

# DATA 622 Assignment 3

CUNY: Spring 2021

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```
# Import required R libraries
```

```
library(vcd)
```

```
library(caret)
```

```
#library(MASS)
```

```
#library(ggplot2)
```

```
#library(mvtnorm)
```

```
#library(e1071)
```

```
#library(klaR)
```

```
#library(pROC)
```

```
#library(corrplot)
```

```
theme_set(theme_classic())
```

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
library(tidymodels)
```

```
library(skimr)
```

```
library(baguette)
```

```
library(future)
```

```
library(xgboost)
```

```
library(vip)
```

```
library(rpart.plot)
```

```
# Read in loan approval csv
```

```
data <- read.csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ptanofsky/data622/main/assignment03/Loan_approval.csv")
```

```
data$Credit_History <- as.factor(data$Credit_History)
```

```
data$Total_Income <- data$ApplicantIncome + data$CoapplicantIncome
```

```
data$LoanAmt_Per_Month <- data$LoanAmount / data$Loan_Amount_Term
```

```
data$Income_To_LoanAmt <- data$Total_Income / data$LoanAmount
```

```
data$Income_To_LoanAmtMonth <- data$Total_Income / data$LoanAmt_Per_Month
```

```
summary(data)
```

```
##      Loan_ID      Gender  Married  Dependents      Education
## LP001002: 1         : 13        : 3         : 15      Graduate   :480
## LP001003: 1  Female:112    No :213    0 :345      Not Graduate:134
```

```
## LP001005: 1 Male :489 Yes:398 1 :102
## LP001006: 1 2 :101
## LP001008: 1 3+: 51
## LP001011: 1
## (Other) :608
## Self_Employed ApplicantIncome CoapplicantIncome LoanAmount
## : 32 Min. : 150 Min. : 0 Min. : 9.0
## No :500 1st Qu.: 2878 1st Qu.: 0 1st Qu.:100.0
## Yes: 82 Median : 3812 Median : 1188 Median :128.0
## Mean : 5403 Mean : 1621 Mean :146.4
## 3rd Qu.: 5795 3rd Qu.: 2297 3rd Qu.:168.0
## Max. :81000 Max. :41667 Max. :700.0
## NA's :22
## Loan_Amount_Term Credit_History Property_Area Loan_Status Total_Income
## Min. : 12 0 : 89 Rural :179 N:192 Min. : 1442
## 1st Qu.:360 1 :475 Semiurban:233 Y:422 1st Qu.: 4166
## Median :360 NA's: 50 Urban :202 Median : 5416
## Mean :342 Mean : 7025
## 3rd Qu.:360 3rd Qu.: 7522
## Max. :480 Max. :81000
## NA's :14
## LoanAmt_Per_Month Income_To_LoanAmt Income_To_LoanAmtMonth
## Min. :0.0250 Min. : 12.09 Min. : 808.5
## 1st Qu.:0.2861 1st Qu.: 35.53 1st Qu.: 12233.0
## Median :0.3653 Median : 41.43 Median : 14469.3
## Mean :0.4803 Mean : 51.23 Mean : 17241.8
## 3rd Qu.:0.5139 3rd Qu.: 51.78 3rd Qu.: 17992.4
## Max. :9.2500 Max. :396.37 Max. :142692.0
## NA's :36 NA's :22 NA's :36
```

```
dim(data)
```

```
## [1] 614 17
```

Dimensions: 614 observations

13 columns

All columns factor except:

ApplicationIncome: int

CoapplicantIncome: num LoanAmount: int Loan\_Amount\_Term: int Credit\_History: int, should probably be factor

Loan\_ID: Unique identifier Gender: Female|Male Married: No|Yes

```
# Count penguins for each loan status / gender
ggplot(data, aes(x = Gender, fill = Loan_Status)) +
  geom_bar(alpha = 0.8) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("darkorange", "purple", "cyan4"),
                    guide = F) +
  theme_minimal() +
  facet_wrap(~Loan_Status, ncol = 1) +
  coord_flip()

mosaic(~ Gender + Loan_Status, data = data)
```

```

# Count penguins for each loan status / married
ggplot(data, aes(x = Married, fill = Loan_Status)) +
  geom_bar(alpha = 0.8) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("darkorange", "purple", "cyan4"),
                    guide = F) +
  theme_minimal() +
  facet_wrap(~Loan_Status, ncol = 1) +
  coord_flip()

mosaic(~ Married + Loan_Status, data = data)

