## MongoDB 실습

**Database Programming** 

## 실습 순서



MongoDB 소개



MongoDB 설치



MongoDB 실행



MongoDB 명령어



어플리케이션 프로그래밍

#### MongoDB 소개

#### MongoDB

- · 크로스 플랫폼 문서를 지향하는 NoSQL 데이터베이스 시스템
- 데이터를 필드(field)와 값(value)의 쌍으로 구성된 JSON 객체와 유사한 구조인 BSON(Binary JSON) 문서로 저장함
- 문서(데이터)를 컬렉션에 저장하고 데이터베이스에 하나 이상의 컬렉
   션을 저장함
- 무료 오픈 소스 소프트웨어

```
field

ag
st
ag
st
gr
}

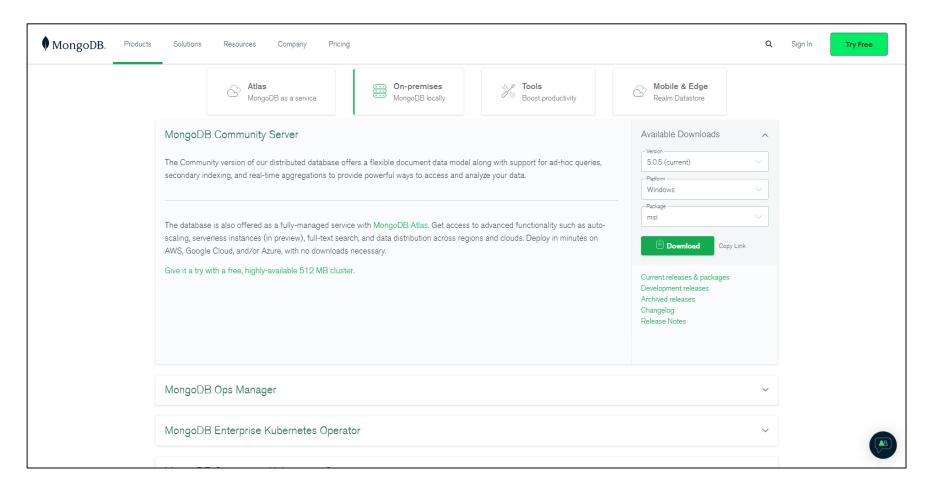
field

name: "al", ✓ value
age: 18,
status: "D",
groups: [ "politics", "news" ]
}
```

[그림] Collection 구조[1]

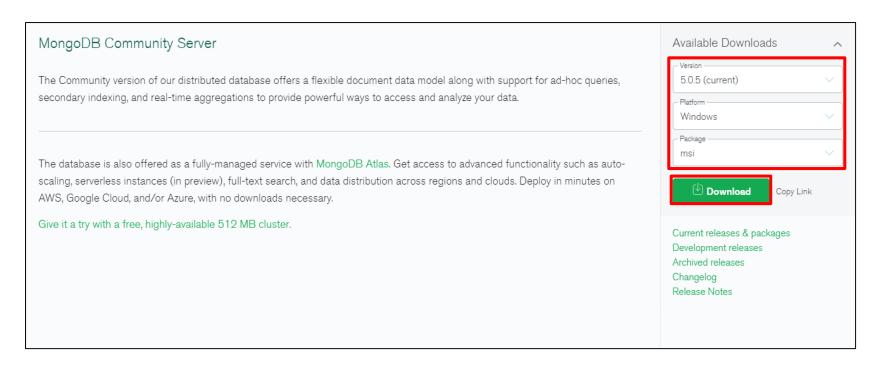
## MongoDB 설치(1/10)

#### 1) https://www.mongodb.com/try/download/community 접속



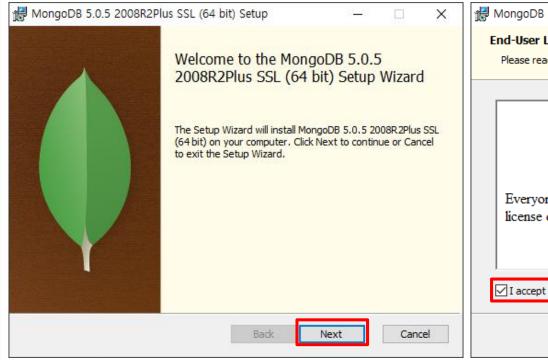
## MongoDB 설치(2/10)

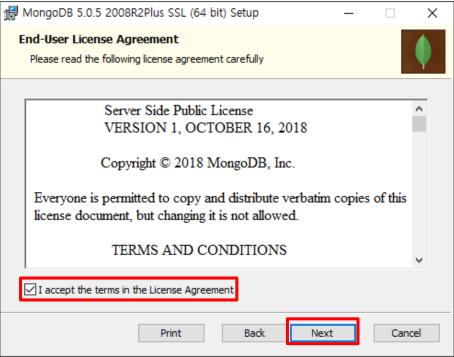
# 2) 5.0.5 버전과 msi 패키지 선택 후 다운로드 클릭 (Platform의 경우 자신의 OS에 맞게 선택)



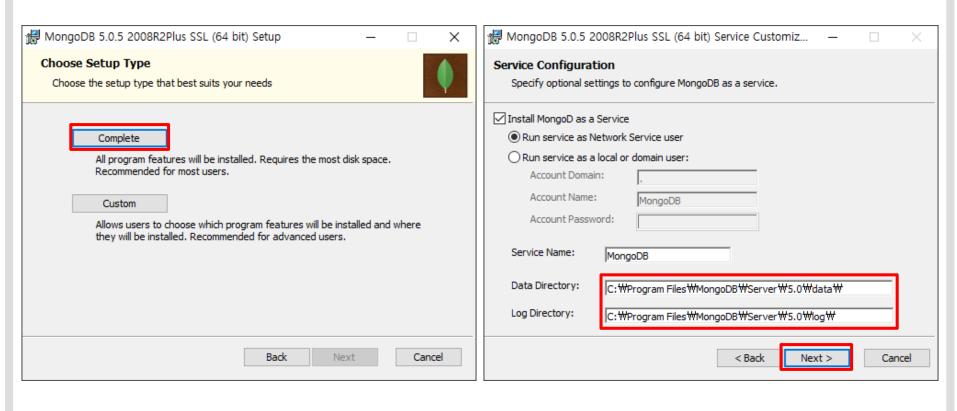
## MongoDB 설치(3/10)

