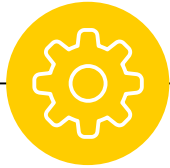


welcome back



SQL *Essentials*

Roadmap

RDBMS
ER Model



SQL Server
DDL



DML
Operator



Function
SQL Clause



Join data



Sub Query



Best
Practice





Previous lecture

SQL built-in Function

- String functions
- Datetime functions
- Numeric functions
- Others

SQL Clause

- WHERE
- ORDER BY
- GROUP BY
- HAVING



What we will explore today?

- INNER JOIN
- OUTER JOIN
- EXCLUDING JOIN
- SELF JOIN
- CROSS JOIN
- UNION & UNION ALL



Why do we need JOIN?

- ◉ Combine data from many tables with an matching condition



Prepair database

- open file “LECTURE5_JOIN_DEMO.sql”

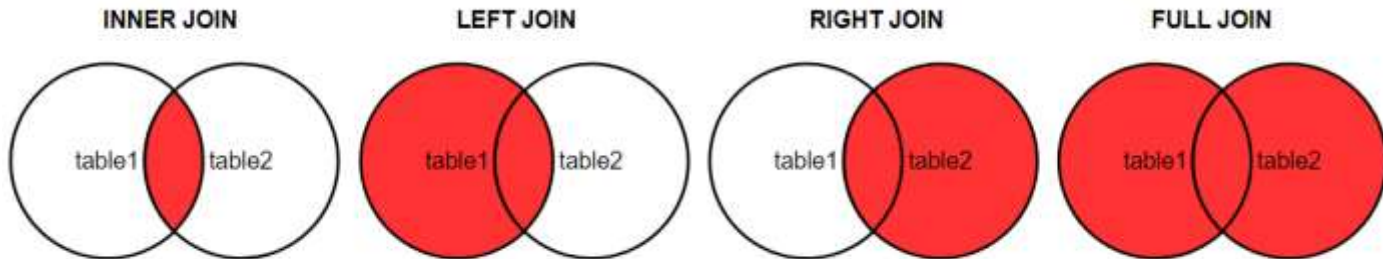
Customer		CustomerOrder				DeliveryAddress	
CustomerID	FullName	OrderID	CustomerID	FoodName	DeliveryAddressID	ID	FullAddress
1	Châu Tinh Trì	1	1	Heo Quay	1	1	TP. HCM
2	Châu Nhuận Phát	2	1	Gà Luộc	1	2	TP. HA NOI
3	Lý Tiểu Long	3	3	Bò Lá Lốt	2		
4	Thành Long	4	100	Dê Nướng	2		



Base of syntax

```
SELECT T1.column_name, T2.column_name  
FROM table1 T1
```

```
TYPE_OF_JOIN JOIN table2 T2 ON T1.column_name = T2.column_name;
```

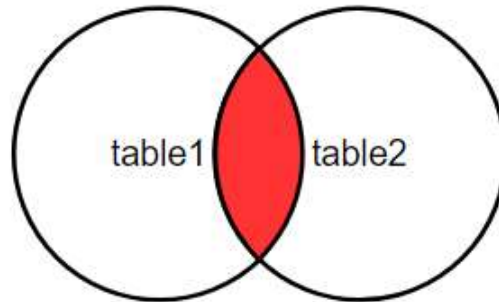




INNER JOIN

- Selects records that have matching values in both tables.

INNER JOIN





Explain

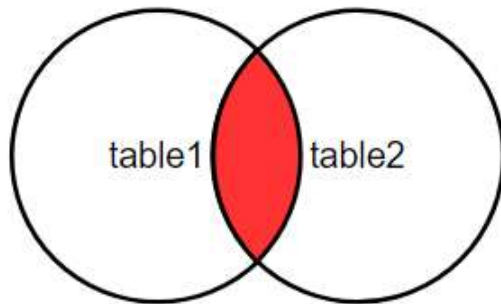
A = {1, 2, 3}

B = {2, 3, 4}

C = A **INNER JOIN** B

=> C = {2, 3}

INNER JOIN



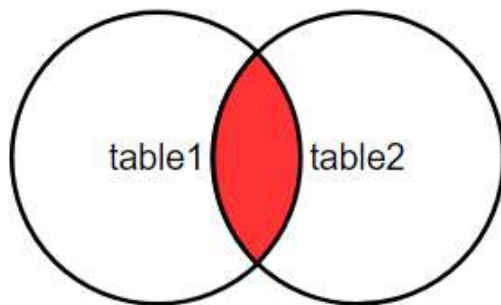


INNER JOIN syntax

```
SELECT T1.column_name, T2.column_name  
FROM table1 T1
```

```
INNER JOIN table2 T2 ON T1.column_name = T2.column_name;
```

INNER JOIN



Customer

CustomerID	FullName
1	Châu Tinh Trì
2	Châu Nhuận Phát
3	Lý Tiểu Long
4	Thành Long

CustomerOrder

OrderID	CustomerID	FoodName	DeliveryAddressID
1	1	Heo Quay	1
2	1	Gà Luộc	1
3	3	Bò Lá Lốt	2
4	100	Dê Nướng	2

