

System Verification and Validation Plan for OCRacle

Phillip Tran

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Revision History

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1 Symbols, Abbreviations, and Acronyms

symbol	description
T	Test
OCR	Optical Character Recognition
OAR	Optical Alphabet Recognition, the predecessor to this program
SRS	Software Requirements Specification
VnV	Verification and Validation
MG	Module Guide
MIS	Module Interface Specification
PEP 8	Python Enhancement Proposal 8, the Python style guide
GHA	GitHub Actions

This document outlines the verification and validation plan for the OCRacle program. This document will outline the testing procedures that will be used to ensure that the software meets the requirements outlined in the SRS document ([Tran, 2025c](#)).

2 General Information

2.1 Summary

The OCRacle program is being tested. OCRacle is an OCR program that classifies a single handwritten uppercase Latin alphabet character in an image. The project provides a trained model to complete this task as well as a user interface to feed an image into the model and display the model's predicted character.

2.2 Objectives

The main objective of this project is to build confidence in the software correctness. This will be done by testing the software to ensure that it meets the requirements outlined in the SRS document. This includes testing the accuracy of the software as compared to the OAR predecessor. Validation of the software's maintainability will also be conducted.

For the purposes of this project, the validation of the program's usability will not be heavily tested. This is because the program's user interface will be kept as simple as possible to focus on the OCR functionality.

The project may rely on external libraries for image manipulation or matrix operations. The validation of these libraries will not be tested.

2.3 Challenge Level and Extras

The challenge level for this project is general. Although this project has been done before, implementing the software with higher accuracy than the previous implementation is a challenge.

For the extra task, I will be including a user manual. This will help users understand how to use the program and what to expect from it.

2.4 Relevant Documentation

- SRS Document ([Tran, 2025c](#)): Outlines the requirements for the OCRacle program. This VnV plan will be based on the requirements outlined in this document.
- MG Document ([Tran, 2025a](#)): Outlines the modules that compose the OCRacle program. The VnV plan will be based on the modules outlined in this document.
- MIS Document ([Tran, 2025b](#)): Outlines the interfaces of the modules that compose the OCRacle program. The VnV plan will be based on the interfaces outlined in this document.

3 Plan

This section outlines the multiple stages of the verification and validation process. First, the VnV team will be introduced. Then the verification plans for the SRS, design, VnV plan, and implementation will be outlined. Finally, a brief overview of automated testing and verification tools will be provided.

3.1 Verification and Validation Team

The following personnel will be involved in the verification and validation of the OCRacle program:

- Phillip Tran: The author of the program. Will be responsible for the verification and validation of the OCRacle program. This includes the creation of the VnV plan, the implementation of the tests, and the analysis of the results.
- Dr. Spencer Smith: The instructor. Will be responsible for the verification and validation of the OCRacle program. This includes the review of the VnV plan, the review of the tests, and the review of the results.
- Hussein Saad: The domain expert. Will be responsible for the verification and validation of the OCRacle program. This includes the review of the VnV plan, the review of the tests, and the review of the results.

3.2 SRS Verification Plan

To validate the SRS, the domain expert and instructor have been assigned a GitHub issues to review the document. The author will be responsible for addressing any comments made by the reviewers. As the project progresses the SRS document may be modified, and the reviewers will be assigned a new GitHub issue to review the changes.

To ensure that the SRS document is complete, correct, and consistent, the reviewers can rely on the SRS checklist ([Smith, 2024b](#)).

3.3 Design Verification Plan

The design of the OCRacle program will be verified by the domain expert and instructor using the MG checklist ([Smith, 2024a](#)) and MIS checklist ([Smith, 2022b](#)).

Reviewers will focus on ensuring that the modules and interfaces are correctly defined for the OCRacle program given the requirements outlined in the SRS document.

3.4 Verification and Validation Plan Verification Plan

The VnV plan will be reviewed by the domain expert and instructor using the VnV plan checklist ([Smith, 2022c](#)). The author will be responsible for addressing any comments made by the reviewers. As the project progresses the VnV plan may be modified, and the reviewers will be assigned a new GitHub issue to review the changes.

Reviewers will focus on ensuring that test cases adequately cover any edge cases and are representative of the requirements outlined in the SRS document.

3.5 Implementation Verification Plan

As described in Section [3.6](#), the OCRacle program will be tested using an automated test suite. Code quality and static type checking will also be enforced using automated tools. To ensure that these automated tests are correct, the VnV team will review the tests and the test results. The VnV team will also review the code quality and static type checking results.

Manual testing in the form of code walkthroughs will also be used to ensure that the code is achieving the desired functionality. This will be the primary responsibility of the author, with the domain expert and instructor providing feedback of the code walkthroughs to ensure that the code is correct.

3.6 Automated Testing and Verification Tools

GHA will be used to automate the testing of the OCRacle program. For each pull request, the tests will be run. The tests will include unit tests, functional tests, and nonfunctional tests. The tests will be created using the Python unittest framework, which is included in the Python standard library. The tests will be run using the pytest framework, which is included in the Python standard library. The tests will consist of predetermined inputs and expected outputs. The tests will be run on GHA. If any of the tests fail, the pull request will be rejected.