```

```

# Count penguins for each loan status / dependents
ggplot(data, aes(x = Dependents, fill = Loan_Status)) +
  geom_bar(alpha = 0.8) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("darkorange", "purple", "cyan4"),
                    guide = F) +
  theme_minimal() +
  facet_wrap(~Loan_Status, ncol = 1) +
  coord_flip()

mosaic(~ Dependents + Loan_Status, data = data)

```

```

# Count penguins for each loan status / Education
ggplot(data, aes(x = Education, fill = Loan_Status)) +
  geom_bar(alpha = 0.8) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("darkorange", "purple", "cyan4"),
                    guide = F) +
  theme_minimal() +
  facet_wrap(~Loan_Status, ncol = 1) +
  coord_flip()

mosaic(~ Education + Loan_Status, data = data)

```

```

# Count penguins for each loan status / Self_Employed
ggplot(data, aes(x = Self_Employed, fill = Loan_Status)) +
  geom_bar(alpha = 0.8) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("darkorange", "purple", "cyan4"),
                    guide = F) +
  theme_minimal() +
  facet_wrap(~Loan_Status, ncol = 1) +
  coord_flip()

mosaic(~ Self_Employed + Loan_Status, data = data)

```

```

# Count penguins for each loan status / Credit_History
ggplot(data, aes(x = Credit_History, fill = Loan_Status)) +
  geom_bar(alpha = 0.8) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("darkorange", "purple", "cyan4"),
                    guide = F) +
  theme_minimal() +
  facet_wrap(~Loan_Status, ncol = 1) +
  coord_flip()

```

```

mosaic(~ Credit_History + Loan_Status, data = data)

# Count penguins for each loan status / Property_Area
ggplot(data, aes(x = Property_Area, fill = Loan_Status)) +
  geom_bar(alpha = 0.8) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("darkorange", "purple", "cyan4"),
                    guide = F) +
  theme_minimal() +
  facet_wrap(~Loan_Status, ncol = 1) +
  coord_flip()

mosaic(~ Property_Area + Loan_Status, data = data)

```

```

# Overlaid density plots
featurePlot(x = data[, 7:10],
            y = data$Loan_Status,
            plot = "density",
            # Pass in options to xyplot() to
            # make it prettier
            scales = list(x = list(relation="free"),
                          y = list(relation="free")),
            adjust = 1.5,
            pch = "|",
            layout = c(2, 2),
            auto.key = list(columns = 3))

# Overlaid density plots
featurePlot(x = data[, 14:17],
            y = data$Loan_Status,
            plot = "density",
            # Pass in options to xyplot() to
            # make it prettier
            scales = list(x = list(relation="free"),
                          y = list(relation="free")),
            adjust = 1.5,
            pch = "|",
            layout = c(2, 2),
            auto.key = list(columns = 3))

```

```

# Use featurePlot
# https://topepo.github.io/caret/visualizations.html

# Scatterplot
featurePlot(x = data[, 7:10],
            y = data$Loan_Status,
            plot = "pairs",
            # Add a key at the top
            auto.key = list(columns = 3))

featurePlot(x = data[, 14:17],
            y = data$Loan_Status,
            plot = "pairs",

```

```
# Add a key at the top
auto.key = list(columns = 3))
```

```
featurePlot(x = data[, 7:10],
            y = data$Loan_Status,
            plot = "box",
            ## Pass in options to bwplot()
            scales = list(y = list(relation="free"),
                          x = list(rot = 90)),
            layout = c(2,2),
            auto.key = list(columns = 2))

featurePlot(x = data[, 14:17],
            y = data$Loan_Status,
            plot = "box",
            ## Pass in options to bwplot()
            scales = list(y = list(relation="free"),
                          x = list(rot = 90)),
            layout = c(2,2),
            auto.key = list(columns = 2))
```