SELECT c.CustomerID, c.FullName, o.FoodName

FROM Customer c

INNER JOIN CustomerOrder o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID

	CustomerID	FullName	FoodName
1	1	Châu Tinh Trì	Heo Quay
2	1	Châu Tinh Trì	Gà Luộc
3	3	Lý Tiểu Long	Bò Lá Lốt



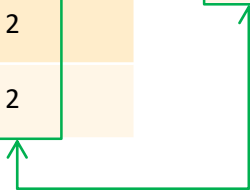
Practice

CustomerOrder

OrderID	CustomerID	FoodName	DeliveryAddressID
1	1	Heo Quay	1
2	1	Gà Luộc	1
3	3	Bò Lá Lốt	2
4	100	Dê Nướng	2

DeliveryAddress

ID	FullAddress
1	TP. HCM
2	TP. HA NOI





JOIN more than 2 tables

```
SELECT c.CustomerID, c.FullName, o.FoodName, d.FullAddress  
FROM Customer c  
INNER JOIN CustomerOrder o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID  
INNER JOIN DeliveryAddress d ON d.ID = o.DeliveryAddressID
```

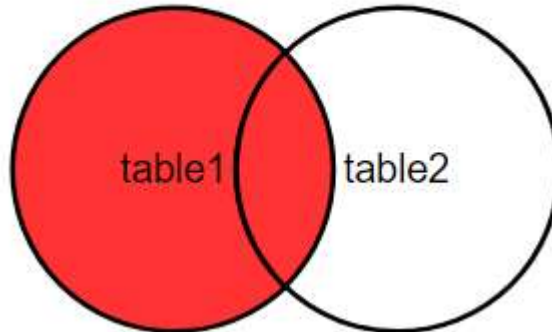
Results		Messages		
	CustomerID	FullName	FoodName	FullAddress
1	1	Châu Tinh Trí	Hèo Quay	TP. HCM
2	1	Châu Tinh Trí	Gà Luộc	TP. HCM
3	3	Lý Tiểu Long	Bò Lá Lốt	TP. HA NOI



LEFT JOIN

- Returns all records from the left table (table1), and the matching records from the right table (table2)

LEFT JOIN





Explain

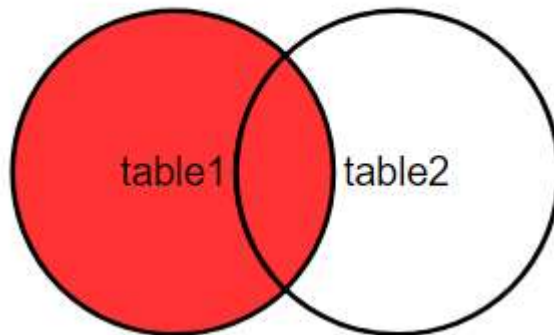
A = {1, 2, 3}

B = {2, 3, 4}

C = A **LEFT JOIN** B

=> C = {1, 2, 3}

LEFT JOIN



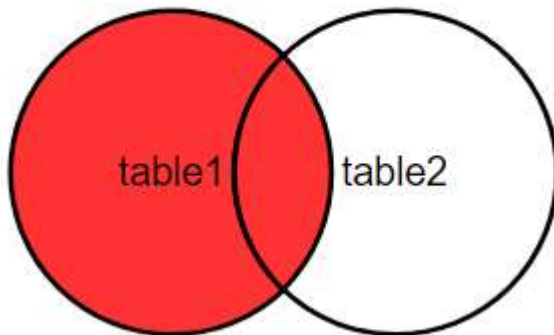


LEFT JOIN syntax

```
SELECT T1.column_name, T2.column_name  
FROM table1 T1
```

```
LEFT JOIN table2 T2 ON T1.column_name = T2.column_name;
```

LEFT JOIN



Customer

CustomerID	FullName
1	Châu Tinh Trì
2	Châu Nhuận Phát
3	Lý Tiểu Long
4	Thành Long

CustomerOrder

OrderID	CustomerID	FoodName	DeliveryAddressID
1	1	Heo Quay	1
2	1	Gà Luộc	1
3	3	Bò Lá Lốt	2
4	100	Dê Nướng	2

SELECT c.CustomerID, c.FullName, o.FoodName

FROM Customer c

LEFT JOIN CustomerOrder o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID

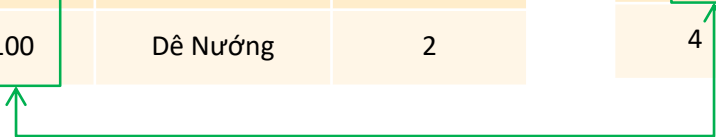
	CustomerID	FullName	FoodName
1	1	Châu Tinh Trì	Heo Quay
2	1	Châu Tinh Trì	Gà Luộc
3	2	Châu Nhuận Phát	NULL
4	3	Lý Tiểu Long	Bò Lá Lốt
5	4	Thành Long	NULL



Practice

OrderID	CustomerID	FoodName	DeliveryAddressID
1	1	Heo Quay	1
2	1	Gà Luộc	1
3	3	Bò Lá Lốt	2
4	100	Dê Nướng	2

