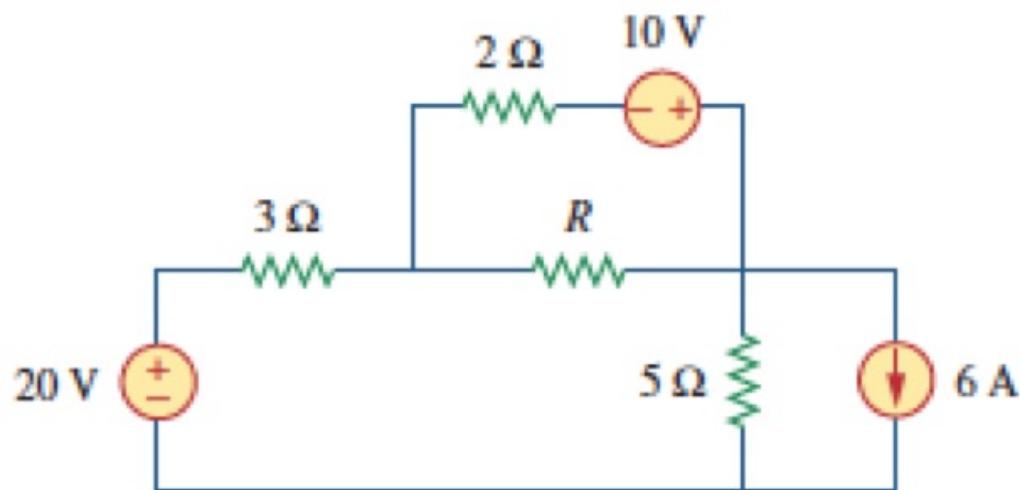
$8 \text{ k}\Omega$

**Example** (trick): find R to maximum the power delivered to the 10 ohm resistor



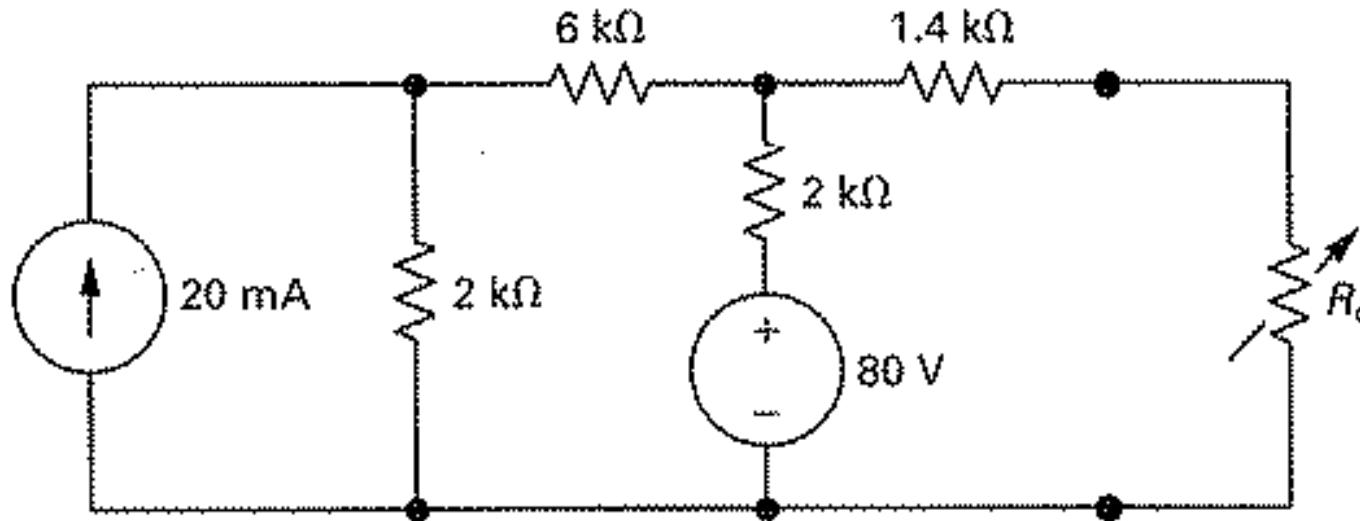
$$1.6 \Omega, \frac{5}{8} W$$

**Practice problem:** maximize the power to  $R$



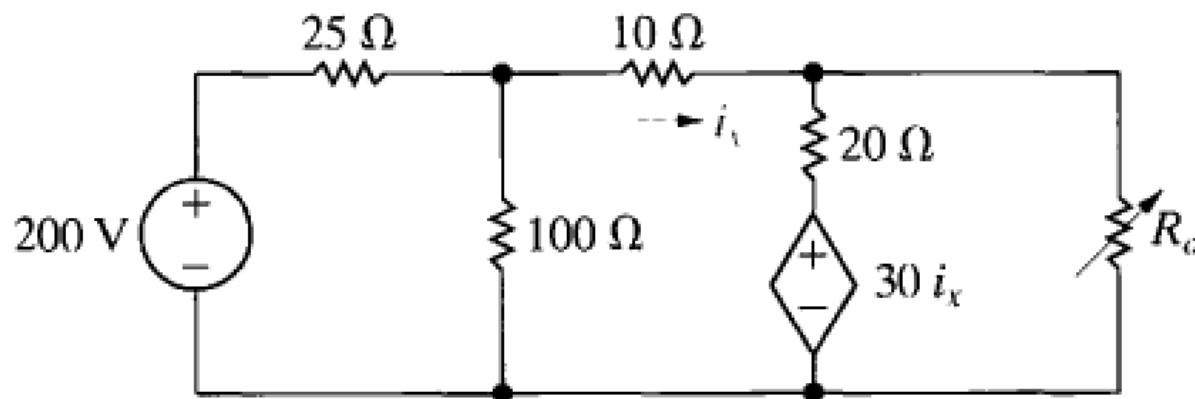
$3 \text{ k}\Omega, 468 \text{ mW}$

