

train use y-label, rescale by  $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$ 

3.

(a)

$$p(y; \lambda) = \frac{1}{y!} \exp\{\log \lambda \cdot y - \lambda\}$$

$$\begin{cases} b(y) &= \frac{1}{y!} \\ \eta &= \log \lambda \\ T(y) &= y \\ a(\eta) &= e^{\eta} \end{cases}$$

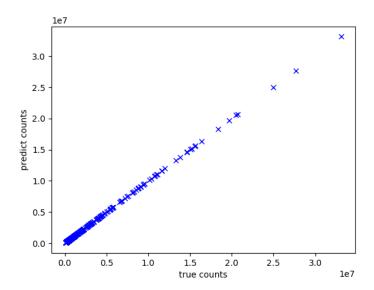
(b)

$$h_{ heta}(x) = E(y|x; heta) = \lambda = e^{\eta} = e^{ heta^T x}$$

(c)

$$\begin{split} \log p(y^{(i)}|x^{(i)};\theta) &= \log \frac{1}{y^{(i)}!} \mathrm{exp} \{\theta^T x^{(i)} y^{(i)} - e^{\theta^T x^{(i)}} \} \\ &= -\log y^{(i)}! + \theta^T x^{(i)} y^{(i)} - e^{\theta^T x^{(i)}} \\ \frac{\partial \log p(y^{(i)}|x^{(i)};\theta)}{\partial \theta_j} &= y^{(i)} x_j^{(i)} - e^{\theta^T x^{(i)}} \cdot x_j^{(i)} = (y^{(i)} - e^{\theta^T x^{(i)}}) x_j^{(i)} \\ \theta_j &:= \theta_j + \alpha \cdot (y^{(i)} - e^{\theta^T x^{(i)}}) x_j^{(i)} \end{split}$$

(d)



4.