CustomerID	FullName
1	Châu Tinh Trì
2	Châu Nhuận Phát
3	Lý Tiểu Long
4	Thành Long





JOIN more than 2 tables

```
SELECT c.CustomerID, c.FullName, o.FoodName, d.FullAddress  
FROM Customer c
```

```
LEFT JOIN CustomerOrder o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
```

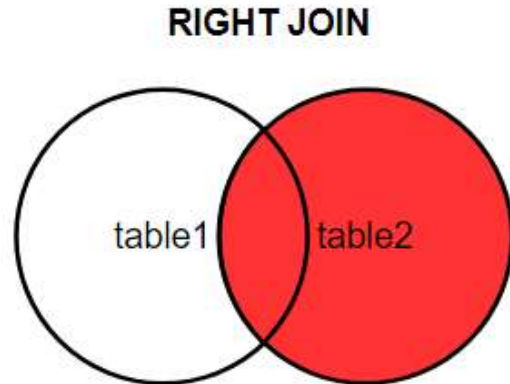
```
LEFT JOIN DeliveryAddress d ON d.ID = o.DeliveryAddressID
```

Results		Messages		
	CustomerID	FullName	FoodName	FullAddress
1	1	Châu Tinh Trí	Hèo Quay	TP. HCM
2	1	Châu Tinh Trí	Gà Luộc	TP. HCM
3	2	Châu Nhuận Phát	NULL	NULL
4	3	Lý Tiểu Long	Bò Lá Lốt	TP. HA NOI
5	4	Thành Long	NULL	NULL



RIGHT JOIN

- Returns all records from the right table (table2), and the matching records from the left table (table1)





Explain

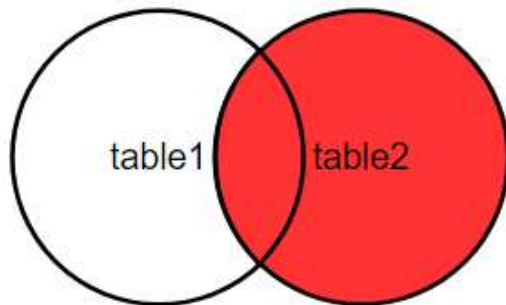
A = {1, 2, 3}

B = {2, 3, 4}

C = A **RIGHT JOIN** B

=> C = {2, 3, 4}

RIGHT JOIN

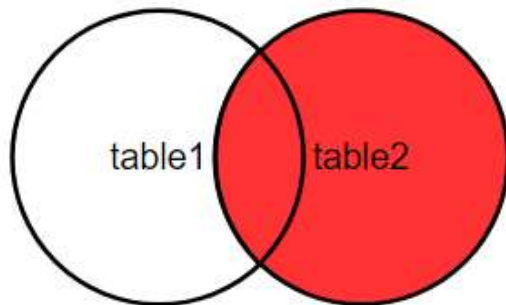




RIGHT JOIN syntax

```
SELECT T1.column_name, T2.column_name  
FROM table1 T1  
RIGHT JOIN table2 T2 ON T1.column_name = T2.column_name;
```

RIGHT JOIN



Customer

CustomerID	FullName
1	Châu Tinh Trì
2	Châu Nhuận Phát
3	Lý Tiểu Long
4	Thành Long

CustomerOrder

OrderID	CustomerID	FoodName	DeliveryAddressID
1	1	Heo Quay	1
2	1	Gà Luộc	1
3	3	Bò Lá Lốt	2
4	100	Dê Nướng	2

SELECT c.CustomerID, c.FullName, o.FoodName

FROM Customer c

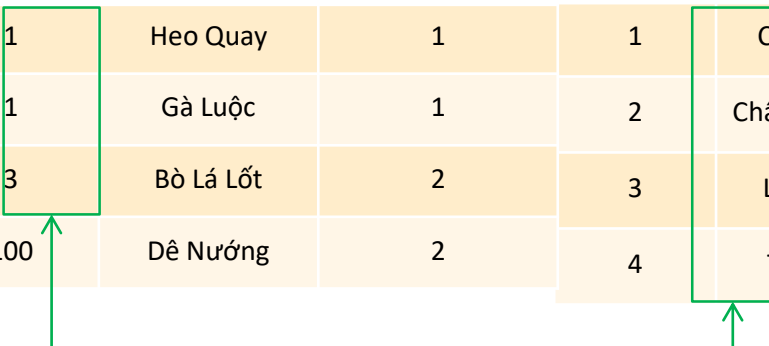
RIGHT JOIN CustomerOrder o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID

	CustomerID	FullName	FoodName
1	1	Châu Tinh Trì	Heo Quay
2	1	Châu Tinh Trì	Gà Luộc
3	3	Lý Tiểu Long	Bò Lá Lốt
4	NULL	NULL	Dê Nướng



Practice

CustomerOrd				Custom	
OrderID	CustomerID	FoodName	DeliveryAddressID	CustomerID	FullName
1	1	Heo Quay	1	1	Châu Tinh Trì
2	1	Gà Luộc	1	2	Châu Nhuận Phát
3	3	Bò Lá Lốt	2	3	Lý Tiểu Long
4	100	Đê Nướng	2	4	Thành Long





