- Khyming scheme for coch swith When the published in 1633

Cinto singes Catch a falling Star ENG-103 divided 27 lines (by John Donne) Goe, and catche a falling Star, metaphy sical poet a plant which root is similar to a man Get with child a mandrake root;

Tell me where all past years are, to divide in two pietes (saidn)

Or who cleft the devils foot;

Teach me to hear mermaids singing,

Or to keep off enus stinging, Text: Or to keep off eny's stinging, And find Ty lyacing creativity honest mind Serves to advance an If thou be'st born to strange sights, Things invisible to see, Kiden Ten thousands days and nights, Old trylish word (You) Thou, when thou returns will tell mes All strange wonders that befelf thee, And Swear, No where

Lives a woman true, and fait. (You From) If thou find'st one let me know;
"Such a pilgrimage were sweet; Yet do not, I would not go, Though at next door we might meet; Though she were True, when you met her, And last, till you write your letter, Yet she false, ere I come, to two, or three. Introduction: The poem "Goe and Catch a falling stax" is written by John Donne . He was a metaphyrical poet and is Jamous for his use of the metaphysical conceit. His poem "Go and Catch a falling Star" is published in 1633. This poem is about The inconsistency of women noture. He says that finding an honest and beautiful women is impossible. Beauty & honesty can never go ahead. This poem was published under the

title 'Song' Summary of the poem In this poem, the writer is trying to put forward his opinion about the woman that every impossible thing can be made possible but we cannot find a faithful. woman. The poem can be divided into three - Stanzas: In the first stanza, the poet gives seven impossible tosks to someone like to catch a falling star, to get a human child, grown the root of the mandrake plant, to tell where the past years have gone, or to Tell who split the Devil's foot, to listen the music of the mermaids, to change human nature so as not to feel the painful strings of envy, to find out the Climate which can make a man more hone The poet says that All these things can be inade possible but to find a fair and faithful woman is impossible

In the second stanza, the poet says that if you are born with the power to see strange sights and even invisible objects, you may ride for to thousand days and nights and Travels all over the world till your hair turn grey Then, your ow seturn, you will tell me about all the wonders you have seen during your journey and that time you will swear That you never found a woman who is fair as well as faithful In the last stanza, the poet says that if you find a woman who is both fair and Irus, I would go to her, as if on a pilgrimage to some holy place duch a woman would be worthy of worship. The woman might have been faithful at the time when you meet her, but she would not be faithful to you for long. By the time, you write your letter to her, she would have been false to you.

Themes of the poem Go & catch a faving 1-love and Relationships 8tor"

3- Inconstancy of women 4- Impossible Tasks

1- Love and Relationships:- V

The poem is primarily a love poem, in which the speaker is searching for a woman who is faithful and Irve. The poem suggests that finding such a woman is impossible, and that women are fickle and Entrustworthy

2- The Unationable:

The theme of the unattainable is central to the poem. The Speaker is on a quest to catch a falling star, which is a metaphor for something that is impossible to attain.

3- Inconstancy of women :-

In this poem, the poet has expressed his feelings about the women in general.

According to the poet, all woman are unfaithful or infides. The poet believes that it is impossible to find out a woman in this world who is both beautiful as well as faithful. Doone explains many impossible tasks. Then he says, that these tasks may be possible but finding a feartiful and loyal woman is highly impossible thus, he conclude that poem with the theme of unfaithfulness of women 4- Impossible Tasks: In this poem, poet describes many impossible Tasks like to catch a falling star, to Impregnate a mandrake voot, to find what happen to time that has passed, to discover who divided the devil foot, to teach him to hear the song of mermaid of to avoid ever feeling envy. Symbols of the poems
- Falling star
- Mandrake root

1- Falling Star :-

The facing star is the central symbol in the poem - It represents the impossible tasks that the speaker is asking his audience to perform. Catching a falling star is impossible and the speaker uses this symbol to suggest that the task he is asking for is equally impossible.

2. Mandrake root 8-

The speaker suggests that if his audience can find a woman who is both true and fair, they should bring her to him using the yout of the mandrake plant. The mandrake reat is symbol of magic and mystery, suggesting that the task of finding such a woman is beyond the realm of possibility.

Literary Devices used in the poems

| - Meire |
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| 1st six lines of each stanza is written |
| in Trochaic Tetrameter. 7 and 8 line |
| is single jambic |
| triphora Anaphora |
| Beginning of two or more than two lines |
| Though at next door we might meet; |
| Though she were true, when you met her, |
| (Line 22-23) |
| - Alliceration |
| Beginning of two or more than two words the same line, with the same line or sound |
| The same line, with the same hord or sound |
| Me. Mermaids (Line no 5) |
| Be'St Born. (Line no 8) |
| Strange. Sights. (Line no 8) |
| Such. Sweet. (Line no, 20) |
| Might. Meet (Line no 22) |
| Last. Letier (Line no 24) |

- Consonance ee The use of same consonant letter in two words in the same line "(can be in mid orend) Cleft - Foot (Line 4) And Find (Line 7) Next. Might. Meet [Line 22) - Assonance -"The use of same vowels " All. Are. (Line 3) Cleft. Devil. (Line 4) Or. Off. (Line 6) When Met. (Line 23) - Apostrophe -"Direct address" Go and Ceitch a falling star, (line 1) - Enjäbment -"If we study a line and didn't understand, need to read treport) next line"

And find what wind Serves to advance an honest mind. (Line 5 ; 6) And Swear, No where Lives a woman true, and fair (line 16 & 17) Yet sho Will be False, ere I come, to two, or three (Line 25 526) Allusion Reference Or who cleft the clevil's foot, Teach me to hear mermaids singing, (Line 455) Satire And find what wind to advance an honest mind (Line 7-9)