

CS & IT ENGINEERING



Data Structures
Through Python

STACK

Lecture No.- 04

By- Satya sir



Recap of Previous Lecture



Infix to Prefix conversion



1) scan X from right to left

(') = = (' and (' = = '))

2. Infix to Postfix conversion Procedure

$OP_T > OP_S$: Pop OP_T , append to Y, Push OP_S

$OP_T \leq OP_S$: Push OP_S on to Stack.

3. Prefix Expression = Reverse(Y)

Topics to be Covered



Expression Evaluation



- Postfix Expression
- Prefix Expression

H/W Problem

Convert infix Expression to Prefix and Postfix Exp.

Infix Exp :

$a \wedge b \wedge c \wedge d * e / f * g + h * i \wedge j$

Postfix

Prefix

\wedge	$*$	$+$	$*$	$/$	$*$	\wedge	\wedge	\wedge
POP	POP	POP						

y: $j \wedge i \wedge h * g f e d c b a \wedge \wedge \wedge * / * +$

z: $+ * / * \wedge \wedge \wedge a b c d e f g * h \wedge i j$

\wedge	\wedge	\wedge	$*$	$/$	$*$	$+$	$*$	\wedge
Pop	Pop	Pop	Pop	Pop	Pop	Pop		

y: $a b \wedge c \wedge d \wedge e * f / g * h \wedge i j \wedge * +$



Topic : Expression Evaluation



Postfix Expression Evaluation

Procedure

1. Let 'X' be given Postfix expression, 'S' be empty stack.
2. Scan 'X' from Left to Right, one element at a time
3. a) If scanned element == Operand, Push it on to stack, S.
b) If scanned Element == Operator :
 - i) Pop the Top 2 operands from stack.
Let a be top, b be second top.
 - ii) Apply scanned operator as "b op a"
 - iii) Push back result on to Stack, S.
- 4) Repeat steps ② & ③ until Complete Expression is scanned.
- 5) Result will be on top. Pop the result.