JOIN more than 2 tables

```
SELECT c.CustomerID, c.FullName, o.FoodName, d.FullAddress  
FROM Customer c
```

```
RIGHT JOIN CustomerOrder o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
```

```
RIGHT JOIN DeliveryAddress d ON d.ID = o.DeliveryAddressID
```

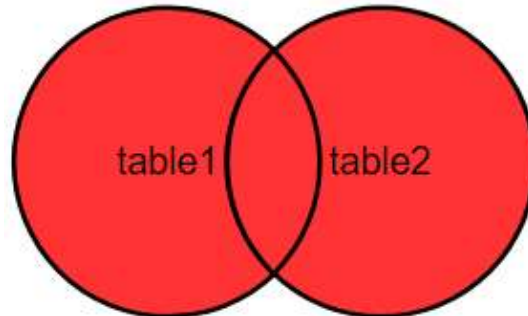
Results		Messages		
	CustomerID	FullName	FoodName	FullAddress
1	1	Châu Tinh Trì	Heo Quay	TP. HCM
2	1	Châu Tinh Trì	Gà Luộc	TP. HCM
3	3	Lý Tiểu Long	Bò Lá Lốt	TP. HA NOI
4	NULL	NULL	Dê Nướng	TP. HA NOI



FULL JOIN

- Returns all records even they are not match.

FULL JOIN





Explain

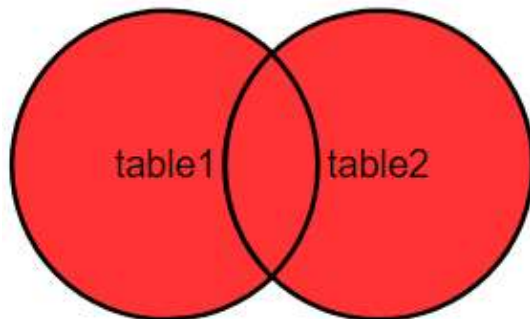
$A = \{1, 2, 3\}$

$B = \{2, 3, 4\}$

$C = A \text{ FULL JOIN } B$

$\Rightarrow C = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$

FULL JOIN



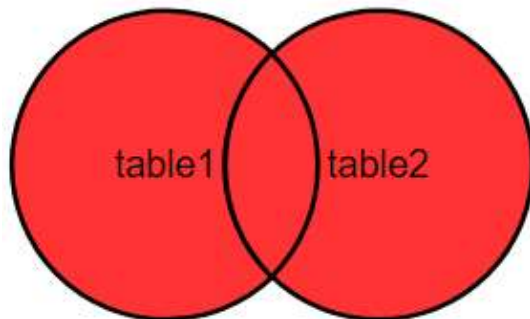


FULL JOIN syntax

```
SELECT T1.column_name, T2.column_name  
FROM table1 T1
```

```
FULL JOIN table2 T2 ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name;
```

FULL JOIN



Customer

CustomerID	FullName
1	Châu Tinh Trì
2	Châu Nhuận Phát
3	Lý Tiểu Long
4	Thành Long

CustomerOrder

OrderID	CustomerID	FoodName	DeliveryAddressID
1	1	Heo Quay	1
2	1	Gà Luộc	1
3	3	Bò Lá Lốt	2
4	100	Dê Nướng	2

SELECT c.CustomerID, c.FullName, o.FoodName

FROM Customer c

FULL JOIN CustomerOrder o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID

	CustomerID	FullName	FoodName
1	1	Châu Tinh Trì	Heo Quay
2	1	Châu Tinh Trì	Gà Luộc
3	2	Châu Nhuận Phát	NULL
4	3	Lý Tiểu Long	Bò Lá Lốt
5	4	Thành Long	NULL
6	NULL	NULL	Dê Nướng



Practice

CustomerOrder

OrderID	CustomerID	FoodName	DeliveryAddressID
1	1	Heo Quay	1
2	1	Gà Luộc	1
3	3	Bò Lá Lốt	2
4	100	Dê Nướng	2

DeliveryAddress

ID	FullAddress
1	TP. HCM
2	TP. HA NOI



Results		Messages	
	OrderID	FoodName	FullAddress
1	1	Heo Quay	TP. HCM
2	2	Gà Luộc	TP. HCM
3	3	Bò Lá Lốt	TP. HA NOI
4	4	Dê Nướng	TP. HA NOI



FULL JOIN more than 2 tables

```
SELECT c.CustomerID, c.FullName, o.FoodName, d.FullAddress  
FROM Customer c
```

```
FULL JOIN CustomerOrder o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
```

```
FULL JOIN DeliveryAddress d ON d.ID = o.DeliveryAddressID
```