## Decision Tree for Loan Approval data

decision\_tree() function from tidymodels

3 hyperparameters - cost\_complexity - tree\_depth - min\_n

```
# https://www.gmudatamining.com/lesson-13-r-tutorial.html
```

```
lap_data <- data
summary(data)
```

```
##      Loan_ID      Gender  Married  Dependents      Education
## LP001002: 1          : 13        : 3         : 15      Graduate   :480
## LP001003: 1  Female:112    No :213      0 :345      Not Graduate:134
## LP001005: 1   Male  :489   Yes:398      1 :102
## LP001006: 1                                2 :101
## LP001008: 1                                3+: 51
## LP001011: 1
## (Other) :608
## Self_Employed ApplicantIncome CoapplicantIncome  LoanAmount
##      : 32      Min.      : 150      Min.      : 0      Min.      : 9.0
## No :500      1st Qu.: 2878      1st Qu.: 0      1st Qu.:100.0
## Yes: 82      Median : 3812      Median : 1188      Median :128.0
##      Mean      : 5403      Mean      : 1621      Mean      :146.4
##      3rd Qu.: 5795      3rd Qu.: 2297      3rd Qu.:168.0
##      Max.      :81000      Max.      :41667      Max.      :700.0
##      NA's      :22
## Loan_Amount_Term Credit_History  Property_Area Loan_Status  Total_Income
## Min.      : 12      0 : 89      Rural      :179      N:192      Min.      : 1442
## 1st Qu.:360      1 :475      Semiurban:233      Y:422      1st Qu.: 4166
## Median :360      NA's: 50      Urban      :202      Median : 5416
```

```
## Mean      :342                                Mean      : 7025
## 3rd Qu.   :360                                3rd Qu.   : 7522
## Max.      :480                                Max.      :81000
## NA's      :14
## LoanAmt_Per_Month Income_To_LoanAmt Income_To_LoanAmtMonth
## Min.      :0.0250    Min.      : 12.09    Min.      : 808.5
## 1st Qu.   :0.2861    1st Qu.   : 35.53    1st Qu.   : 12233.0
## Median    :0.3653    Median    : 41.43    Median    : 14469.3
## Mean      :0.4803    Mean      : 51.23    Mean      : 17241.8
## 3rd Qu.   :0.5139    3rd Qu.   : 51.78    3rd Qu.   : 17992.4
## Max.      :9.2500    Max.      :396.37    Max.      :142692.0
## NA's      :36        NA's      :22        NA's      :36
```

```
# Data splitting
```

```
set.seed(1234)
```

```
lap_data_split <- initial_split(lap_data, prop=0.75,
                                strata = Loan_Status)
```

```
lap_training <- lap_data_split %>% training()
```

```
lap_test <- lap_data_split %>% testing()
```

```
set.seed(1234)
```

```
lap_folds <- vfold_cv(lap_training, v=3)
```

```
# Data exploration
```

```
# https://bcullen.rbind.io/post/2020-06-02-tidymodels-decision-tree-learning-in-r/
```

```
# Need to fix
```

```
lap_data %>%
```

```
  select(-contains("ID")) %>%
```

```
# modify_if(is.character, as.factor) %>%
```

```
  skim() %>%
```

```
  select()
```

```
## # A tibble: 16 x 0
```

```
# Feature Engineering
```

```
lap_recipe <- recipe(Loan_Status ~ ., data = lap_training) %>%
```

```
  step_YeoJohnson(all_numeric(), -all_outcomes()) %>%
```

```
  step_normalize(all_numeric(), -all_outcomes()) %>%
```

```
  step_dummy(all_nominal(), -all_outcomes())
```

```
lap_recipe %>%
```

```
  prep() %>%
```

```
  bake(new_data = lap_training)
```

```
## # A tibble: 461 x 636
```

```
## ApplicantIncome CoapplicantIncome LoanAmount Loan_Amount_Term Total_Income
```

```
## <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
```

```
## 1 0.639 -1.08 NA 0.174 0.173
```

```
## 2      0.249      0.771      0.0185      0.174      0.253
## 3     -0.503     -1.08     -1.28      0.174     -1.44
## 4     -0.793      0.905     -0.110     0.174     -0.180
## 5      0.678     -1.08      0.212     0.174      0.223
## 6      0.519      1.08      1.52      0.174      1.04
## 7     -0.999      0.772     -0.571     0.174     -0.766
## 8      0.0207     0.774      0.566     0.174      0.0596
## 9      1.71      1.39      2.08      0.174      2.13
## 10     -0.382     0.546     -1.16     0.174     -0.733
## # ... with 451 more rows, and 631 more variables: LoanAmt_Per_Month <dbl>,
## #   Income_To_LoanAmt <dbl>, Income_To_LoanAmtMonth <dbl>, Loan_Status <fct>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001003 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001005 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001006 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001008 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001011 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001013 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001014 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001018 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001020 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001024 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001027 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001028 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001029 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001030 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001032 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001034 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001036 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001038 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001041 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001043 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001046 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001047 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001050 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001052 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001066 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001068 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001073 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001086 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001087 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001091 