

Agenda

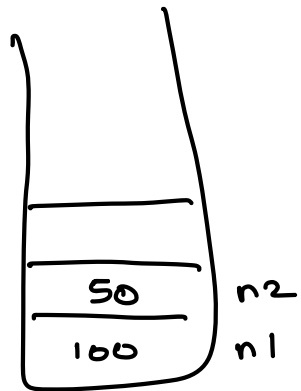
- Memory of JS Datatypes
- Shallow and Deep Copy
- Custom Deep Copy
- Truthy and falsy values

Primitive and Reference Datatype



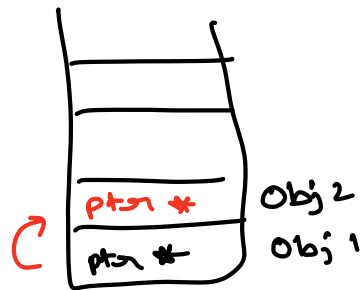
Simple and sometime referred as the lowest level of implementation.

Eg:- Number, string, etc

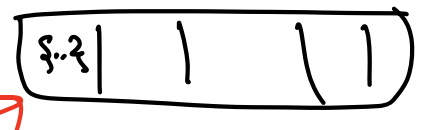


Dynamic in nature. Don't have a fixed size.

Eg:- Array, function, objects, etc.



Heap



Immutability —

In functional programming paradigms, data immutability is a core concept. This means once data is created, it should not change.

When you need to update an object, you create a fresh copy of it, and update it rather than changing the original one.

`{ foo: "scaler" }` `{ foo: "scaler academy" }`
original updated

There are 2 ways of creating copies of object in JS: -

- ① Shallow copy
- ② Deep copy.

SC:- It refers to the process of creating a new object of an existing object, with its property references the same values as original object.

→ Spread operator

→ Object.assign

DC:- `JSON.stringify()`



Serialise the object
in to a JSON string

`JSON.parse()`



De-serialise the
JSON string back
to an Object.