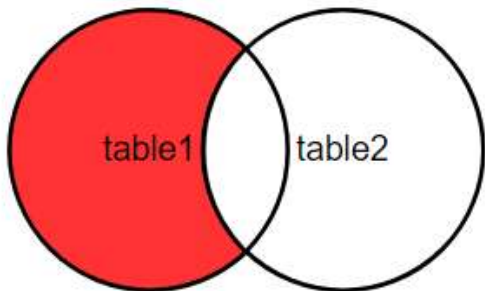
	CustomerID	FullName	FoodName	FullAddress
1	1	Châu Tinh Trì	Hèo Quay	TP. HCM
2	1	Châu Tinh Trì	Gà Luộc	TP. HCM
3	2	Châu Nhuận Phát	NULL	NULL
4	3	Lý Tiểu Long	Bò Lá Lốt	TP. HA NOI
5	4	Thành Long	NULL	NULL
6	NULL	NULL	Dê Nướng	TP. HA NOI



LEFT EXCLUDING JOIN

- Returns all records from the left table (table1) AND exclude matching record

LEFT EXCLUDING JOIN





Explain

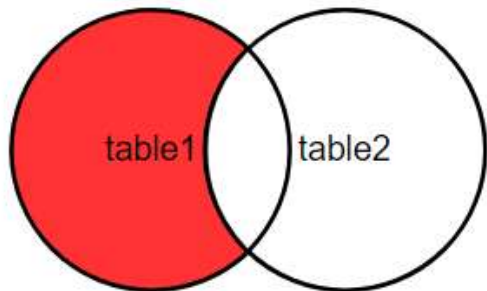
$A = \{1, 2, 3\}$

$B = \{2, 3, 4\}$

$C = A$ LEFT EXCLUDING JOIN B

$\Rightarrow C = \{1\}$

LEFT EXCLUDING JOIN

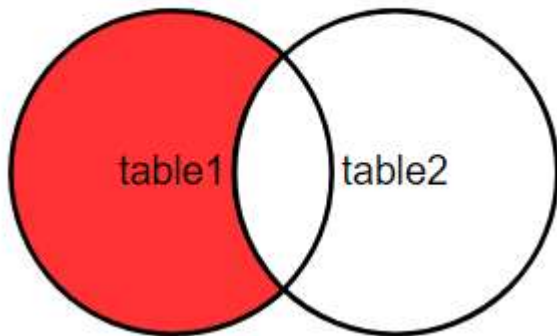




LEFT EXCLUDING JOIN syntax

```
SELECT T1.column_name, T2.column_name  
FROM table1 T1  
LEFT JOIN table2 T2 ON T1.column_name = T2.column_name;  
WHERE T2.column_name IS NULL
```

LEFT EXCLUDING JOIN



Customer

CustomerID	FullName
1	Châu Tinh Trì
2	Châu Nhuận Phát
3	Lý Tiểu Long
4	Thành Long

CustomerOrder

OrderID	CustomerID	FoodName	DeliveryAddressID
1	1	Heo Quay	1
2	1	Gà Luộc	1
3	3	Bò Lá Lốt	2
4	100	Dê Nướng	2

SELECT c.CustomerID, c.FullName, o.FoodName

FROM Customer c

LEFT JOIN CustomerOrder o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID

WHERE o.CustomerID IS NULL

	CustomerID	FullName	FoodName
1	2	Châu Nhuận Phát	NULL
2	4	Thành Long	NULL



Practice

CustomerOrder

OrderID	CustomerID	FoodName	DeliveryAddressID
1	1	Heo Quay	1
2	1	Gà Luộc	1
3	3	Bò Lá Lốt	2
4	100	Dê Nướng	2

Customer

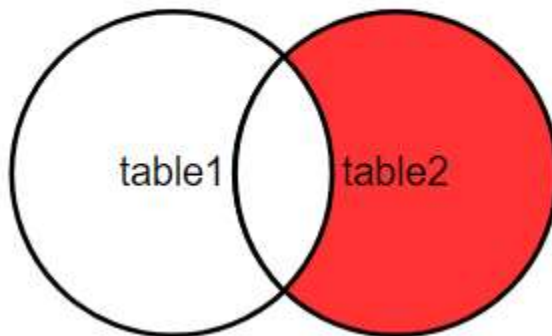
CustomerID	FullName
1	Châu Tinh Trì
2	Châu Nhuận Phát
3	Lý Tiểu Long
4	Thành Long