- 3) 다운로드 받은 설치 파일 실행 → Next 클릭
- 4) 라이센스 동의 → Next 클릭

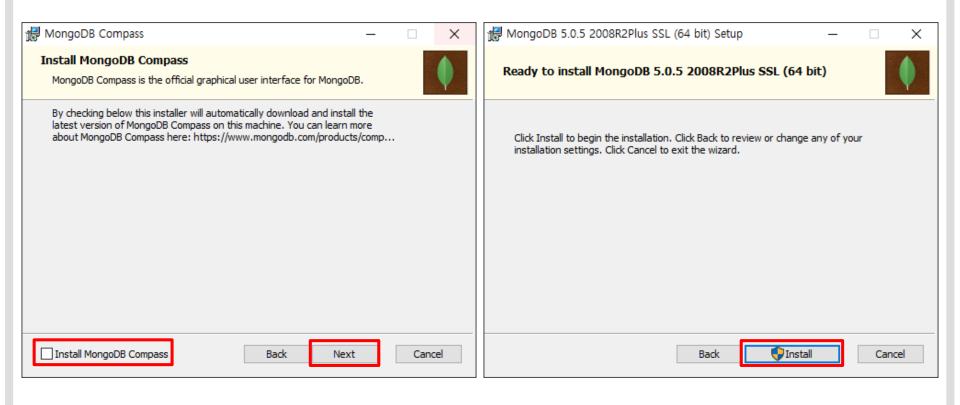




- 5) Complete 클릭
- 6) 설치 경로 확인 → Next 클릭

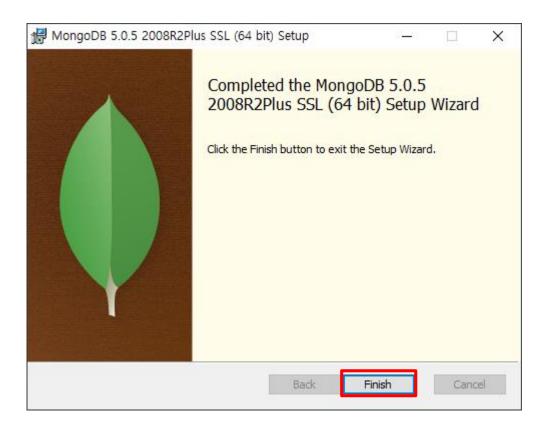


- 7) Install MongoDB Compass 체크 해제 → Next 클릭
- 8) Install 클릭



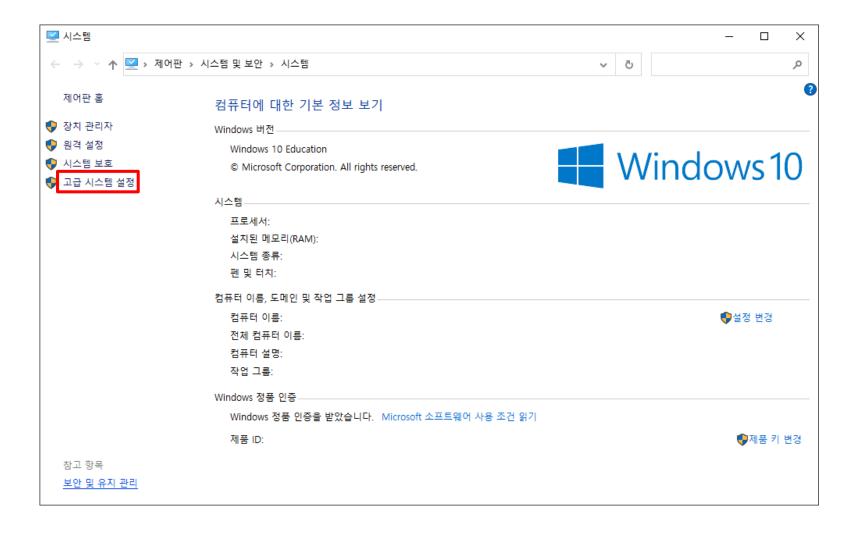
## MongoDB 설치(6/10)

#### 9) Finish 클릭



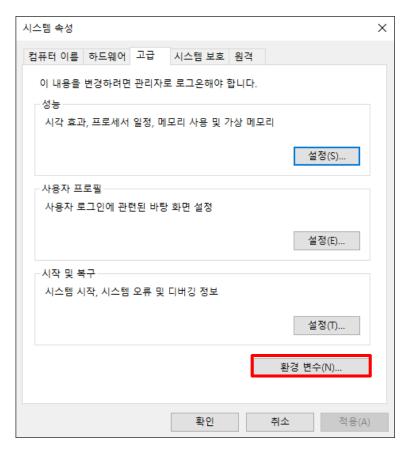
#### MongoDB 설치(7/10)

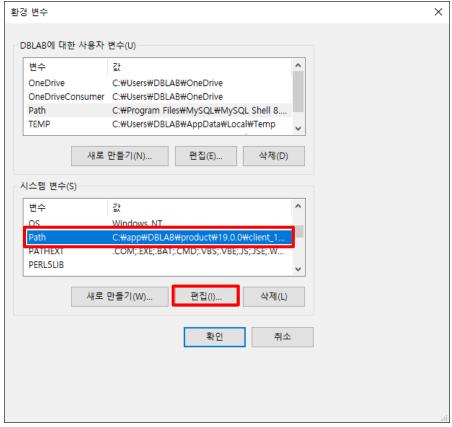
#### 11) 내 PC 우클릭 → 속성 → 고급 시스템 설정 클릭



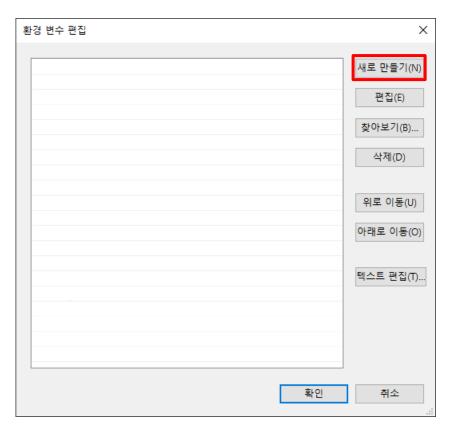
## MongoDB 설치(8/10)

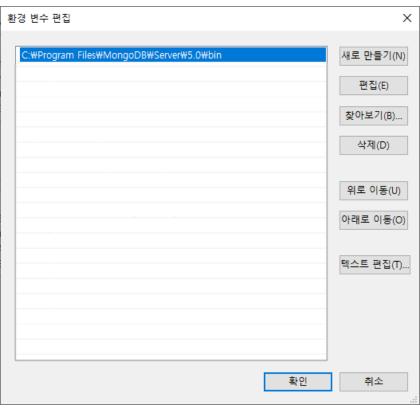
- 12) 환경 변수 클릭
- 13) 시스템 변수 → Path 선택 → 편집 클릭





- 14) 새로 만들기 클릭
- 15) C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\5.0\bin 입력 → 확인 클릭



