Class 09: Structural Bioinformatics 1

Cynthia

What is in the PDB anyway?

The main database of biomolecular structures is called the PDB and is avaible at www.rcsb.org

Let's begin by seeing what is in this database:

```
pdbstats <- read.csv("PDB.csv", row.names = 1)
head(pdbstats)</pre>
```

	X.ray	EM	NMR	${\tt Multiple.methods}$	Neutron	Other
Protein (only)	152,809	9,421	12,117	191	72	32
Protein/Oligosaccharide	9,008	1,654	32	7	1	0
Protein/NA	8,061	2,944	281	6	0	0
Nucleic acid (only)	2,602	77	1,433	12	2	1
Other	163	9	31	0	0	0
Oligosaccharide (only)	11	0	6	1	0	4
	Total					
Protein (only)	174,642					
Protein/Oligosaccharide	10,702					
Protein/NA	11,292					
Nucleic acid (only)	4,127					
Other	203					
Oligosaccharide (only)	22					

Q1: What percentage of structures in the PDB are solved by X-Ray and Electron Microscopy.

```
as.numeric(gsub(",","",pdbstats$X.ray))
[1] 152809 9008 8061 2602 163 11
```

```
# deal with the commas making these non numeric
n.xray <- sum(as.numeric(gsub(",","",pdbstats$X.ray)))
n.em <- sum(as.numeric(gsub(",","",pdbstats$EM)))
n.total <- sum(as.numeric(gsub(",","",pdbstats$Total)))

p.xray <- (n.xray/n.total) * 100
p.em <- (n.em/n.total) * 100

# and to 2 s.f
round(p.xray,2)

[1] 85.9

round(p.em,2)</pre>
```

There are 1.72654×10^5 protein structures (85.9%) and 1.4105×10^4 (7.02%) EM structures in the current PDB database.

Q2: What proportion of structures in the PDB are protein?

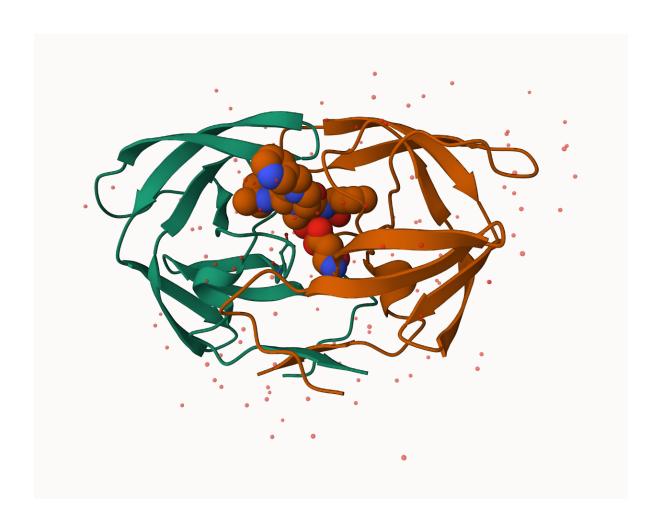
```
as.numeric(gsub(",","", pdbstats$Total) ) /n.total
```

- $\hbox{\tt [1]} \ \ 0.8689175473 \ \ 0.0532469600 \ \ 0.0561824587 \ \ 0.0205335642 \ \ 0.0010100105 \\$
- [6] 0.0001094593

Q3: Type HIV in the PDB website search box on the home page and determine how many HIV-1 protease structures are in the current PDB?

It is not straightforward to find all HIV-1 protease structures using plain text search on the database.

A wee pic of HIV-1 Protease from Molstar



Working with structure data in $\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}$

We will use the bio3d

```
library(bio3d)

pdb <- read.pdb("1hsg")

Note: Accessing on-line PDB file

pdb</pre>
```



