DAFTAR PUSTAKA

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Membangun sistem

Analisa sistem Massive MIMO

Studi latar belakang

penelitian

Menentukan parameter sistem

Analisa pengaruh estimasi CSI terhadap kinerja sistem

Membangun sistem pemancar

Perkembangan Teknologi 5G

Analisa pengaruh pengaruh penambahan jumlah antena terhadap kinerja sistem

*Massive MIMO* dapat mendukung perkembangan 5G

Membangun sistem penerima

Analisa efisiensi spektrum pada sistem *Massive MIMO*

Penambahan jumlah elemen *array* dapat meningkatkan kapasitas

Membangun skema estimasi CSI

Analisa Efisiensi SpektrumSistem Multi User Massive MIMO Sel Tunggal Pada Kanal Rayleigh dan Random Line

of Sight

Simulasi pada kanal UR-LOS dengan kondisi imperfect CSI

Studi literatur estimasi CSI

Penulisan laporan

Studi literatur skema OFDM

Pembuatan *draft paper*

Simulasi pada kanal Rayleigh dengan kondisi imperfect CSI

Studi literatur teknik precoding

Mengumpulkan data hasil simulasi dan Analisa hasil simulasi

Simulasi estimasi CSI

Studi literatur tipe kanal

Proses publikasi

Simulasi pada kanal UR-LOS dengan kondisi perfect CSI

Studi literatur sistem kerja MU- *Massive MIMO*

Simulasi pada kanal Rayleigh dengan kondisi perfect CSI

Simulasi sistem Massive MIMO

Studi literatur

**Estimasi CSI**

**BTS**

**User**

**Transmisi**

Channel Estimation

Channel Estimation

Sinyal pilot diterima

Orthogonal pilot

**User**

**BTS**

**W**

**H**

**Kanal**

Data

stream

Decoding

Modulasi QAM

Decoding

OFDM

Precoding

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Uplink data | Uplink pilot | Downlink pilot | Downlink data |

1. Dengan downlink pilot

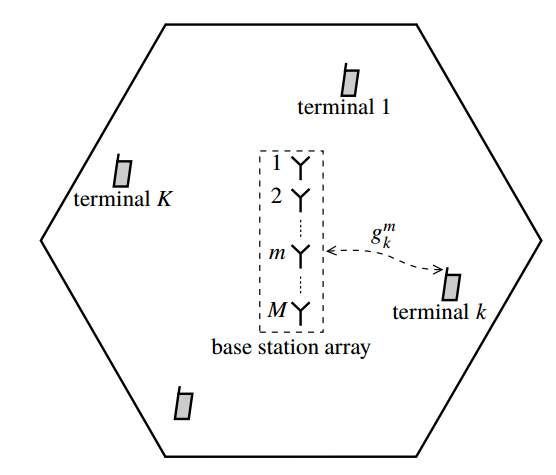
|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Uplink data | Uplink pilot | Downlink data |