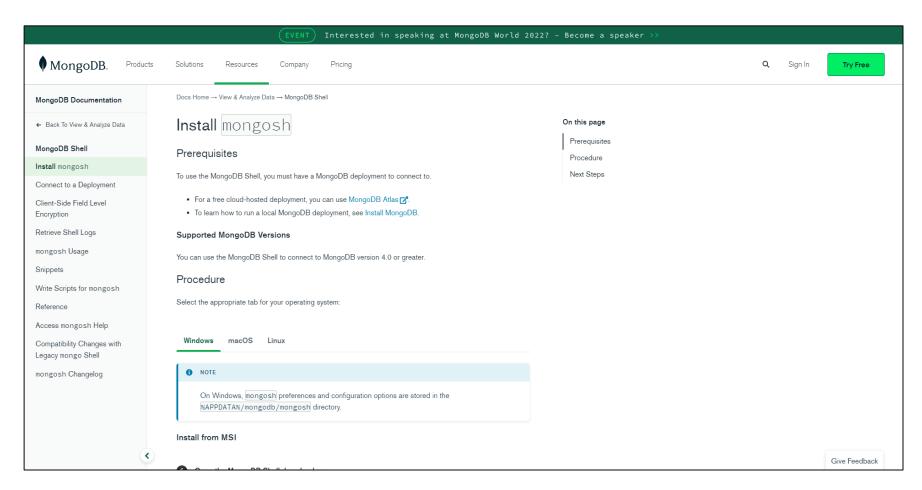


## MongoDB 설치(10/10)

#### 16) cmd 실행 → mongo --version 입력하여 설치 확인

```
₫ 명령 프롬프트
                                                                         П
                                                                               ×
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19041.1348]
(c) Microsoft Corporation, All rights reserved.
|C:\Users\DBLAB>mongo --version
MongoDB shell version v5.0.5
Build Info: {
    "version": "5.0.5",
    "gitVersion": "d65fd89df3fc039b5c55933c0f71d647a54510ae",
    "modules": [],
    "allocator": "tcmalloc",
    "environment": {
        "distmod": "windows",
        "distarch": "x86_64",
        "target_arch": "x86_64"
|C:\Users\DBLAB>
```

1) https://docs.mongodb.com/mongodb-shell/install/ 접속



## MongoDB Shell 설치(2/5)

#### 2) MongoDB Download Center 클릭

Install from MSI

Open the MongoDB Shell download page.

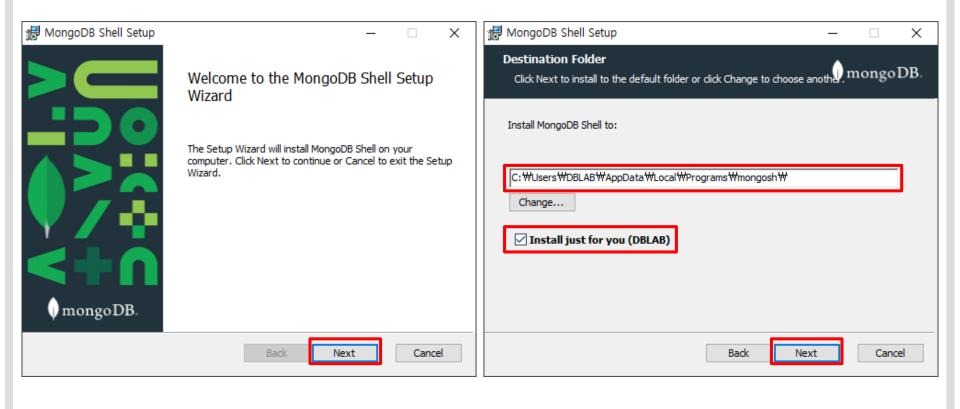
Open the MongoDB Download Center ...

- 2 In the Platform dropdown, select Windows 64-bit (8.1+) (MSI)
- 3 Click Download.
- Double-click the installer file.
- 5 Follow the prompts to install mongosh.

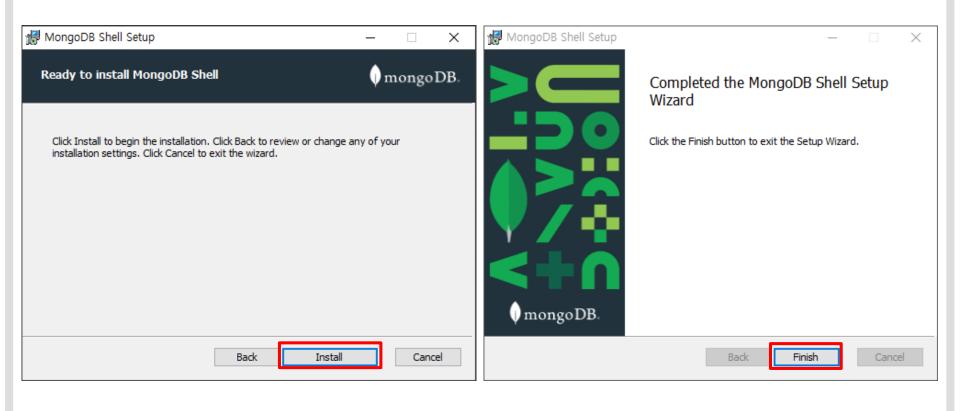
# 3) 1.1.6 버전과 msi 패키지 선택 후 다운로드 클릭 (Platform의 경우 자신의 OS에 맞게 선택)

# MongoDB Shell MongoDB Shell is the quickest way to connect to (and work with) MongoDB. Easily query data, configure settings, and execute other actions with this modern, extensible command-line interface — replete with syntax highlighting, intelligent autocomplete, contextual help, and error messages. Note: MongoDB Shell is an open source (Apache 2.0), standalone product developed separately from the MongoDB Server. Available Downloads Version 1.1.6 —Platform Windows 64-bit (8.1+) (MSI) —Package msi Documentation

- 4) 다운로드 받은 설치 파일 실행 → Next 클릭
- 5) 설치 경로 확인 → Install jus for you 체크 → Next 클릭



- 6) Install 클릭
- 7) 설치 완료 후 Finish 클릭



#### MongoDB 실행(1/2)

#### 1) cmd창에 "mongosh" 입력 → "27017" 포트로 실행됨을 확인

```
mongosh mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017/?directConnection=true&serverSelectionTimeoutMS=2000
                                                                                                                        X
                                                                                                                  Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19041.1348]
(c) Microsoft Corporation, All rights reserved.
C:\Users\DBLAB>mongosh
Current Mongosh Log ID: 61af33e8a40edaea5683a47e
Connecting to:
                       mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017/?directConnection=true&serverSelectionTimeoutMS=2000
Using MongoDB:
                        5.0.5
Using Mongosh
                        1.1.6
For mongosh info see: https://docs.mongodb.com/mongodb-shell/
   The server generated these startup warnings when booting:
  2021-12-07T10:20:10.028+09:00: Access control is not enabled for the database. Read and write access to data and conf
 guration is unrestricted
Warning: Found ~/.mongorc.js, but not ~/.mongoshrc.js. ~/.mongorc.js will not be loaded.
 You may want to copy or rename ~/.mongorc.js to ~/.mongoshrc.js.
test>
```

