ΠΑΝΕΠΙΣΤΗΜΙΟ ΚΥΠΡΟΥ ΣΧΟΛΗ ΘΕΤΙΚΩΝ ΚΑΙ ΕΦΑΡΜΟΣΜΕΝΩΝ ΕΠΙΣΤΗΜΩΝ ΤΜΗΜΑ ΦΥΣΙΚΗΣ

ΦΥΣ 140 Εισαγωγή στην Επιστημονική Χρήση Υπολογιστών (15821) Χειμερινό Εξάμηνο 2023

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Φροντιστήριο 1

Παράδειγμα 1 Εντολές κελύφους που χρησιμοποιούνται σε λειτουργικά συστήματα παρόμοια με το Unix, συμπεριλαμβανομένων των Linux και macOS. Αυτές οι εντολές συνήθως εισάγονται σε μια διεπαφή γραμμής εντολών, όπως ένα τερματικό ή μια γραμμή κελύφους/εντολών (command/shell prompt). Αποτελούν μέρος του συνόλου εντολών του κελύφους του Unix και είναι γραμμένα στη γλώσσα προγραμματισμού C:

tutorial1/ex1.sh

```
# Use 'mkdir' command to create a new directory named 'tutorial1':
2 mkdir lab01
  # Use 'cd' command to change directory to 'tutorial1':
  cd lab01
  # Use 'pwd' to return the working directory name. Use 'man pwd' to display the
      online manual documentation for any command. You can use man for ANY linux
      command:
  pwd
  # Check that the files were createed:
  1 s
12
  # Create files with name 'v.log', 'w.log', 'x.log', 'y.log', 'z.log' under
      current working directory. The touch utility sets the modification and
      access times of files. If any file does not exist, it is created with
      default permissions:
  touch v.log w.log x.log y.log z.log
# Check that the directory has been created:
17 ls -lt
  # Redirect output of command 'ls' to a file. The operator '>' replaces file
     contents:
ls -lt > ls.txt
# Use 'sort' to sort or merge records (lines) of text and binary files:
  ls | sort
  # Use 'grep' as a file pattern searcher:
  ls | sort | grep f
27
   # Use 'grep' as a file pattern searcher. The --invert-match (-v) flag means
      that the selected lines are those not matching any of the specified patterns
  ls | sort | grep -v f
  # Use 'mkdir' command to create directory. NOTE: mkdir test1/test2 fails!:
31
mkdir test1
  # Use 'mkdir -p' to create intermediate directories as required):
  mkdir -p test1/test2/test3
```

```
# Use 'rm' command to remove the directory 'test3' and all its contents
     recursively! NOTE: Use with caution!:
  rm -rf test1/test2/test3
   # Create new file with name 'myfile.txt' under directory test1. Iff the command
       is successful (&&) list the contents of directory 'test1':
  touch test1/myfile.txt && ls -lt test1
  # Use 'mv' command to move/rename a file or directory:
  mv test1/myfile.txt test1/test2/myfile.txt
  # Use 'cp' to create a copy of a file under a different name:
  cp test1/test2/myfile.txt test1/myfile.txt
  # List cthe ontents of directory 'test1/' to check that the copied file is
    where you expect it to be:
  ls test1/
51
# List any file with extension '.txt' under directory 'test1/':
1s test1/*.txt
54
  # Use 'rm -rf' to remove directory test1 and all files and directories inside
      it! Since we use the '-f' flag, no prompt will appear asking you to confirm
       deletion for each file or folder.:
  rm -rf test1
56
  # Concatenate (sinenwse) and print files (Type your name and exit by pressing
     Ctrl+D).:
59 cat > newfile.txt
# Print file contents on the display:
  cat newfile.txt
# Use 'echo' command to write arguments to the standard output. This can be
     redirected to a file as well:
  echo 'pink' > file1.txt
  # Use 'echo' command to write 'pink' in new file 'file2.txt':
  echo 'pink' > file2.txt
70 # Compare again the contexts of the two files. No identical anymore!:
71 diff file1.txt file2.txt
# Use 'echo' command to write ' floyd' in new file 'file2.txt':
r4 echo ' floyd' >> file2.txt
  # Write the contents of the folder in file 'view.txt':
17 ls -lt > view.txt
79 # View the contents of the newly-created file:
80 cat view.txt
```

```
# Use the pipe (|) to connect the output of one command to the input of another
       command, allowing you to create a data stream from one command to another .:
   cat view.txt | more
  # View the contents of the text file in the terminal The 'less' allows you to
      view text files one screen at a time, providing a convenient way to read and
       navigate through large or lengthy files.:
   less view.txt
   # Use 'tail -1' to display the last line of a file:
   tail -1 view.txt
  # Use 'tail -3' to display the last 3 lines of a file:
   tail -3 view.txt
# Use 'tail' to display the last 10 lines of a file:
95 tail view.txt
# Use 'head -1' to display first line of a file:
98 head -1 view.txt
# Use 'head -3' to display first 3 lines of a file:
head -3 view.txt
102
   # Use 'head' to display first 10 lines of a file:
   head view.txt
# List all files ending with extension '.txt':
   ls f*.txt
  # List all files and directories (in the current directory) and then filter the
       output to display only the lines that contain the letter 'f' in their names
       using the 'grep' command:
  ls * | grep f
110
111
  # List all files and directories (in the current directory) and then filter the
       output to display only the lines that do NOT contain the letter 'f' in
      their names:
  ls * | grep -v f
114
   # Create file and then remove it with prompt for confirmation:
touch myfile.txt && rm -i myfile.txt
