# Predicting the NCAA Men's CBB Tournament

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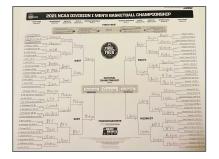
#### What we did...

Tried to predict the NCAA Tournament...

..for a tournament where...



Point Differential Model



Possession Model

**70**,000,000 brackets are filled out each year

1 in 9.2 quintillion are the chances of a perfect bracket

**0.025%** Of people had this year's Final Four predicted correctly

## How we did it...(Point Differential Model)

List of teams with aggregate season point differential

Team_1_ID	plus_minus
1101	312
1102	-330
1103	80

Training and Test data were split 80/20

"Three" lines of Machine Learning Code
logreg = LogisticRegression()
logreg.fit(x\_train, y\_train)
logreg\_pred = logreg.predict(x\_test)
f1\_score(y\_test, logreg\_pred, average = "weighted"

Schedule with season point differential and winner populated; Team 1 and 2 positions were randomized to eliminate "home court" bias

Team_1_plusminus	Team_2_plusminus	Winner
53	128	-1
250	-18	1
89	-200	1

"X" Data

"Y" or "Target" Data

F1 Score - Logistic Regression: 73%

## How we did it...(Possession Model)

Season-level differentials across possession-oriented features

Points Per Possession Difference	Opponent Points Per Possession Difference	Possessions Per Game Difference	Home Court Advantage	Points Per Possession Standard Deviation Difference	Bad Plays Per Possession Difference (e.g. turnovers, fouls, blocks)	Winner
2.1	-0.3	0.5	0	1.2	-1.9	1
-1.2	1.3	1.8	1	-0.7	2.5	0
0.5	0.8	-0.9	-1	2.1	-0.3	1

"X" Data

Training and Test data were split 80/20

"Y" or "Target" Data

F1 Score - Logistic Regression: 77%

F1 Score - Random Forest: 77%

F1 Score - Gradient Boosting: 77%

F1 Score - Naive Bayes: 75%

**F1 Score - KNN: 73%** 

F1 Score - 5 Model Ensemble: 77%

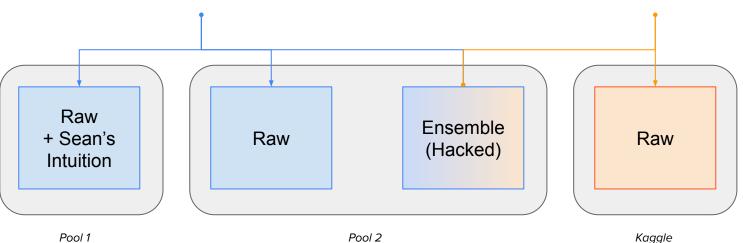
#### How we tested our models...

#### **Point Differential Model**

Fed annual point differential aggregations into a logistic regression classifier that trained on CBB outcomes from 2015 - 2020

#### Possession (Match-Up) Model

Fed annual differentials in several categories (e.g., possessions, etc.) into a logistic regression classifier that trained on CBB outcomes from 2010 - 2020



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#### What Happened?

Baylor beat nearly everyone by double digits

- Round 1: Won by 24
- Round 2: **Won by 13**
- Sweet 16: Won by 11
- Elite 8: Won by 9
- Final Four: Won by 19
- Championship Game: Won by 16



...and no one had a perfect bracket

#### So...How did we do?

Pool 1

Point Differential Raw Point Differential Raw Possession Model Ensemble (Hacked) + Sean's Intuition Finished 10th of 18 Finished 7th of 29 Finished 6th of 29 Finished **100th** of **1,200 30** of **63** correct (47.6%) **33** of **63** correct (**52.4**%) **30** of **63** correct (47.6%) 28 of 63 correct (44.4%) Two of Final Four correct Two of Final Four correct One of Final Four correct Three of Final Four correct Champion: Gonzaga Champion: Gonzaga Champion: Gonzaga Champion: Gonzaga

