# Understanding Tropical Cyclones with Historical Storm Data

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### **Tropical Cyclones**

A **tropical cyclone** is the generic term for a non-frontal synoptic scale low-pressure system over tropical or sub-tropical waters with organized convection and definite cyclonic surface wind circulation (Holland 1993).



### Saffir-Simpson Hurricane Scale for Tropical Cyclones

A tropical cyclone can be classified based on **maximum sustained** wind speeds (MWS) using the **Saffir-Simpson hurricane scale** (SSHS):

- ► Category one: MWS is in [33, 43) (m/s).
- ► Category two: MWS is in [43, 50) (m/s).
- ► Category three: MWS is in [50, 58) (m/s).
- ► Category four: MWS is in [58, 70) (m/s).
- Category five: MWS is greater than 70 m/s.

One knot is 0.514 m/s.

## Tropical Cyclone Hazards

Video Time

#### **IBTrACS** Data

The International Best Track Archieve for Climate Stewardship (IBTrACS) project:

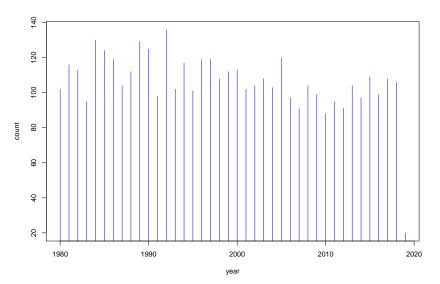
- contains the most complete global set of historical tropical cyclones;
- combines information from numerous tropical cyclone datasets;
- simplifies inter-agency comparisons by providing storm data from multiple sources in one place;
- combines recent and historical storm data in one dataset.

#### Read IBTrACS Data into R

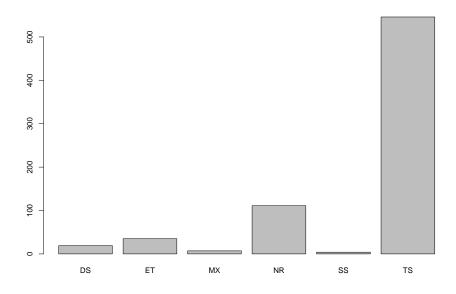
```
library(ncdf4)
storms = nc_open("IBTrACS.since1980.v04r00.nc")
name = ncvar get(storms, "name")
season = ncvar get(storms, "season")
count = as.numeric(table(season))
year = as.numeric(names(table(season)))
Lat = ncvar get(storms, "lat")
Lon = ncvar_get(storms, "lon")
## Maximum sustained wind speed
mws = ncvar_get(storms, "wmo_wind") * 0.514 # kt to m/s
## Minimum central pressure
mcp = ncvar_get(storms, "wmo_pres")
```

#### Storm Counts

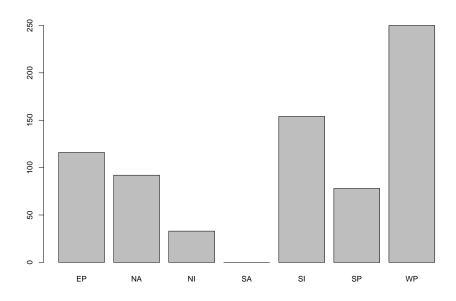
▶ How to model storm counts per year?



# Storm Types



## Storm per Basin

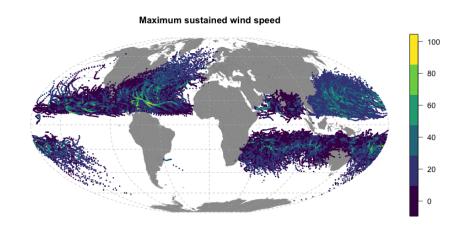


### Maximum Sustained Wind Speed

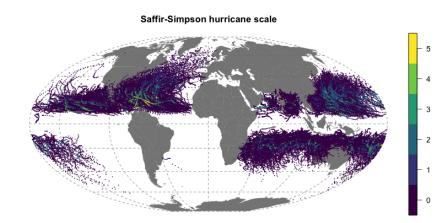
The maximum sustained wind speeds for tropical cyclones are the highest surface winds occuring within the circulation of the system.

- ▶ spatial resolution: 0.1° (~10km)
- temporal resolution: 6 hours
- $\blacktriangleright$  coverage:  $70^{\circ}$  N to  $70^{\circ}$  S and  $180^{\circ}$  W to  $180^{\circ}$  E, 1841-present

# Global Map of MWS: 1980 - 2019

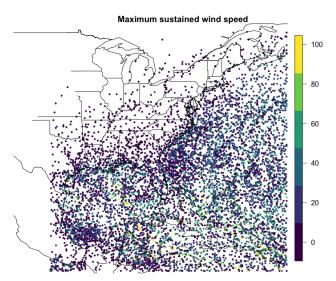


# Global Map of SSHS: 1980 - 2019

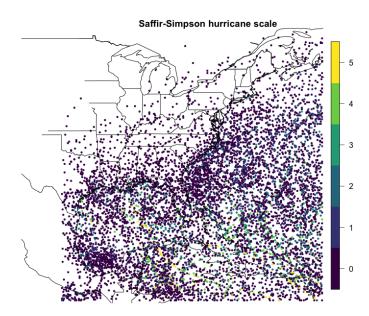


#### MWS in North Atlantic: 1980 - 2019

How to model the spatial/spatio-temporal distribution of the MWS?



#### SSHS in North Atlantic: 1980 - 2019



#### Scientific Questions

- ▶ How do we model the number of storms per year?
- ▶ How do we model the distribution of the MWS?
- ▶ How do we predict the MWS for a new storm given historical data?