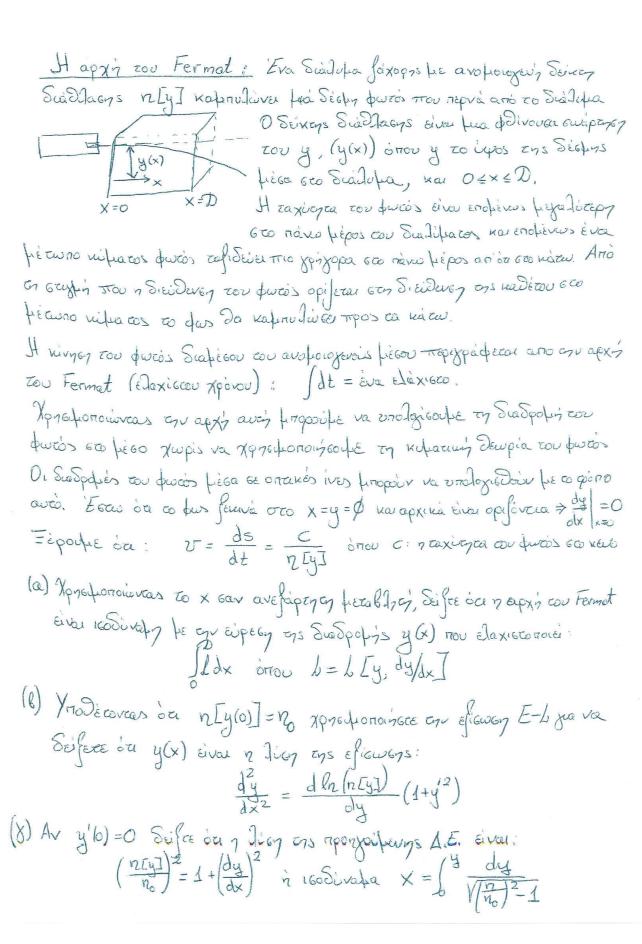
ΦΥΣ. 133 - ΦΡΟΝΤΙΣΤΗΡΙΟ 4

 Αποδείξτε ότι η γεωδεσιακή μιας κυλινδρικής επιφάνειας είναι κυλινδρική έλικα η εξίσωση της οποίας είναι z=C₁φ+C₂, όπου C₁, C₂ σταθερές.



Enopièves o Grouxenis Sys xpovos eivai:
$$dt = \frac{ds}{dt} = \frac{ds}{c} = \frac{ds}{c}$$
 \Rightarrow $dt = \frac{n [y]}{\sqrt{1 + y'^2}} dx$

Allà fipoulie and the april tou Fermat:
$$\int dt = I_{min} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{c} \left\{ n \left[y \right] \sqrt{1 + y'^2} \, dx = I_{min} \Rightarrow \int L\left(y, dy \right) dx = I_{min} \right\}$$

$$L\left(y, dy \right) dx = \frac{1}{c} n \left[y \right] \sqrt{1 + y'^2}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\frac{\partial L}{\partial y'}\frac{\partial L}{\partial y}=0 \Rightarrow \frac{d}{dx}\left[\frac{nEyI}{2}\frac{2y'}{2\sqrt{I+y'^2}}\right] - \frac{\sqrt{I+y'^2}}{2}\frac{\partial nEyI}{\partial y}=0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dn[y]}{dx} \frac{y'}{\sqrt{1+y'^2}} + n[y] \frac{d}{dx} \left[\frac{y'}{\sqrt{1+y'^2}} \right] - \sqrt{1+y'^2} \frac{2n[y]}{\partial y} = O(1)$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{dn[y]}{dy} + \frac{n[y]y''}{(1+y'^2)} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{dn[y]}{n[y]dy} = \frac{y''}{(1+y'^2)} \Rightarrow \frac{(1+y'^2)}{dy} = \frac{d(\ln n[y])(1+y'^2)}{dy}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(1+y'^2)}{dy} \frac{dn[y]}{n[y]} = y'' \Rightarrow \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{d(\ln n[y])}{dy} \frac{(1+y'^2)}{dy}$$

(8) Bonnate roponyouterus ou :
$$y'' = \frac{d(\ln n \log 1)}{dy} (1+y'^2) \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy'}{dx} = \frac{d(\ln n \log 1)}{dy} (1+y'^2) \Rightarrow \frac{dy'}{dx} = (1+y'^2) \frac{d(\ln n \log 1)}{dx} \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y' dy'}{(1+y'^2)} = d(\ln n \log 1) \Rightarrow \int_{(1+y'^2)}^{(1+y'^2)} \frac{d(\ln n \log 1)}{dx} \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \ln (1+y'^2) = \ln (n \log 1)$$

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$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(1 + y^{2}\right) \Big|_{x=0}^{x} = \ln \left(n \left[y\right]\right) \Big|_{x=0}^{x}$$

Allà n à 64967 Siva: y'(x=0) =0 kai n[y=0]=no

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(1 + y^{2}\right) = \ln \eta [y] - \ln \eta_{o} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(1 + y^{2}\right) = \ln \frac{\eta [y]}{\eta_{o}} \Rightarrow \ln \left[\sqrt{1 + y^{2}}\right] = \ln \frac{\eta [y]}{\eta_{o}} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{1 + y^{2}} = \frac{\eta [y]}{\eta_{o}} \Rightarrow 1 + y^{2} = \frac{\eta^{2} [y]}{\eta_{o}^{2}} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left[y + \sqrt{\frac{\eta [y]}{\eta_{o}}}\right] = 1$$

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