

Recommender Systems

Let's learn something!

Recommender Systems

- The two most common types of recommender systems are **Content-Based** and **Collaborative Filtering (CF)**.

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- Collaborative filtering produces recommendations based on the knowledge of users' attitude to items, that is it uses the "wisdom of the crowd" to recommend items.

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- Content-based recommender systems focus on the attributes of the items and give you recommendations based on the similarity between them.

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- In general, Collaborative filtering (CF) is more commonly used than content-based systems because it usually gives better results and is relatively easy to understand (from an overall implementation perspective).

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- The algorithm has the ability to do feature learning on its own, which means that it can start to learn for itself what features to use.

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- These techniques aim to fill in the missing entries of a user-item association matrix.
- spark.ml currently supports model-based collaborative filtering, in which users and products are described by a small set of latent factors that can be used to predict missing entries.

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- spark.ml uses the alternating least squares (ALS) algorithm to learn these latent factors.
- Your data needs to be in a specific format to work with Spark's ALS Recommendation Algorithm!

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- ALS is basically a Matrix Factorization approach to implement a recommendation algorithm you decompose your large user/item matrix into lower dimensional user factors and item factors.

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- The intuitive understanding of a recommender system is the following:
- Imagine we have 3 customers: 1,2,3.
- We also have some movies: A,B,C
- Customers 1 and 2 really enjoy movies A and B and rate them five out of five stars!
- #1 and #2 dislike movie C, and give it a one star rating.

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- Now we have a new customer #3, who reports a 5 star review for movie A.
- What new movie should we recommend, B or C?
- Well, based off collaborative filtering we recommend movie B, because Users #1 and #2 also enjoyed that (and movie A)

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- A content based system wouldn't need to take Users into account.
- It would just group movies together based off features (length, genre, actors, etc...)
- Often real recommendation systems have combinations of methods.