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Untitled diff

73 removals

111 lines

3 additions

44 lines

```
1 contract UniswapV2Factory is
  IUniswapV2Factory {
2     address public feeTo;
3     address public feeToSetter;
4
5     bytes32 public constant
  INIT_CODE_PAIR_HASH =
  keccak256(abi.encodePacked(type(Uniswap
  V2Pair).creationCode));
6
7     // Each pair is stored in a
  separate address and has
8     // separate fees value that are
  set to default ones
9     // in function `createPair`. Can
  be changed by `feeToSetter`
10    // authority in setter functions
11
12    uint public defaultMintFee;
13    uint public defaultSwapFee;
14    mapping(address => uint) public
  mintFee;
15    mapping(address => uint) public
  swapFee;
16
17    // Keeps pairs, having pair token
  addresses as an input
18
19    mapping(address => mapping(address
  => address)) public getPair;
```

```
1 contract UniswapV2Factory is
  IUniswapV2Factory {
2     address public feeTo;
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4
5     mapping(address => mapping(address
  => address)) public getPair;
```

```

19 // Contains addresses of all the
    pairs

20 address[] public allPairs;
21
22 // Solidity event to be generated
    everytime new pair is emitted
23 // in `createPair` function

24 event PairCreated(address indexed
    token0, address indexed token1, address
    pair, uint);
25
26 // Factory constructor, works when
    deploying this dApp
27 // to the network or creating an
    instance of it
28 // feeToSetter authority is set
    here that will be able to
29 // change fees using setter
    functions
30 constructor(address _feeToSetter,
    uint _defaultMintFee, uint
    _defaultSwapFee) public {
31     feeToSetter = _feeToSetter;
32     defaultMintFee =
    _defaultMintFee;
33     defaultSwapFee =
    _defaultSwapFee;
34 }
35
36 // Returns amount of existing
    pairs

37 function allPairsLength() external
    view returns (uint) {
38     return allPairs.length;
39 }
40
41 // Function to create a token pair
    for exchange
42 // requires tokens not to be the
    same, not to be zero addressed
43 // and not to exist in current set
    of pairs

44 function createPair(address tokenA,
    address tokenB) external returns

```

```

6 address[] public allPairs;
7

8 event PairCreated(address indexed
    token0, address indexed token1, address
    pair, uint);
9
10 constructor(address _feeToSetter)
    public {

11     feeToSetter = _feeToSetter;

12 }
13

14 function allPairsLength() external
    view returns (uint) {
15     return allPairs.length;
16 }
17

18 function createPair(address tokenA,
    address tokenB) external returns

```

```

(address pair) {
45     require(tokenA != tokenB,
'UniswapV2: IDENTICAL_ADDRESSES');
46     (address token0, address
token1) = tokenA < tokenB ? (tokenA,
tokenB) : (tokenB, tokenA);
47     require(token0 != address(0),
'UniswapV2: ZERO_ADDRESS');
48     require(getPair[token0][token1]
== address(0), 'UniswapV2:
PAIR_EXISTS'); // single check is
sufficient

```

```

49     bytes memory bytecode =
type(UniswapV2Pair).creationCode;
// Bytecode of a `UniswapV2Pair`
50     bytes32 salt =
keccak256(abi.encodePacked(token0,
token1)); // `abi.encodePacked`
generates bytes from given inputs of
any amount
51
// `keccak256` then hashes it and
returns 32 byte hash
52
53
// `byte` is a dynamically arranged
byte array
54
// `byte32` is 32byte statically
arranged byte array
55
// Assembly operator tells
that the code in it's scope is
56
// is an low-level EVM
instruction
57
58
// We need it to precompute
token pair addresses before those are
being deployed as a separate smart
contract

```

```

59     assembly {
60         pair := create2(
61             0, //
Amount of ETH transferred to the
address

```

```

(address pair) {
19     require(tokenA != tokenB,
'UniswapV2: IDENTICAL_ADDRESSES');
20     (address token0, address
token1) = tokenA < tokenB ? (tokenA,
tokenB) : (tokenB, tokenA);
21     require(token0 != address(0),
'UniswapV2: ZERO_ADDRESS');
22     require(getPair[token0][token1]
== address(0), 'UniswapV2:
PAIR_EXISTS'); // single check is
sufficient