RIGHT EXCLUDING JOIN

- Returns all records from the right table (table2) AND exclude matching record

RIGHT EXCLUDING JOIN





Explain

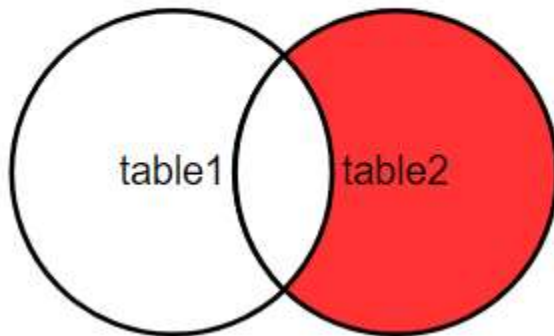
$A = \{1, 2, 3\}$

$B = \{2, 3, 4\}$

$C = A$ **RIGHT EXCLUDING JOIN** B

$\Rightarrow C = \{4\}$

RIGHT EXCLUDING JOIN

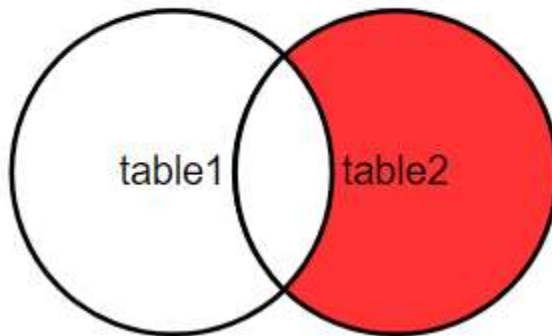




RIGHT EXCLUDING JOIN syntax

```
SELECT T1.column_name, T2.column_name  
FROM table1 T1  
      RIGHT JOIN table2 T2 ON T1.column_name = T2.column_name;  
WHERE T1.column_name IS NULL
```

RIGHT EXCLUDING JOIN



Customer

CustomerID	FullName
1	Châu Tinh Trì
2	Châu Nhuận Phát
3	Lý Tiểu Long
4	Thành Long

CustomerOrder

OrderID	CustomerID	FoodName	DeliveryAddressID
1	1	Heo Quay	1
2	1	Gà Luộc	1
3	3	Bò Lá Lốt	2
4	100	Dê Nướng	2

SELECT c.CustomerID, c.FullName, o.FoodName

FROM Customer c

RIGHT JOIN CustomerOrder o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID

WHERE c.CustomerID IS NULL

	CustomerID	FullName	FoodName
1	NULL	NULL	Dê Nướng



Practice

CustomerOrder

OrderID	CustomerID	FoodName	DeliveryAddressID
1	1	Heo Quay	1
2	1	Gà Luộc	1
3	3	Bò Lá Lốt	2
4	100	Dê Nướng	2

Customer

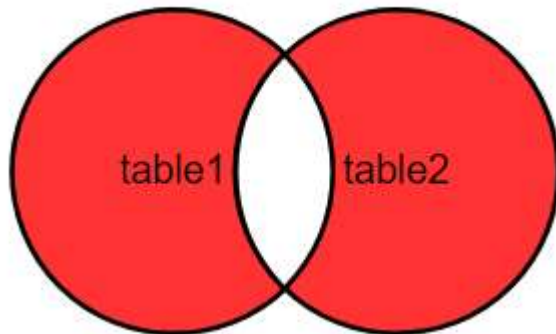
CustomerID	FullName
1	Châu Tinh Trì
2	Châu Nhuận Phát
3	Lý Tiểu Long
4	Thành Long



OUTER EXCLUDING JOIN

- Returns all records exclude matching record

OUTER EXCLUDING JOIN





Explain

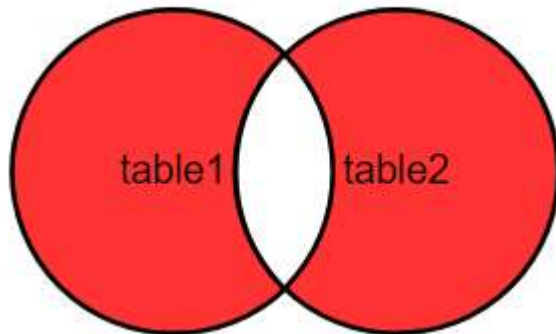
$A = \{1, 2, 3\}$

$B = \{2, 3, 4\}$

$C = A$ **OUTER EXCLUDING JOIN** B

$\Rightarrow C = \{1, 4\}$

OUTER EXCLUDING JOIN



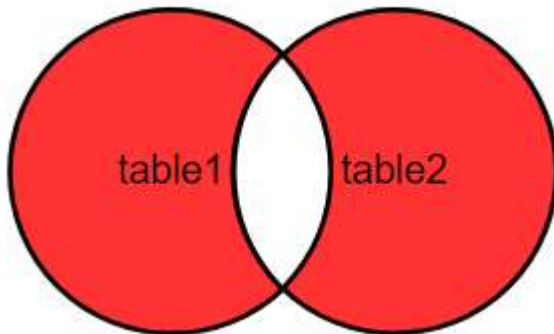


OUTER EXCLUDING JOIN syntax

```
SELECT T1.column_name, T2.column_name  
FROM table1 T1
```

```
    FULL JOIN table2 T2 ON T1.column_name = T2.column_name;  
WHERE T1.column_name IS NULL OR T2.column_name IS NULL
```

OUTER EXCLUDING JOIN



Customer

CustomerID	FullName
1	Châu Tinh Trì
2	Châu Nhuận Phát
3	Lý Tiểu Long
4	Thành Long

CustomerOrder

OrderID	CustomerID	FoodName	DeliveryAddressID
1	1	Heo Quay	1
2	1	Gà Luộc	1
3	3	Bò Lá Lốt	2
4	100	Dê Nướng	2

SELECT c.CustomerID, c.FullName, o.FoodName

FROM Customer c

FULL JOIN CustomerOrder o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID

WHERE c.CustomerID IS NULL OR o.CustomerID IS NULL

	CustomerID	FullName	FoodName
1	2	Châu Nhuận Phát	NULL
2	4	Thành Long	NULL
3	NULL	NULL	Dê Nướng