Figure 1: An image I like whilst learning how to break Molstar

```
Call: read.pdb(file = "1hsg")
  Total Models#: 1
    Total Atoms#: 1686, XYZs#: 5058 Chains#: 2 (values: A B)
    Protein Atoms#: 1514 (residues/Calpha atoms#: 198)
    Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0 (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)
    Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 172 (residues: 128)
    Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ HOH (127), MK1 (1) ]
  Protein sequence:
     PQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKEALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYD
     QILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTPVNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNFPQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKE
     ALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYDQILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTP
     VNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNF
+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,
       calpha, remark, call
  head(pdb$atom)
  type eleno elety alt resid chain resno insert
                                                                 z o
                                                    Х
                                                           У
1 ATOM
               N < NA >
                         PRO
                                          <NA> 29.361 39.686 5.862 1 38.10
2 ATOM
          2
               CA <NA>
                         PRO
                                Α
                                          <NA> 30.307 38.663 5.319 1 40.62
3 ATOM
          3
               C <NA>
                         PRO
                                     1 <NA> 29.760 38.071 4.022 1 42.64
                               Α
4 ATOM
                               Α
                                     1 <NA> 28.600 38.302 3.676 1 43.40
                         PRO
          4
                O <NA>
                               Α
5 ATOM
          5
               CB <NA>
                         PRO
                                     1 <NA> 30.508 37.541 6.342 1 37.87
6 ATOM
          6
               CG <NA>
                         PRO
                             A 1 <NA> 29.296 37.591 7.162 1 38.40
  segid elesy charge
1 <NA>
               <NA>
2 <NA>
               <NA>
3 <NA>
           C <NA>
4 <NA>
           O <NA>
           C <NA>
5 <NA>
6 <NA>
           С
               <NA>
```

What is the first residue 3 letter code?

```
pdb$atom$resid[1]
```

```
[1] "PRO"

aa321(pdb$atom$resid[1])

[1] "P"
```

Predicting functional motions of a single structure

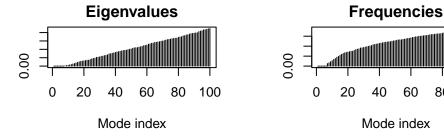
Let's read a new PDB structure of Adenylate Kinase (PDB code: 6s36) and perform Normal mode analysis.

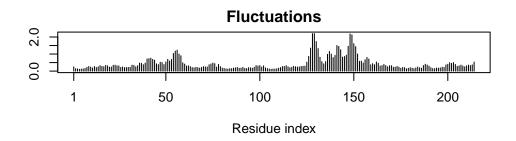
```
adk <- read.pdb("6s36")
 Note: Accessing on-line PDB file
  PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
  adk
Call:
       read.pdb(file = "6s36")
  Total Models#: 1
    Total Atoms#: 1898, XYZs#: 5694 Chains#: 1 (values: A)
    Protein Atoms#: 1654 (residues/Calpha atoms#: 214)
    Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0 (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)
     Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 244 (residues: 244)
    Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ CL (3), HOH (238), MG (2), NA (1) ]
  Protein sequence:
     MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQISTGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVT
     DELVIALVKERIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFDVPDELIVDKI
     VGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTGEELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIG
     YYSKEAEAGNTKYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG
+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,
       calpha, remark, call
```

```
m <- nma(adk)
```

Building Hessian... Done in 0.029 seconds. Diagonalizing Hessian... Done in 0.352 seconds.

plot(m)





40

60

80

100

mktrj(m, file="adk_m7.pdb")

Section 4. Comparative Structure Analysis

Today we are continuing where we left off last day building towards completing the loop from biomolecular strctural data to our new analysis methods like PCA and clustering.

install.packages("bio3d") install.packages("devtools") install.packages("BiocManager")

BiocManager::install("msa") devtools::install_bitbucket("Grantlab/bio3d-view")

```
library(bio3d)
  aa<- get.seq("1ake_A")</pre>
Warning in get.seq("lake_A"): Removing existing file: seqs.fasta
Fetching... Please wait. Done.
  aa
                                                                           60
             \tt MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQISTGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVT
pdb|1AKE|A
            61
                                                                           120
pdb|1AKE|A
             DELVIALVKERIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFDVPDELIVDRI
            61
                                                                           120
           121
                                                                           180
             VGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTGEELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIG
pdb|1AKE|A
                                                                           180
           181
                                                214
pdb | 1AKE | A YYSKEAEAGNTKYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG
           181
                                                214
Call:
  read.fasta(file = outfile)
Class:
  fasta
Alignment dimensions:
  1 sequence rows; 214 position columns (214 non-gap, 0 gap)
+ attr: id, ali, call
```

Now we can use this sequence as a query to BLAST search the PDB to find similar sequences and structures

```
#blast or hmmer search
  #b <- blast.pdb(aa)</pre>
  hits <- NULL
  hits$pdb.id <- c('1AKE_A','6S36_A','6RZE_A','3HPR_A','1E4V_A','5EJE_A','1E4Y_A','3X2S_A','
I could save and load my blast results next time so I don't need to run the search every time.
  #saveRDS(b, file="blast_results.RDS")
  #b <- readRDS("blast_results.RDS")</pre>
A summary plot of our BLAST results
  #plot(b)
  #hits <- plot(b)</pre>
  hits$pdb.id
 [1] "1AKE_A" "6S36_A" "6RZE_A" "3HPR_A" "1E4V_A" "5EJE_A" "1E4Y_A" "3X2S_A"
 [9] "6HAP_A" "6HAM_A" "4K46_A" "3GMT_A" "4PZL_A"
  # Download releated PDB files
  files <- get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path="pdbs", split=TRUE, gzip=TRUE)</pre>
Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/1AKE.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download
Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/6S36.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download
Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/6RZE.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download
Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/3HPR.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download
```

