

jc_fintual

@patora

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Carga librerias

```
if (!require("alphavantage")) install.packages("alphavantage")
library(alphavantage)
library(tidyverse)
library(quantmod)
library(PerformanceAnalytics)
library(zoo)
library(ggplot2)
```

Carga Datos desde Alpha Vantage API usando paquete alphavantage

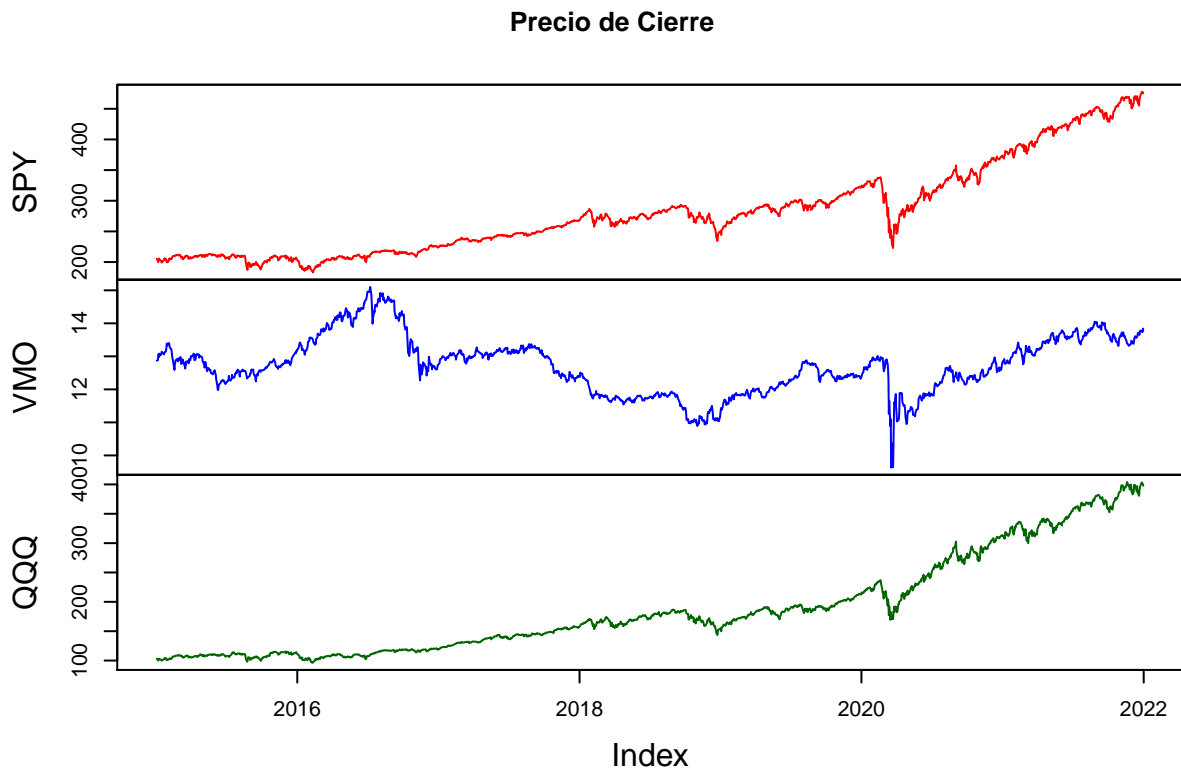
```
## Define variables
av_api_key("F11AG45Z8NP9EFPY")
desde <- '2014-12-31'
hasta <- '2022-01-01'

# Obtiene Datos de Alpha Vantage API
SPY <- av_get(symbol = "SPY", av_fun = "TIME_SERIES_DAILY", outputsize="full") %>%
  select(timestamp, close) %>%
  filter(timestamp > desde, timestamp < hasta)
VMO <- av_get(symbol = "VMO", av_fun = "TIME_SERIES_DAILY", outputsize="full") %>%
  select(timestamp, close) %>%
  filter(timestamp > desde, timestamp < hasta)
QQQ <- av_get(symbol = "QQQ", av_fun = "TIME_SERIES_DAILY", outputsize="full") %>%
  select(timestamp, close) %>%
  filter(timestamp > desde, timestamp < hasta)
```