To enforce code quality, the ruff linter and code formatter will be used to ensure that the code follows the PEP 8 style guide and is formatted correctly. In addition to this tool, the mypy static type checker will be used to ensure that the code is correctly typed. For each pull request, the linter, code formatter, and static type checker will be run on GHA. If any of these tools fail, the pull request will be rejected.

3.7 Software Validation Plan

There are no plans for software validation at this time, since it is considered out of scope for this project. The main focus of the project is not user acceptance, but rather the accuracy of the OCR functionality.

4 System Tests

This section outlines the system tests that will be used to verify the OCRacle program. The tests will be divided into functional and nonfunctional tests.

4.1 Tests for Functional Requirements

This section contains the tests that verify the functional requirements outlined in the SRS document.

4.1.1 Input Processing Tests

These tests cover R1 and R2 from the SRS document. These requirements state that the program must accept images in JPEG and PNG format and that the program must be able to pre-process these images for classification.

JPEG and PNG Format Acceptance

1. T1: JPEG Format Acceptance

Control: Automatic

Initial State: The OCRacle system is ready for input.

Input: A single uppercase Latin alphabet character in JPEG format.

Output: The system accepts the image as an input without errors.

Test Case Derivation: Based on R1, the program must accept images in JPEG format.

How test will be performed: This automatic test will be run on GHA.

2. T2: PNG Format Acceptance

Control: Automatic

Initial State: The OCRacle system is ready for input.

Input: A single uppercase Latin alphabet character in PNG format.

Output: The system accepts the image as an input without errors.

Test Case Derivation: Based on R1, the program must accept images in PNG format.

How test will be performed: This automatic test will be run on GHA.

3. T3: Non-Supported Format Rejection

Control: Automatic

Initial State: The OCRacle system is ready for input.

Input: An file in any format other than JPEG or PNG.

Output: The system rejects the file, displaying an appropriate error message.

Test Case Derivation: Based on R1, the program must reject files that are in formats other than JPEG or PNG.

How test will be performed: This automatic test will be run on GHA.

Image Pre-Processing

1. T4: Image Pre-Processing

Control: Automatic

Initial State: The OCRacle system is ready for input.

Input: A valid image containing a single uppercase Latin alphabet character.

Output: As described in IM1, the system pre-processed the image for the classification task in the specified manner.

Test Case Derivation: Based on R2, the program must pre-process images for classification. The system will compare the output from the test with a known correct output to ensure that the pre-processing is correct.

How test will be performed: This automatic test will be run on GHA.

4.1.2 Character Prediction Tests

As specified in the SRS document, the program must be able to predict a single uppercase Latin character from an image. These tests will verify that the program can correctly predict characters from images, which covers R3.

Single Character Prediction

1. T5: Character Prediction

Control: Automatic

Initial State: The OCRacle system is ready for input.

Input: An image containing a single uppercase Latin alphabet character.

Output: The predicted character, which should match the character in the image. The predicted character corresponds to the character with the highest probability in the probability vector.

Test Case Derivation: Based on R3, the program should correctly predict single characters from prepared images. We will use a dataset of known images and their correct label to verify the correctness of the prediction.

How test will be performed: The automatic test will be run on GHA.

4.1.3 Probability Vector Output Tests

These tests ensure that the program outputs a correctly formatted probability vector. The probability vector should contain the probability of each character in the alphabet, and the sum of the probabilities should be 1. These tests cover R4.

Probability Vector Validity

1. T6: Probability Vector Sum

Control: Automatic

Initial State: The OCRacle system is ready for input.

Input: An image containing a single uppercase Latin alphabet character.

Output: A probability vector where the sum of the probabilities is 1.

Test Case Derivation: Based on R4, the program must output a probability vector that sums to 1.

How test will be performed: The automatic test will be run on GHA.

2. T7: Probability Vector Length

Control: Automatic

Initial State: The OCRacle system is ready for input.

Input: An image containing a single uppercase Latin alphabet character.

Output: A probability vector where the length is equal to the number of characters in the alphabet, which is 26.

Test Case Derivation: Based on R4, the program must output a probability vector where the length is the number of possible classification labels.

How test will be performed: The automatic test will be run on GHA.

4.1.4 Human-Readable Format Tests

These tests ensure that the program outputs the predicted character in a human-readable format. This covers R5.

Readable Character Output

1. T8: Readable Character Output

Control: Automatic

Initial State: The OCRacle system is ready for input.

Input: An image containing a single uppercase Latin alphabet character.

Output: The predicted character is displayed in a human-readable format.

Test Case Derivation: Based on R5, the program must display character predictions in a readable format. We check to see if the UI displays the same character that the model predicted.

How test will be performed: The automatic test will be run on GHA.

