# Animal Welfare Assessment Grid (AWAG) Installation Guide

#### **Contents**

About this document

Disclaimer

Prepare Windows partial installation using Python scripts

Prepare Linux partial installation using Python scripts

Prerequisites for a manual deployment

Postgres database server

Glassfish or Payara application server

Apache web server

**Authentication options** 

Installing the application

**Run application** 

**Application logs location** 

Security considerations

**Troubleshooting** 

**Application loading process** 

**Key URLs examples** 

# **About this document**

The following information will help you to install the Animal Welfare Assessment Grid onto your organisation's IT infrastructure. The following details outline an installation on a single machine although the software can be installed across multiple machines.

This document provides detailed information to:

- Prepare a partial automated installation of prepared components Install AWAG manually.
- Follow the installation for the manual deployment.

#### **Disclaimer**

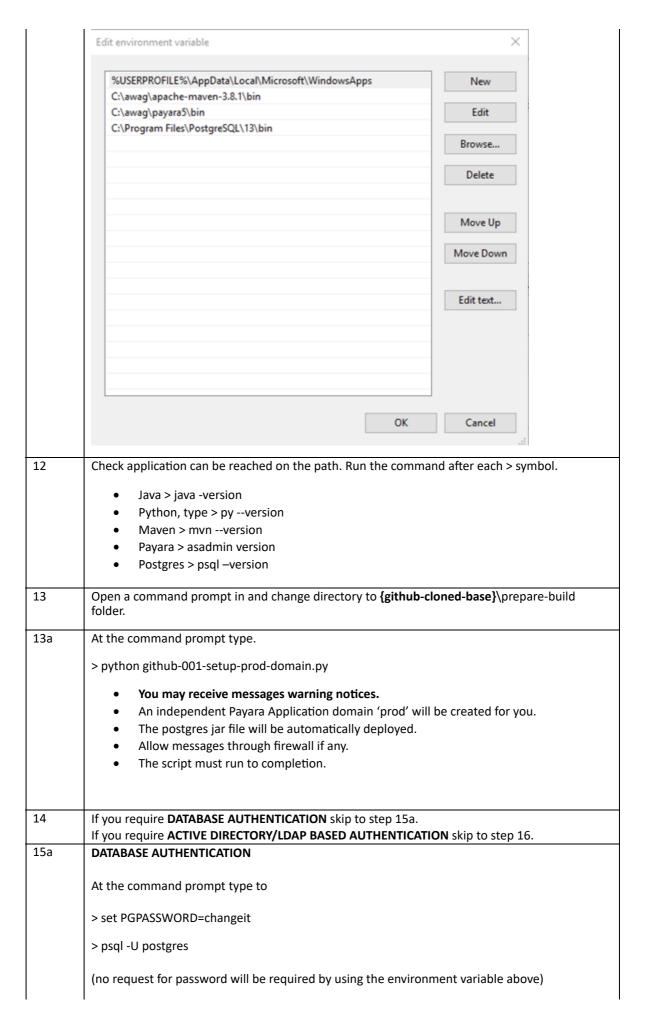
PHE only provide the software - infrastructure, security, data backups, etc. is the responsibility of the hosting organisation. Also, PHE will not be responsible for any data loss or damages as a result of installing and using the software.

Please see the licence file for more details. The file can be found in the GitHub repository.

