Creating a file share & sync solution using ownCloud and AWS

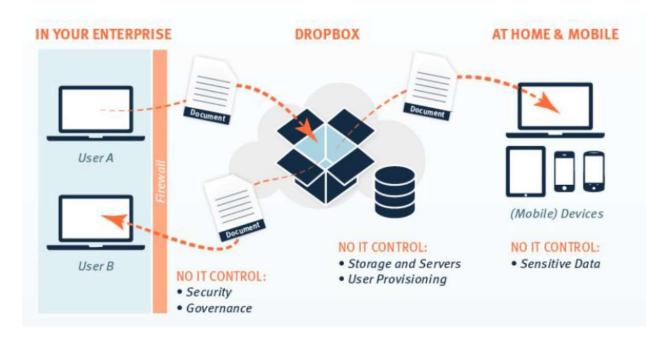
This project's goal is to set up the infrastructure necessary to run Owncloud applications with a MySQL database by utilizing AWS resources.

ownCloud:

ownCloud is an open source secure file sync and share solution which can help you gain control of this situation and enable you to create and deploy an enterprise scale file solution. ownCloud can run in your data center or on a public cloud, with its servers, storage etc completely managed and controlled by your IT team and management in accordance with your company's governance and security requirements.

Scenarion:

According to recent research, 40-75% of employees are using Dropbox to share files inside and outside of their businesses. Half of those Dropbox users do this even though they know it's against the rules. More than 40% of businesses have experienced the exposure of confidential information and the estimated average cost of a data breach equaled \$5.5 Million in 2011.



These files, containing sensitive company and customer data, are stored in a public cloud outside of the businesses' control – possibly even outside of the country. The potential for data leakage and security breaches is enormous and companies need to stay compliant with their own policies and procedures for security and governance.

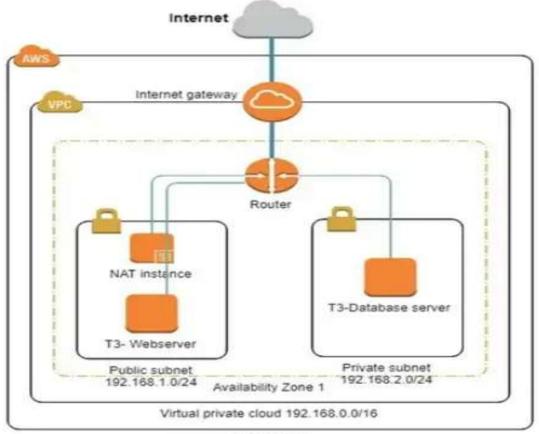
Objective:

Implement the ownCloud solution for a small workgroup, which can cater upto 150 users by using various AWS services. Your solution will be completely deployed on AWS.

Implementation Objective:

- > Implement 2 different subnets (one public and the other private) in a custom VPC called owncloud-vpc.
- Install and configure MySQL database to run on the private subnet. This subnet should be associated with a security group that allows traffic to private subnet only from the public subnet.
- The ownCloud app should be installed in public subnet and MUST be configured to access a new database called owncloud-db (created by you) in the private subnet. Apache HTTP server should host ownCloud application in this subnet and must be configured with required PHP modules for ownCloud.

Network Diagram & Design Considerations



AWS Region

- The implementation will have two subnets (public and private) to separate web application server and database server.
- Custom VPC (*owncloud-project1*) will have CIDR 192.168.0.0/16
- Public subnet will have CIDR 192.168.1.0/24 called *Owncloud-Public*. Auto-assign IP address will be set as enabled.
- Private subnet will have CIDR 192.168.2.0/24 called Owncloud-Private.
- Custom route table (*OwnCloud-PublicRT*) will be assigned to Public subnet.
- Default route table (*Owncloud-defaultroute*) will be assigned to Private subnet.

- *OwnCloud-PublicRT* will have bi-directional internet route entry using Amazon internet gateway.
- Owncloud-defaultroute will have NAT instance route entry to facilitate internet connectivity to private subnet.
- Two T3.micro EC2 instances will be used with Ubuntu 18.* LTS Amazon machine images.
- Two security groups will be created.

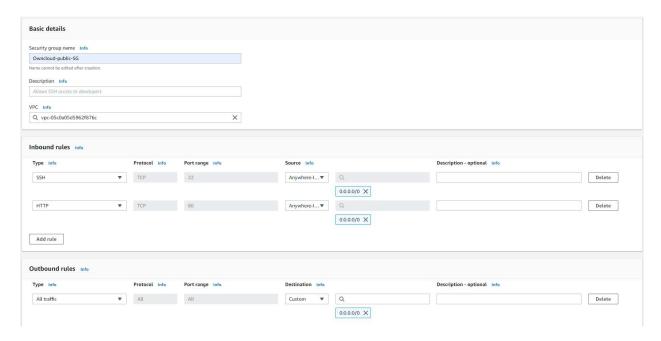
Security Group:

A security group acts as a virtual firewall that controls the traffic for one or more instances. When we launch an instance, we can specify one or more security groups; otherwise, default security group is used.