   # Create file and then remove it without asking verification:
   touch myfile.txt && rm -f myfile.txt
   # Use 'echo' command and '>>' operator to create a new file with content 'mark
      knopfler':
echo 'mark knopfler' >> legend1.txt
# Use 'echo' command and '>>' operator to create a new file with content 'david
       gilmour':
echo 'david gilmour' >> legend2.txt
```

```
# Use 'history' command to display a list of previously executed commands in the current user's session:
history

# Redirect the output of the history command to a file using standard output redirection:
history > history.log

# Create a compressed archive file named tutorial1.tgz containing all files and directories in the current directory. The options and flags used with the command(-cvzf) are broken down below. Use the manual command 'man tar' to see explanations for the flags used.:
tar -cvzf tutorial1.tgz *
```

```
Αποτέλεσμα:
                                tutorial1/ex1
  mkdir lab01
  cd lab01
  pwd
  /phys140/autumn2023/tutorials/python3/lab01
  ls
  file1.txt
                history.log
                                legend2.txt newfile.txt
                                                              v.log
        w.log
                       y.log
  file2.txt
                 legend1.txt
                                ls.txt
                                              tutorial1.tgz view.txt
         x.loq
                        z.log
touch v.log w.log x.log y.log z.log
13
14 ls -lt
total 64
  -rw-r--r 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 z.log
  -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 y.log
  -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 x.log
18
  -rw-r--r 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 w.log
19
  -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 v.log
20
  -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 489 Sep 13 12:57 tutorial1.tgz
21
  -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 12:57 history.log
22
  -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 14 Sep 13 12:57 legend2.txt
23
  -rw-r--r 1 attikis staff 14 Sep 13 12:57 legend1.txt
24
  -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff 557 Sep 13 12:57 view.txt
25
  -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 12 Sep 13 12:57 file2.txt
  -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 5 Sep 13 12:57 file1.txt
  -rw-r--r 1 attikis staff 12 Sep 13 12:57 newfile.txt
28
  -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff 372 Sep 13 12:57 ls.txt
```

```
30
  ls -lt > ls.txt
31
32
33 ls | sort
34 file1.txt
 file2.txt
36 history.log
legend1.txt
  legend2.txt
38
39 ls.txt
newfile.txt
41 tutorial1.tgz
  v.log
42
43 view.txt
44 W.log
45 x.log
46
  y.log
z.log
48
19 ls | sort | grep f
50 file1.txt
file2.txt
newfile.txt
1s | sort | grep -v f
55 history.log
1egend1.txt
57
 legend2.txt
1s.txt
59 tutorial1.tgz
60 v.log
61
  view.txt
62 W.log
63 x.log
64 y.log
  z.log
65
66
mkdir test1
mkdir -p test1/test2/test3
70
 rm -rf test1/test2/test3
72
73
 touch test1/myfile.txt && ls -lt test1
74 total 0
  -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 myfile.txt
75
  drwxr-xr-x 2 attikis staff 64 Sep 13 14:27 test2
76
mv test1/myfile.txt test1/test2/myfile.txt
79
  cp test1/test2/myfile.txt test1/myfile.txt
```

```
81
   ls test1/
82
   myfile.txt
                   test2
83
84
   ls test1/*.txt
   test1/myfile.txt
86
   rm -rf test1
88
   cat > newfile.txt
90
   John Clseese
91
92
   cat newfile.txt
93
   John Cleese
94
95
   echo 'pink' > file1.txt
96
97
   echo 'pink' > file2.txt
98
99
   diff file1.txt file2.txt
100
   echo ' floyd' >> file2.txt
102
103
   ls -lt > view.txt
104
105
   cat view.txt
106
107
  total 56
   -rw-r--r 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 view.txt
108
   -rw-r--r 1 attikis staff 12 Sep 13 14:27 file2.txt
109
   -rw-r--r 1 attikis staff 5 Sep 13 14:27 file1.txt
110
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 12 Sep 13 14:27 newfile.txt
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 795 Sep 13 14:27 ls.txt
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 z.log
113
   -rw-r--r 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 y.log
114
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 x.log
115
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 w.log
-rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 v.log
116
117
118
   -rw-r--r 1 attikis staff 489 Sep 13 12:57 tutorial1.tgz
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 12:57 history.log
119
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
                                   14 Sep 13 12:57 legend2.txt
120
  -rw-r--r 1 attikis staff 14 Sep 13 12:57 legend1.txt
122
   cat view.txt | more
123
   total 56
124
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
                                   0 Sep 13 14:27 view.txt
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 12 Sep 13 14:27 file2.txt
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
                                   5 Sep 13 14:27 file1.txt
127