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001095 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001097 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001098 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001100 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001106 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001109 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001112 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001114 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001116 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001119 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001120 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001123 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001131 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001136 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001137 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001138 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001144 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001146 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001151 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001155 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001157 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001164 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001179 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001186 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001194 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001195 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001197 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001198 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001199 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001205 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001206 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001207 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001213 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001222 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001225 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001228 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001233 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001238 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001241 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001243 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001245 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001248 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001250 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001253 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001255 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001256 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001259 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001263 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001264 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001265 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001266 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001267 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001273 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001275 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001279 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001280 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001282 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001289 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001310 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001316 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001318 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001319 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001322 <dbl>,
## #   Loan_ID_LP001325 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001326 <dbl>, Loan_ID_LP001327 <dbl>, ...
```

```
# Define model
tree_model <- decision_tree(cost_complexity = tune(),
                           tree_depth = tune(),
                           min_n = tune()) %>%
  set_engine('rpart') %>%
  set_mode('classification')
```

```
# Define workflow
tree_workflow <- workflow() %>%
  add_model(tree_model) %>%
```

```

add_recipe(lap_recipe)

# Create a grid of hyperparameter values to test
tree_grid <- grid_regular(cost_complexity(),
                          tree_depth(),
                          min_n(),
                          levels = 2)

# view grid
tree_grid

## # A tibble: 8 x 3
##   cost_complexity tree_depth min_n
##           <dbl>       <int> <int>
## 1  0.0000000001         1     2
## 2    0.1               1     2
## 3  0.0000000001        15     2
## 4    0.1              15     2
## 5  0.0000000001         1    40
## 6    0.1               1    40
## 7  0.0000000001        15    40
## 8    0.1              15    40

# Tune decision tree workflow
set.seed(1234)

tree_tuning <- tree_workflow %>%
  tune_grid(resamples = lap_folds,
            grid = tree_grid)

tree_tuning %>% show_best('roc_auc')

## # A tibble: 5 x 9
##   cost_complexity tree_depth min_n .metric .estimator  mean     n std_err
##           <dbl>       <int> <int> <chr>   <chr>      <dbl> <int>  <dbl>
## 1  0.0000000001        15    40 roc_auc binary    0.720     3  0.0164
## 2  0.0000000001         1     2 roc_auc binary    0.704     3  0.0140
## 3    0.1             1     2 roc_auc binary    0.704     3  0.0140
## 4    0.1            15     2 roc_auc binary    0.704     3  0.0140
## 5  0.0000000001         1    40 roc_auc binary    0.704     3  0.0140
## # ... with 1 more variable: .config <fct>

# Select best model based on roc_auc
best_tree <- tree_tuning %>%
  select_best(metric = 'roc_auc')

# view the best tree parameters
best_tree

## # A tibble: 1 x 4
##   cost_complexity tree_depth min_n .config
##           <dbl>       <int> <int> <fct>
## 1  0.0000000001        15    40 Preprocessor1_Model7

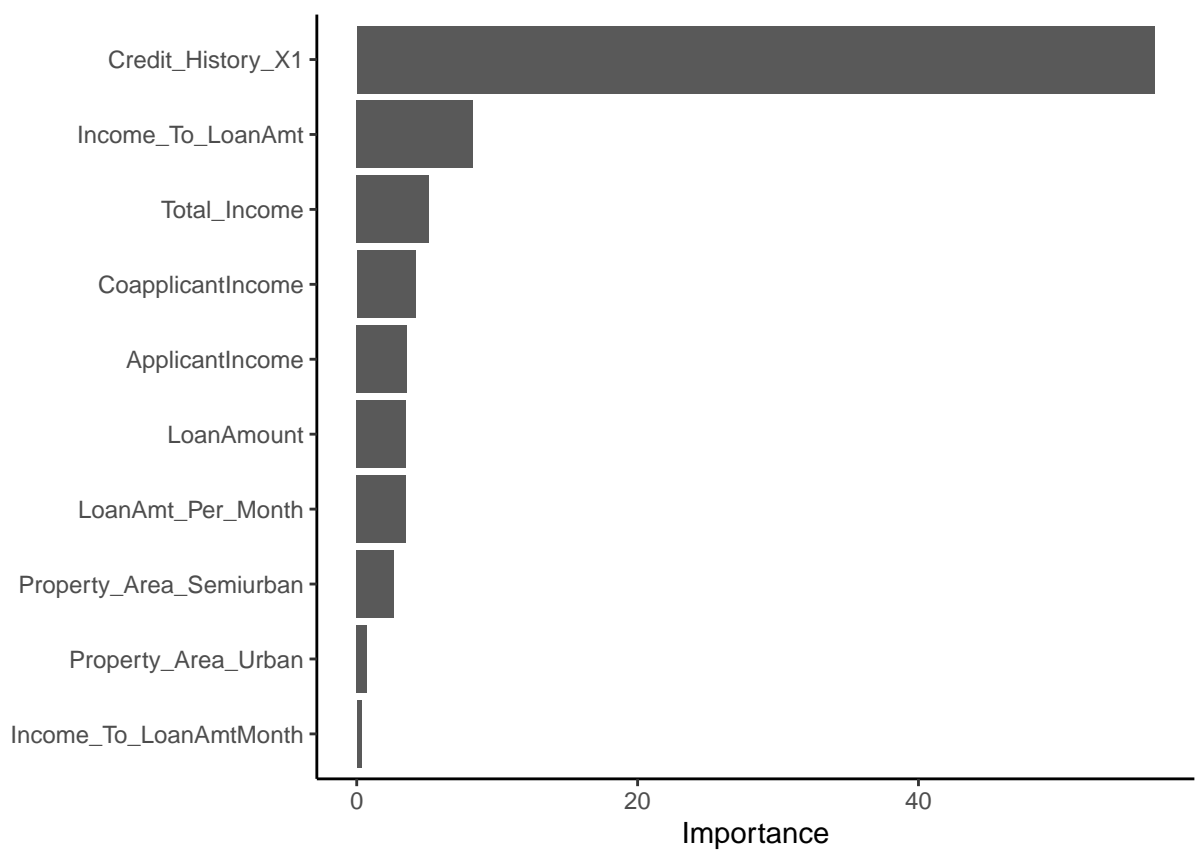
```