To implement this two security groups are created:

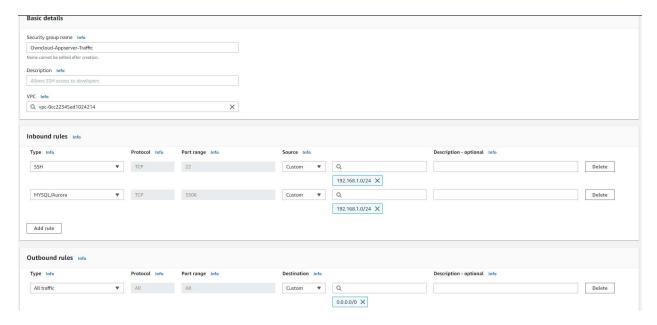
Owncloud-public-SG:

This will be assigned to Owncloud web server EC2 instance in public subnet. It opens SSH port 22 for remote access and HTTP port 80 for web access. This opens unrestricted access to above ports for the world.



Owncloud-Appserver-Traffic:

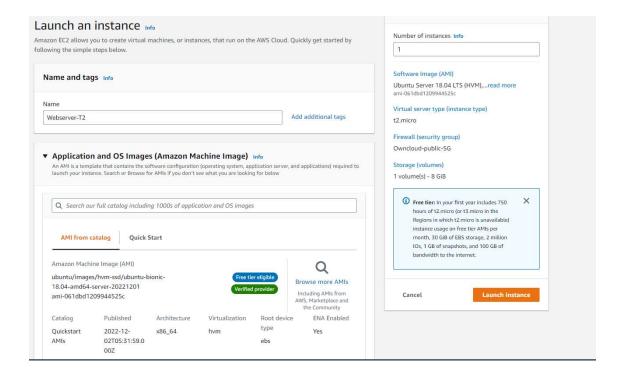
This will be assigned to database server EC2 instance in private subnet. This will enable restricted access to server from Public subnet only. It opens SSH port 22 for remote access and MYSQL DB port 3306 for remote database connection.



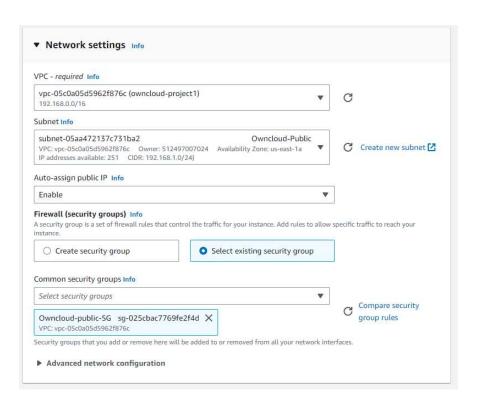
Procedure:

1. Create Ubuntu 18.04 instance using 7 steps workflow. Open ports 80 and 22 using security group.

a. Choose ubuntu AMI



b. Used custom VPC and public subnet.



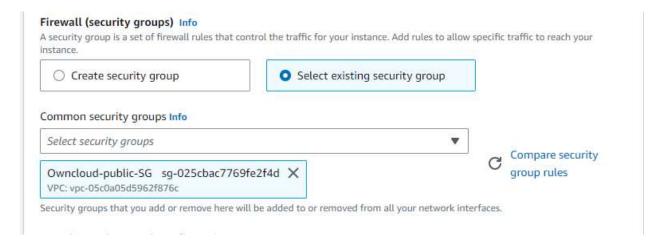
c. Used below bootstrap script to update repository, add key file and install ownserver cloud server files automatically while the instance is launched.

```
#!/bin/bashapt-get update -y
apt-get install apache2 -y
apt-get install php libapache2-mod-php php-mysql curl -y
cd /tmp
wget
https://download.owncloud.org/download/repositories/production/Ubun
tu 18.04/Release.key
apt-key add Release.key
echo 'deb
```

```
https://download.owncloud.org/download/repositories/production/Ubun
tu 18.04/ /' | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/owncloud.list
apt update
apt install php-bz2 php-curl php-gd php-imagick php-intl php-
mbstring php-xml php-zip owncloud-files -y
```



d. Assigned below security group



2. Make index.php as the default first load page and restart the server.

```
## dunntu@ip-192-168-1-220:/tmp - X

CIfModule mmd_dil.->

DirectoryIndex index.php index.cgi index.pl index.html index.html

(/IfModule)

- INSERT -- 2,56-63 All >
```

3. Change default site directory to owncloud files directory using sudo user and restart the server — sudo systemctl reload apache2.

