

Security Verification of Key Exchange in Ciphertext-Policy Attribute Based Encryption

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Cryptography Protocols - Practice

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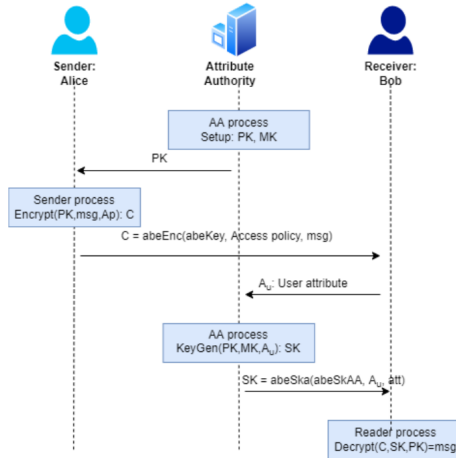
- ▶ About ABE
- ▶ Key exchange in ABE - methods
- ▶ Added security verification
- ▶ Process of making this work
- ▶ Running ABE in Proverif
- ▶ Adding PKI to ABE
- ▶ Result

Attribute Based Encryption - ABE

Fine-grained access control of encrypted data using authorization policies. KP-ABE and CP-ABE

- ▶ What is Ciphertext-policy ABE
- ▶ An example

CP-ABE



Sending keys securely

How are the generated **secret keys** sent to the corresponding user **securely**?

- ▶ KDC
- ▶ PKI (what I have chosen)

Security properties to verify

- ▶ Confidentiality
- ▶ Authentication

Making this work

- ▶ First - Running the CP-ABE scheme
- ▶ Second - Adding PKI

What PKI scheme to use - Needham-Schroeder protocol

- ▶ Code available in Proverif
- ▶ Proven security properties

Running the CP-ABE scheme

- ▶ Added some declarations, authentication and secrecy queries
- ▶ Made changes to code

```
Error: the following sets of equations
abeDec(abeEnc(abePk(sk1),AccessPolicy,msg),abeSka(sk1,uid,att)) = abeEval
(AccessPolicy, msg, abeCheckKey(abePk(sk1),abeSka(sk1,uid,att), uid, att))

and

abeCheckKey(abePk(sk1),abeSka(sk1,uid,att),uid,att) = pass

use common function symbols.
Error: Blocks of equations marked [convergent] or [linear] should use function
symbols disjoint from each other.
```

Running the CP-ABE scheme - 2

```
(* fun abeCheckKey(abeKey,bitstring,bitstring,bitstring) :bitstring. *)  
(* forall sk1:abeKey, uid:bitstring,att:bitstring;  
abeCheckKey(abePk(sk1),abeSka(sk1,uid,att),uid,att) =pass; *)  
  
(* changed to rewrite rule so used bool and they can not be used in  
other equations or rewrite rules *)  
reduc forall sk1:skey, uid:bitstring,att:bitstring;  
abeCheckKey(abePk(sk1),abeSka(sk1,uid,att),uid,att) = true.
```

Verification summary:

Non-interference pMsg cannot be proved.

Query not attacker(pMsg[]) is false.

Adding the PKI scheme

Original process

- ▶ Public keys are assumed

```
Sender(pkSender,abePkAA,AccessPolicy) |  
Receiver(skReceiver, pkReceiver, abePkAA, att1) |  
AA(pkReceiver, abeSkAA)
```

After changes

- ▶ Only CA's public key - pkS is made available

```
new skS: skey; let pkS = spk(skS) in out(c, pkS);  
Sender(pkSender,abePkAA,AccessPolicy) |  
Receiver(skReceiver, pkReceiver, pkS, att1) |  
AA(pkS, abeSkAA) | processS(skS) | processK
```

Receiver - Decryption

```
out( c, senc(userid(pkReceiver),NX)); (* NX is Nb - Secret of Attribute Authority *)
out( c, senc(att1,Na)); (* Na - Secret of Receiver *)

in( c , encAbeSkAtt1:bitstring ); 5
let abeSkAtt1 = adec(sdec(encAbeSkAtt1, Na), skReceiver) in
if abeCheckKey(pkX,abeSkAtt1,userid(pkReceiver),att1) = true
then let message = abeDec(abeEncMsg, abeSkAtt1) in
event e. 6
```

1 ←

Attribute Authority - Encryption

```
in(c, userX:bitstring);
in(c, encAtt1:bitstring); } → 2

let att1 = sdec(encAtt1,NY) in (* NY is Na - Secret of Receiver *)
event f;
let userA = sdec(userX,Nb) in (* Nb - Secret of AA *) 3
if userA=userid(pkY) then
out( c, aenc(senc(abeSka(abeSkAA, userA, att1),NY),pkY)). 4
```

Final Result

```
-----  
Verification summary:  
Query inj-event(endBparam(x)) ==> inj-event(beginBparam(x)) is true.  
Query inj-event(endAparam(x)) ==> inj-event(beginAparam(x)) is true.  
Query not attacker(secretANa[]) is true.  
Query not attacker(secretANb[]) is true.  
Query not attacker(secretBNa[]) is true.  
Query not attacker(secretBNb[]) is true.  
Query not attacker(pMsg[]) is true.  
Non-interference pMsg is true.  
-----
```

<http://proverif20.paris.inria.fr/index.php>