# **Objectives**

- Introduction to Fractional Knapsack problem
- Greedy Strategies to solve fractional knapsack problem
- Optimal solution approach
- Practical example of fractional knapsack problem
- Algorithm and its complexity

## Problem statement:

Consider there are n objects and each object is having a weight w and contributes to profit p. There is a knapsack, a bag having capacity W.

Objective is to fill the knapsack in such a way that the profit shall be maximum. That is:

$$\max_{i=1}^{n} p_i x_i$$
 and  $\sum_{i=1}^{n} w_i x_i \leq W$ 

# Three different strategies to solve fractional knapsack problem:

#### Strategy 1:

Items are arranged by their profit values. Here an item with maximum profit is selected first.

#### Strategy 2:

Items are arranged by weights and an item with minimum weight is selected first.

# Strategy 3:

- 1. Calculate the ratio (value/wt.) for each item.
- 2. Sort the item based on the ratio.
- 3. Take the item with highest ratio and add them until we cannot add the next item as whole.
- 4.At the end add the next item as much (fraction) as we can.

# Example:

| objects | 1 | 2  | 3  | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---------|---|----|----|---|---|---|---|
| value   | 5 | 10 | 15 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 4 |
| Wt.     | 1 | 3  | 5  | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 |

Weight of knapsack is: 15 units

Strategy 1: Select the item first which is having maximum profit.

| Objects | profit       | Wt. | Remaining |
|---------|--------------|-----|-----------|
|         |              |     | wt.       |
| 3       | 15           | 5   | 15-5=10   |
| 2       | 10           | 3   | 10-3=7    |
| 6       | 9            | 3   | 7-3=4     |
| 5       | 8            | 1   | 4-1=3     |
| 4       | 7*(3/4)=5.25 | 3   | 3-3=0     |

Total profit: = 47.25 units

Strategy 2: Select the item first which is having minimum weight.

| + |         |            |     |           |
|---|---------|------------|-----|-----------|
|   | Objects | profit     | Wt. | Remaining |
|   |         |            |     | wt.       |
|   | 1       | 5          | 1   | 15-1=14   |
|   | 5       | 8          | 1   | 13        |
|   | 7       | 4          | 2   | 11        |
|   | 2       | 10         | 3   | 8         |
|   | 6       | 9          | 3   | 5         |
|   | 4       | 7          | 4   | 1         |
|   | 3       | 15*(1/5)=3 | 1   | 0         |
| _ |         |            |     |           |

Total profit: = 46 units

Strategy 3: select the item according to the profit by weight ratio.

| objects | 1 | 2   | 3  | 4    | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---------|---|-----|----|------|---|---|---|
| profit  | 5 | 10  | 15 | 7    | 8 | 9 | 4 |
| Wt.     | 1 | 3   | 5  | 4    | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| p/w     | 5 | 3.3 | 3  | 1.75 | 8 | 3 | 2 |

Weight of knapsack is: 15 units

| + |         |        |     |           |
|---|---------|--------|-----|-----------|
|   | Objects | profit | Wt. | Remaining |
|   |         |        |     | wt.       |
|   | 5       | 8      | 1   | 15-1=14   |
|   | 1       | 5      | 1   | 13        |
|   | 2       | 10     | 3   | 10        |
|   | 3       | 15     | 5   | 5         |
|   | 6       | 9      | 3   | 2         |
|   | 7       | 4      | 2   | 0         |

Total profit: = 51 units

### Assignment 1:

| objects | 1  | 2 | 3  | 4 | 5 | 6  | 7 |
|---------|----|---|----|---|---|----|---|
| value   | 12 | 5 | 15 | 7 | 6 | 18 | 5 |
| Wt.     | 2  | 3 | 5  | 7 | 2 | 6  | 1 |

Weight of knapsack is: 20 units.

### Assignment 2:

| objects | 1 | 2  | 3  | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---------|---|----|----|---|---|---|---|
| value   | 5 | 10 | 15 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 4 |
| Wt.     | 1 | 3  | 5  | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 |

Weight of knapsack is: 15 units

## Assignment 3:

| objects | 1  | 2   | 3   |
|---------|----|-----|-----|
| profit  | 60 | 100 | 120 |
| Wt.     | 10 | 20  | 30  |

Weight of knapsack is: 50 units

# Fractional knapsack problem using greedy approach:

Time Complexity:  $O(n \log n)$ ----- (verify?)