4.2 Tests for Nonfunctional Requirements

This section outlines the tests that will be used to verify the nonfunctional requirements outlined in the SRS document. This includes tests for accuracy, usability, maintainability, and portability.

4.2.1 Accuracy Testing

These tests ensure that the program is accurate in its predictions. It also compares the program's accuracy to the accuracy of the OAR predecessor to ensure that the program is an improvement.

Accuracy Measurement

1. T9: Accuracy Measurement

Type: Dynamic, Automated

Initial State: The OCRacle system is ready for input. The previous OAR project's accuracy metrics are available for comparison. This is an extension of T5, which tests the program's ability to predict characters.

Input/Condition: A subset of images from the EMNIST dataset, which should be different from the training set.

Output/Result: A confusion matrix and overall accuracy percentage. These results are compared to OAR to determine if OCRacle performs better.

How test will be performed: To support NFR1, the test will be run on GHA. The system will predict the characters in the test images and compare the predictions to the known correct labels. The confusion matrix and overall accuracy percentage will be calculated and compared to the OAR predecessor's accuracy metrics, which have been previously calculated.

4.2.2 Usability Testing

User Manual Usability Test

1. T10: User Manual Usability Test

Type: Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The codebase and user manual are available.

Input/Condition: All members of the VnV team, which are assumed to have basic command line skills.

Output/Result: Feedback on ease of use, clarity of instructions, and any difficulties encountered by the users.

How test will be performed: To support NFR2, users will follow the user manual to set up and run the OCRacle program. The major tasks that a user should be able to complete are: setting up a python virtual environment, install dependencies, and using OCRacle to identify a single uppercase Latin alphabet character in an image. Any issues encountered by the users will be documented via GitHub issues.

4.2.3 Maintainability Testing

Code Review for Modularity

1. T11: Ruff Linter Usability Test

Type: Static, Automatic

Initial State: The ruff linter is set up and ready to run.

Input/Condition: The codebase of the OCRacle project.

Output/Result: A report on code quality, identifying any issues that need to be addressed. Issues that can automatically be fixed will be fixed. Any issues that cannot be automatically fixed will be documented via failure of the test.

How test will be performed: To support NFR3, the test will be run on GHA. The linter will check the codebase for any issues.

2. T12: Code Review for Modularity

Type: Static, Manual

Initial State: The codebase is available.

Input/Condition: The codebase of the OCRacle project.

Output/Result: A report on code modularity, identifying code sections that are not easily modifiable or understandable.

How test will be performed: To support NFR3, the VnV team will review the codebase and utilize the Source Code Checklist ([Smith, 2022a](#)) to identify sections of the code that are not easily modifiable or understandable. Any issues encountered by the reviewers will be documented via GitHub issues.

4.2.4 Portability Testing

Cross-Platform Compatibility Test

1. T13: Cross-Platform Compatibility Test

Type: Dynamic, Automatic

Initial State: The OCRacle system and its dependencies are installed in the GHA environment.

Input/Condition: This system is running in the GHA environment.

Output/Result: The GHA environment is able to run all automatic tests described in the VnV Plan without any issues.

How test will be performed: To support NFR4, all automatic tests will be run on GHA, on a Windows, Linux, and MacOS environment. As long as all tests pass, the program is considered to be cross-platform compatible.

4.3 Traceability Between Test Cases and Requirements

The following table outlines the traceability between the test cases and the requirements outlined in the SRS document. Note: The table has been generated using ChatGPT 4o. The output has been manually validated to ensure that it is correct. ¹

¹The following query was used: "Fill out the following traceability matrix given the following table template and the information from this document: [table template and information from this document]."

Test Case	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	NFR1	NFR2	NFR3	NFR4
T1	X								
T2	X								
T3	X								
T4		X							
T5			X						
T6				X					
T7				X					
T8					X				
T9						X			
T10							X		
T11								X	
T12								X	
T13									X

Table 1: Test Cases to Requirements Matrix

5 Unit Test Description

The unit tests will be based on the modules and interfaces outlined in the MG ([Tran, 2025a](#)) and MIS ([Tran, 2025b](#)) documents. The unit tests will be created using the pytest framework. These tests will be run in a GHA environment on every pull request, on a Windows, Linux, and MacOS environment.

The following modules already have their functionality validated by the System Tests. As such, it is not necessary to create Unit Tests for these modules:

- Input Format Module (M2)
- Model Output Module (M3)
- Model Output Module (M7)
- Prediction Model Module (M6)
- Image Preprocessing Module (M5)

- Accuracy Metrics Module (M9)

5.1 Unit Testing Scope

This section has not been completed yet because the MIS document has not been completed yet. The unit tests will be based on the modules and interfaces outlined in the MIS document.

5.2 Tests for Functional Requirements

This section has not been completed yet because the MIS document has not been completed yet. The unit tests will be based on the modules and interfaces outlined in the MIS document.

5.3 Tests for Nonfunctional Requirements

This section has not been completed yet because the MIS document has not been completed yet. The unit tests will be based on the modules and interfaces outlined in the MIS document.

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