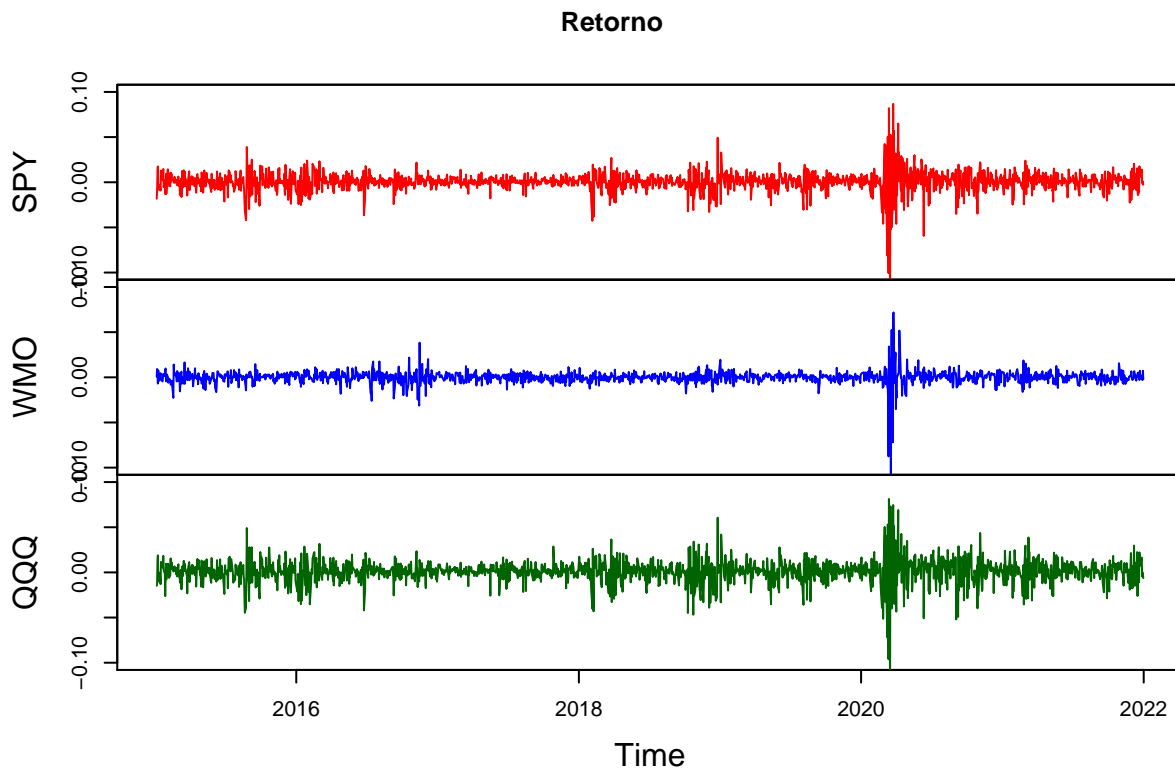
Calcula retornos

```
port <- merge((merge(SPY,VMO, by = "timestamp")),QQQ, by = "timestamp")
colnames(port) <- c("date","SPY", "VMO", "QQQ")
port <- xts(port[,2:4], order.by = port$date)
port_ret <- na.omit(diff(log(port)))

plot(x=as.zoo(port), main = "Precio de Cierre", legend =c("SPY", "VMO", "QQQ"),
     col = c("red", "blue", "darkgreen"))
```



```
plot(x=as.zoo(port_ret), xlab="Time", ylab = c("SPY", "WMO", "QQQ"), main = "Retorno",  
     , col = c("red", "blue", "darkgreen"), ylim=c(-0.10,0.10))
```