# **Prepare Windows partial installation using Python scripts**

This installation guide is intended to demonstrate a successful configuration using flexible deployment scripts. For a deeper investigation into the manual process refer to installation guide. The application should run http://localhost/animal-welfare-system-client. These scripts will install a basic sample template.  The python scripts have been designed to allow for some customisation, please inspect each github*, py script.  This process has been tested on:  Windows 10 Professional Virtual Machine  Windows 10 Domain environment  Create these example folders, adjust as necessary. Move your cloned folder into (github-cloned-base).  (machine-base) = C.\awag\installers  (github-base) = C.\awag\installers  (github-base) = C.\awag\installers  (github-base) = C.\awag\installers  (github-cloned-base) = C.\awag\installers  (github-cloned-base) = C.\awag\installers  (github-cloned-base) = C.\awag\installers  (web-app-server-base) = C.\awag\installers  (web-app-server-base) = C.\awag\installers  (web-abot-base) = C.\awag\installers  (web-abot-base) = C.\awag\installers  (adatabase-password) = changeit  (adata	Step	Description
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	<ul> <li>JDK8+ (See step 7 for specific detail)</li> <li>Latest Apache Maven (See step 8 for specific detail)</li> <li>Python 3.9+ (See step 9 for specific detail)</li> <li>Git version &gt;= 3.20</li> </ul>
5	<ul> <li>Use {database-password} for the default database password.</li> <li>No requirement for the 'Stackbuilder' in the installation.</li> <li>Accept the defaults.</li> <li>Add contents of {github-cloned-base}\configuration\database\additional-postgresql.conf to the {postgres-path}\data\postgresql.conf.</li> <li>Restart the postgresql service.</li> </ul>
6	<ul> <li>Adjust your {apache-install-base}/conf updating httpd.conf updating SRVROOT to point to {apache-install-base}.</li> <li>Add contents of additional-http-conf.conf at the end of httpd.conf.</li> <li>Drop the {github-cloned-base}/configuration/apache-httpd/httpd-awag-vhost.conf into {apache-install-base}/conf/extra.</li> <li>Edit httpd.conf         <ul> <li>Append the contents of additional-httpd.conf</li> <li>httpd-awag-vhosts.conf</li> <li>Enable mod_proxy in httpd.conf</li> <li>LoadModule proxy_module modules/mod_proxy.so</li> <li>LoadModule proxy_http_module modules/mod_proxy_http.so</li> <li>LoadModule rewrite_module modules/mod_rewrite.so</li> </ul> </li> <li>As an administrative user {apache-installer-base}\bin\httpd -k install and start the service.</li> <li>Open your browser and test the web server by running with http://localhost</li> </ul>
7	Install Java either version 8, Accept the default options.
8	Install maven into {maven-install-base}, you may need into an archive extractor such as 7-zip.
9	Install python 3.9+. Accept options to add to the PATH. Disable the PATH limit.
10	Install Payara at {web-app-server-base}.
11	Configure the path to each executable application. Edit environment variable (type environment in the start button).



	Please do not close your command prompt window.
15b	Within the same command prompt run:
	> python github-002-generate-db-auth.py
	Run the command to completion, you may receive warning notices from the database.
	A clean a new database with a sample template will created along with a unique build of the client, server and API documentation within the <b>{github-cloned-base}\</b> build folder.
15c	Now the database has been created, this step will configure the application server to connect to the database and the database login authentication layer.
	Within the same command prompt:
	> python github-012-setup-prod-awag-db-auth.py
	Skip to step 17.
16a	ACTIVE DIRECTORY/LDAP BASED AUTHENTICATION
	Specify your LDAP groups here in Line 37/38 in file github-013-setup-prod-awag-ldap-auth.py.
	At the command prompt type to
	> python github-013-setup-prod-awag-ldap-auth.py
	Run the command to completion, you may receive warning notices from the database.
	A clean a new database with a sample template will created along with a unique build of the client, server and API documentation within the <b>{github-cloned-base}\</b> build folder.
16b	Now the database has been created, this step will configure the application server to connect to the database and the LDAP login authentication layer.
	Within the same command prompt:
	> python github-013-setup-prod-awag-ldap-auth.py
	Skip to step 17.
17	In a new command prompt window
	Change directory to the {github-cloned-base}\animal-welfare-assessment-grid\build folder and navigate to the dated build folder.
	> asadmin start-domain prod
	> asadmin deploy animal-welfare-system.war
	Command deploy executed successfully.
	Copy the the build animal-welfare-system-client into your {web-root-base} folder

18	In your browser open <a href="http://localhost/animal-welfare-system-client">http://localhost/animal-welfare-system-client</a>
	IF you have configured using <b>DATABASE AUTHENTICATION</b> . Username: admin, password: adminadmin
	IF you have configured using <b>ACTIVE DIRECTORY/LDAP BASED AUTHENTICATION</b> , enter your username/password combination.
	When you have logged in you navigate to manage templates and type % to look for an example template.

