MA227 (Assignment-5)

1. Write a function JacobiIterSelf.m that takes an invertible matrix A, a vector b, a convergence tolerance tol, and a maximum number of iterations maxiter. The function returns approximate solution to the equation Ax = b by using Jacobi iterative solver. The function should be robust enough to accept dense systems of any moderate size. Run the iteration until $\frac{||x^{k+1}-x^k||_{\infty}}{||x^k||_{\infty}} < tol$, and only iterate at most maxiter times. Take default value of $tol = 10^{-8}$ and maxiter = 150. Also keep track the residual error $||Ax^k - b||_{\infty}$ and plot this error against iteration count. Also print a table in the following format

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
Iter & x_1^k & \cdot & x_n^k \\
\hline
x^0 & & & \\
\cdot & & & \\
x^k & & & & \\
\end{array}$$

2. Repeat the above question for Gauss-Seidel and save your function with name GSIterSelf.m.

3. Test the above functions for
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 7 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 8 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $b = \begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ -6 \\ 0 \\ 8 \\ 18 \end{bmatrix}$. The exact solution is

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$