#### MongoDB 실행(2/2)

#### 2) "show dbs" 입력

```
mongosh mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017/?directConnection=true&serverSelectionTimeoutMS=2000
                                                                                                                   П
                                                                                                                         ×
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19041.1348]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\DBLAB>mongosh
Current Mongosh Log ID: 61af33e8a40edaea5683a47e
                        mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017/?directConnection=true&serverSelectionTimeoutMS=2000
Connecting to:
Using MongoDB:
                        5.0.5
Using Mongosh
                        1.1.6
For mongosh info see: https://docs.mongodb.com/mongodb-shell/
   The server generated these startup warnings when booting:
  2021-12-07T10:20:10.028+09:00: Access control is not enabled for the database. Read and write access to data and conf
 guration is unrestricted
Warning: Found ~/.mongorc.js, but not ~/.mongoshrc.js. ~/.mongorc.js will not be loaded.
  You may want to copy or rename ~/.mongorc.js to ~/.mongoshrc.js.
test> show dbs
admin
        41 kB
config 36.9 kB
local
          41 kB
test>
```

- 데이터베이스 생성
  - 명령어
    - use <생성할 데이터베이스 이름>
  - 예제) testdb 라는 이름의 데이터베이스 생성
    - use testdb

test> use testdb switched to db testdb testdb>

- 현재 사용하고 있는 데이터베이스 조회
  - 명령어
    - db

testdb><u>|db</u> testdb

- Collection 생성
  - · Collection 데이터베이스 내에 실제로 사용되는 도큐먼트
  - 명령어
    - db.createCollection( "<생성할 collection 이름>")
  - 예제) customers 라는 이름의 collection 생성
    - db.createCollection( "customers" )

```
testdb><mark>db.createCollection("customers")</mark>
{ ok: 1 }
testdb>
```

- 데이터 입력
  - 명령어
    - db.<collection 이름>.insertOne(<생성할 데이터>)
    - db.컬렉션명.insertOne({필드명:"값", …})
  - 예제) customers 라는 collection 안에 이름은 gildong이고 나이는 22인 고객의 데이터를 생성

```
testdb><mark>db.customers.insertOne({name:"gildong", age: 22})</mark>
{
acknowledged: <mark>true,</mark>
insertedId: ObjectId("61af1d91a8497cd4Of6ce5ad")
}
testdb>
```

## MongoDB 명령어(5/7)

- 데이터 조회
  - 명령어
    - db.<collection 이름>.find (<검색 조건>)
    - db.컬렉션명.find ({필드명: "조건값", …})
    - db.customers.find() 를 사용 하는 경우 전체 내용 검색
  - 예제) customers 라는 collection
     안에 이름이 gildong인 데이터 검색

```
estdb> db.customers.find()
    _id: ObjectId("61af19d3a8497cd40f6ce5a6")
   name: 'gildong',
    age: 22
    _id: ObjectId("61af1a78a8497cd40f6ce5a7")
   name: 'cheolsu',
    age: 33
    _id: ObjectId("61af1a7ba8497cd40f6ce5a8")
   name: 'yeonghui'.
   age: 32
:estdb><mark>|</mark>db.customers.find({name: "gildong"}]
    _id: ObjectId("61af19d3a8497cd40f6ce5a6")
   name: 'gildong',
   age: 22
testdb>
```

## MongoDB 명령어(6/7)

- 데이터 갱신
  - 명령어
    - db.<collection 이름>.updateOne (<갱신할 데이터 선택>, <갱신할 데이터 입력>)
    - db.컬렉션명.updateOne

```
({필드명:"조건값", ···}, {$set: {필드명:"변경값", ···})
```

```
testdb> db.customers.updateOne({name:"gildong"}, {$set: {name:"hana"}})
{
   acknowledged: true,
   insertedId: null,
   matchedCount: 1,
   modifiedCount: 0
}
testdb> db.customers.find()
[
   {_id: ObjectId("61af1d91a8497cd40f6ce5ad"), name: 'hana', age: 22 },
   {
   __id: ObjectId("61af1dd4a8497cd40f6ce5ae"),
    name: 'cheolsu',
   age: 33
   },
   {
   __id: ObjectId("61af1dd4a8497cd40f6ce5af"),
   name: 'yeonghui',
   age: 32
   }
}
testdb>
```

- 데이터 삭제
  - 명령어
    - db.<collection 이름>.deleteOne(<삭제할 데이터 선택>)
    - db.컬렉션명.deleteOne({필드명:"조건값", …})
  - 예제) customers 라는 collection 안에 이름이 hana인 데이터를 삭제

# MongoDB 명령어 모음(1/4)

	Name	Methods	Description	Example
	insert	insertOne	단일의 도큐먼트를 collection에 insert	<pre>db.collection.insertOne(</pre>
		insertMany	다수의 도큐먼트를 collection에 insert	<pre>db.collection.insertMany(   [ <document 1="">, <document 2="">, ],   {     writeConcern: <document>,     ordered: <boolean>   } )</boolean></document></document></document></pre>
	update	updateOne	특정 조건에 맞는 다수의 도큐먼트가 있더라도 하나의 도큐먼트만 update	<pre>db.collection.updateOne(     <filter>, <update>,     {         upsert: <boolean>,         writeConcern: <document>,         collation: <document>,         arrayFilters: [ <filterdocument1>, ],         hint: <document string>     } }</document string></filterdocument1></document></document></boolean></update></filter></pre>
		updateMany	특정 조건에 맞는 모든 도큐먼트를 update	<pre>db.collection.updateMany(     <filter>, <update>,     {         upsert: <boolean>,         writeConcern: <document>,         collation: <document>,         arrayFilters: [ <filterdocument1>, ],         hint: <document string>     } )</document string></filterdocument1></document></document></boolean></update></filter></pre>

# MongoDB 명령어 모음(1/4)

Name	Methods	Description	Example
update	replaceOne	특정 조건에 맞는 다수의 도큐먼트가 있더라도 하나의 도큐먼트만 replace	<pre>db.collection.replaceOne(</pre>
delete	deleteOne	특정 조건에 맞는 다수의 도큐먼트가 있더라도 하나의 도큐먼트만 delete	<pre>db.collection.deleteOne(</pre>
	deleteMany	특정 조건에 맞는 모든 도큐먼트를 delete	<pre>db.collection.deleteMany(      <filter>,      {         writeConcern: <document>,         collation: <document>      } }</document></document></filter></pre>

## MongoDB 연산자

#### ■ 비교 연산자

Name	Description	Example
\$eq(equals)	주어진 값과 일치하는 값	Syntax: ( field: { \$eq: value } )
\$gt(greater than)	주어진 값보다 큰 값	Syntax: (field: { \$gt: value } )
\$gte(greater than or equals)	주어진 값보다 크거나 같은 값	Syntax: ( field: { \$gte: value } )
\$in	주어진 배열 안에 속하는 값	Syntax: (field: { \$in: [ value1, , valueN ] )
\$It(less than)	주어진 값보다 작은 값	Syntax: ( field: { \$It: value } )
\$Ite(less than or equals)	주어진 값보다 작거나 같은 값	Syntax: ( field: { \$Ite: value } )
\$ne(not equal)	주어진 값과 일치하지 않는 값	Syntax: ( field: { \$ne: value } )
\$nin(not in)	주어진 배열 안에 속하지 않는 값	Syntax: (field: { \$nin: [value1, ···, valueN ] )

