## Transforming Prosecution Workshop

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## Detention, Misdemeanor Prosecution, and Public Safety

- ▶ Public safety impacts of jail releases during the pandemic
  - Public Safety Lab Jail Data Initiative
- Public safety impacts of reducing nonviolent misdemeanor prosecutions
  - ▶ Joint w/ Amanda Agan (Rutgers) and Jennifer Doleac (Texas A&M)
  - ► In partnership w/ SCDAO

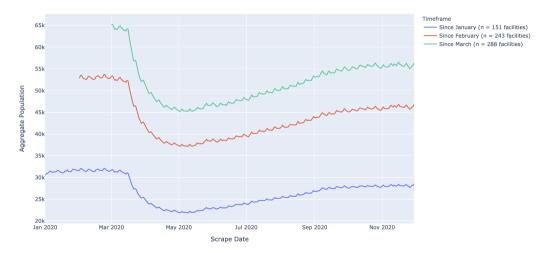
### Jails and COVID-19

- ▶ Jail populations at higher risk for viral transmission
- Public health authorities recommend reducing density of congregate populations
- Yet many have concerns about the public safety consequences of jail population reductions
  - Balancing public health risks and public safety risks
- Can provide some data about public safety risks

### Real-Time Jail Data

- Public Safety Lab Jail Data Initiative
  - Scraping individual-level daily jail rosters in approx. 1,000 jails
  - Extracting structured data: charges, bail/bond, race, gender, age, duration of detention, whether individual is rebooked after release
  - Project began Summer 2019; first scrapes deployed Fall 2019
  - As of March 1, 2020, had about 375 jail scrapes running
    - ▶ 19 million daily individual-level records from these jails
    - Pretty representative sample; see CCJ Reports

#### U.S. Jail Population (2020-01-01 thru 2020-11-30)



## Jail Populations During the Pandemic

- ▶ Jail populations dropped by about 30% during the 6-week period between mid-March and April 30 (WH Coronavirus Guidelines)
- Have since recovered 50% of those decreases
- ▶ Decreases achieved both through reductions in admissions and increases in releases
- What were the public safety impacts of the jail releases?

#### Jail Releases

- During pandemic, changes in who was booked into and released from jail
  - Those being released during pandemic are more likely to have been booked on felony charges, to have been booked on more charges, to have served longer periods of detention; less likely to have been booked on charges like FTA
- The conditions facing those released have also changed during the pandemic
  - Decreases in property and drug crimes/arrests (except commercial burglary); increases in violent crimes/arrests

## Rebooking Rates

- Rebooking rates are one measure of the net public safety risk of releasing individuals from jail
  - ▶ Does a released individual commit a subsequent offense sufficiently serious to warrant detention?
- ▶ We look at 30-, 60-, 90-, and 180-day avg rebooking rates
  - Net of both individual-level and community-level factors
  - Controlling for facility-specific effects

# Rebooking Rates Among Those Released From Jail 325 Jails, January 1 - October 22

	Pre-Pandemic	Post-Pandemic	% Decrease
30-Day Avg Rebooking Rate	11%	7%	36%***
60-Day Avg Rebooking Rate	16%	11%	31%***
90-Day Avg Rebooking Rate	19%	15%	21%***
180-Day Avg Rebooking Rate	24%	21%	13%***
Volume of Releases	33,493	21,902	35%***

## Public Safety Risks of Jail Releases

- ► Taking rebooking rates as a measure of the public safety risk of jail releases, this risk is significantly lower now than pre-pandemic
- ► Yet we are releasing fewer individuals from detention
- Even as public health risks of congregate populations remain high

## Data/Figures/Reports

- Data:
  - https://github.com/publicsafetylab/public-psl-jdi-ccj
  - https://github.com/publicsafetylab/public-psl-jdi-pops
- ► Plots/maps/reports:
  - https://publicsafetylab.org/jail-data-initiative
  - https://covid19.counciloncj.org/2020/09/02/covid-19-and-jails/
  - ► New CCJ report coming out next week
- Can look at pre- and post-pandemic rebooking rates for your own jail