Calcula retornos y Retorno Ajustado por Riesgo

```
## 1. Retorno total y anualizado de cada activo entre 2015 y 2021.

## 2. Riesgo de cada activo para ese período (puedes utilizar la medida de
## riesgo que quieras).

SPY_rr <- mean(port_ret$SPY) / sd(port_ret$SPY)
VMO_rr <- mean(port_ret$VMO) / sd(port_ret$VMO)
QQQ_rr <- mean(port_ret$QQQ) / sd(port_ret$QQQ)

data_res <- data.frame()

data_res[1,1] <- mean(port_ret$SPY)
data_res[1,2] <- sd(port_ret$SPY)
data_res[1,3] <- SPY_rr

data_res[2,1] <- mean(port_ret$VMO)
data_res[2,2] <- sd(port_ret$VMO)
data_res[2,3] <- VMO_rr

data_res[3,1] <- mean(port_ret$QQQ)
data_res[3,2] <- sd(port_ret$QQQ)
data_res[3,3] <- QQQ_rr
```

```
data_res[1,4] <- Return.annualized(port_ret[,1],geometric = TRUE)
data_res[2,4] <- Return.annualized(port_ret[,2],geometric = TRUE)
data_res[3,4] <- Return.annualized(port_ret[,3],geometric = TRUE)
```

```
colnames(data_res) <- c("ret", "sd", "rr", "ret_anual")
rownames(data_res) <- c("SPY", "WMO", "QQQ")
```

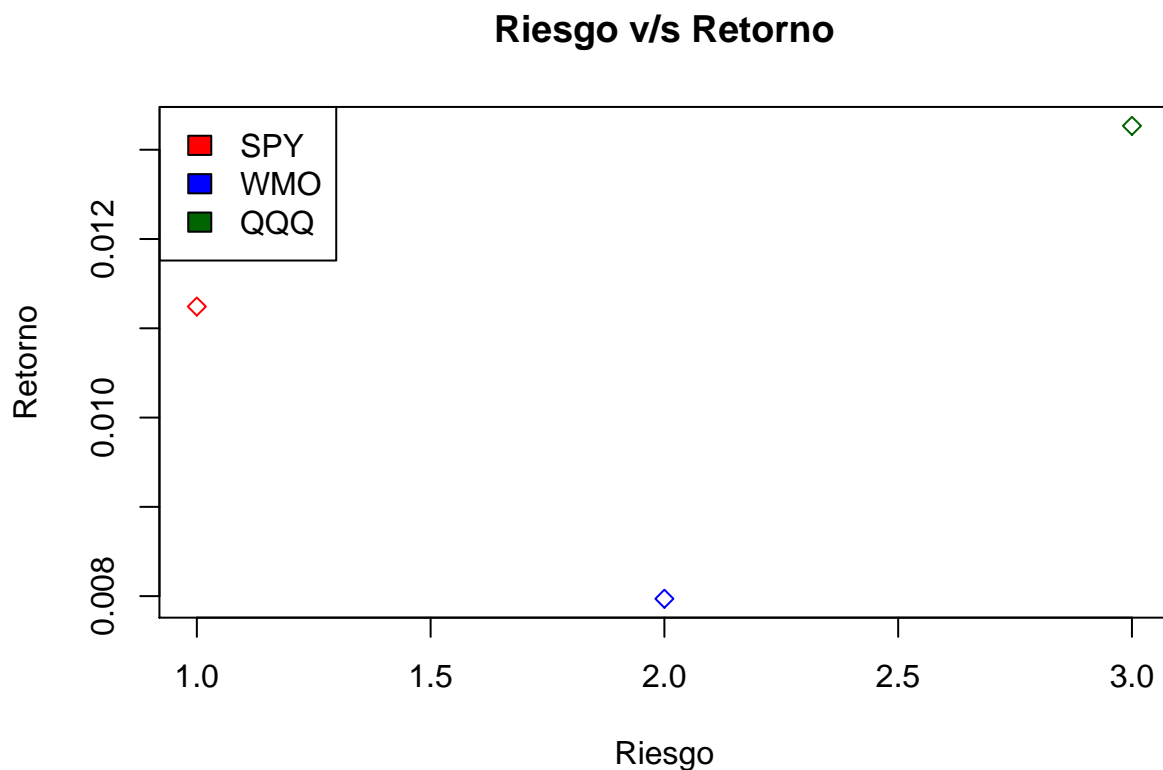
```
# calcula retornos, variabilidad y retorno anual
print(data_res)
```

```
##           ret           sd           rr  ret_anual
## SPY 4.756670e-04 0.011243542 0.042305796 0.10936792
## WMO 4.000791e-05 0.007970735 0.005019351 0.00190658
## QQQ 7.672694e-04 0.013267473 0.057830866 0.18645454
```

