

# ST202/ST206 – Autumn Term

## Problem set 4

Due: 12 noon, Wednesday AT Week 5

1. Find the cumulative distribution functions corresponding to the following density functions:

- (a) Cauchy:  $f_X(x) = 1/[\pi(1 + x^2)]$  for  $x \in \mathbb{R}$
- (b) Logistic:  $f_X(x) = e^{-x}/(1 + e^{-x})^2$  for  $x \in \mathbb{R}$
- (c) Pareto:  $f_X(x) = (a - 1)/(1 + x)^a$  for  $x > 0$ , where  $a > 1$
- (d) Weibull:  $f_X(x) = c\tau x^{\tau-1}e^{-cx^\tau}$  for  $x > 0$ , where  $c, \tau > 0$

2. Let  $X \sim F_X$  be a continuous random variable. Work out the CDF and PDF of the following random variables:

- (a)  $e^X$       (b)  $X^2$       (c)  $F_X(X)$       (d)  $G^{-1}(F_X(X))$

where  $G : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow [0, 1]$  is a continuous and strictly increasing function

3. If  $X$  is a positive continuous random variable with density function  $f_X(x)$  and mean  $\mu$ , show that

$$g(y) = \begin{cases} yf_X(y)/\mu & y \geq 0 \\ 0 & y < 0 \end{cases}$$

is a valid density function, and hence show that

$$\mathbb{E}(X^3) \mathbb{E}(X) \geq \{\mathbb{E}(X^2)\}^2.$$

4. Find the mean and the variance for the following distributions:

- (a) Gamma:  $f_X(x) = \frac{\lambda^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} e^{-\lambda x} x^{\alpha-1}$  for  $x > 0$ , where  $\alpha, \lambda > 0$
- (b) Poisson:  $f_X(x) = e^{-\lambda} \lambda^x / x!$  for  $x = 0, 1, 2, \dots$ , where  $\lambda > 0$
- (c) Pareto:  $f_X(x) = (a - 1)/(1 + x)^a$  for  $x > 0$ , where  $a > 1$

5. \* Suppose that  $X \sim F_X$  is a continuous random variable taking values between  $-\infty$  and  $+\infty$ . Sometimes we want to *fold* the distribution of  $X$  about the value  $x = a$ , that is, we want the distribution of the random variable  $Y = |X - a|$ .

- (a) Work out the density function of  $Y$  in terms of  $f_X$ .  
[Hint: start with the CDF,  $F_Y(y)$ .]
- (b) Apply the result to the case where  $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$  and  $a = \mu$ .