Pool 2

Kaggle

#### Did we get lucky?

Raw Point Differential

Raw Possession Model

Year	Kaggle Score
2021	0.64
2019	0.57

Year	Kaggle Score
2021	0.60 (Top 10%)
2019	0.59

#### Kaggle log loss formula:

Team 1 Result \* Log(Team 1 Probability) + Team 2 Result \* Log(Team 2 Probability)

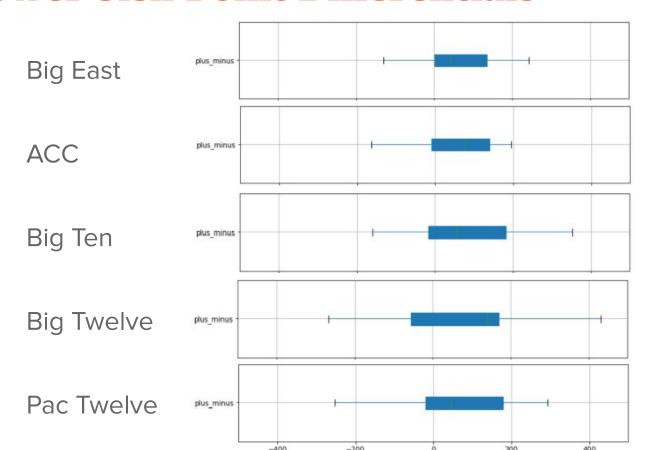
Lower is better in Kaggle Scores, this year's winner scored 0.55

#### How we could have done better...

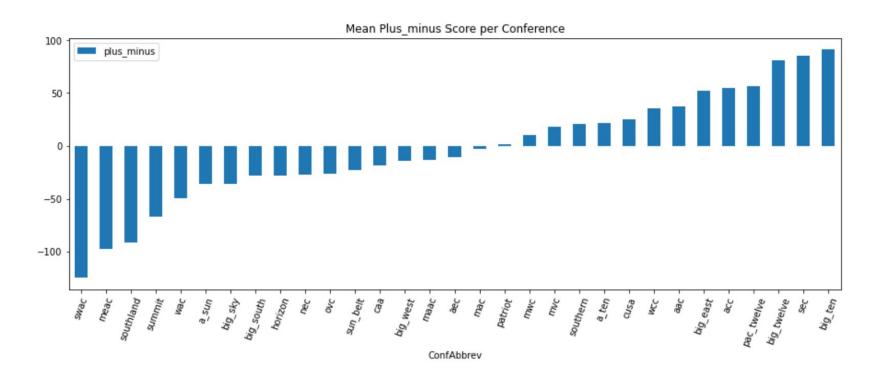
- Adjust for strength of schedule, our models may have overvalued strong teams who played weaker competition
- Add a feature for likelihood of one Team 1 beating Team 2
  - This could take many forms
- Include seeding information (e.g., upsets are more likely in specific matchups)
  - Create a model purely on predicting upsets
- Adjusting point differentials for neutral sites, uneven number of games, and unbalanced schedules (e.g., home versus away)
- Putting greater weights on more recent performance (end of season/most recent seasons)
- Your thoughts?

## Appendix

#### **Power 5ish Point Differentials**



## **Average Point Differential by Conference**



### Mean plus\_minus per conference

#### plus\_minus

Cont	$f\Lambda h$	hre	20/
COIII	MU	DI	

COMADDICA			
a_sun	-36.666667	horizon	-28.750000
a_ten	21.500000	maac	-13,909091
aac	37.272727	mac	-3.000000
acc	54.266667	meac	-97.333333
aec	-11.000000	mvc	17.600000
big_east	52.181818	mwc	9.636364
big_sky	-36.272727	nec	-27.200000
big_south	-28.818182	ovc	-26.916667
big_ten	91.214286	pac_twelve	56.416667
big_twelve	81.100000	patriot	1.300000
big_west	-14.545455	sec	85.214286
caa	-19.000000	southern	20.600000
cusa	25,285714	southland	-91.461538

summit	-66.777778
sun_belt	-22,916667
swac	-124.700000
wac	-49.44444
wcc	35.600000

