

JAVA PROGRAMMING ASSIGNMENT 3

Name: PUNEETH L

USN: 1BM24MC069

1. The progressive income tax rate is mandated as follows:

Taxable Income	Rate (%)
First \$20,000	0
Next \$20,000	10
Next \$20,000	20
The remaining	30

For example, suppose that the taxable income is \$85000, the income tax payable is $\$20000 \times 0\% + \$20000 \times 10\% + \$20000 \times 20\% + \$25000 \times 30\%$. Write a program called `IncomeTaxCalculator` that reads the taxable income (in int). The program shall calculate the income tax payable (in double); and print the result rounded to 2 decimal places. Program shall repeat the calculation until user enter -1.

For example,

Enter the taxable income: \$41234

The income tax payable is: \$2246.80

Enter the taxable income: \$-1

bye!

PROGRAM:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class IncomeTaxCalculator {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        while (true) {

            System.out.print("Enter taxable income (or -1 to quit): ");

            int income = sc.nextInt();

            if (income == -1) {

                System.out.println("bye!");

            }

        }

    }

}
```

```

        break;
    }

    double tax;

    if (income <= 20000) {

        tax = 0;

    } else if (income <= 40000) {

        tax = (income - 20000) * 0.10;

    } else if (income <= 60000) {

        tax = (20000 * 0.10) + (income - 40000) * 0.20;

    } else {

        tax = (20000 * 0.10) + (20000 * 0.20) + (income - 60000) * 0.30;

    }

    System.out.printf("The income tax payable is: %.2f\n", tax);

}

}

}

```

OUTPUT:

```

D:\bmsce\2sem\Java programming\3week>java IncomeTaxCalculator
Enter taxable income (or -1 to quit): 41234
The income tax payable is: 2246.80
Enter taxable income (or -1 to quit): 3000000
The income tax payable is: 888000.00
Enter taxable income (or -1 to quit): -1
bye!

```

2. Both the employer and the employee are mandated to contribute a certain percentage of the employee's salary towards the employee's pension fund. The rate is tabulated as follows:

Employee's Age	Employee Rate (%)	Employer Rate (%)
55 and below	20	17
above 55 to 60	13	13
above 60 to 65	7.5	9
above 65	5	7.5

However, the contribution is subjected to a salary ceiling of \$6,000. In other words, if an employee earns \$6800, only \$6000 attracts employee's and employer's contributions, the remaining \$800 does not.

Write a program called PensionContributionCalculator that reads the monthly salary and age(in int) of an employee. Your program shall calculate the employee's, employer's and total contributions (in double); and print the results rounded to 2 decimal places. For example,

Enter the monthly salary: \$3000

Enter the age: 30

The employee's contribution is: \$600.00

The employer's contribution is: \$510.00

The total contribution is: \$1110.00

PROGRAM:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class PensionContribute {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        final double SALARY_CEILING = 6000;

        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter the monthly salary: $");

        double salary = sc.nextDouble();

        System.out.print("Enter the age: ");

        int age = sc.nextInt();

        double contributionSalary = Math.min(salary, SALARY_CEILING);

        double employeeRate;
```

```

double employerRate;
if (age <= 55) {
    employeeRate = 0.20;
    employerRate = 0.17;
} else if (age <= 60) {
    employeeRate = 0.13;
    employerRate = 0.13;
} else if (age <= 65) {
    employeeRate = 0.075;
    employerRate = 0.09;
} else {
    employeeRate = 0.05;
    employerRate = 0.075; }

double employeeContribution = contributionSalary * employeeRate;
double employerContribution = contributionSalary * employerRate;
double totalContribution = employeeContribution + employerContribution;

System.out.printf("The employee's contribution is: $%.2f\n", employeeContribution);
System.out.printf("The employer's contribution is: $%.2f\n", employerContribution);
System.out.printf("The total contribution is: $%.2f\n", totalContribution);
}
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

D:\bmsce\2sem\Java programming\3week>java PensionContribute
Enter the monthly salary: $3000
Enter the age: 30
The employee's contribution is: $600.00
The employer's contribution is: $510.00
The total contribution is: $1110.00

D:\bmsce\2sem\Java programming\3week>java PensionContribute
Enter the monthly salary: $2000
Enter the age: 21
The employee's contribution is: $400.00
The employer's contribution is: $340.00
The total contribution is: $740.00

```

3. Write a program called ReverseString, which prompts user for a String, and prints the reverse of the String by extracting and processing each character.

The output shall look like:

Enter a String: abcdef

The reverse of the String "abcdef" is "fedcba"

PROGRAM:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class ReverseString {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter a String: ");

        String input = sc.nextLine();

        String reverse = "";

        for (int i = input.length() - 1; i >= 0; i--) {

            reverse += input.charAt(i);

        }

        System.out.println("The reverse of the String \"" + input + "\" is \"" + reverse + "\"");

    }

}
```

OUTPUT:

```
D:\bmsce\2sem\Java programming\3week>java ReverseString
Enter a String: abcdef
The reverse of the String "abcdef" is "fedcba"

D:\bmsce\2sem\Java programming\3week>java ReverseString
Enter a String: java
The reverse of the String "java" is "avaj"
```

4. Write a program called CountVowelsDigits, which prompts the user for a String, counts the number of vowels (a, e, i, o, u, A, E, I, O, U) and digits (0-9) contained in the string, and prints the counts and the percentages (rounded to 2 decimal places).

For example,

Enter a String: testing12345

Number of vowels: 2 (16.67%)

Number of digits: 5 (41.67%)

PROGRAM:

```
import java.util.*;

class Count{

    public static void main(String args[]){

        Scanner sc= new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter a string:");

        String str=sc.nextLine();

        int n=str.length();

        int vowelCount = 0, digitCount = 0;

        char[] ar = str.toCharArray();

        for (char ch : ar) {

            if (Character.isDigit(ch)) {

                digitCount++;

            } else if ("AEIOUaeiou".indexOf(ch) != -1) {

                vowelCount++;

            } }

        float vowelper=(float)vowelCount * 100 / n;

        float digitper=(float)digitCount * 100 / n;

        System.out.printf("Number of vowels:%d(%.2f)\n",vowelCount,vowelper);

        System.out.printf("Number of digits:%d(%.2f)",digitCount,digitper);

    }

}
```

OUTPUT:

```
D:\bmsce\2sem\Java programming\3week>java Count
Enter a string:testing12345
Number of vowels:2(16.67)
Number of digits:5(41.67)
D:\bmsce\2sem\Java programming\3week>java Count
Enter a string:12programming23
Number of vowels:3(20.00)
Number of digits:4(26.67)
D:\bmsce\2sem\Java programming\3week>
```

5. Write a program called Bin2Dec to convert an input binary string into its equivalent decimal number.

Your output shall look like:

Enter a Binary string: 1011

The equivalent decimal number for binary "1011" is: 11

PROGRAM:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Bin2Dec{

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter a binary string:");

        String bString=sc.nextLine();

        int digi=0;

        for(int i=0;i<bString.length();i++){

            if(bString.charAt(i)=='1'){

                digi=digi+(int)Math.pow(2,(bString.length()-1-i));

            }

        }

        System.out.printf("The equivalent decimal number for binary %s is:%d",bString, digi);

    }}


```

OUTPUT:

```
D:\bmsce\2sem\Java programming\3week>java Bin2Dec
Enter a binary string:1011
The equivalent decimal number for binary 1011 is:11
D:\bmsce\2sem\Java programming\3week>java Bin2Dec
Enter a binary string:1111
The equivalent decimal number for binary 1111 is:15
```