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/1E4V.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/5EJE.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/1E4Y.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/3X2S.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/6HAP.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/6HAM.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/4K46.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/3GMT.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):

| | 0% | ===== | 8% | | 15% | ======== | 23% | | 31%

pdbs/4PZL.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Next we are going to align and superpose all these strutures

```
pdbs <- pdbaln(files, fit = TRUE, exefile="msa")</pre>
```

```
Reading PDB files:
pdbs/split_chain/1AKE_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6S36_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6RZE_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/3HPR_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/1E4V_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/5EJE_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/1E4Y_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/3X2S_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6HAP_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6HAM_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/4K46_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/3GMT_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/4PZL_A.pdb
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
     PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
       PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
    PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
```

. .

Extracting sequences

```
name: pdbs/split chain/1AKE A.pdb
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
             name: pdbs/split_chain/6S36_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 2
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
             name: pdbs/split_chain/6RZE_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 3
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 4
             name: pdbs/split_chain/3HPR_A.pdb
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
             name: pdbs/split_chain/1E4V_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 5
             name: pdbs/split_chain/5EJE_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 6
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 7
             name: pdbs/split_chain/1E4Y_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 8
             name: pdbs/split_chain/3X2S_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 9
             name: pdbs/split_chain/6HAP_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 10
              name: pdbs/split_chain/6HAM_A.pdb
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
              name: pdbs/split_chain/4K46_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 11
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 12
              name: pdbs/split_chain/3GMT_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 13
              name: pdbs/split_chain/4PZL_A.pdb
```

pdbs

[Truncated_Name:1]1AKE_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:2]6S36_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:3]6RZE_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:4]3HPR_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:5]1E4V_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:6]5EJE_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:7]1E4Y_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:8]3X2S_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:9]6HAP_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:10]6HAM_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:11]4K46_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:11]3GMT_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:12]3GMT_A.pdb

		^**	*****	* *^ >	* **
	1	•		•	40
[Truncated_Name:1]1AKE_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:2]6S36_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:3]6RZE_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:4]3HPR_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:5]1E4V_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:6]5EJE_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:7]1E4Y_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:8]3X2S_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:9]6HAP_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:10]6HAM_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:11]4K46_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:11]4K46_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:12]3GMT_A.pdb	TGDMLRAA'	. VKSGSELGKQA	KDIMDAGKLY KSVIDAGQLY KTYMDEGKLY	VTDELVIA VTDELVIA VTDELVIA VTDELVIA VTDELVIA VTDELVIA VTDELVIA VTDELVIA VTDELVIA VTDELIIA VTDEIIIA VSDDIILO	ALVKE
1	****	` ^* *^ **	* ^* *	* * ^^	^*^^
	41			•	80
[Truncated_Name:1]1AKE_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:2]6S36_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:3]6RZE_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:4]3HPR_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:5]1E4V_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:6]5EJE_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:7]1E4Y_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:8]3X2S_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:9]6HAP_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:10]6HAM_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:11]4K46_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:12]3GMT_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:12]3GMT_A.pdb	RIAQEDCRI RIAQEDCRI RIAQEDCRI RIAQEDCRI RIAQEDCRI RIAQEDSRI RICQEDSRI RICQEDSRI RICQEDSRI RIAQDDCAI	. NGFLLDGFPRT NGYLFDGFPRT NGYLFDGFPRT *^* ** ***	TIPQADAMKE,	AGINVDYY AGINVDYY AGINVDYY AGINVDYY AGINVDYY AGINVDYY AGINVDYY AGINVDYY VGVVVDYY AGVAIDYY	VLEFD
[Truncated_Name:1]1AKE_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:2]6S36_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:3]6RZE_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:4]3HPR_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:5]1E4V_A.pdb	VPDELIVD VPDELIVD VPDELIVD	RIVGRRVHAPS KIVGRRVHAPS AIVGRRVHAPS RIVGRRVHAPS RIVGRRVHAPS	GRVYHVKFNI GRVYHVKFNI GRVYHVKFNI	PPKVEGKI PPKVEGKI PPKVEGKI	DDVTG DDVTG DDGTG

