Word Formation (OR) Process of Morphological Productivity: The following are the key processes through which new words are formed, highlighting the dynamic nature of language: O Neologisms: Neologisms are words that are created to explain new roleas, they are Drmed By

	Day:
	1202
	of mixing Voord
	talk about new concepts. Neologism is also
	talk about
	called coinage
	Example: web + Seminal (webinae) (Smog)
. 0	Web + Seminal ((mog)
	Smoke + tog
6	
-6	2 respons to the following
	word by thanging the form of the base or
	word by www. gary
	by adding a tix te pretix or sutting to
	it. Derivation is also called affixation bez
	agrixation is also a process of creating
	words through suffixes and profixes he
	0.77ixes
	Examples:
0	Change + -able = Changeable
	(veub) laffix (adjective)
	Wise todom 2 Wisdom
11	Adjective) (affix) (Noun)
0	a-+ sleep 2 as leep
l.	affix) (11016)
	en- + coux
	(noun) (verb)

Blending:	
also known as portmaneau of	
a process or contert cool of more	35
susion or merge to create a new one	
woods com	
wid and the end 09 the other word:	
Examples:	
Break Fasi + Lunch = Brunch	
Television + Broadcast = Telecast.	
Mojor + Hotel = Motel	
Smoke + Fog = Smog	
· Information + Entertainment = Inforainment	
(1) Compounding:	
Compounding or composition is the process in	
which two or more words (Free morphemes or	
bases) combine to form a new unit, compound	
The new word often combines the meanings	
17 the original words, resulting in a term	
that expresses a specific concept or idea	
Examples.	
Black + Board = Black board	
Sun + Flower 2 Sun Frower	
Elay + T	
Slav + Fish = Starfish. Home + Work = Homework	
t Works Handy	A Section of the second

	1808
	Types of Compounding.
	O Open Compounding
	@ Closed Compounding
	3 Hyphenaled Compounding.
+	Open Compounding
	Open compounds consist of two or more work
	open compounds con
A Committee of the Comm	written sepavately but used together to
	convey a single concept
	Example:
	Ice cream, Post office, High School ex.
i	Mosed Compounding:
	Closed compounds are formed by joining
	two or more words to gether without space-
	creating a vingle word.
	Example:
	Notebook, Greenhouse, Baskeiball.
	Hyphenated Compounding:
- 1	
7	Hyphenated Compounds are formed by
j	sining two or more words with hypners (-)
cx	eating a single concept while retaining
18 D. Fr. 18 J. 18	dividual word boundaries
1 1	Example:
M	other-in-law, well-being, Part-time els
	Jart-ime as

Subl more Types of Compounding	9:
Q Endocentric Compounds	
o Exocentric compounds	14.78
Condocentric Compounds: (Head)	
andocentric Composition	
rentic compounds have a read the cove	e war
is of the compound) that delermines the	
words overall meaning. The head is usually	
word the compound	
the second element in the compound.	
· Doghouse (-A Type of house)	
o Tooth brush (A Type of Brush)	7
a crocentic Compounds: (no head?	
Exocentric compounds do noi have a clear	
head that determines the meaning of the	
whole compound's the meaning is derived	
From the compound as a whole rather than	
From one of 1ts parts	
2 Example:	
· Pick pocket (not a type of pocket, but a	
ferson who picks pockets).	
Redhead (a person with read hair.,	
noi a type of head).	
Loanword / Borrowing:	
teanword or Borrowing is the process	
by which	
by which a word from one language	

	adopted for use in another The word
	is borrowed is called a borrowed word.
	Sy amore
	Money From French Word Monnaie. Story From French Word Historie.
6	Conveysion:
etice are calescentant area.	derivation or non derivation
	e lata a & a kind of word -108 maton
	which envolves changing of contract
	or a word without changing its form. In simple words, in this process a word or one
	grammatical form becomes a past of
-	another grammatical form withour any
	changes to spelling or pronounciation.
-	Example
	-> Noun to Verb
	Bottle (The wine was brewed in France but bouled in Italy),
	Butter (Don't butter the bread for me)
ul d	- Verb to Noun
®	hit (He scored a hit in his first shot)
0	Cheat (He used some cheats in
	the Compiler game).

2 2 man a binin	
Back Formation:	ar La P
mymation is the places of shorlening	1
word by wenny up an affix to	
new word The new word has a	
efferent pail of speeds from the original w	urd.
Example:	
· Televise (V) From Television (N)	
Donate (V) rum Donation (N)	
Beg (V) From beggai (N)	
edit (V) From Editor (N)	
s lupping Truncation:	
Clipping I Truncation is the process	
whoreby new words are formed by:	
shoriening other words, i.e. by climinating	9
the initial pout, the last pact, or both	
pain of those words	
Example:	
OPhone. From Telephone.	
all From Advertisement	
Ju From Imfluenza.	
Types of Clipping:	
Initial Clipping / fora Clipping	•
That Clioning	
Tinal Clipping Head Clipping.	

	/202
	1 Initial Clipping:
	the initial
	(whereby we eliminate the initial pau
	07 the word).
	Example: Initial Clipping
	Nei From Internet
Secretaria management and construction	Plane From - Dix plane
ere en li	Mid Clipping:
No. of Section Section Section 2	(whereby we eliminate the initial & Final)
	pails of the word and relain the middle
Marine (1994) and the second control of the	Examples
0	Tridge From Pefrigorator
O	Fiu From Influenza
· <u>įį</u> ,	-Hind Clipping:
man and a second	(innereby we eliminate the final part).
	Example:
O	Exam from Exam ination
0	Gas from Gas oline
60	Prof from Professor etc.
9	Acronum: ITames
	Acronyms Initialism:
	Acronyms are formed from the initial letter
est diction administrative and conditional design of	of a sories of words and are pronounced
	es a single word
Market	

Examples:	
NATO (North Atlantic Treaty Organization)	
= 1 Chenaths Weaknesses Opens	- 100
swot (Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Threat	2
AIDS (Acquired Immuno Deficiency Synarome)	7-7-
NASA (National Aeronautics & space Administra	fon)
670	
Obbraviations.	
o Abbreviations:	
Abreviations are formed from the initial	
fabreviations are connect thom the milita	
leccers of a series of words but are	
Teller 5	
pronounced letter by letter	
Examples:	
FOR CELLULY BURNEY	
· FBI [Federal Bureau of Investigation]	
TILL Talquistans	-
oTV (Television)	
" Eponyms: are words derived from the	3/7
names of people or places, often honoring the	
	61
Contributions of individuals or reflecting the	
rigins of the associated concept.	
Enamplesi	
Sandwish (named 700 the Earl of Sandwich).	
o Par	
ofasteurization (named after Lovis Pasteur).	
Conclusion Zach of these processes contribute	
Jon Zoun 07 these processes contribute	
to the dynamism & adaptability of language.	
tramism & adaptability of language.	