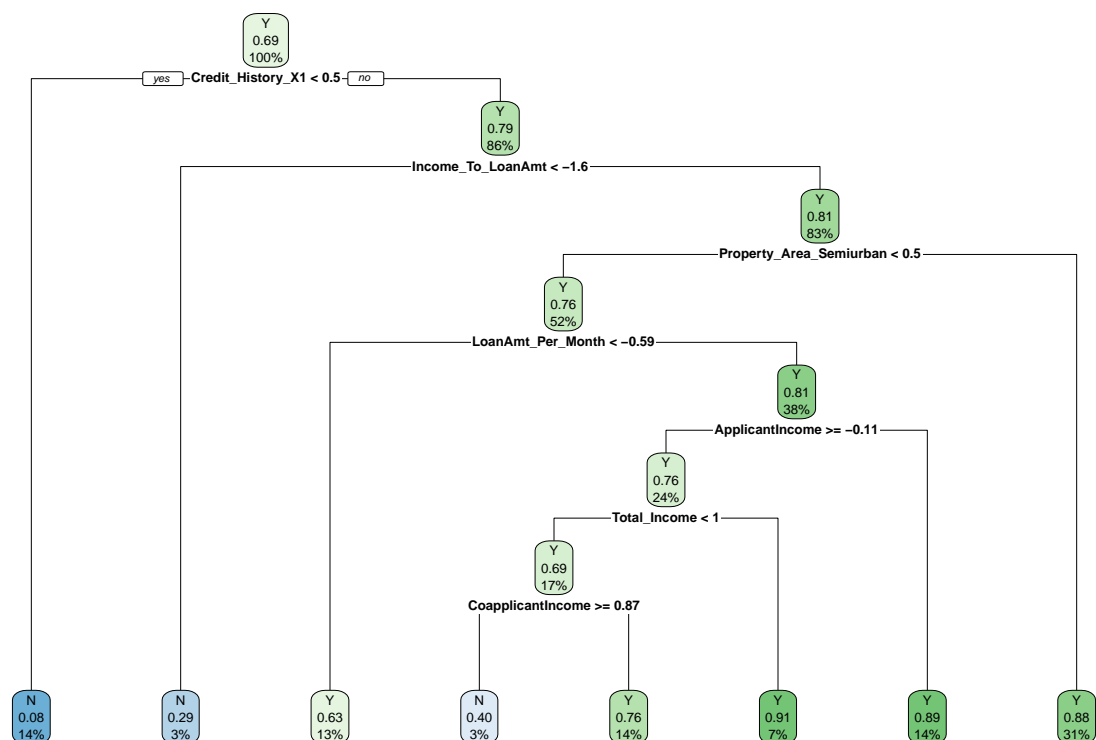
```
# finalize workflow
final_tree_workflow <- tree_workflow %>%
  finalize_workflow(best_tree)
```

```
# fit the model
tree_wf_fit <- final_tree_workflow %>%
  fit(data = lap_training)
```

```
tree_fit <- tree_wf_fit %>%
  pull_workflow_fit()
vip(tree_fit)
```



```
rpart.plot(tree_fit$fit, roundint=FALSE)
```