Grafica riesgo retorno

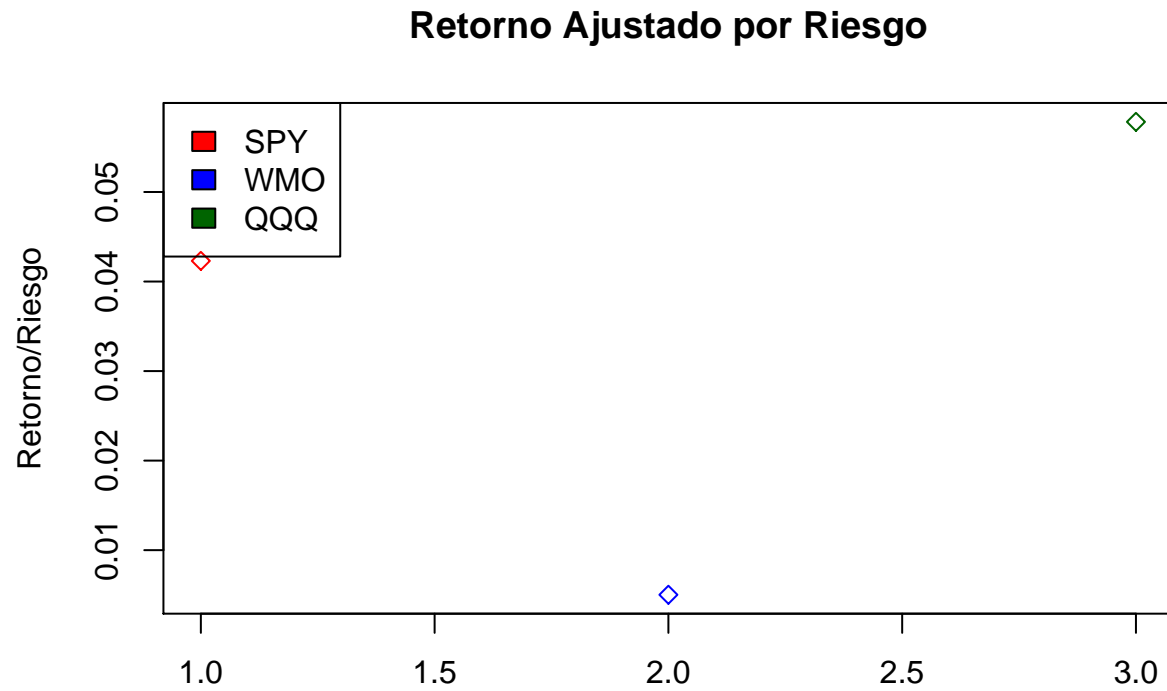
```
## 3. Compara el riesgo y retorno calculado, ¿Cuál se ve más atractivo?
## (justifica tu respuesta con alguna métrica, gráfico o cálculo).
```

```
plot(data_res$sd,data_res$mean, main = "Riesgo v/s Retorno", xlab="Riesgo",
      ylab = "Retorno", col = c("red", "blue", "darkgreen"), pch = 23, cex=1)
legend(x="topleft", legend=c("SPY","WMO","QQQ"), fill = c("red", "blue", "darkgreen"))
```