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
                                  12 Sep 13 14:27 newfile.txt
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff 795 Sep 13 14:27 ls.txt
129
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 z.log
130
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
                                 0 Sep 13 14:27 y.log
```

```
-rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 x.log
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
                                0 Sep 13 14:27 w.log
133
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
                                0 Sep 13 14:27 v.log
134
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 489 Sep 13 12:57 tutorial1.tgz
135
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
                                 0 Sep 13 12:57 history.log
136
   -rw-r--r 1 attikis staff 14 Sep 13 12:57 legend2.txt
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 14 Sep 13 12:57 legend1.txt
138
139
140
   less view.txt
                                 0 Sep 13 14:27 view.txt
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
141
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 12 Sep 13 14:27 file2.txt
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
                                 5 Sep 13 14:27 file1.txt
143
                               12 Sep 13 14:27 newfile.txt
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
144
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 795 Sep 13 14:27 ls.txt
145
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 z.log
146
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 y.log
147
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
                                0 Sep 13 14:27 x.log
148
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
                                0 Sep 13 14:27 w.log
149
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 v.log
150
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 489 Sep 13 12:57 tutorial1.tgz
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
                                0 Sep 13 12:57 history.log
152
   -rw-r--r 1 attikis staff 14 Sep 13 12:57 legend2.txt
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 14 Sep 13 12:57 legend1.txt
154
155
   tail -1 view.txt
156
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
                                 14 Sep 13 12:57 legend1.txt
157
158
   tail -3 view.txt
159
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
                                 0 Sep 13 12:57 history.log
160
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 14 Sep 13 12:57 legend2.txt
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
                                 14 Sep 13 12:57 legend1.txt
162
163
   tail view.txt
164
   -rw-r--r 1 attikis staff 795 Sep 13 14:27 ls.txt
165
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
                               0 Sep 13 14:27 z.log
166
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
                                 0 Sep 13 14:27 y.log
167
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 x.log
168
169
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 w.log
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 v.log
170
   -rw-r--r 1 attikis staff 489 Sep 13 12:57 tutorial1.tgz
171
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 12:57 history.log
   -rw-r--r 1 attikis staff 14 Sep 13 12:57 legend2.txt
173
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 14 Sep 13 12:57 legend1.txt
174
175
head -1 view.txt
total 56
178
head -3 view.txt
  total 56
180
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
                                 0 Sep 13 14:27 view.txt
181
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 12 Sep 13 14:27 file2.txt
```

```
183
   head view.txt
184
total 56
186 -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 view.txt
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 12 Sep 13 14:27 file2.txt
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
                                 5 Sep 13 14:27 file1.txt
188
   -rw-r--r 1 attikis staff 12 Sep 13 14:27 newfile.txt
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff 795 Sep 13 14:27 ls.txt
190
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 z.log
                                0 Sep 13 14:27 y.log
   -rw-r--r-- 1 attikis staff
192
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 x.log
   -rw-r--r- 1 attikis staff 0 Sep 13 14:27 w.log
194
195
196 ls f*.txt
197 file1.txt
                  file2.txt
198
199
   ls * | grep f
200 file1.txt
file2.txt
202 newfile.txt
203
204 ls * | grep -v f
205 history.log
   legend1.txt
legend2.txt
208 ls.txt
209 tutorial1.tgz
   v.log
view.txt
w.log
213 x.log
   y.log
214
z.log
touch myfile.txt && rm -i myfile.txt
  remove myfile.txt? y
218
219
220 touch myfile.txt && rm -f myfile.txt
221
   echo 'mark knopfler' >> legend1.txt
222
223
   echo 'david gilmour' >> legend2.txt
224
225
226
   history
227
history > history.log
229
230 tar -cvzf tutorial1.tgz *
a file1.txt
a file2.txt
   a history.log
```