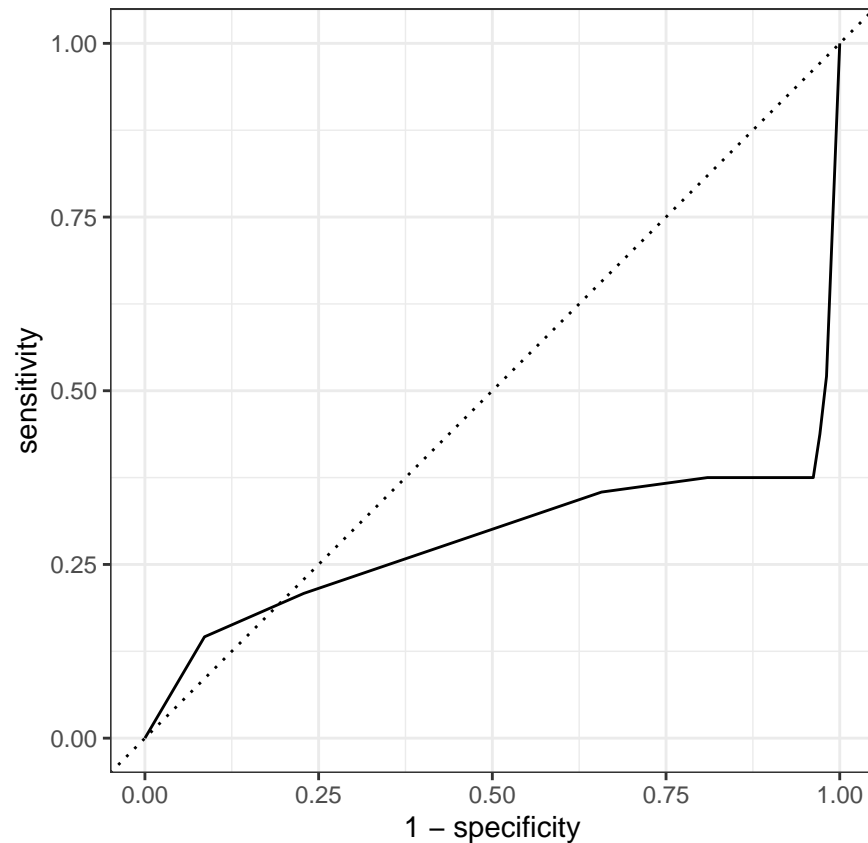


```
# train and evaluate
tree_last_fit <- final_tree_workflow %>%
  last_fit(lap_data_split)

tree_last_fit %>% collect_metrics()
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 4
##   .metric .estimator .estimate .config
##   <chr>   <chr>       <dbl> <fct>
## 1 accuracy binary       0.856 Preprocessor1_Model1
## 2 roc_auc  binary       0.712 Preprocessor1_Model1
```

```
tree_last_fit %>% collect_predictions() %>%
  roc_curve(truth = Loan_Status, estimate = .pred_Y) %>%
  autoplot()
```



```
tree_predictions <- tree_last_fit %>% collect_predictions()

conf_mat(tree_predictions, truth = Loan_Status, estimate = .pred_class)
```

```
##           Truth
## Prediction   N   Y
##           N  30   4
##           Y  18 101
```

## Gradient Boosting for Loan Approval data

```
# https://bcullen.rbind.io/post/2020-06-02-tidymodels-decision-tree-learning-in-r/
# Section Boosted Trees
```

```
# Specify the model
mod_boost <- boost_tree() %>%
  set_engine("xgboost", nthreads = parallel::detectCores()) %>%
  set_mode("classification")
```

```
# Create workflow
boost_workflow <- workflow() %>%
  add_recipe(lap_recipe) %>%
  add_model(mod_boost)
```

```
# fit the model
```

```
boost_wf_fit <- boost_workflow %>%  
  fit(data = lap_training)
```

```
## [14:30:33] WARNING: amalgamation/./src/learner.cc:541:
```

```
## Parameters: { nthreads } might not be used.
```

```
##
```

```
## This may not be accurate due to some parameters are only used in language bindings but  
## passed down to XGBoost core. Or some parameters are not used but slip through this  
## verification. Please open an issue if you find above cases.
```

