## CSE 330 (Spring 2024) Assignment 1 [CO4]

- 1. In the classes, we discussed three forms of floating number representations as shown below, (1) Standard/General Form, (2) Normalized Form, (3) Denormalized Form. Now, let's take,  $\beta = 2$ , m = 3 and  $-2 \le e \le 4$ . Based on these, answer the following:
- (a) (3 marks) What are the **maximum/largest** numbers that can be stored in the system by these three forms defined above (express your answer in decimal values)?
  (b) (3 marks) What are the **non-negative minimum/smallest** numbers that can be stored in the system by the three forms defined above (express your answer in decimal values)?
  (c) (4 marks) What are the **maximum/largest and minimum/smallest** numbers that can be stored in the system by the three forms defined above if the system has negative support?
- 2. Consider the **real number x =**  $(6.235)_{10}$
- (a) (3 marks) First convert the decimal number x in binary format at least up to 9 decimal/binary places.
- (b) (4 marks) What will be the binary value of x [Find fl(x)] if you store it in a system with m = 5 and m = 6 using the **general/standard** form of Floating point representation.
- (c) (3 marks) Now convert back to the decimal form the stored values you obtained in the previous part, and calculate the **rounding error of both numbers**.
- 3. Consider the quadratic equation,  $2x^2 60x + 3 = 0$ . Below calculate **up to 6 significant** figures.
- (a) (4 marks) Find out where the loss of significance occurs when you calculate the roots?
- (b) (3 marks) Show that the roots evaluated in the previous part do not satisfy the fundamental properties of a polynomial.
- (c) (3 marks) Evaluate the correct roots such that loss of significance does not occur.

 $2x^2 - 60x + 3 = 0$  divides this by 2 after finding the root 1 and 2. then divide 1.5/root 1 lastly add root 1 + the dividend