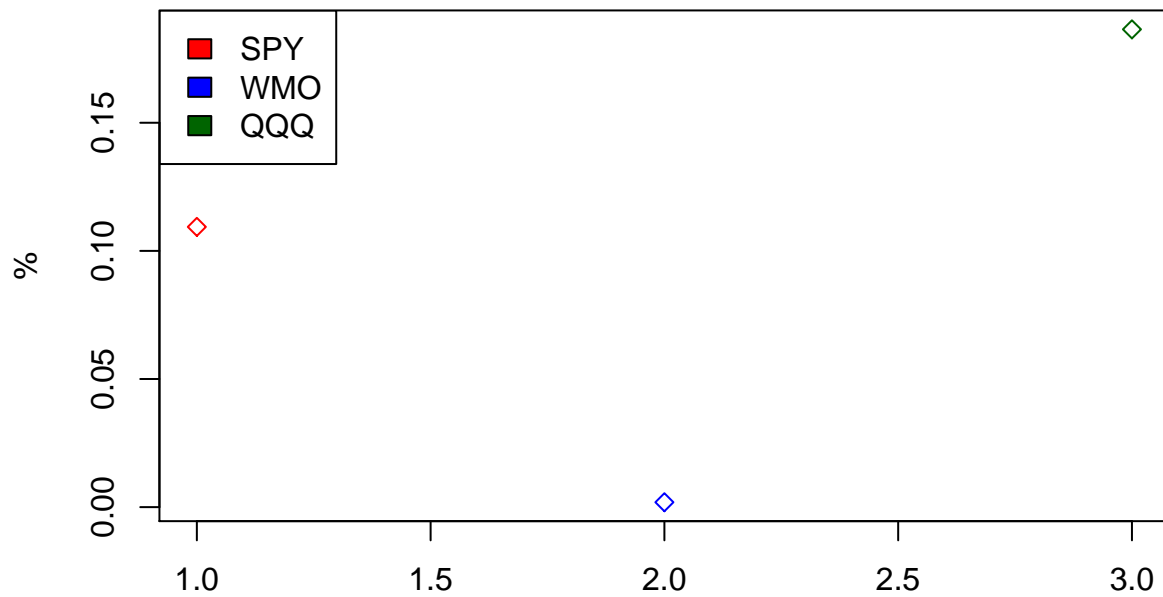
```
plot(data_res$rr,main = "Retorno Ajustado por Riesgo", xlab="", ylab = "Retorno/Riesgo",
      col = c("red", "blue", "darkgreen"),pch = 23, cex=1 )
```

```
legend(x="topleft", legend=c("SPY","WMO","QQQ"), fill = c("red", "blue", "darkgreen"))
```



```
plot(data_res$ret_anual,main = "Retorno Anualizado", xlab="", ylab = "%",
     col = c("red", "blue", "darkgreen"),pch = 23, cex=1 )
legend(x="topleft", legend=c("SPY","WMO","QQQ"), fill = c("red", "blue", "darkgreen"))
```

Retorno Anualizado



*## La opción que tiene una mejor relación retorno versus riesgo, es el QQQ, y que
sería la más conveniente considerando que esta relación represente un comportamiento similar.
También este ETF es el que mejor retorno anualizado ha mostrado, por lo que sustenta esta elección*

Gráfico Retorno Acumulado Simple

```
## 4. Graficar retornos acumulados de los activos.  
plot(x=as.zoo(cumsum(port_ret)),main="Retorno Acumulado", ylab = c("SPY", "WMO", "QQQ"),  
     col = c("red", "blue", "darkgreen"),ylim=c(-0.2,1.5))
```

Retorno Acumulado