#### • 논리 연산자

Name	Example
\$or	Syntax: ( \$or: [ { expression1 }, , { expressionN} ] )
\$and	Syntax: ( \$and: [ { expression1 }, , { expressionN} ] )
\$not	Syntax: ( { field: { \$not: { operator-expression } } } )
\$nor	Syntax: ( { \$not: [ { expression1 }, , { expressionN } ] } )

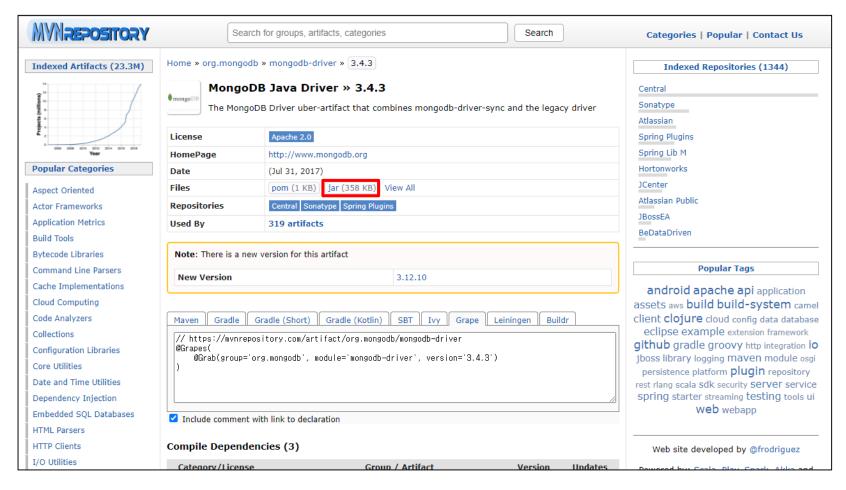
#### • 참고 사이트

https://docs.mongodb.com/manual/reference/operator/query/

```
field value
"id": "0\0|\subseteq",
"name": "이름".
"addr": "주소",
"major": "전공",
"pwd": "비밀번호"
```

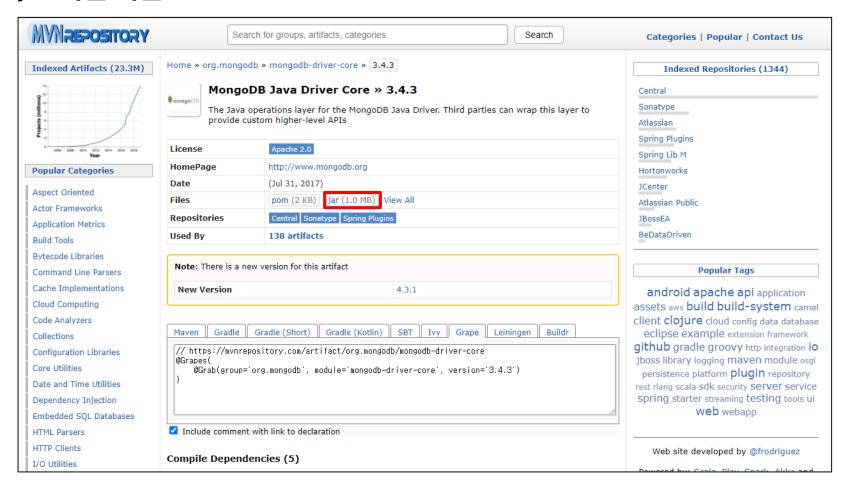
#### MongoDB 연동(1/5)

- 1) https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.mongodb/mongodb-driver/3.4.3 접속
- 2) jar 파일 다운로드



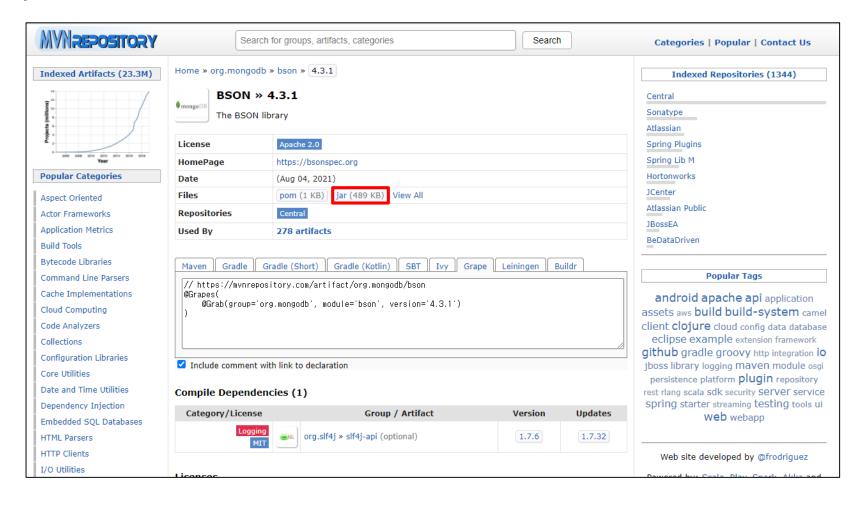
#### MongoDB 연동(2/5)

- 3) https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.mongodb/mongodb-driver-core/3.4.3 접속
- 4) jar 파일 다운로드



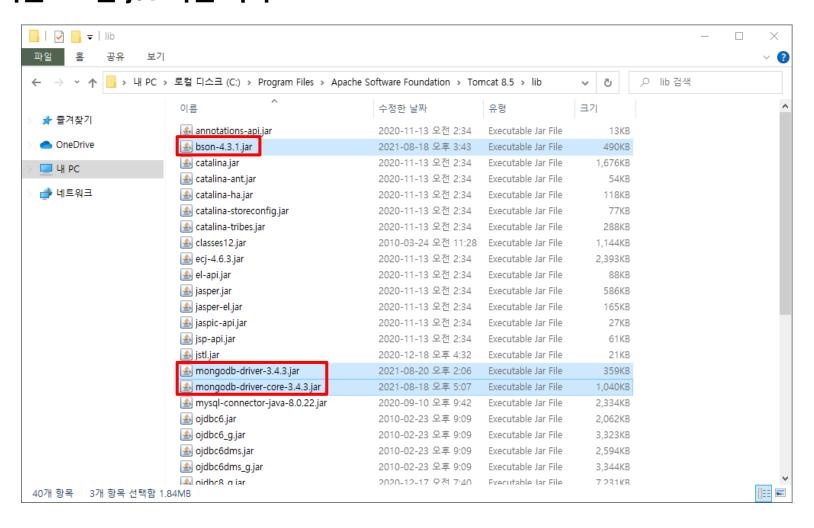
#### MongoDB 연동(3/5)

- 5) https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.mongodb/bson/4.3.1 접속
- 6) jar 파일 다운로드