SELF JOIN data

```
USE MASTER;  
DROP DATABASE IF EXISTS LECTURE5_SELF_JOIN;  
CREATE DATABASE LECTURE5_SELF_JOIN;  
USE LECTURE5_SELF_JOIN;  
  
CREATE TABLE Employee(  
    ID int PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY(1, 1),  
    FullName nvarchar(20) NOT NULL,  
    ManagerID int,  
);  
  
INSERT INTO Employee (FullName, ManagerID)  
VALUES(N'HÀO CEO', NULL),(N'HƯỜNG DIRECTOR', 1),(N'MÃN CTO', 1),(N'HUY CULI',  
3)
```

Results		Messages	
	ID	FullName	ManagerID
1	1	HÀO CEO	NULL
2	2	HƯỜNG DIRECTOR	1
3	3	MÃN CTO	1
4	4	HUY CULI	3



With manager name

Results		Messages	
	ID	FullName	ManagerID
1	1	HÀO CEO	NULL
2	2	HƯỜNG DRECTOR	1
3	3	MÃN CTO	1
4	4	HUY CULI	3

```
SELECT emp.ID, emp.FullName, manager.FullName AS Manager
FROM Employee emp, Employee manager
WHERE emp.ManagerID = manager.ID
```

Results		Messages	
	ID	FullName	Manager
1	2	HƯỜNG DRECTOR	HÀO CEO
2	3	MÃN CTO	HÀO CEO
3	4	HUY CULI	MÃN CTO



Is it okay with join?

```
SELECT emp.ID, emp.FullName, manager.FullName  
FROM Employee emp, Employee manager  
WHERE emp.ManagerID = manager.ID
```

Results		Messages	
	ID	FullName	FullName
1	2	HUONG DIRECTOR	HÀO CEO
2	3	MÃN CTO	HÀO CEO
3	4	HUY CULI	MÃN CTO

```
SELECT emp.ID, emp.FullName, manager.FullName  
FROM Employee emp  
INNER JOIN Employee manager ON emp.ManagerID = manager.ID
```




Can we just use where

```
USE LECTURE5_JOIN;  
-- INNER JOIN  
SELECT c.CustomerID, c.FullName, o.FoodName  
FROM Customer c  
      INNER JOIN CustomerOrder o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
```

```
-- USING WHERE  
SELECT c.CustomerID, c.FullName, o.FoodName  
FROM Customer c, CustomerOrder o  
WHERE c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
```

Results			
	CustomerID	FullName	FoodName
1	1	Châu Tinh Trì	Hèo Quay
2	1	Châu Tinh Trì	Gà Luộc
3	3	Lý Tiểu Long	Bò Lá Lốt

	CustomerID	FullName	FoodName
1	1	Châu Tinh Trì	Hèo Quay
2	1	Châu Tinh Trì	Gà Luộc
3	3	Lý Tiểu Long	Bò Lá Lốt



CROSS JOIN

- CROSS JOINS are used to combine each row of one table with each row of another table



NEED DATA?

```
USE MASTER;  
DROP DATABASE IF EXISTS LECTURE5_CROSSJOIN;  
CREATE DATABASE LECTURE5_CROSSJOIN;  
USE LECTURE5_CROSSJOIN;  
  
CREATE TABLE A(  
    FromColumnTableA nvarchar(20) NOT NULL,  
);  
CREATE TABLE B(  
    FromColumnTableB nvarchar(20) NOT NULL,  
);  
INSERT INTO A(FromColumnTableA) VALUES (1),(2),(3)  
INSERT INTO B(FromColumnTableB) VALUES (7),(8),(9)
```

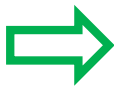
Results		Messages	
FromColumnTableA			
1	1		
2	2		
3	3		

Results		Messages	
FromColumnTableB			
1	7		
2	8		
3	9		



HOW TO DO IT

```
SELECT *  
FROM A  
CROSS JOIN B
```



	FromColumnTableA	FromColumnTableB
1	1	7
2	2	7
3	3	7
4	1	8
5	2	8
6	3	8
7	1	9
8	2	9
9	3	9



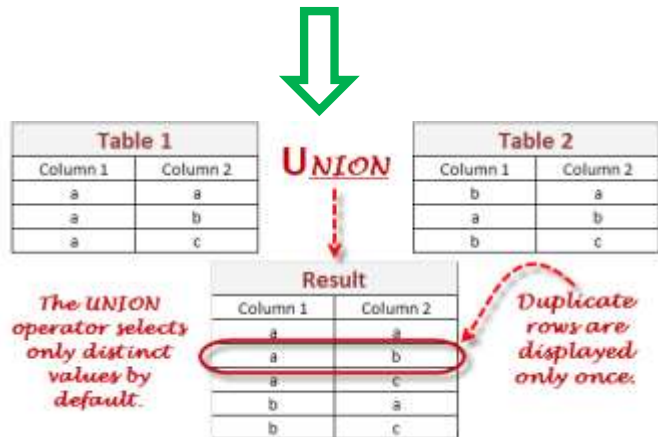
UNION Operator

- Used to combine the result-set of two or more SELECT statements.
- Must have the same number of columns
- Columns must also have similar data types
- The columns must also be in the same order

