class14 RNA-seq

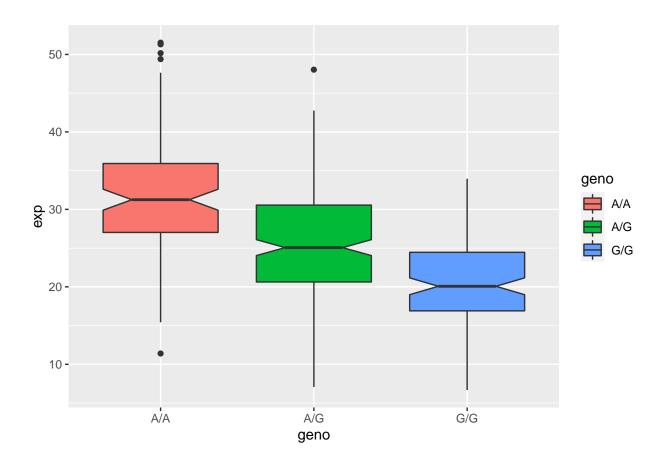
Pham Vo

2/21/2022

Section 4: One sample is obviously not enough to know what is happening in a population. You are interested in assessing genetic differences on a population scale. So, you processed about ~230 samples and did the normalization on a genome level. Now, you want to find whether there is any association of the 4 asthma-associated SNPs (rs8067378...) on ORMDL3 expression.

Q13. How many samples do we have?

```
expr <- read.table("rs8067378 ENSG00000172057.6.txt")</pre>
head(expr)
##
      sample geno
## 1 HG00367 A/G 28.96038
## 2 NA20768 A/G 20.24449
## 3 HG00361 A/A 31.32628
## 4 HG00135 A/A 34.11169
## 5 NA18870 G/G 18.25141
## 6 NA11993 A/A 32.89721
nrow(expr)
## [1] 462
table(expr$geno)
##
## A/A A/G G/G
## 108 233 121
library(ggplot2)
Lets make a box plot
library(ggplot2)
plot.expr <- ggplot(expr) + aes(x=geno, y=exp, fill=geno) +</pre>
  geom boxplot(notch=TRUE)
plot.expr
```



Q14. What could you infer from the relative expression value between A/A and G/G displayed in this plot? Does the SNP effect the expression of ORMDL3? Yes, G/G SNP does effect the expression of ORMDL3.