DATA PREPROCESSING

```
import librosa
import scipy.signal
import webrtcvad
TARGET SR = 16000
def wiener_filter(signal):
  return scipy.signal.wiener(signal)
def normalize audio(signal):
  return signal / np.max(np.abs(signal)) if
np.max(np.abs(signal)) != 0 else signal
def resample_audio(signal, orig_sr, target_sr=TARGET_SR):
  return librosa.resample(signal, orig sr=orig sr,
target sr=target sr)
def vad webrtc(signal, sr, frame ms=30, mode=3):
  vad = webrtcvad.Vad(mode)
  frame_len = int(sr * frame_ms / 1000)
  voiced = np.array([], dtype=np.float32)
  for i in range(0, len(signal), frame_len):
    frame = signal[i:i+frame len]
    if len(frame) < frame len:
      break
    pcm = (frame * 32768).astype(np.int16).tobytes()
    if vad.is_speech(pcm, sr):
      voiced = np.concatenate((voiced, frame))
  return voiced if len(voiced) > 0 else signal
```

DATA AUGMENTATION

from audiomentations import AddGaussianNoise, TimeStretch, PitchShift, Shift, Gain

```
augmentations = [
  AddGaussianNoise(min amplitude=0.001,
max_amplitude=0.015, p=1.0),
  TimeStretch(min rate=0.8, max rate=1.2, p=1.0),
  PitchShift(min semitones=-4, max semitones=4, p=1.0),
  Shift(min shift=-0.5, max shift=0.5, p=1.0),
  Gain(min gain db=-6, max gain db=6, p=1.0)
def apply_augmentation(audio, sr, transform):
  return transform(samples=audio, sample_rate=sr)
FEATURE LOADING, ENCODING AND SCALING
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder,
StandardScaler
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
df = pd.read csv("100wav wavlm large features.csv")
X = df.iloc[:, 2:].values
y = df["emotion"].values
scaler = StandardScaler()
X = scaler.fit transform(X)
le = LabelEncoder()
y = le.fit_transform(y)
y_cat = tf.keras.utils.to_categorical(y)
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y_cat,
test size=0.2, random state=42)
X train = X train.reshape((X train.shape[0], 1,
X train.shape[1]))
X_test = X_test.reshape((X_test.shape[0], 1, X_test.shape[1]))
```

MODEL BUILDING: BILSTM + SELF-ATTENTION

```
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, Dense, Dropout,
Bidirectional, LSTM, MultiHeadAttention, LayerNormalization,
GlobalAveragePooling1D
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
def build_model(seq_len, feat_dim, num cls):
  inputs = Input(shape=(seq_len, feat_dim))
  x = Bidirectional(LSTM(64,
return_sequences=True))(inputs)
  x_proj = Dense(128)(x)
  attn = MultiHeadAttention(num_heads=4,
key dim=128)(x proj, x proj)
  x = LayerNormalization()(x proj + attn)
  x = GlobalAveragePooling1D()(x)
  x = Dense(128, activation='relu')(x)
  x = Dropout(0.3)(x)
  outputs = Dense(num_cls, activation='softmax')(x)
  model = Model(inputs, outputs)
  model.compile(optimizer=Adam(1e-
3),loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
  return model
model = build model(1, X train.shape[2], y cat.shape[1])
model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=50, batch_size=32,
validation data=(X test, y test)
```

EVALUATION METRICS

from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, balanced_accuracy_score, r2_score

```
y_pred = np.argmax(model.predict(X_test), axis=1)
y_true = np.argmax(y_test, axis=1)
print("Accuracy:", model.evaluate(X_test, y_test)[1])
print("Balanced Accuracy:", balanced_accuracy_score(y_true, y_pred))
print("R² Score:", r2_score(y_true, y_pred))
print("Classification Report:\n", classification_report(y_true, y_pred))
```