## 34. Implementing the simulation of error correction code - CRC in java/C.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define POLYNOMIAL "1101" // Example divisor (CRC-3)
void xorOperation(char *dividend, const char *divisor) {
  for (int i = 0; i < strlen(divisor); i++) {
    dividend[i] = (dividend[i] == divisor[i]) ? '0' : '1';
  }
}
void computeCRC(char *data, char *remainder, const char *polynomial) {
  int dataLen = strlen(data);
  int polyLen = strlen(polynomial);
  char temp[100]; // Ensure enough space
  strcpy(temp, data);
  for (int i = 0; i <= dataLen - polyLen; i++) {
    if (temp[i] == '1') {
      xorOperation(&temp[i], polynomial);
    }
  }
  strncpy(remainder, &temp[dataLen - polyLen + 1], polyLen - 1);
  remainder[polyLen - 1] = '\0';
}
void appendCRC(char *data, const char *remainder) {
  strcat(data, remainder);
}
```

```
int verifyCRC(char *receivedData, const char *polynomial) {
  char remainder[strlen(polynomial)];
  computeCRC(receivedData, remainder, polynomial);
  for (int i = 0; i < strlen(remainder); i++) {</pre>
    if (remainder[i] != '0') return 0; // Error detected
  }
  return 1; // No error
}
int main() {
  char data[100] = "11010011101100"; // Example data
  char remainder[strlen(POLYNOMIAL)];
  char transmittedData[100];
  strcat(data, "000"); // Append space for remainder (POLYNOMIAL length - 1)
  computeCRC(data, remainder, POLYNOMIAL);
  strcpy(transmittedData, data);
  appendCRC(transmittedData, remainder);
  printf("Transmitted Data: %s\n", transmittedData);
  // Simulate received data (introduce errors for testing)
  char receivedData[100];
  strcpy(receivedData, transmittedData);
  receivedData[5] = (receivedData[5] == '0') ? '1' : '0'; // Introduce error
  printf("Received Data: %s\n", receivedData);
  if (verifyCRC(receivedData, POLYNOMIAL)) {
    printf("No error detected.\n");
```

```
} else {
    printf("Error detected.\n");
}

return 0;
}
```