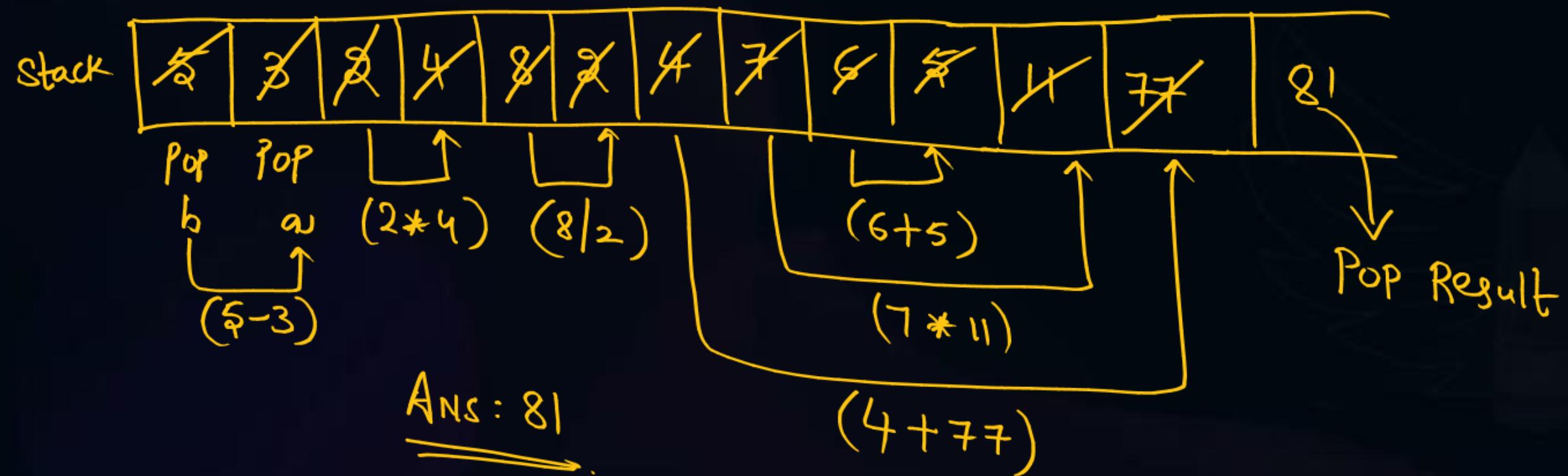
Topic : Expression Evaluation



Example - 1

Evaluate the Postfix Expression

5 3 - 4 * 2 / 7 6 5 + * +





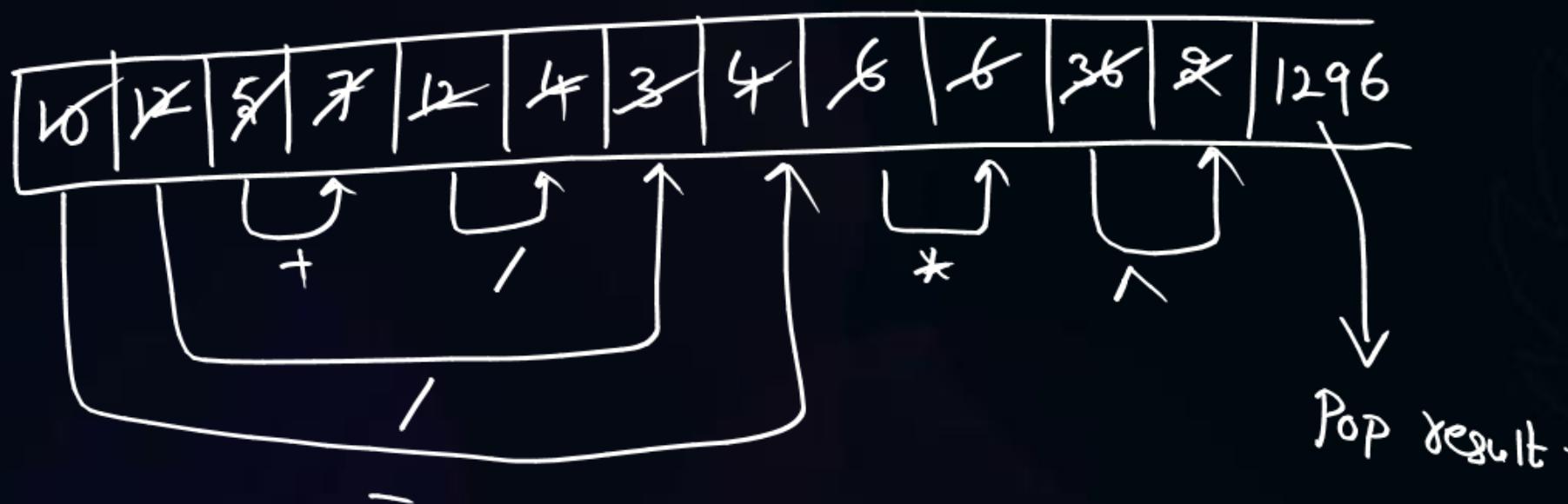
Topic : Expression Evaluation



Example-2

The Result after Evaluating Postfix Expression

$$10 \checkmark 12 \checkmark 5 \checkmark 7 \checkmark + 4 \checkmark / \checkmark \checkmark - 6 \checkmark * 2 \checkmark \wedge \checkmark \text{ is } \underline{\underline{1296}}$$



$$\begin{aligned}(36^2) &= 36 * 36 \\ &= 1296\end{aligned}$$



Topic : Expression Evaluation

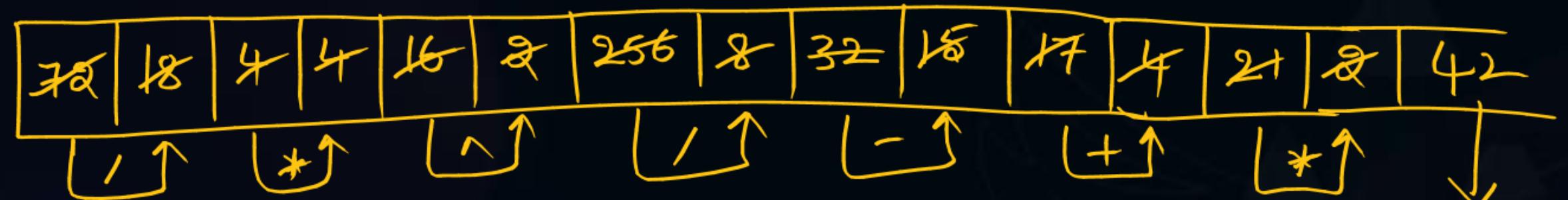
Example - 3

Evaluate Postfix Expression :

72 18 / 4 * 2 ^ 8 / 15 - 4 + 2 *

Result = _____

Stack :



Pop Result :