[Truncated_Name: 6] 5EJE_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:7]1E4Y_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:8]3X2S_A.pdb [Truncated Name:9]6HAP A.pdb [Truncated Name: 10] 6HAM A.pdb [Truncated Name:11]4K46 A.pdb [Truncated Name:12]3GMT A.pdb [Truncated_Name: 13] 4PZL_A.pdb VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG VADSVIVERMAGRRAHLASGRTYHNVYNPPKVEGKDDVTG VPFSEIIERMSGRRTHPASGRTYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG VADNLLIERITGRRIHPASGRTYHTKFNPPKVADKDDVTG

121 160

161 200

[Truncated_Name:1]1AKE_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:2]6S36_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:3]6RZE_A.pdb [Truncated_Name: 4] 3HPR_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:5]1E4V_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:6]5EJE_A.pdb [Truncated Name:7]1E4Y A.pdb [Truncated Name:8]3X2S A.pdb [Truncated Name:9]6HAP A.pdb [Truncated Name:10]6HAM A.pdb [Truncated_Name:11]4K46_A.pdb [Truncated_Name: 12] 3GMT_A.pdb [Truncated_Name: 13] 4PZL_A.pdb

EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN EELTTRKDDQEECVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLCEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN EDLVIREDDKEETVLARLGVYHNQTAPLIAYYGKEAEAGN EPLVQRDDDKEETVKKRLDVYEAQTKPLITYYGDWARRGA EPLITRTDDNEDTVKQRLSVYHAQTAKLIDFYRNFSSTNT

* ** *^ * ** * * ** ^* 161

200

201 227

[Truncated_Name:1]1AKE_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:2]6S36_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:3]6RZE_A.pdb [Truncated_Name: 4] 3HPR_A.pdb [Truncated Name:5]1E4V A.pdb [Truncated Name:6]5EJE A.pdb [Truncated Name:7]1E4Y A.pdb

[Truncated Name:8]3X2S A.pdb [Truncated Name:9]6HAP A.pdb [Truncated_Name:10]6HAM_A.pdb

[Truncated_Name:11]4K46_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:12]3GMT_A.pdb

[Truncated_Name: 13] 4PZL_A.pdb

T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-

T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-

T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-

T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-

T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-

T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-

T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-

T--KYAKVDGTKPVCEVRADLEKILG-T--KYAKVDGTKPVCEVRADLEKILG-

T--QYLKFDGTKAVAEVSAELEKALA-

E----YRKISG-

KIPKYIKINGDQAVEKVSQDIFDQLNK

. . . . 227 201 Call: pdbaln(files = files, fit = TRUE, exefile = "msa") Class: pdbs, fasta Alignment dimensions: 13 sequence rows; 227 position columns (204 non-gap, 23 gap) + attr: xyz, resno, b, chain, id, ali, resid, sse, call pdbs\$xyz Total Frames#: 13 Total XYZs#: 681, (Atoms#: 227) [1] NA NA NA <...> 15.818 46.771 47.7 [8853] + attr: Matrix DIM = 13×681 # Vector containing PDB codes for figure axis ids <- basename.pdb(pdbs\$id)</pre> # Draw schematic alignment #plot(pdbs, labels=ids) And collect annotation for each entry anno <- pdb.annotate(ids)</pre> unique(anno\$source) [1] "Escherichia coli"

- [2] "Escherichia coli K-12"
- [3] "Escherichia coli 0139:H28 str. E24377A"
- [4] "Escherichia coli str. K-12 substr. MDS42"
- [5] "Photobacterium profundum"
- [6] "Burkholderia pseudomallei 1710b"
- [7] "Francisella tularensis subsp. tularensis SCHU S4"