**Practice problem:** maximize the power to  $R_o$



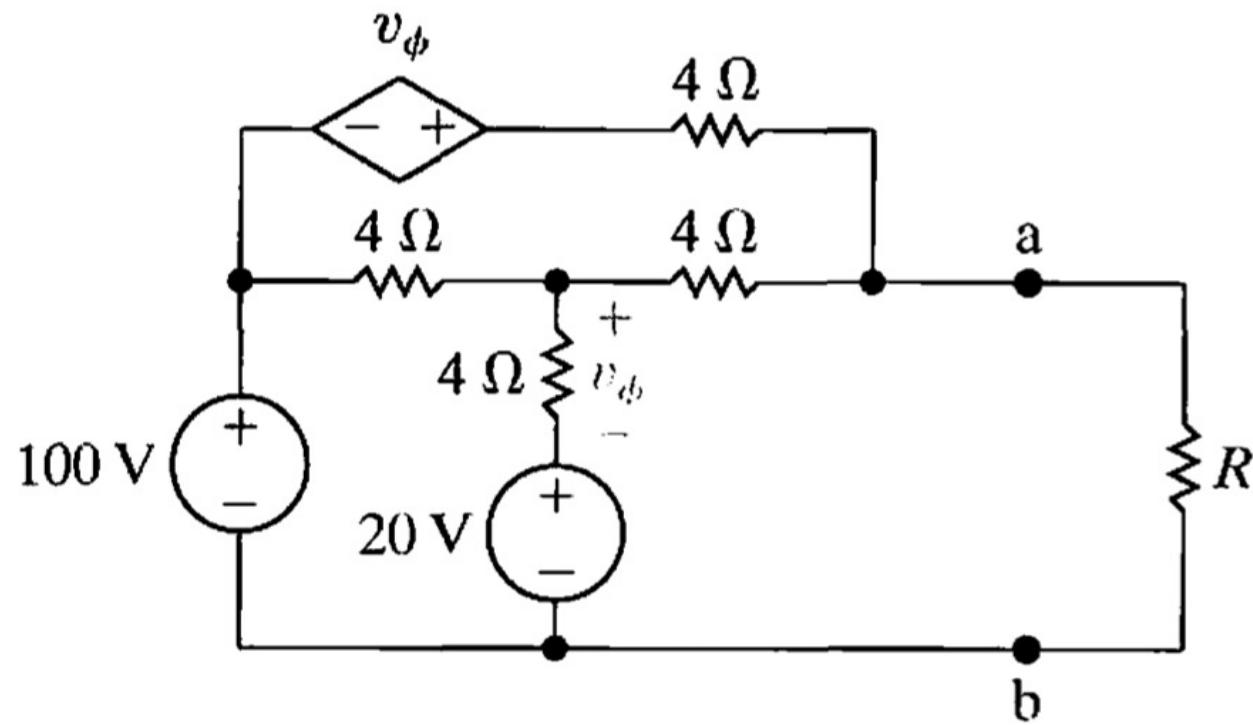
$7.5 \Omega, 333 W$

**Practice problem:** maximize the power to  $R_o$



$3 \Omega, 1.2 kW$

**Practice problem:** maximize the power to  $R$



$4 \text{ k}\Omega, 9 \text{ mW}$

**Practice problem:** maximize the power to  $R_L$