# **Prepare Linux partial installation using Python scripts**

Step	Description
1	This installation guide is intended to demonstrate a successful configuration using flexible deployment scripts. For a deeper investigation into the manual process refer to <b>Installation guide.</b> The application should run <a href="http://localhost/animal-welfare-system-client">http://localhost/animal-welfare-system-client</a> . These scripts will install a basic sample template.
	This process has been tested on:
	• Ubuntu 20.04
2	Create these example folders, adjust as necessary. Move your cloned folder into {github-cloned-base}.
	• {machine-base} = \$HOME/awag
	• {installers-base} = \$HOME/awag/installers
	• {github-base} = https://github.com/PublicHealthEngland/animal-welfare-
	assessment-grid
	• {github-cloned-base} = \$HOME/awag/animal-welfare-assessment-grid
	• {web-app-server-base} = \$HOME/awag/payara5
	• {maven-install-base} = \$HOME/awag/maven
	Other settings:
	• {database-password} = changeit
	• {postgres-path} = /etc/postgresql/13/main
	• {apache-install-base} = /etc/apache2
	• {web-root-base} = /var/www/html
	• {apache-sites-base} = /etc/apache2/sites-available
	Pre-requisites for partial scripting deployment:
	Gather and download these installers into the {installers-base}.
	<ul> <li>Download only</li> <li>Glassfish application server or Payara Application Server</li> <li><a href="https://www.payara.fish/">https://www.payara.fish/</a></li> </ul>
	For information only
	<ul> <li>PostgreSQL 13.3+</li> <li><a href="https://www.postgresql.org/download/">https://www.postgresql.org/download/</a></li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>A web server         <ul> <li>https://httpd.apache.org/</li> </ul> </li> <li>JDK8+             <ul> <li>https://adoptopenjdk.net/</li> </ul> </li> <li>Latest Apache Maven                    <ul> <li>https://maven.apache.org/download.cgi</li> </ul> </li> <li>Python 3.9+</li></ul>
3	PostgreSQL installer configuration
	In your terminal, execute each of these commands:
	<ul> <li>sudo apt -y install vim bash-completion wget</li> <li>wgetquiet -O - https://www.postgresql.org/media/keys/ACCC4CF8.asc   sudo apt-key add</li> <li>echo "deb http://apt.postgresql.org/pub/repos/apt/`lsb_release -cs`-pgdg main"   sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/pgdg.list</li> <li>sudo apt update</li> <li>sudo apt install postgresql-13 postgresql-client-13</li> <li>sudo reboot</li> </ul>
	Following your reboot, execute of these commands:
	<ul> <li>Edit {postgres-path}/postgresql.conf</li> <li>Add contents of {github-cloned-base}/configuration/database/additional-postgresql.conf</li> <li>Edit {postgres-path}/pg_hba.conf</li> <li>Update all 'peer' to 'trust'. This will help the scripts to execute successfully.</li> <li>Sudo service postgresql reload</li> <li>Sudo service postgresql restart</li> </ul>
4	Apache web server
	In your terminal, execute each of these commands:
	<ul> <li>sudo apt install apache2</li> <li>sudo a2enmod rewrite</li> <li>sudo a2enmod proxy_http</li> <li>Edit {apache-sites-base}/000-default.conf</li> <li>Insert contents of {github-cloned-base}/configuration/apache-httpd/httpd-awag-reverse-proxy.conf before end tag </li> </ul>
	In your terminal, execute each of these commands:
	➤ sudo service restart apache2
5	Git
	In your terminal, execute each of these commands:
	> sudo apt install git
6	Java
	In your terminal, execute each of these commands:

	> sudo apt-get install openjdk-8-jdk
7	Maven
	In your terminal, execute each of these commands:
	> sudo apt-get install maven
8	Python.
	Note python should already been installed. In your terminal, execute each of these commands:
	> sudo apt-get install pythonpy
9	Payara
	In your terminal:
	Extract the payara zip file at <b>{web-app-server-base}.</b>
10	Environment paths
	Edit your \$HOME/.bashrc. Append the following line to the end of the file
	export PATH=\$PATH:\$HOME/awag/payara5/bin
11	Logout and login to verify the \$PATH have been correctly configured
12	Check application can be reached on the path. Run the command after each > symbol.
	Java > java -version
	Python, type > pyversion
	Maven > mvnversion
	<ul> <li>Payara &gt; asadmin version</li> <li>Postgres &gt; psql –version</li> </ul>
13	Open a terminal in and change directory to <b>{github-cloned-base}</b> /prepare-build folder.
13a	At the terminal type.
	> python github-001-setup-prod-domain.py
	You may receive messages warning notices.
	An independent Payara Application domain 'prod' will be created for you.  The posterior file will be extensive dealers of
	<ul> <li>The postgres jar file will be automatically deployed.</li> <li>Allow messages through firewall if any.</li> </ul>
	The script must run to completion.
14	If you require DATABASE AUTHENTICATION skip to step 15a.
15a	If you require ACTIVE DIRECTORY/LDAP BASED AUTHENTICATION skip to step 16.  DATABASE AUTHENTICATION
	At the terminal type to
	> psql -U postgres
	(no request for password will be required by using the environment variable above, after configuring peer to trust.)

	Please do not close your terminal window.
15b	Within the same terminal run:
	> python github-002-generate-db-auth.py
	Run the command to completion, you may receive warning notices from the database.
	A clean a new database with a sample template will created along with a unique build of the client, server and API documentation within the <b>{github-cloned-base}/</b> build folder.
15c	Now the database has been created, this step will configure the application server to connect to the database and the database login authentication layer.
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	Run the command to completion, you may receive warning notices from the database.
	A clean a new database with a sample template will created along with a unique build of the client, server and API documentation within the <b>{github-cloned-base}/</b> build folder.
16b	Now the database has been created, this step will configure the application server to connect to the database and the LDAP login authentication layer.
	Within the same terminal:
	> python github-013-setup-prod-awag-ldap-auth.py
	Skip to step 17.
17	In a new terminal
	Change directory to the <b>{github-cloned-base}/animal-welfare-assessment-grid/build</b> folder and navigate to the dated build folder.
	> asadmin start-domain prod
	> asadmin deploy animal-welfare-system.war
	Command deploy executed successfully.
	Copy the the build animal-welfare-system-client into your {web-root-base} folder

18 In your browser open <a href="http://localhost/animal-welfare-system-client">http://localhost/animal-welfare-system-client</a>

- IF you have configured using DATABASE AUTHENTICATION. Username: admin, password: adminadmin
- IF you have configured using **ACTIVE DIRECTORY/LDAP BASED AUTHENTICATION**, enter your username/password combination.

When you have logged in you navigate to manage templates and type % to look for an example template.

# Prerequisites for a manual deployment

This guide assumes that you have the following installed:

- PostgreSQL database server: Stores the application data and/or user authentication data.
  - o PostgreSQL 9.3 and 9.4 were used during the development of AWAG.
- Glassfish application server (Java EE Full Platform version): Hosts the server code, manages authentication and database access.
- Glassfish 4 and 4.1.1 were used during the development of AWAG.
- A web server: Serves the client code and acts as a reverse proxy.
  - Apache web server 2.2 was used during the development of AWAG.
- JDK 8 or above: Needed to run Glassfish/JavaEE applications.

The guide also assumes that you have downloaded the AWAG project release contents from the GitHub repository (<a href="https://github.com/PublicHealthEngland/animal-welfare-assessment-grid/releases">https://github.com/PublicHealthEngland/animal-welfare-assessment-grid/releases</a>). The guide refers to location of the download as **{github-base}**.

The contents of the release are different to the result of cloning the repository with Git 'clone' command. In addition to source code, the release also contains a zipped web application archive file (a war file). You will need the war file if you are not intending to build the AWAG from source with Maven.

**{glassfish-base}** refers to the root directory of the Glassfish install location.

{apache-install-base} refers to the root directory of Apache webserver. You may need to adjust the paths based on this according to the version of Apache/other webserver you use.

# Postgres database server

Once this section of the guide has been completed you should have:

- 1. A postgres installation with two databases installed.
- 2. A user that is able to access each of the databases

Note: the username and password will be needed in later sections of this guide.

# <u>Steps</u>

Once Postgres has been downloaded and installed, you will need to perform the following:

- 1. Create a new login role named 'awag' with a password of your choice.
- 2. Create the following databases and make the 'awag' user that you have created is the owner of each:
  - awdatabase holds the main database that the software uses.