```

```

23     bytes memory bytecode =
type(UniswapV2Pair).creationCode;
24     bytes32 salt =
keccak256(abi.encodePacked(token0,
token1));

```

```

25     assembly {
26         pair := create2(0,
add(bytecode, 32), mload(bytecode),
salt)

```

```

62         add(bytecode, 32), //
        When Solidity stores data in memory, it
        typically includes a 32-byte prefix
        that stores the length of the data. So,
        to get the actual contract bytecode
        (without the length prefix), you need
        to skip the first 32 bytes.
        add(bytecode, 32) adjusts the memory
        pointer to point to the actual contract
        bytecode, skipping the length prefix.
63         mload(bytecode), //
        This loads the first 32 bytes from the
        memory location bytecode, which
        typically stores the length of the
        bytecode. So mload(bytecode) will give
        you the length of the contract
        bytecode.
64         salt //
        The salt is used as part of the create2
        instruction to help generate a
        deterministic address for the newly
        created contract
65     )
66 }
67
68     // Deploying UniswapV2Pair
    having contracts address in advance
69
    IUniswapV2Pair(pair).initialize(token0,
    token1);
70     getPair[token0][token1] = pair;
71     getPair[token1][token0] = pair;
    // populate mapping in the reverse
    direction
72     allPairs.push(pair);
73     mintFee[pair] = defaultMintFee;
74     swapFee[pair] = defaultSwapFee;
75     emit PairCreated(token0,
    token1, pair, allPairs.length);
76 }
77
78
79     // Below are just setter functions
    for the fees and
80     // fee authority, only current
    `feeToSetter` authority is able to

```

```

27     }

```

```

28
    IUniswapV2Pair(pair).initialize(token0,
    token1);
29     getPair[token0][token1] = pair;
30     getPair[token1][token0] = pair;
    // populate mapping in the reverse
    direction
31     allPairs.push(pair);
32
    emit PairCreated(token0,
    token1, pair, allPairs.length);
33 }
34

```

```

81 // execute functions
82 function setFeeTo(address _feeTo)
  external {
83     require(msg.sender ==
      feeToSetter, 'UniswapV2: FORBIDDEN');
84     feeTo = _feeTo;
85 }
86
87 function setFeeToSetter(address
  _feeToSetter) external {
88     require(msg.sender ==
      feeToSetter, 'UniswapV2: FORBIDDEN');
89     feeToSetter = _feeToSetter;
90 }

```

```

35 function setFeeTo(address _feeTo)
  external {
36     require(msg.sender ==
      feeToSetter, 'UniswapV2: FORBIDDEN');
37     feeTo = _feeTo;
38 }
39
40 function setFeeToSetter(address
  _feeToSetter) external {
41     require(msg.sender ==
      feeToSetter, 'UniswapV2: FORBIDDEN');
42     feeToSetter = _feeToSetter;
43 }

```

Change 13 of 13

```

91
92 function setMintFee(address pair,
  uint _mintFee) external {
93     require(msg.sender ==
      feeToSetter, 'UniswapV2: FORBIDDEN');
94     mintFee[pair] = _mintFee;
95 }
96
97 function setSwapFee(address pair,
  uint _swapFee) external {
98     require(msg.sender ==
      feeToSetter, 'UniswapV2: FORBIDDEN');
99     swapFee[pair] = _swapFee;
100 }
101
102 function setDefaultMintFee(uint
  _defaultMintFee) external {
103     require(msg.sender ==
      feeToSetter, 'UniswapV2: FORBIDDEN');
104     defaultMintFee =
      _defaultMintFee;
105 }
106
107 function setDefaultSwapFee(uint
  _defaultSwapFee) external {
108     require(msg.sender ==
      feeToSetter, 'UniswapV2: FORBIDDEN');
109     defaultSwapFee =

```

111 }

44 }