Παράδειγμα 1 συνεχίζεται...

```
a legend1.txt
a legend2.txt
a ls.txt
a newfile.txt
a tutorial1.tgztar: tutorial1.tgz: Can't add archive to itself

a v.log
a view.txt
a w.log
a x.log
a x.log
a y.log
a z.log
```

Παράδειγμα 2 Ας αρχίσουμε με το πρώτο μας παράδειγμα με τη χρήση Python ως υπολογιστική:

tutorial1/ex2.py

```
#!/usr/bin/python3
2 ///
3 USAGE:
    chmod +x <filename<.py</pre>
    python3 <filename>.py
     script -q <filename>.log python3 -i <filename>.py
6
  DESCRIPTION:
10 Python as a calculator
11 ,,,
# Anathesi timis (1) se metavliti (x)
_{14} x=1
15
# Ektipwsi tis timis tis metavlitis x stin othoni
17
  print("x=", x)
18
_{19} x=x+1
20 print ("x=x+1=", x)
21
x+=1
23 print ("x+=1=", x)
x = 1
26 print ("x-=1=", x)
x = x * 2
29 print("x=x*2=", x)
30
31 x*=2
32 print ("x*=2=", x)
34 \times * = 2
print ("x * * = 2 = ", x)
x/=2 # floating-point division (dieresi - arithmoi kinitis diastolis)
38 print ("x/=2=", x)
40 \times //=2  # integer division (akeraio meros diairesis - apokopi dekadikwn psifiwn)
print ("x//=2=", x)
42
y=7//2
  print ("y=7//2=", y)
47 # Pollaples anatheseis metavlitwn
a=10; b=2; c=3
49 print("\na,b,c=", a, b, c)
```

Παράδειγμα 2 συνεχίζεται...

```
X= 1
x=x+1= 2
x+=1= 3
x-=1= 2
x=x*2= 4
x*=2= 8
x**=2 = 64
x/=2= 32.0
x//=2= 16.0
y=7//2= 3
a,b,c= 10 2 3
y=a % b= 0
y=a % c= 1
```