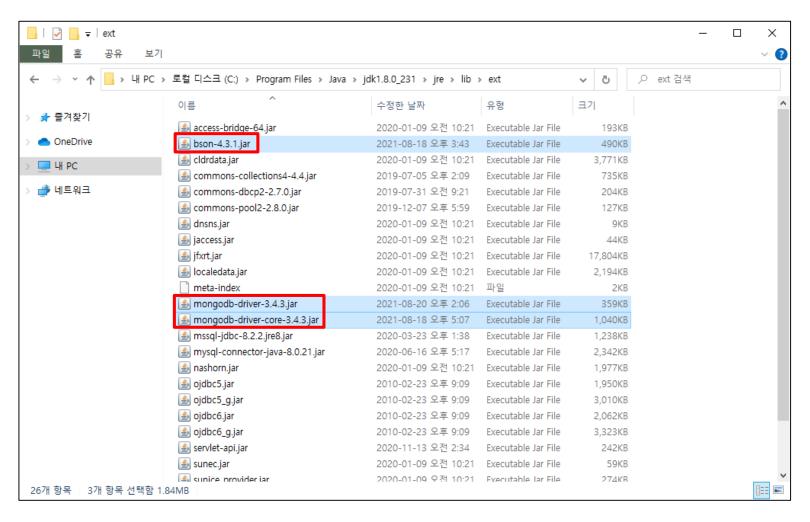
#### MongoDB 연동(4/5)

7) C:\Program Files\Apache Software Foundation\Tomcat 8.5\lib에 다운로드한 jar 파일 복사



#### MongoDB 연동(5/5)

8) C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0\_231\jre\lib\ext에 다운로드한 jar 파일 복사



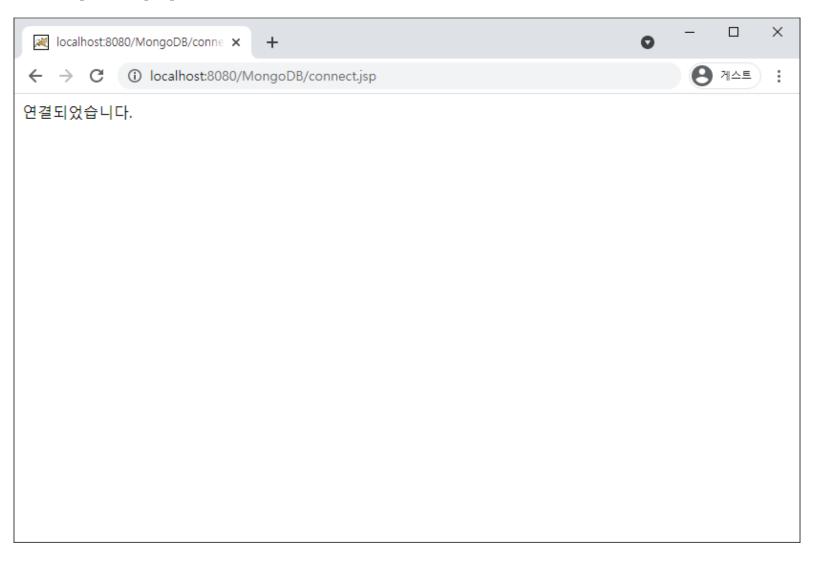
- MongoDB 드라이버를 이용한 데이터베이스 연결
  - MongoClient mongoClient = new MongoClient("서버 주소",
     "서버 포트");
    - 서버 주소: localhost (외부 서버 사용 시 외부 서버 주소 입력)
    - 서버 포트: 27017 (포트 변경 시 변경한 포트 입력)
  - MongoDatabase db = mongoClient.getDatabase("DB 이름");
    - DB 이름: testdb
- MongoDB 드라이버를 이용한 컬렉션 접근
  - MongoCollection ("컬렉션명");
    - 컬렉션명: 접근할 컬렉션명 입력 (ex. member)

# MongoDB 연결 방법(2/3)

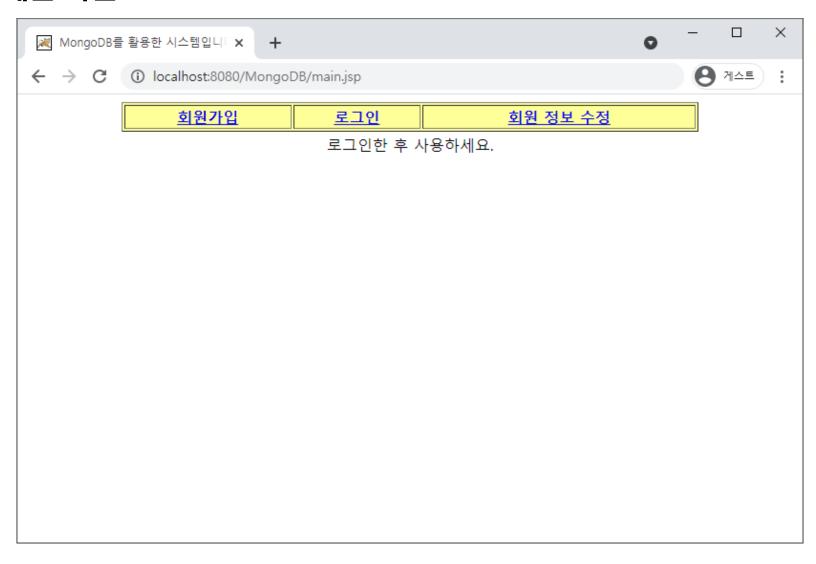
#### 연결 확인 예시 (conncet.jsp)

```
<%@ page import="org.bson.Document"%>
<%@ page import="com.mongodb.*"%>
<%@ page import="com.mongodb.client.MongoCollection"%>
<%@ page import="com.mongodb.client.MongoDatabase"%>
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8" pageEncoding="utf-8"%>
<%
    Boolean connect = false:
    try{
       MongoClient mongoClient = new MongoClient("localhost", 27017); // MongoDB 연절
       MongoDatabase db = mongoClient.getDatabase("testdb"); // 데이터베이스 선택
        connect = true;
        mongoClient.close();
    }catch(Exception e) {
        connect = false;
        out.print(e);
8>
<html>
<head></head>
<body>
<%
    if (connect == true) {
        out.print("여절되었습니다.");
    } else {
        out.print("여격에 실패하였습니다.");
8>
</body>
</html>
```