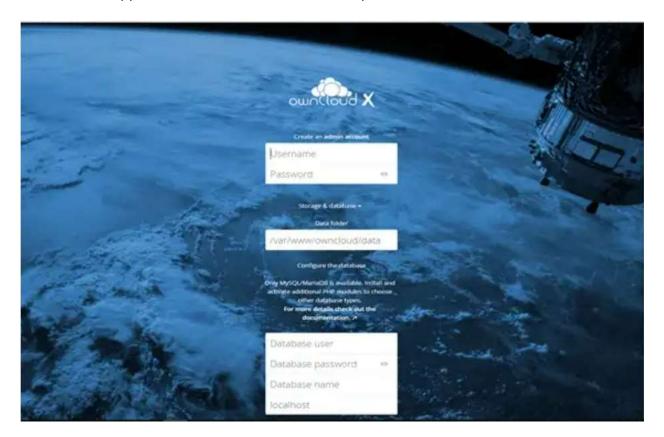
```
## ubuntu@ip-192-168-1-220:/tmp - X

VirtualHost 150>

ServerAdmin webmaster@localhost
DocumentRoot /var/www/owncloud

ErrorLog $(APACHE_LOG_DIR)/*****.log
CustomLog $(APACHE_LOG_DIR)/*****.log
CustomLog $(AFACHE_LOG_DIR)/access.log combined
```

4. Owncloud application is now accessible over public IP of EC2 instance.

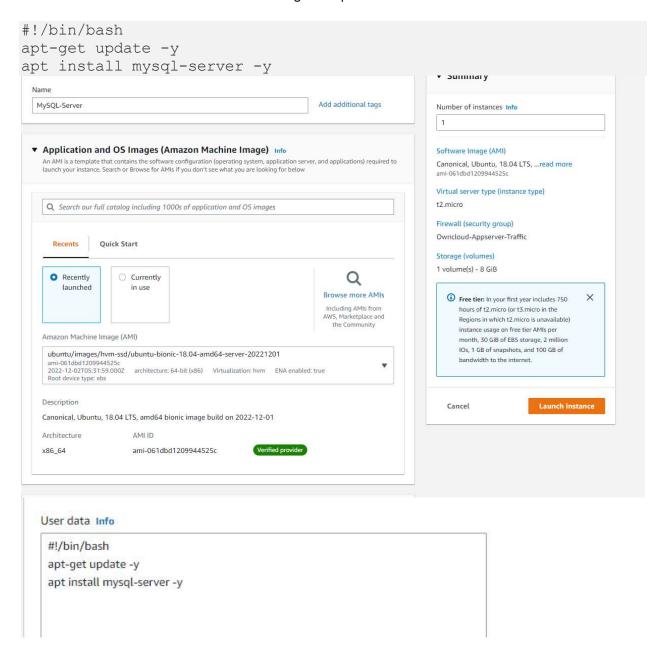


Implementing MySQL on Ubuntu EC2 instance in private subnet

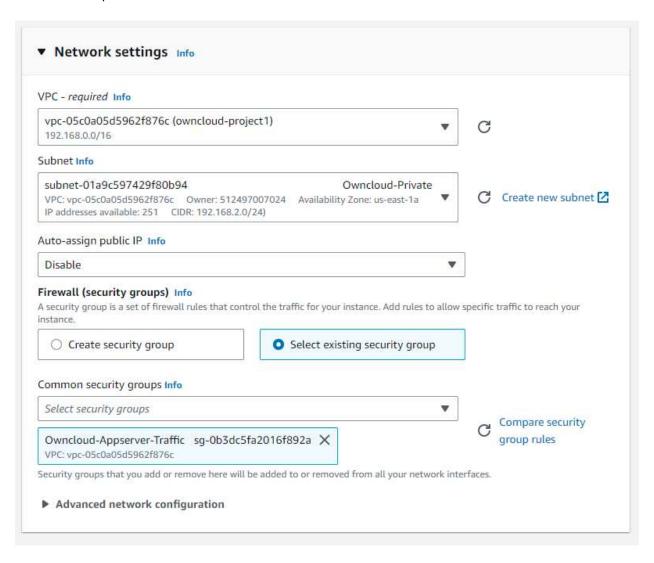
MySQL database is deployed in private subnet which is accessible only by subnet of owncloud webserver.

