Get minimum element from stack

You are given N elements and your task is to Implement a Stack in which you can get a minimum element.

By solving the above ques (Get min at pop), you can solve this problem easily by creating a supporting stack, which can store the minimum elements. But we will try to solve this question in O(1) time complexity.

So , for O(1) time complexity , we cannot use any containers , and hence we will define a variable to store the minimum value.

ALGORITHM:

push(x):

- 1. Define a variable minEle to store minimum value.
- 2. If the stack is empty, then push x in the stack and minEle = x;
- 3. If the stack is not empty, then either x > stack.top() or x < stack.top().
- 4. If x > minEle, then push x in the stack.
- 5. If x < minEle, then minEle = x and push (2*x stack.top()) in the stack, so that we can keep the track of minimum element before x.

pop():

- 1. As and when an element is popped out from the stack, two cases arise, either the popped element was the minimum element, or it was not.
- 2. If the popped element is less than minEle , then minEle = (2*minEle tp), where tp is the popped out element. Hence , we can retrieve the previous minimum element.

CODE :

```
    #include <bits/stdc++.h>
    using namespace std;
    struct MyStack
```

```
5.
6.
       stack<int> s;
7.
      int minEle;
8.
        void getMin()
9.
       {
10.
           if (s.empty())
11.
                   cout << "Stack is empty\n";</pre>
12.
            ///else
                   cout <<"Minimum Element in the stack is: " <<</pre>
13.
minEle << endl;</pre>
14.
15.
      /oid pop()
16.
       {
        if (s.empty())
17.
18.
              {
19.
                   cout << "Stack is empty" << endl;</pre>
20.
                   return;
21.
```

```
22.
23.
               cout << "Ele ment Popped : ";</pre>
24.
               int tp = s.t.p();
25.
               3.pop();
26.
              if (tp < min Ele)</pre>
27.
               {
28.
                     cout << 'Element Popped : "<< minEle << endl;</pre>
29.
                     minEle = 2*minEle - tp;
30.
               else
31.
32.
                     cout << :p << endl;</pre>
33.
34.
35.
        /oid push(int x)
36.
         {
37.
              if (s.empty())
               {
38.
39.
                     minEle = x;
40.
                     s.push(x);
```

```
41.
                     cout << "Element Pushed : " << x << endl;</pre>
42.
                     return;
43.
              if (x < minEle)</pre>
44.
45.
               {
46.
                     s.push(2*x - minEle);
47.
                    minEle = x;
48.
49.
               else
50.
               s.push(x);
51.
              cout << "Element Pushed : " << x <<endl;</pre>
52.
53.
     };
54.
55.
     int main()
56.
57.
        MyStack s;
58.
         s.push(2);
59.
        s.push(4);
60.
         s.getMin();
61.
         s.push(3);
62.
         s.push(1);
63.
         s.getMin();
64.
         s.pop();
65.
         s.getMin();
66.
         s.pop();
67.
         s.getMin();
68.
        return 0;
69.
70.
```