- awauth holds the login information for users of the system if not using active directory to manage user accounts.
- 3. Restore the db-init.sql script to awdatabase using pgadmin or move to the bin directory of your postgres installation and run the following command:

psql -U awag awdatabase < {github-base}/configuration/db-init.sql

4. Restore the authentication.sql script to awauth using pgadmin or move to the bin directory of your postgres installation and run the following command:

Note: before running the command below, please change the ownership of public schema in the 'awauth' database from the 'postgres' user to the 'awag' user.

psql -U awag awauth < { github-base }/configuration/authentication.sql

5. Edit the Postgres database configuration file, 'postgresql.conf'. This should be located in the Postgres installation directory: postgresql-install-root/[version]/data. For example: PostgreSQL\9.3\data

```
Change the following line in 'postgresql.conf':
#max_prepared_transactions = 0
max_prepared_transactions = 10
```

6. Restart the Postgres database server.

#### Glassfish or Payara application server

Once this section of the guide has been completed you should have:

- 1. Installed the database driver in Glassfish or Payara Server (based on Glassfish).
- Configured the database connection pools used to access the database.
- Configured data sources used by the application to access the database.
- Configured a choice of authentication realms used to secure the system.

#### <u>Steps</u>

The following configuration steps will help you to configure glassfish using the default domain provided, domain1.

Change the admin password for glassfish; move to the bin directory of your glassfish installation and run the following command and:

asadmin change-admin-password

- Enter the username admin.
- Next enter the current password which should be set to nothing, so just press enter.
- Next enter a new password for the glassfish admin console.
- Next, retype the password to confirm.
- 2. Copy the postgresql-9.3-1101.jdbc41.jar driver located in {github-base}/configuration into {glassfishbase}/glassfish/domains/domain1/lib
  - a. If you have used a different version of PostgreSQL database, you may need to find and use a different JDBC library to the one specified above.
- Open {glassfish-base}/glassfish/domains/domain1/config/domain.xml, complete the xml snippet below and copy it anywhere inside the resources tag.

```
<resources>
```

```
<jdbc-connection-pool driver-classname="org.postgresql.Driver" datasource-
classname="org.postgresql.xa.PGXADataSource" res-type="javax.sql.XADataSource" name="awDatabase"
ping="true">
```

```
cproperty name="password" value="{your database user password here}">
cproperty name="user" value="awag"></property>
cproperty name="URL" value="jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/awdatabase">
</jdbc-connection-pool>
```

```
<jdbc-resource pool-name="awDatabase" jndi-name="jdbc/awDatabase"></jdbc-resource>
 <jdbc-connection-pool driver-classname="org.postgresql.Driver" datasource-
classname="org.postgresql.xa.PGXADataSource" res-type="javax.sql.XADataSource" name="awAuth"
ping="true">
  cyproperty name="password" value="{your database user password here}">
   property name="user" value="awag">
   cproperty name="URL" value="jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/awauth">
  </idbc-connection-pool>
 <jdbc-resource pool-name="awAuth" jndi-name="jdbc/awAuth"></jdbc-resource>
</resources>
```

4. Reload the configuration by restarting the glassfish domain or server.

#### Apache web server

Once this section of the guide has been completed you should have:

- 1. Client side code installed on the web server.
- Reverse proxy set up to allow the client side code to talk to the server side code.

#### Steps

1. Locate the Apache2 httpd-vhosts.conf file in {apache-install-base}/conf/extra and edit it and add the following:

```
NameVirtualHost *:80
<VirtualHost *:80>
 ServerAdmin webmaster@virthost01.local
 DocumentRoot "C:/www"
 ServerName virthost01
 ErrorLog "logs/virthost01-error.log"
 CustomLog "logs/virthost01.log" common
 ProxyPass /animal-welfare-system-client/server/ http://localhost:8080/animal-welfare-system/
 ProxyPassReverse /animal-welfare-system-client/server/ http://localhost:8080/animal-welfare-system/
 ProxyPassReverseCookiePath /animal-welfare-system /animal-welfare-system-client/server/
</VirtualHost>
```

- 2. Copy the client side code from {github-base}/code/client/ into {apache-install-base}/www/animal-welfare-system-client.
- 3. Restart apache.