head(anno)

```
structureId chainId macromoleculeType chainLength experimentalTechnique
                                      Protein
                                                       214
1AKE A
              1AKE
                          Α
                                                                            X-ray
6S36_A
              6S36
                                                       214
                          Α
                                      Protein
                                                                            X-ray
6RZE A
              6RZE
                                      Protein
                                                       214
                                                                            X-ray
                                      Protein
3HPR_A
              3HPR
                          Α
                                                       214
                                                                            X-ray
1E4V_A
                                                       214
              1E4V
                          Α
                                      Protein
                                                                            X-ray
5EJE_A
              5EJE
                          Α
                                      Protein
                                                       214
                                                                            X-ray
                         scopDomain
       resolution
                                                       pfam
                                                                     ligandId
             2.00 Adenylate kinase Adenylate kinase (ADK)
1AKE_A
                                                                          AP5
6S36_A
                               <NA> Adenylate kinase (ADK) CL (3),NA,MG (2)
             1.60
             1.69
                               <NA> Adenylate kinase (ADK)
                                                                NA (3),CL (2)
6RZE_A
3HPR_A
             2.00
                               <NA> Adenylate kinase (ADK)
                                                                          AP5
1E4V_A
             1.85 Adenylate kinase Adenylate kinase (ADK)
                                                                          AP5
5EJE_A
             1.90
                               <NA> Adenylate kinase (ADK)
                                                                       AP5,CO
                                               ligandName
                        BIS (ADENOSINE) -5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE
1AKE_A
6S36 A
          CHLORIDE ION (3), SODIUM ION, MAGNESIUM ION (2)
                         SODIUM ION (3), CHLORIDE ION (2)
6RZE A
                        BIS (ADENOSINE) -5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE
3HPR A
1E4V A
                        BIS (ADENOSINE) -5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE
5EJE_A BIS(ADENOSINE)-5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE, COBALT (II) ION
                                         source
                              Escherichia coli
1AKE_A
6S36_A
                              Escherichia coli
6RZE_A
                              Escherichia coli
3HPR_A
                         Escherichia coli K-12
1E4V_A
                              Escherichia coli
5EJE_A Escherichia coli 0139:H28 str. E24377A
1AKE A STRUCTURE OF THE COMPLEX BETWEEN ADENYLATE KINASE FROM ESCHERICHIA COLI AND THE INHIB
6S36_A
6RZE A
3HPR_A
1E4V A
5EJE_A
                                                                                            Crys
                                                      citation rObserved rFree
1AKE_A
                      Muller, C.W., et al. J Mol Biol (1992)
                                                                   0.1960
6S36_A
                        Rogne, P., et al. Biochemistry (2019)
                                                                   0.1632 0.2356
                        Rogne, P., et al. Biochemistry (2019)
                                                                   0.1865 0.2350
6RZE_A
```

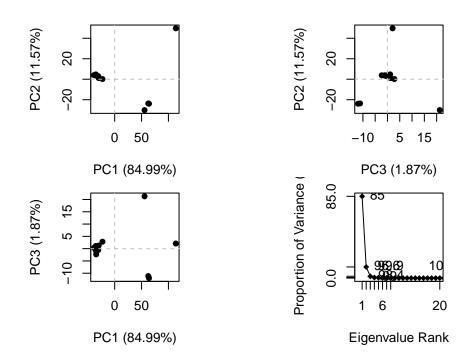
0.2100 0.2432

3HPR_A Schrank, T.P., et al. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A (2009)

```
1E4V_A
                        Muller, C.W., et al. Proteins (1993)
                                                                  0.1960
                                                                             NA
5EJE_A Kovermann, M., et al. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A (2017)
                                                                  0.1889 0.2358
        rWork spaceGroup
1AKE_A 0.1960 P 21 2 21
6S36_A 0.1594
                 C 1 2 1
6RZE_A 0.1819
                 C 1 2 1
               P 21 21 2
3HPR_A 0.2062
1E4V_A 0.1960
               P 21 2 21
5EJE_A 0.1863
               P 21 2 21
```

Time for PCA we will not use the prcomp() function from base R but the pca() function from the bio3d package as this one is designed to work nicely with biomolecular data.

```
pc.xray <- pca (pdbs)
plot(pc.xray)</pre>
```

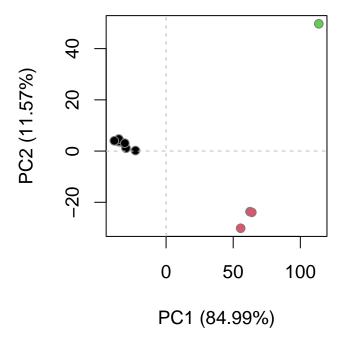


```
# Calculate RMSD
rd <- rmsd(pdbs)</pre>
```

Warning in rmsd(pdbs): No indices provided, using the 204 non NA positions

```
# Structure-based clustering
hc.rd <- hclust(dist(rd))
grps.rd <- cutree(hc.rd, k=3)

plot(pc.xray, 1:2, col="grey50", bg=grps.rd, pch=21, cex=1)</pre>
```



To visualize the major structural variations in the ensemblethe function mktrj() can be used to generate a trajectory PDB file by interpolating along a give PC (eigenvector):

```
# Visualize first principal component
mktrj(pc.xray, pc=1, file="pc_1.pdb")
```

We can now open this trajectory file in Molstar to view a wee movie of the major differences (i.e displacements) in the structure set as we move along PC1.