1. Tanpa downlink pilot

asa

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| s1 | s2 | s3 | s4 | s5 |

|  |
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**User K**

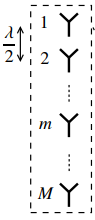
**User 3**

**User 2**

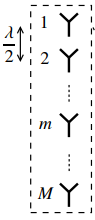
**User 1**

**BTS**



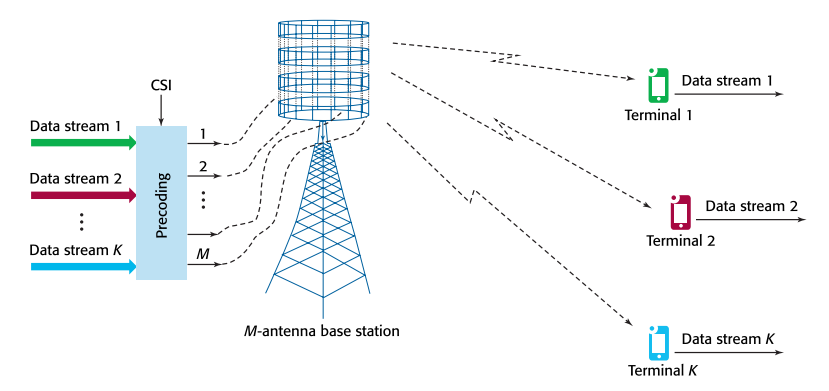












BTS dengan M-antena

User 3

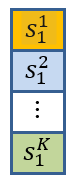
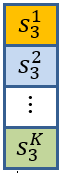
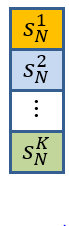
User 2

User 1

User



Subcarrier







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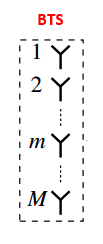
0

0

0

0

**Orthogonal** **pilot**



*Mean Square Error* (MSE)

Estimasi kanal

De-spreading pilot

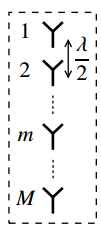
Sinyal pilot diterima



|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Parameter | Urban |
| Frekuensi Carrier | 30GHz |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |







**BTS Arr**

User 1



User k

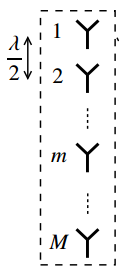




User K



**User 1**



**BTS Array**

**User k**



**User K**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Parameter | Suburban area |
| Frekuensi carrier | 30GHz |
| Spectral bandwidth | 20MHz |
| Jumlah Antena BTS | 100 antena |
| Jumlah user | 5 user |
| Gain antenna BTS | 0dBi |
| Gain antenna terminal | 0dBi |
| Noise figure BTS | 9dB |
| Noise figure perangkat user | 9dB |
| Temperatur perangkat user | 300K |
| Kecepatan mobitilas user | 284km/ha |
| Daya radias BTS | 1W |
| Daya radiasi perangkat user | 200Mw |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Subcarrier ke-N** |
|  | **……………** |
| **Cyclic prefix** |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | **……………** |
|  | **Subcarrier ke-2** |
|  | **Subcarrier ke-1** |

**Frekuensi**

**Bc = NB**

**Nsubcarrier**

**B**

**Tcp**

**Ts**

**Tu**

**Waktu**

ada

**Ts**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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**Jumlah sampel data (Ns)**

**Cyclic**

**prefix**

**Tu**

**Tg**

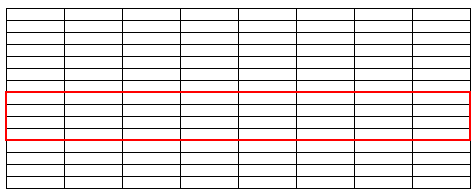
**Time**

**Nslot simbol OFDM**

**Coherence interval**

**Frekuensi**

**Nsmooth subcarriers**



**BC**

**Bs**

**Ts**

**Tslot**

**Waktu**

Studi literatur sistem komunikasi Massive MIMO

Membangun sistem Massive MIMO

Simulasi

Analisa

Publikasi dan laporan

Pembangkitan bit

Inisialisasi:

M, K ,N, L, nBit, SNR, frame, nPilot, nCP, modType, beta

Mulai

4-QAM

Pemetaan ke dalam subcarrier

User mengirim pilot

Perfect CSI ?