# **Authentication options**

Once this section of the guide has been completed you should have:

- Glassfish configuration entry to allow for the chosen method of authentication.
- Access to the system

#### <u>Steps</u>

There are two methods of authentication that the system uses either:

- Active directory
- JDBC authentication

# Active directory

Using active directory as the authentication system means that users can login using the same credentials across multiple systems; these details can be supplied by your IT department. There are many articles online explaining how to configure glassfish to work with active directory.

- 1. Locate {glassfish-base}/glassfish/domains/domain1/config/domain.xml
- 2. Complete the xml snippet below and copy it between the security-service xml tags.

```
<security-service>
    <auth-realm classname="com.sun.enterprise.security.auth.realm.ldap.LDAPRealm"</p>
name="IdapRealm">
```

```
cproperty name="directory" value="ldap://{ip address of ldap server}:389">
    cproperty name="jaas-context" value="ldapRealm">
    cproperty name="search-bind-password" value="{password of active directory account}">
</property>
    <property name="group-search-filter" value="(&amp;(objectClass=group)(member=%d))">
</property>
    <property name="search-filter" value="(&amp;(objectClass=user)(sAMAccountName=%s))">
</property>
    cproperty name="java.naming.referral" value="ignore"></property>
   </auth-realm>
</security-service>
  Open the .war file located in {github-base} and ensure that the web.xml found in the WEB-INF
   directory contains the following:
   Note: The .war file is just a zip file so you can use 7zip's or similar to open-archive functionality to gain
    access to the contents.
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<web-app xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"</p>
       xmlns="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee"
       xsi:schemaLocation="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee/web-
app_3_0.xsd"
       version="3.0">
       <display-name>aw</display-name>
       <welcome-file-list>
               <welcome-file>index.html</welcome-file>
       </welcome-file-list>
       <context-param>
              <param-name>authType</param-name>
               <param-value>Idap</param-value>
       </context-param>
       <login-config>
               <auth-method>FORM</auth-method>
               <realm-name>ldapRealm</realm-name>
              <form-login-config>
                      <form-login-page>/login.html</form-login-page>
                      <form-error-page>/login-failed.html</form-error-page>
              </form-login-config>
       <!--
       <context-param>
              <param-name>authType</param-name>
               <param-value>database/param-value>
       </context-param>
       <login-config>
               <auth-method>FORM</auth-method>
               <realm-name>jdbcRealm</realm-name>
              <form-login-config>
                      <form-login-page>/login.html</form-login-page>
                      <form-error-page>/login-failed.html</form-error-page>
               </form-login-config>
       -->
       <security-constraint>
               <web-resource-collection>
                      <web-resource-name>Secure Pages</web-resource-name>
                      <url-pattern>/*</url-pattern>
```

```
</web-resource-collection>
                <auth-constraint>
                         <role-name>assessmentuser</role-name>
                      <role-name>admin</role-name>
                </auth-constraint>
        </security-constraint>
        <security-constraint>
                <web-resource-collection>
                         <web-resource-name>Open Content</web-resource-name>
                         <url-pattern>/resources/*</url-pattern>
                </web-resource-collection>
        </security-constraint>
        <session-config>
                <session-timeout>30</session-timeout>
        </session-config>
</web-app>
```

4. Open the .war file located in {github-base} and ensure that glassfish-web.xml contains the following:

Note: The .war file is just a zip file so you can use 7zip's or similar to open-archive functionality to gain access to the contents.

```
<!DOCTYPE glassfish-web-app PUBLIC "-//GlassFish.org//DTD
GlassFish Application Server 3.1 Servlet 3.0//EN"
"http://glassfish.org/dtds/glassfish-web-app_3_0-1.dtd">
<glassfish-web-app>
        <security-role-mapping>
                <role-name>assessmentuser</role-name>
                <group-name>{your LDAP group to map here}/group-name>
        </security-role-mapping>
        <!--
        <security-role-mapping>
                <role-name>admin</role-name>
                <group-name>admin</group-name>
        </security-role-mapping>
        <security-role-mapping>
                <role-name>assessmentuser</role-name>
                <group-name>assessmentuser/group-name>
        </security-role-mapping>
        -->
</glassfish-web-app>
```

The LDAP group-name refers to the name of a LDAP group that contains users who will be able to log into the AWAG system. The group is mapped to 'assessmentuser' role, which is specific to the AWAG system and is used to enforce access control rules.