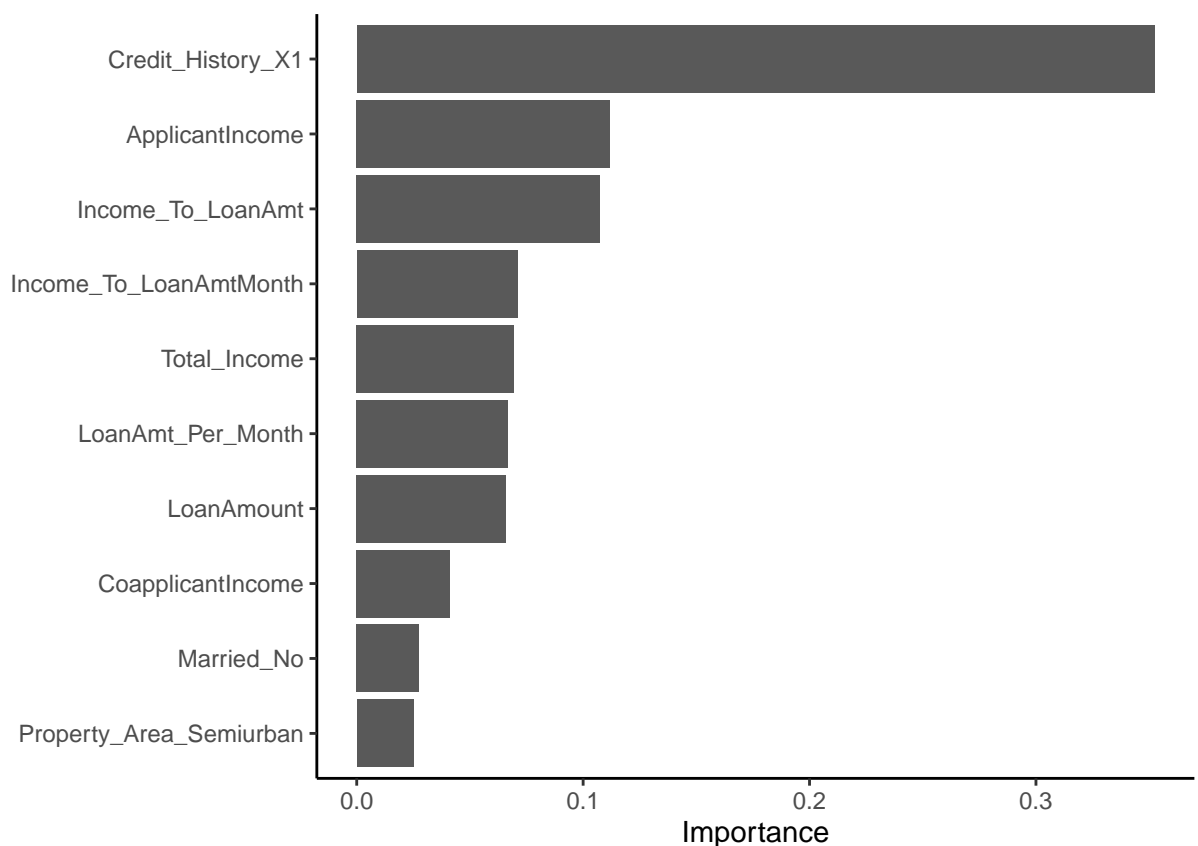
```
##
```

```
##
```

```
## [14:30:33] WARNING: amalgamation/./src/learner.cc:1061: Starting in XGBoost 1.3.0, the default eval
```

```
boost_fit <- boost_wf_fit %>%  
  pull_workflow_fit()
```

```
vip(boost_fit)
```