• 연결 확인 예시



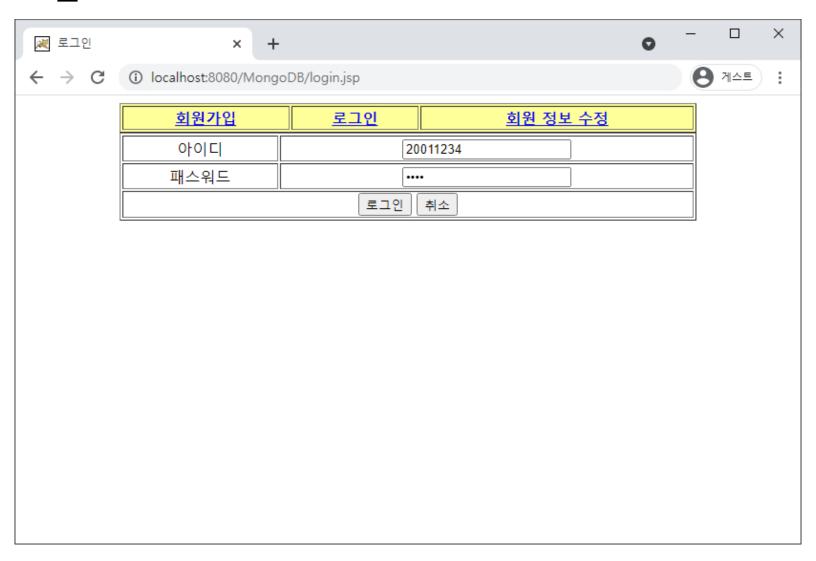
#### ■ 메인 화면



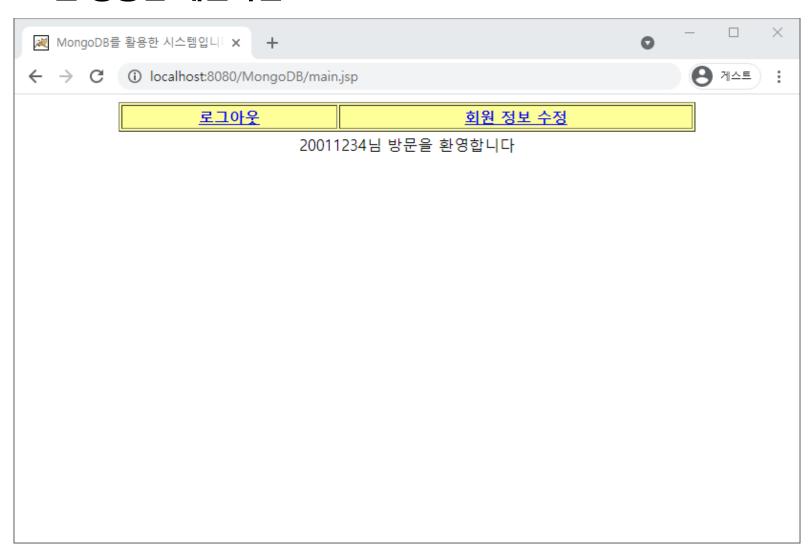
#### ■ 회원가입

<b>≥</b> 회원가입		× +			0	- 🗆 X
← → G	① localhost:8080/MongoDB/signUp.jsp :					
	<u>회원가입</u>		로그인	회원 정.	<u>보 수정</u>	
	아이디					
	패스워드					
	이름					
	주소					
	전공					
			가입	취소		

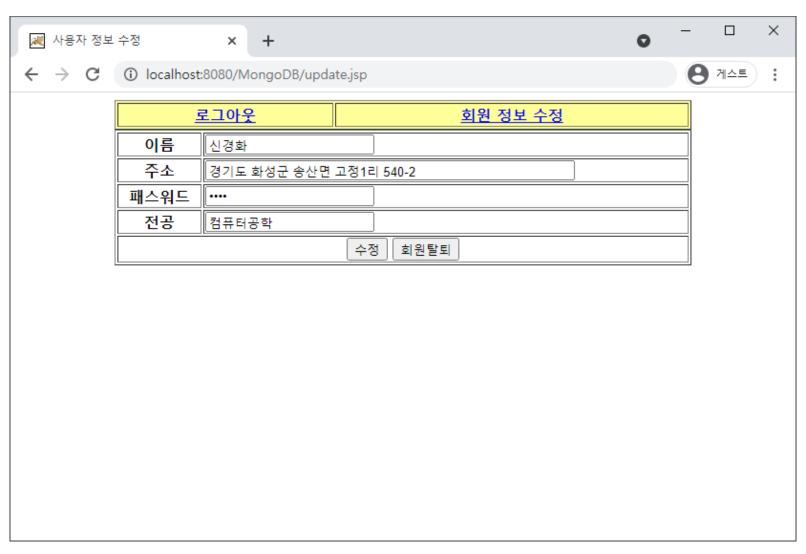
#### - 로그인



로그인 성공한 메인화면



■ 회원 정보 수정



#### top.jsp

```
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8" pageEncoding="utf-8"%>
<html>
<head>
<title>Insert title here</title>
</head>
<body>
  <%
      String session id = (String)session.getAttribute("user");
      String log;
      if(session id==null) log="<a href=login.jsp>g=0|</a>";
                      log="<a href=logout.jsp>glog</a>";
      else
   <%
         if(session id==null) {
      8>
         <b><a href="signUp.jsp">গ্রুম্মথ</b>
      <%
      8>
         <b><%=log%></b>
         <b><a href="update.jsp">ġŊ ஜ♀ ☆ਲ਼</b>
      </body>
</html>
```

#### main.jsp

```
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8" pageEncoding="utf-8"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>MongoDB를 활용한 시스템입니다.</title>
</head>
<body>
  <%@ include file="top.jsp"%>
  <%
        if (session id != null) {
      ક>
     <%=session_id%>님 방문을 환영합니다
     <%
        } else {
      8>
     রুম্পুর্চ কু মঞ্জন্মাত্র.
     <%
        }
      8>
  </body>
</html>
```

#### login.jsp

```
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8" pageEncoding="utf-8"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>glo</title>
</head>
<body>
   <%@ include file="top.jsp"%>
   <form method=post" action="login verify.jsp">
         >
                <div align="center">000|c|</div>
             <div align="center"><input type="text" name="userID"></div>
             >
                <div align="center">া৴৸৴ঀ⊏</div>
             <div align="center"><input type="password" name="userPassword"></div>
            <div align="center">
                   <input type="submit" name="submit" value="gag">
                   <input type="reset" value="취소">
                </div>
             </form>
   </body>
</html>
```

#### login\_verify.jsp

```
<%@ page import="org.bson.Document"%>
<%@ page import="com.mongodb.MongoClient"%>
<%@ page import="com.mongodb.client.MongoCollection"%>
<%@ page import="com.mongodb.client.MongoDatabase"%>
<%@ page import="com.mongodb.client.model.Filters"%>
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8" pageEncoding="utf-8"%>
   String userID = request.getParameter("userID");
    String userPassword = request.getParameter("userPassword");
   MongoClient mongoClient = new MongoClient("localhost", 27017); // MongoDB 여덟
   MongoDatabase db = mongoClient.getDatabase("testdb"); // 데이터베이스 선택
   MongoCollection<Document> collection = db.getCollection("member"); // 설렉션 선택
   Document myResultSet = collection.find(Filters.and(Filters.eq("id", userID),Filters.eq("pwd", userPassword))).first()
    if (myResultSet!=null) {
        session.setAttribute("user", userID);
        session.setAttribute("name", myResultSet.get("name"));
        response.sendRedirect("main.jsp");
    } else {
<script>
    alert("사용자아이디 혹은 암호가 틀렸습니다.");
   location.href = "login.jsp";
</script>
    mongoClient.close();
8>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Insert title here</title>
</head>
<body>
</body>
</html>
```

logout.jsp 48/56

```
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8" pageEncoding="utf-8"%>
<% session.invalidate(); %>
<script>
    alert("로그아웃 되었습니다.");
    location.href="main.jsp";
</script>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Insert title here</title>
</head>
<body>
</body>
</html>
```