Παράδειγμα 3 Ας δούμε ένα απλό παράδειγμα για τη χρήση σταθερών χαρακτήρων (strings) : tutorial1/ex3.py

```
#!/usr/bin/python3
2 ,,,
3 USAGE:
    chmod +x <filename>.py
    python3 <filename>.py
    script -q <filename>.log python3 -i <filename>.py
9 DESCRIPTION:
10 Simple introduction to strings
11 ,,,
print ("Hello World!")
14
# Anathesi timis ("pink") se metavliti (band)
msg1="pink"
msg2="floyd"
18 band=msg1 + " " + msg2
  print (band)
quit(0) # exit program with a status code of 0 (= success)
```

```
Αποτέλεσμα:

band = pink floyd
```

Lingo	Quick Answers	wers	Cursor Motion	u	Editing		Scrolling ar	Scrolling and Windows
C control key (CTRL)	C-x, C-f	find file	C-f	Move forward by a character	C-d	Delete a character (forward)	C-v	Page Down
M meta key (ALT or ESC)	C-x, C-s	save file	C_b	Move backward by a character	DEL	Delete a character	M-v	Page Up
Cutting and Pacting	C-x , C-c	exit Emacs	M-f	Move forward by a word	P-W	(backward) Delete a word (forward)	C-M-v	Page Down other window
Area and Are	Files and Buffers	Buffers	М—Б	Move backward by a word	M-DEL	Delete a word (backward)	C-x, 1	Make current window only window
SPC	3	Eind file (or create if not existing)	C-n	Move forward by a line	Ĭ	Delete a line (forward)	C-x, 2	Split window vertically
C-w Cut (after setting mark and moving to end point)			C-p	Move backward by a line	C-SPC, C-a,	Delete a line (backward)	C-x, 3	Split window horizontally
M-w Copy (after setting mark and moving to			M-e	Move forward by a sentence	C-w		C-X,	Grow window vertically
			M-a	Move backward by a sentence	M-K	Delete a sentence (forward)	C-x, 0	Switch to next window
C-y Yank (paste) most recently killed (cut or copied)	Š	Select buffer	M-}	Move forward by a paragraph	C-x DEL	Delete a sentence	C-x , 0	Close current window
M-y Yank next most recently killed	Š		M-{	Move backward by a paragraph	C-M-K	Delete an expression	Command-	Command-Related Stuff
:		- 37 - 1 11.71	C-M-f	Move forward by an expression		(forward)	9	
ching and Re	×,	VIII DUITET	C-M-b	Move backward by an	C-M-DEL	Delete an expression (backward)	ESC,	Leave current location
C-s incremental search forward	Iorward Help			Marie Color			ESC	
C-r Incremental search backward	backward	Chow command documentation	c-a	Move to the start of a line	Misc		#	Prefix numeric argument # to next
C-M-s Regexp search forward			C-e	Move to the end of a line	٦	Undo/redo		command
C-M-r	cward C-h.	"Command apropos"	Y	Move to the start of a buffer	=	Undo/redo (alternative)	C-g	Stop running command, or cancel
M-x, String replace from here to			M->	Move to the end of a buffer		togal botol		
ace-	ال ا	Show roamen bases and S	M-a . a .	Go to line number #	b3	Auoted Insert		
string>		line	*		C-2	Suspend/iconify emacs (type "%emacs" to return		
M-x. String replace from here to	here to C-h,	Describe function			C-x , C-c	Exit emacs		
y-	ing for f				M-x,	Flush ^M at end of line		
RET edcn occurrence	Ç.	Info browser			<pre><shell-strip- ctrl-m></shell-strip- </pre>			
M-x, Prompts for a grep command, egrep-, shows hits in a buffer RET					, RET			

Σχήμα 1: Κάρτα αναφοράς για το λεκτικό επεξεργαστή Emacs. Περισσότερες πληροφορίες μπορείτε να βρείτε στην ιστοσελίδα του μαθήματος.