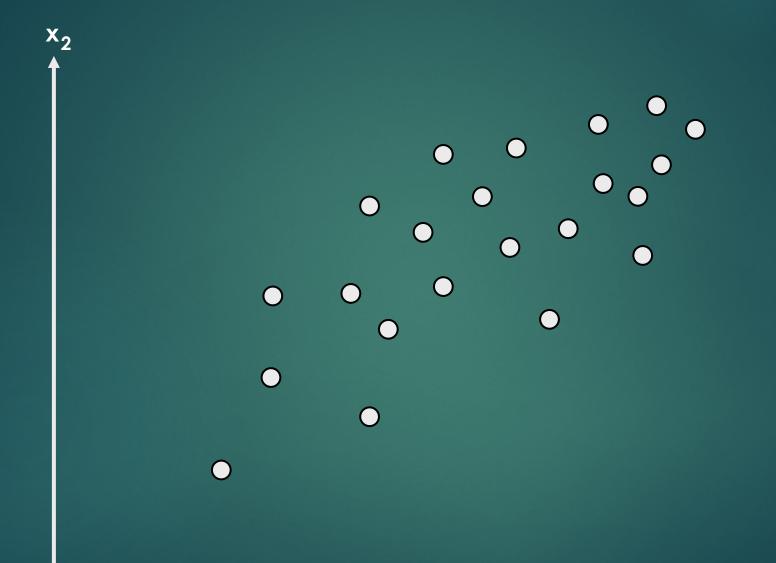
## MACHINE LEARNING

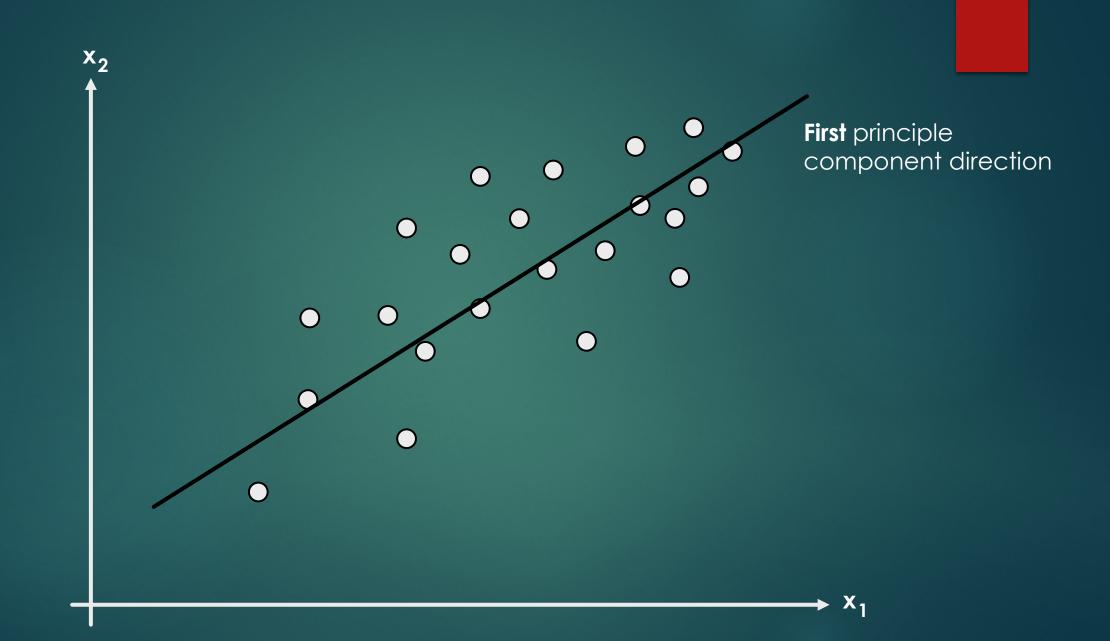
PRINCIPAL COMPONENT ANALYSIS

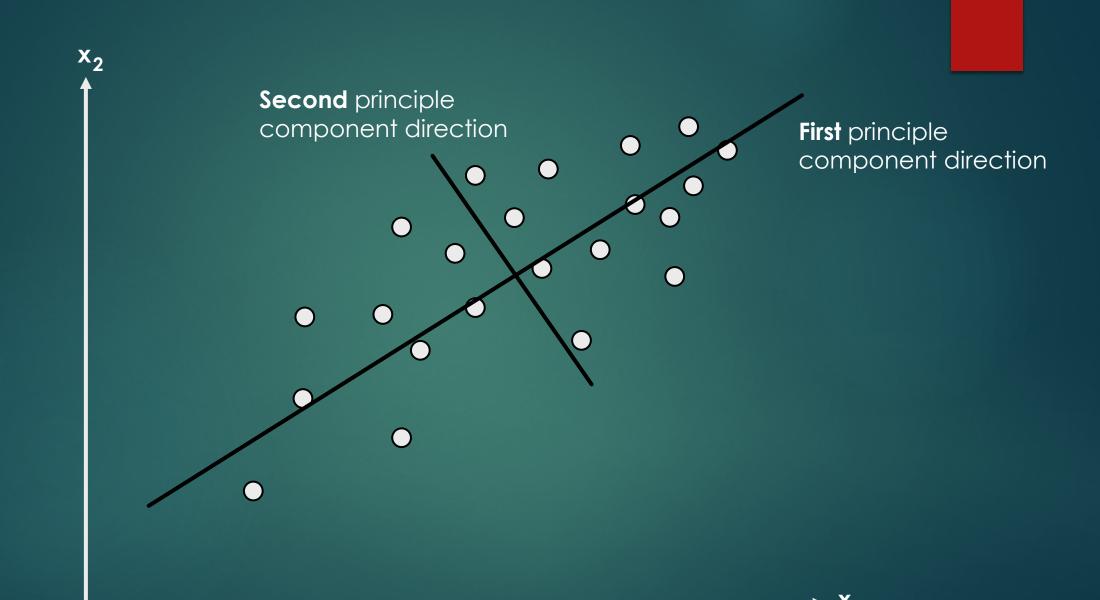
## Principal component analysis

- ▶ PCA gives us a low dimensional representation of a dataset
- It is able to find linear combinations of features / variables that are mutually uncorrelated
- Linearly uncorrelated variables: these are the principal components
- ▶ For example: height in [cm] and in [m] are not independent!!!
- We can get rid of several unnecessary features: we keep the important ones
- Also good for visualization



 $X_1$ 





## Principal component analysis

- PCA can be done by eigenvalue decomposition of a data covariance / correlation matrix
- ► Or → singular value decomposition of a data matrix usually after mean centering