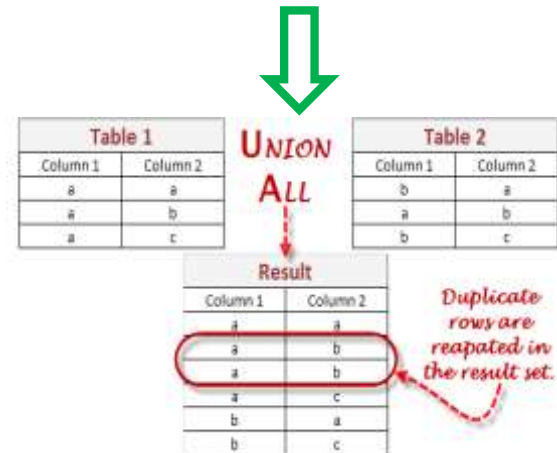


UNION syntax

```
SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1  
UNION  
SELECT column_name(s) FROM table2;
```



```
SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1  
UNION ALL  
SELECT column_name(s) FROM table2;
```





DATA

```
USE MASTER;
DROP DATABASE IF EXISTS LECTURE5_UNION;
CREATE DATABASE LECTURE5_UNION;
USE LECTURE5_UNION;

CREATE TABLE A(
    FromColumnTableA nvarchar(20) NOT NULL,
);
CREATE TABLE B(
    FromColumnTableB nvarchar(20) NOT NULL,
);
INSERT INTO A(FromColumnTableA) VALUES (1),(2),(3)
INSERT INTO B(FromColumnTableB) VALUES (3),(4),(5)
SELECT * FROM A
SELECT * FROM B
```

Results		Messages
FromColumnTableA		
1	1	
2	2	
3	3	

Results		Messages
FromColumnTableB		
1	3	
2	4	
3	5	



UNION VS UNION ALL

```
SELECT FromColumnTableA FROM A  
UNION  
SELECT FromColumnTableB FROM B;
```



	FromColumnTableA
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5

```
SELECT FromColumnTableA FROM A  
UNION ALL  
SELECT FromColumnTableB FROM B;
```

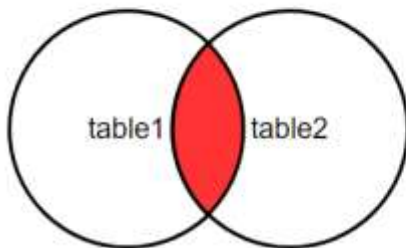


	FromColumnTableA
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	3
5	4
6	5

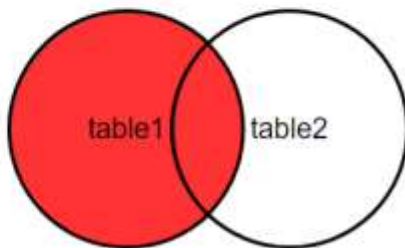


SUMMARY

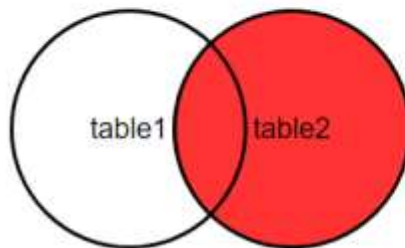
INNER JOIN



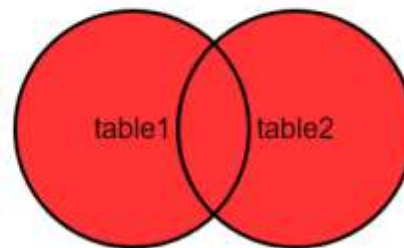
LEFT JOIN



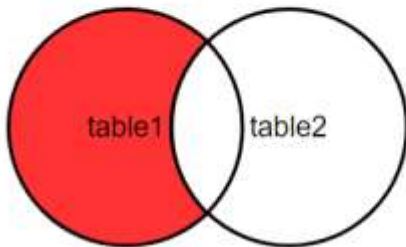
RIGHT JOIN



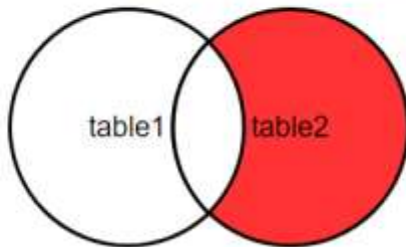
FULL JOIN



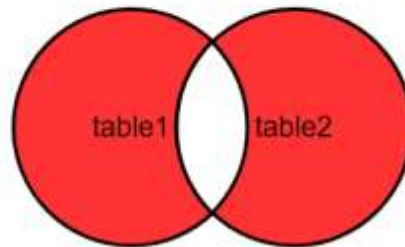
LEFT EXCLUDING JOIN



RIGHT EXCLUDING JOIN



OUTER EXCLUDING JOIN





Extra Resources

Name	Link
became SQL god?	https://www.w3schools.com/sql/default.asp