#### signUp.jsp

```
<%@ page contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8" pageEncoding="utf-8"%>
<html>
<head>
<title>গ্রহ্মগর</title>
</head>
<body>
  <%@ include file="top.jsp"%>
  <form method="post" action="signUp verify.jsp">
        oloici
           <input type="text" name="m id" size="20">
        >m∠Nc
           <input type="password" name="m pwd" size="20">
        0| <<h>+</h>>
           input type="text" name="m name" size="20">
        <input type="text" name="m addr" size="50">
        >₦₽
           <input type="text" name="m major" size="20">
        <input type="submit" value="pg">
              <a href="main.jsp"><input type="button" value="\dagger'></a>
           </form>
</body>
</html>
```

#### signUp\_verify.jsp

```
<%@page import="org.bson.Document"%>
<%@page import="com.mongodb.MongoClient"%>
<%@page import="com.mongodb.client.MongoDatabase"%>
<%@page import="com.mongodb.client.MongoCollection"%>
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8" pageEncoding="utf-8"%>
<html>
<head>
<title>Insert title here</title>
</head>
<body>
   <%
       String m id = new String(request.getParameter("m id").getBytes("8859 1"), "utf-8");
       String m pwd = new String(request.getParameter("m pwd"));
       String m name = new String(request.getParameter("m name").getBytes("8859 1"), "utf-8");
       String m addr = new String(request.getParameter("m addr").getBytes("8859 1"), "utf-8");
       String m major = new String(request.getParameter("m major").getBytes("8859 1"), "utf-8");
       MongoClient mongoClient = new MongoClient("localhost", 27017); // MongoDB 여전
       MongoDatabase db = mongoClient.getDatabase("testdb"); // 데이터베이스 서행
       MongoCollection<Document> collection = db.getCollection("member"); // 펄펙션 선택
                                                            컬렉션 구조 생성
       Document query = new Document("id", m id)
                       .append("name", m name)
                       .append("addr", m addr)
                                                                "id": m_id.
                       .append("major", m major)
                       .append("pwd", m pwd);
                                                                "name": m_name,
       try{
                                                                "addr": m_addr.
                                                                "major": m_major,
           collection.insertOne(query);
           mongoClient.close();
                                                                "pwd": m_pwd
```

#### signUp\_verify.jsp

#### update.jsp

```
<%@page import="com.mongodb.MongoClient"%>
<%@page import="com.mongodb.client.MongoDatabase"%>
<%@page import="com.mongodb.client.MongoCollection"%>
<%@page import="com.mongodb.client.model.Filters"%>
<%@page import="org.bson.Document"%>
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8" pageEncoding="utf-8"%>
<html>
<head>
<title> NBN 정보 수정</title>
</head>
<body>
    <%@ include file="top.jsp"%>
    <%
        if (session id == null) {
            response.sendRedirect("login.jsp");
        } else {
       MongoClient mongoClient = new MongoClient("localhost", 27017); // MongoDB लख
       MongoDatabase db = mongoClient.getDatabase("testdb"); // 데이터베이스 셔틱
       MongoCollection<Document> collection = db.getCollection("member"); // 펄펩셔 서면
        Document mem = new Document();
        try ·
            mem = collection.find(Filters.eq("id", session id)).first()
        } catch (Exception ex) {
            System.out.println("Exception" + ex);
```

#### update.jsp

```
<form method="post" action="update verify.jsp">
         <input type="hidden" name="m id" size="30" value="<%=session id%>">
         0|=
            <input type="text" name="m name" size="20"
              value="<%=mem.get("name")%>">
         <input type="text" name="m addr" size="50"
              value="<%=mem.get("addr")%>">
         > m _ N = 
            <input type="password" name="m pwd" size="20"
              value="<%=mem.get("pwd")%>">
         ≥HZ
            <input type="text" name="m major" size="20"
              value="<%=mem.get("major")%>">
         <input type="submit" value="+8">
              <a href="withdraw verify.jsp"><input type="button" value="গ্ৰপ্ৰদ্ৰ"></a>
            </form>
   <%
        mongoClient.close();
   8>
</body>
</html>
```

덮어쓰기 되어 id필드가 사라짐

#### update\_verify.jsp

```
<%@page import="org.bson.Document"%>
<%@page import="com.mongodb.MongoClient"%>
<%@page import="com.mongodb.client.MongoDatabase"%>
<%@page import="com.mongodb.client.MongoCollection"%>
<%@page import="com.mongodb.client.model.Filters"%>
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8" pageEncoding="utf-8"%>
<html>
<head>
<title>Insert title here</title>
</head>
<body>
    <%
       String m id = request.getParameter("m id");
       String m name = new String(request.getParameter("m name").getBytes("8859 1"), "utf-8");
       String m addr = new String(request.getParameter("m addr").getBytes("8859 1"), "utf-8");
       String m pwd = new String(request.getParameter("m pwd"));
       String m major = new String(request.getParameter("m major").getBytes("8859 1"), "utf-8");
       MongoClient mongoClient = new MongoClient("localhost", 27017); // MongoDB প্ৰ
       MongoDatabase db = mongoClient.getDatabase("testdb"); // 데이터베이스 셔트
       MongoCollection<Document> collection = db.getCollection("member"); // 필페션 선택
       Document query = new Document("name", m name)
                .append("addr", m addr)
                .append("major", m major)
                .append("pwd", m pwd);
        try
            collection.updateOne(Filters.eq("id", m id), new Document("<u>$set</u>", query));
    %>
                                                                            $set을 사용하지 않으면
                                                                         ┗ query에 사용한 데이터로만
```

## update\_verify.jsp

#### withdraw\_verify.jsp

```
<%@page import="org.bson.Document"%>
<%@page import="com.mongodb.MongoClient"%>
<%@page import="com.mongodb.client.MongoDatabase"%>
<%@page import="com.mongodb.client.MongoCollection"%>
<%@page import="com.mongodb.client.model.Filters"%>
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8" pageEncoding="utf-8"%>
<html>
<head>
<title>Insert title here</title>
</head>
<body>
    <%
        String m id = session.getAttribute("user").toString();
       MongoClient mongoClient = new MongoClient("localhost", 27017); // MongoDB 여글
       MongoDatabase db = mongoClient.getDatabase("testdb"); // 데이터베이스 셔텀
       MongoCollection<Document> collection = db.getCollection("member"); // 컬렉션 선택
        try {
            collection.deleteOne(Filters.eq("id", m id));
            session.invalidate();
    <script>
        alert("회위 정보가 삭제되었습니다.");
        location.href="main.jsp";
    </script>
    <%
            mongoClient.close();
        } catch (Exception ex) {
            System.err.println("Exception: " + ex.getMessage());
            mongoClient.close();
</body>
</html>
```