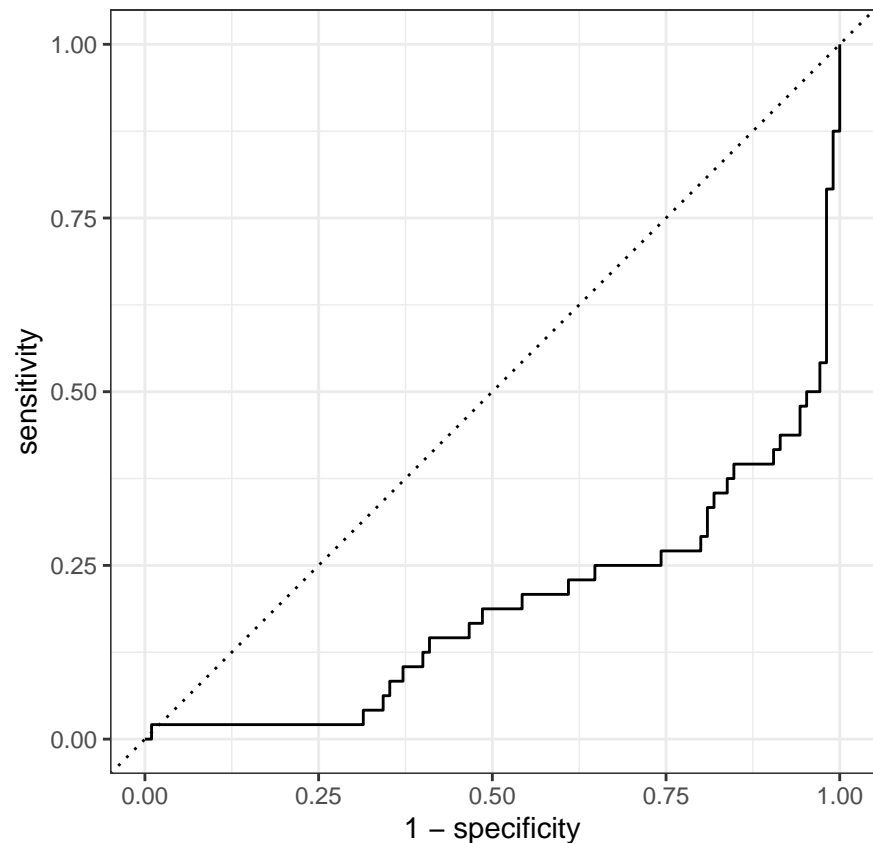
```
# train and evaluate
```

```
boost_last_fit <- boost_workflow %>%  
  last_fit(lap_data_split)
```

```
boost_last_fit %>% collect_metrics()
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 4
##   .metric .estimator .estimate .config
##   <chr>   <chr>       <dbl> <fct>
## 1 accuracy binary      0.817 Preprocessor1_Model1
## 2 roc_auc  binary      0.812 Preprocessor1_Model1
```

```
boost_last_fit %>% collect_predictions() %>%
  roc_curve(truth = Loan_Status, estimate = .pred_Y) %>%
  autoplot()
```



```
boost_predictions <- boost_last_fit %>% collect_predictions()
```

```
boost_predictions
```

```
## # A tibble: 153 x 7
##   id          .pred_N .pred_Y .row .pred_class Loan_Status .config
##   <chr>         <dbl>   <dbl> <int> <fct>      <fct>      <fct>
## 1 train/test sp~ 0.926 0.0742     8 N        N        Preprocessor1_M~
## 2 train/test sp~ 0.0563 0.944    13 Y        Y        Preprocessor1_M~
## 3 train/test sp~ 0.124 0.876    14 Y        N        Preprocessor1_M~
## 4 train/test sp~ 0.0183 0.982    27 Y        Y        Preprocessor1_M~
## 5 train/test sp~ 0.0890 0.911    30 Y        Y        Preprocessor1_M~
## 6 train/test sp~ 0.307 0.693    33 Y        N        Preprocessor1_M~
## 7 train/test sp~ 0.0480 0.952    38 Y        Y        Preprocessor1_M~
## 8 train/test sp~ 0.444 0.556    43 Y        Y        Preprocessor1_M~
```

```
## 9 train/test sp~ 0.464 0.536 45 Y Y Preprocessor1_M~
## 10 train/test sp~ 0.191 0.809 46 Y Y Preprocessor1_M~
## # ... with 143 more rows
```

```
conf_mat(boost_predictions, truth = Loan_Status, estimate = .pred_class)
```

```
##           Truth
## Prediction  N  Y
##           N 27  7
##           Y 21 98
```

```
tree_last_fit <- last_fit(
  tree_workflow,
  split = lap_data_split
)
```

```
boost_last_fit <- last_fit(
  boost_workflow,
  split = lap_data_split
)
```

```
tree_last_fit %>% collect_metrics()
```

```
## NULL
```

```
boost_last_fit %>% collect_metrics()
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 4
##   .metric .estimator .estimate .config
##   <chr>    <chr>      <dbl> <fct>
## 1 accuracy binary      0.817 Preprocessor1_Model1
## 2 roc_auc  binary      0.812 Preprocessor1_Model1
```