

The Newton’s second law is  $F=ma$ .  
 The Newton’s second law is  $F = ma$ .  
 The Newton’s second law is

$$F = ma$$

The Newton’s second law is

$$F = ma$$

Greek Letters  $\eta$  and  $\mu$   
 Fraction  $\frac{a}{ab}$   
 Power  $a^b$   
 Subscript  $a_b, \mu_{max}, \mu_{min}$   
 Derivate  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial t}$   
 Vector  $\vec{n}$   
 Bold **n**  
 To time differential  $\dot{F}$   
 Funktionaler Bereich:  $\forall x \in X, \quad \exists y \leq \epsilon$   
 Greek letters:  $\alpha, A, \beta, B, \gamma, \Gamma, \pi, \Pi, \phi, \varphi, \mu, \Phi$   
 Operator:

$$\cos(2\theta) = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) =$$

Matrix (lcr here means left, center or right for each column)

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc} a1 & b22 & c333 \\ d444 & e5555555 & f6 \end{array} \right]$$

Equations(here & is the symbol for aligning different rows)

$$a + b = c \tag{1}$$

$$d = e + f + g \tag{2}$$

$$\begin{cases} a + b = c \\ d = e + f + g \end{cases}$$