#### **IDBC**

In this case username and passwords will be stored in a SQL database. When a user attempts to login the application server will look up the user's credentials from its JDBC realm allowing it to check for the existence of the user and whether the password is correct. If you have been following this guide through you would have already created the authentication database in the 'postgres database server' section (the step about running authentication.sql).

Open the .war located in {github-base} and ensure that the web.xml found in the WEB-INF directory contains the following:

Note: The .war file is just a zip file so you can use 7zip's or similar to open-archive functionality to gain access to the contents.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<web-app xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"</p>
        xmlns="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee"
```

```
xsi:schemaLocation="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee/web-
app_3_0.xsd"
        version="3.0">
        <display-name>aw</display-name>
        <welcome-file-list>
                <welcome-file>index.html</welcome-file>
        </welcome-file-list>
       <!--
        <context-param>
                <param-name>authType</param-name>
                <param-value>Idap</param-value>
        </context-param>
        <login-config>
                <auth-method>FORM</auth-method>
                <realm-name>ldapRealm</realm-name>
                <form-login-config>
                        <form-login-page>/login.html</form-login-page>
                        <form-error-page>/login-failed.html</form-error-page>
                </form-login-config>
        <context-param>
                <param-name>authType</param-name>
                <param-value>database/param-value>
        </context-param>
        <login-config>
                <auth-method>FORM</auth-method>
                <realm-name>jdbcRealm</realm-name>
                <form-login-config>
                        <form-login-page>/login.html</form-login-page>
                        <form-error-page>/login-failed.html</form-error-page>
                </form-login-config>
        <security-constraint>
                <web-resource-collection>
                        <web-resource-name>Secure Pages</web-resource-name>
                        <url-pattern>/*</url-pattern>
                </web-resource-collection>
                <auth-constraint>
                        <role-name>assessmentuser</role-name>
                      <role-name>admin</role-name>
                </auth-constraint>
        </security-constraint>
        <security-constraint>
                <web-resource-collection>
                        <web-resource-name>Open Content</web-resource-name>
                        <url-pattern>/resources/*</url-pattern>
                </web-resource-collection>
        </security-constraint>
        <session-config>
                <session-timeout>30</session-timeout>
        </session-config>
</web-app>
```

2. Open the .war file found in {github-base} and ensure that glassfish-web.xml contains the following:

Note: The .war file is just a zip file so you can use 7zip's or similar to open-archive functionality to gain access to the contents.

```
<!DOCTYPE glassfish-web-app PUBLIC "-//GlassFish.org//DTD
GlassFish Application Server 3.1 Servlet 3.0//EN"
"http://glassfish.org/dtds/glassfish-web-app_3_0-1.dtd">
<glassfish-web-app>
       <!-- <security-role-mapping>
               <role-name>assessmentuser</role-name>
               <group-name>N/A </group-name>
       </security-role-mapping> -->
       <security-role-mapping>
               <role-name>admin</role-name>
               <group-name>admin
       </security-role-mapping>
       <security-role-mapping>
               <role-name>assessmentuser</role-name>
               <group-name>assessmentuser
       </security-role-mapping>
```

</glassfish-web-app>

- 3. Locate {glassfish-base}/glassfish/domains/domain1/config/domain.xml
- 4. Copy the xml snippet below between the security-service xml tags.