Procedure:

1. Create Ubuntu 18.04 instance using 7 steps workflow.



2. Using Owncloud-Appserver-Traffic security group which allows traffic only from public subnet.



3. SSH to database server from primary but internet is not available yet because we still need to create NAT gateway

4. After setting up NAT Gateway and configuring route table, we are able to access internet.

```
# ubuntu@ip-192-168-2-245: ~
                                                                                          et:12 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-updates/universe amd64 Packag ~
es [983 kB]
Get:13 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-updates/universe Translation-
en [299 kB]
Get:14 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-updates/multiverse amd64 Pack
ages [11.9 kB]
Set: 15 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-updates/multiverse Translatio
-en [5764 B]
Set:16 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-backports/main amd64 Packages
[2512 B]
Set:17 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-backports/main Translation-en
[1644 B]
Get:18 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-backports/universe amd64 Pack
ages [3732 B]
Set:19 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-backports/universe Translatio
n-en [1696 B]
Get: 20 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-security/main amd64 Packages [464 kB]
Get:21 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-security/main Translation-en [160 kB]
Get:22 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-security/universe amd64 Packages [577 kB]
Get:23 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-security/universe Translation-en [189 kB]
Get:24 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-security/multiverse amd64 Packages [4008 B
Get:25 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-security/multiverse Translation-en [2060 B
Fetched 17.7 MB in 4s (4950 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
14 packages can be upgraded. Run 'apt list --upgradable' to see them.
```

5. Created DB user and change bind address.

```
CREATE DATABASE owncloud

CREATE USER 'owncloud' @ 'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'password';

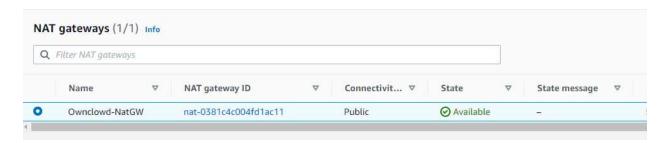
CREATE USER 'owncloud' @ '%' IDENTIFIED BY 'password';

GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON *.* to owncloud@localhost IDENTIFIED BY 'password' WITH GRANT OPTION;

GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON *.* to owncloud@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'password' WITH GRANT OPTION;FLUSH PRIVILEGES;EXIT;
```

Creating NAT Gateway for internet access to private subnet

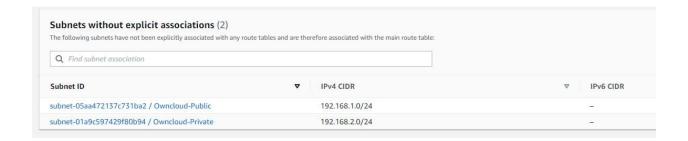
This is similar to above. The only difference is using Amazon AMI for NAT. Public subnet needs to be used. Here is the screenshot of NAT instance:



Here is the final view of EC2 dashboard:



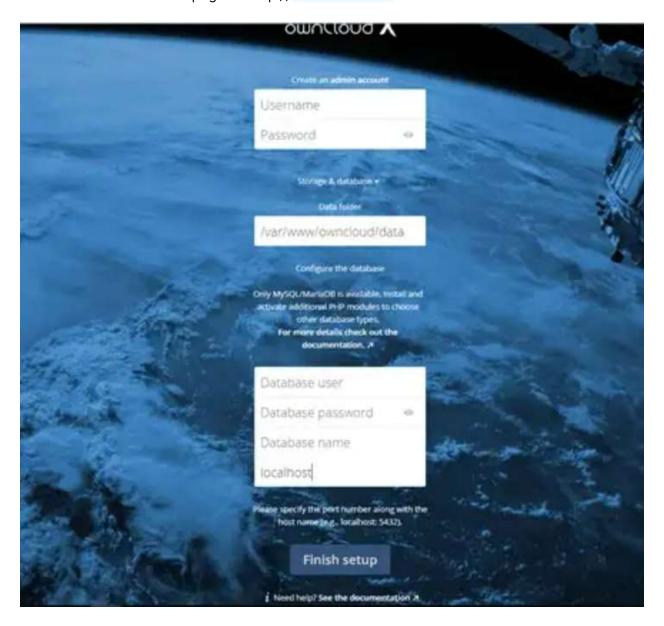
After this we need to add NAT gateway to private subnet route, refer here.



Completing owncloud configuration

Once all perquisites are in place and all instances are up and running below steps needs to be taken to complete the configuration.

1. Access owncloud webpage at http:// 54.209.164.207



2. Enter admin user and password. Enter database values. These values are taken from previous configuration.

Usename: owncloud Password: owncloud

Data folder: /var/www/owncloud/data

Database user: owncloud (created above)

Database password: password (created above)

Database name: owncloud (created above)

Database server IP: <IP OF database server in private subnet:port>