BTS menerima sinyal pilot

Pembentukan matriks precoding

BTS mengestimasi kanal

IFFT

IFFT+CP

Rayleigh/

UR- LOS

Menentukan sudut user

Membentuk matriks kanal UR-LOS

Membentuk matriks kanal Rayleigh

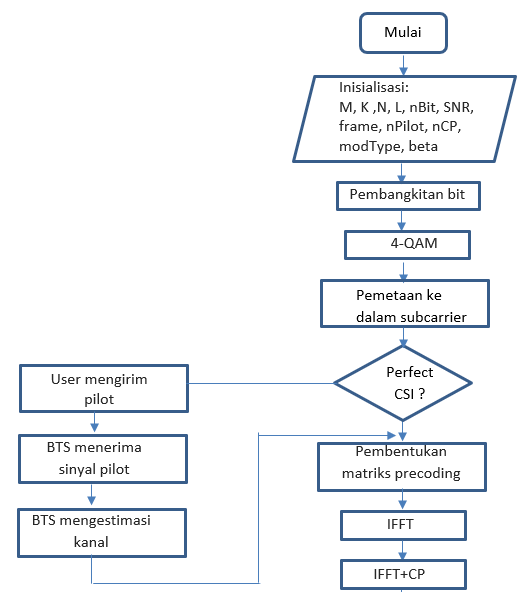
Perkalian sinyal dengan kanal UR-LOS + AWGN

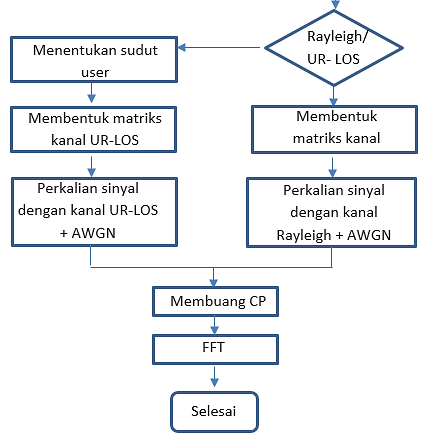
Perkalian sinyal dengan kanal Rayleigh + AWGN

Membuang CP

FFT

Selesai





**Kanal**

**Transmitter**

Data

stream

Modulasi QAM

Precoding

OFDM

(IFFT)

**Receiver**

Zero Forcing Detector

QAM

Demod

OFDM

(FFT)

Modulasi QAM

Add CP

Invers

FFT

Precoding

Remove CP

FFT

Detector

Demodulasi QAM

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No** | **Kegiatan** | **Semester 1** | | | | | | | | | **Semester 2** | | | | | | **Semester 3** | | | | | | |
| **1** | **2** | | **3** | **4** | **5** | **6** | | **1** | | **2** | **3** | **4** | **5** | **6** | | **1** | **2** | **3** | **4** | **5** | **6** |
| 1 | Studi Literatur |  |  | |  |  |  |  | |  | |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Membangun sistem pemancar |  |  | |  |  |  |  | |  | |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Membangun scenario model kanal |  |  | |  |  |  |  | |  | |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Membangun sistem penerima |  |  | |  |  |  |  | |  | |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | Simulasi pembangkitan kanal |  |  | |  |  |  |  | |  | |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | Simulasi estimasi CSI dengan jumlah user skala kecil |  |  | |  |  |  |  | |  | |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | Simulasi transmisi dengan elemen array skala kecil |  |  | |  |  |  |  | |  | |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **U J I A N P R O P O S A L** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Simulasi estimasi CSI dengan jumlah elemen array massive |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  | | |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | Simulasi pembangkitan data dan multiplexing OFDM |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  | | |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | Simulasi transmisi dengan kanal Rayleigh |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  | | |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | Simulasi transmisi dengan kanal random LOS |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  | | |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | Simulasi proses decoding di receiver |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  | | |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | Analisa |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  | | |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Penulisan paper |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  | | |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Penulisan thesis |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  | | |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **U J I A N T E S I S** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

BTS membentuk precoding matrix

BTS membangkitkan data untuk masing-masing user

OFDM

User mentransmisikan pilot ke BTS

BTS mengestimasi CSI melalui sinyal pilot yang diterima

BTS mentransmisikan sinyal ke user

Menghitung BER dan efisiensi spektrum

Simulasi Pada Kondisi Imperfect CSI

BTS membentuk precoding matrix

BTS membangkitkan data untuk masing-masing user

OFDM

BTS diasumsikan telah mengetahui CSI

BTS mentransmisikan sinyal ke user

Menghitung BER dan efisiensi spektrum

Simulasi Pada Kondisi Perfect CSI