```
<security-service>
<!-- Database-based authentication -->
<auth-realm classname="com.sun.enterprise.security.auth.realm.jdbc.JDBCRealm" name="jdbcRealm">
 cproperty name="jaas-context" value="jdbcRealm"></property>
 cproperty name="encoding" value="HEX"></property>
 cproperty name="password-column" value="password">/property>
 cproperty name="datasource-jndi" value="jdbc/awAuth">
 cproperty name="group-table" value="users groups">
 cproperty name="charset" value="UTF-8"></property>
 cproperty name="user-table" value="users"></property>
 column" value="group_name">
 cproperty name="digestrealm-password-enc-algorithm" value="AES"></property>
 cproperty name="group-table-user-name-column" value="user_name">/property>
 cproperty name="digest-algorithm" value="SHA-256">/property>
 cproperty name="user-name-column" value="user name">
</auth-realm>
<!--Database-based authentication END -->
```

</security-service>

5. The above is just a description of the structure of tables used for authentication. Make sure the 'datasource-jndi' value is the same as in the GlassFish set up section.

# Installing the application

Once this section of the guide has been completed you should have:

- 1. Final configuration steps completed.
- 2. Application deployed onto glassfish.

#### **Steps**

1. Open the .war file and edit index.html. Locate the code below and replace localhost with the domain name that points to the server you are installing apache on.

e.g. window.location.assign("http://**{your.domain.here}**/animal-welfare-system-client/index.html");

Note: The .war file is just a zip file so you can use 7zip's or similar to open-archive functionality to gain access to the contents.

2. Locate global-config. is in the client code and change the 'serverUrl' JavaScript property to point to the same domain name as the previous step.

```
e.g. window.awconfig = {
  // Reverse proxy maps the two URLs below
  // serverUrl : 'http://localhost:8080/animal-welfare-system/'
 serverUrl: 'http://{your.domain.here}/animal-welfare-system-client/server/'
```

3. Copy the .war file into your domain auto deploy directory. e.g. {glassfishbase}/glassfish/domains/domain1/autodeploy/

#### **Run application**

Check that the installation was installed correctly by visiting the newly installed site. The URL should look similar to the following http://{your.domain.here}/animal-welfare-system-client/index.html#/main. You should be redirected to the login page.

If you are unsure of what to do once you have installed the software, please visit the user guide document stored in the GitHub repository.

# **Application logs location**

Unfortunately logging is limited at this stage. Only some errors from the application are logged. This should improve with future releases of the AWAG software.

You can find the log in {glassfish-base}/glassfish/domains/domain1/config/logs/aw.log

In addition to the application log, Glassfish has a separate log. You may be able to find more information there.

You can find Glassfish logs in {glassfish-base}/glassfish/domains/domain1/logs.

#### **Security considerations**

By default, once the application is set up, all communication occurs over plain text connection (HTTP), which means someone could potentially eavesdrop and intercept user passwords and data.

In order to secure the AWAG system we recommend the following:

**Note:** There is plenty of documentation about how to do this online.

- 1. It is very important that if you are using database authentication mode, you change the admin password by logging in as 'admin' with the default password 'adminadmin' and updating the password to something else. See the user guide for more information on how to do this.
- 2. Configure your webserver/reverse proxy to use SSL and install a certificate so that connections to the server are encrypted hiding sensitive information such as usernames and passwords.
- Configure your webserver/reverse proxy by adding a rewrite rule that will force users accessing the site to use HTTPS. This will ensure that the sites pages, especially the login page will be delivered over a secure connection.

IMPORTANT: when secure communication is enabled via HTTPS, make sure to adjust URLs pointing to the application from HTTP to HTTPS (Installing the application section).

### **Troubleshooting**

#### Application loading process

Below is the process of loading the client application, which may help to investigate problems with set up:

1. User loads the log in page.

- a. This is served by GlassFish.
- 2. The user is successfully authenticated.
- 3. The browser loads in the index.html served by GlassFish.
- 4. The index.html has some JavaScript code in it to change the URL being browsed to a URL where the AWAG client-code is hosted.
- 5. The browser loads in the client-code. Thanks to the reverse-proxy set up, the authentication cookie is still available (the domain hasn't changed) and the user can use the system.

#### **Key URLs examples**

The following may help to understand different endpoints that the AWAG system needs in order to work. They may differ depending on your computer network set up.

We assume here that you are hosting the AWAG system on a web domain called: mydomain.co.uk. You have a webserver running with root directory attached to the domain at: http://mydomain.co.uk/

You have a GlassFish instance running at: http://mydomain.co.uk:8080

AWAG server-side application is exposed via a reverse proxy at: http://mydomain.co.uk/animal-welfare-system-client/server/

AWAG server-side application absolute URL is: http://mydomain.co.uk:8080/animal-welfare-system/

AWAG client-side code is hosted on the webserver at: http://mydomain.co.uk/animal-welfare-system-client/