Topic : Expression Evaluation

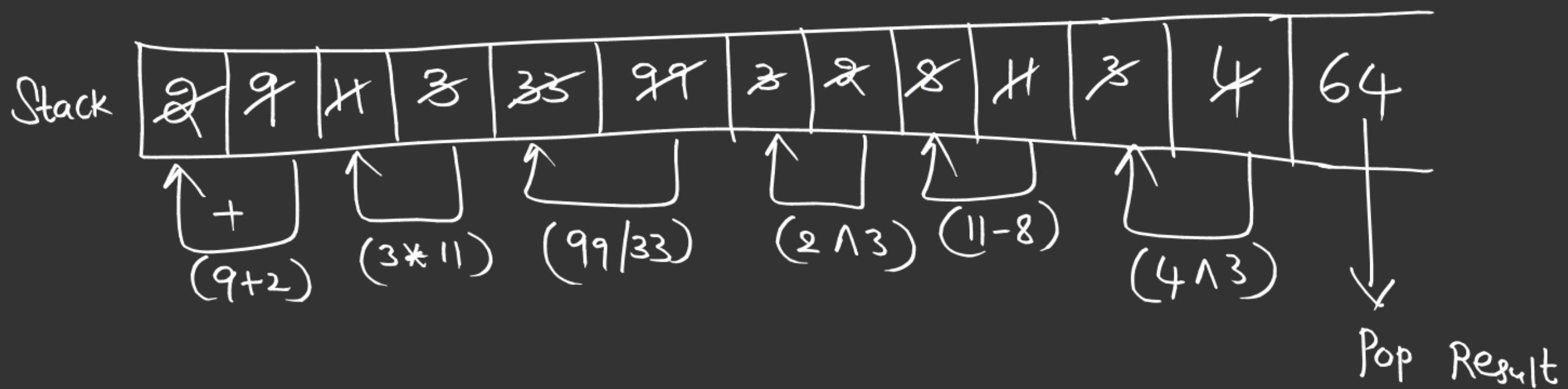


Prefix Expression Evaluation

1. Let 'X' be given Prefix Expression, 'S' be Empty Stack.
2. Scan X from Right to Left, one element at a time.
3. a) If Element == Operand, Push it on to S.
- b) If Element == Operator,
 - i) Pop top 2 operands. Let 'a' be top, 'b' be second top.
 - ii) Perform operation as $(a \text{ Operator } b)$
 - iii) Push back result on to S.
- 4) Repeat ② & ③ until End
- 5) Final Result is on top, Pop result.

Example - 1

Evaluate Prefix Expression : $\wedge 4 - 11 \wedge 2 / 99 * 3 + 9 2$



Example - 2

Evaluate Prefix Expression :

+ * + * / + 2 7 3 4 5 4 2

Result = 70

Stack

2	4	5	4	3	7	2	9	3	12	17	68	70
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----



Pop Result.



Topic : Expression Evaluation

Postfix Expression Evaluation

```
a = list(input("Enter the postfix expression: ").split(" "))
stack = []
for i in a:
    if(len(stack)==1 and i==a[-1]):
        stack[0]= -stack[0]
        break
    if(i in ["+", "-", "*", "/"]):
        b = stack.pop()
        c = stack.pop()
        if(i=="+"):
            stack.append(c+b)
        elif(i=="-"):
            stack.append(c-b)
    elif(i=="*"):
        stack.append(c*b)
    elif(i=="/"):
        stack.append(c/b)
    else:
        stack.append(int(i))
print("The result of the expression: ",stack[0])
```





Topic : Expression Evaluation

Prefix Expression Evaluation

```
def is_operand(c):  
    return c.isdigit()  
    True if operand  
  
def evaluate(expression):  
    stack = []  
    for c in expression[::-1]:  
  
        if is_operand(c):  
            stack.append(int(c))  
  
        else:  
            o1 = stack.pop()  
            o2 = stack.pop()  
            + [ ]  
            o1  
            o2  
  
            if c == '+':  
                stack.append(o1 + o2)  
  
            elif c == '-':  
                stack.append(o1 - o2)
```

```
elif c == '*':  
    stack.append(o1 * o2)  
  
elif c == '/':  
    stack.append(o1 / o2)  
  
return stack.pop()  
  
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    test_expression = "+5*46"  
    print(evaluate(test_expression))
```





Topic : Expression Evaluation

The following postfix expression with single digit operands is evaluated using a stack:

8 2 3 ^ / 2 3 * + 5 1 * -

Note that \wedge is the exponentiation operator. The top two elements of the stack after the first $*$ is evaluated are:

- A. 6, 1



- B. 5, 7

- C. 3, 2

- D. 1, 5



Topic : Expression Evaluation

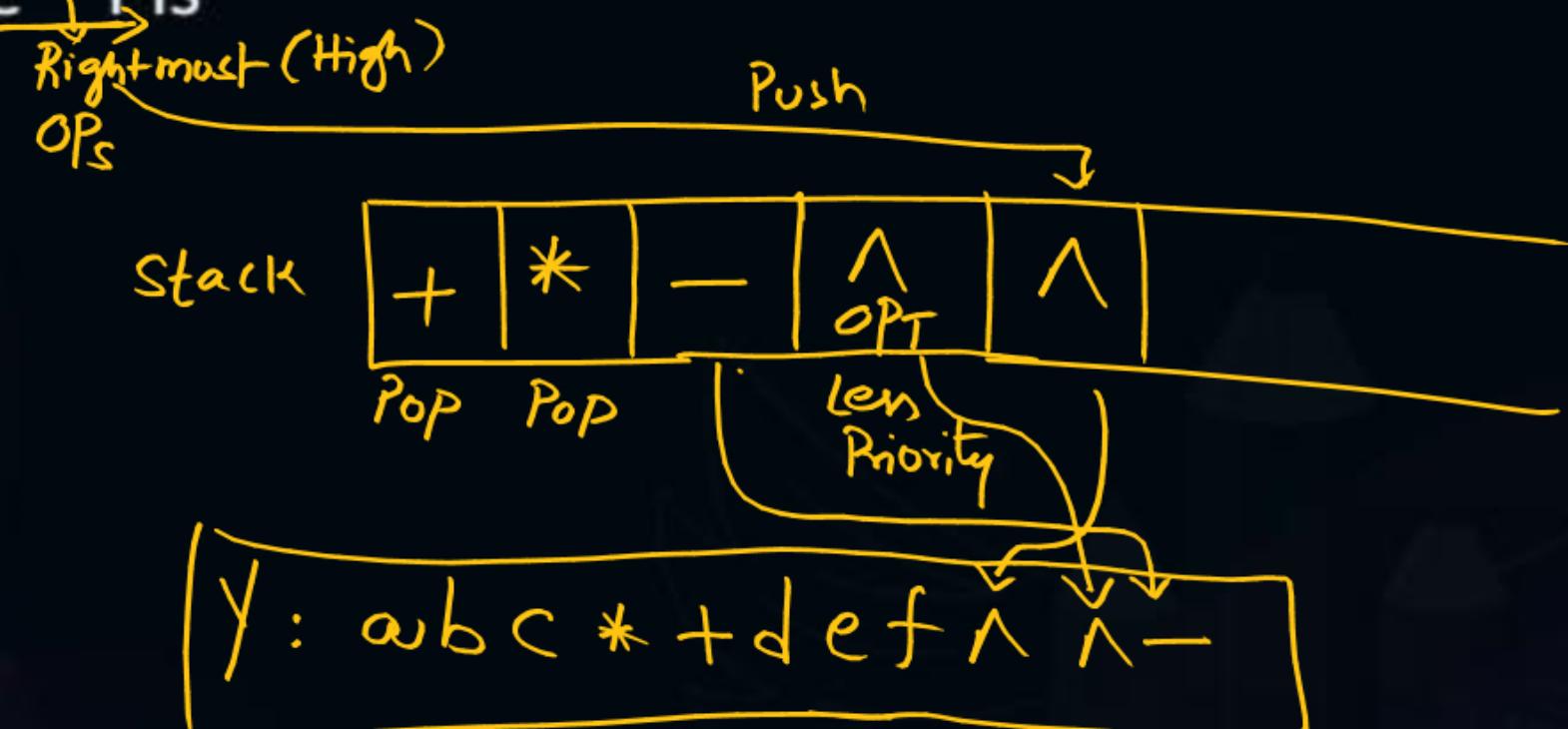
Assume that the operators $+, -, \times$ are left associative and ' \wedge ' is right associative. The order of precedence (from highest to lowest) is $\wedge, \times, +, -$. The postfix expression corresponding to the infix expression $a + b \times c - d \wedge e \wedge f$ is

A. $abc \times + def \wedge \wedge -$

B. $abc \times + de \wedge f \wedge -$

C. $ab + c \times d - e \wedge f \wedge$

D. $- + a \times bc \wedge \wedge def$

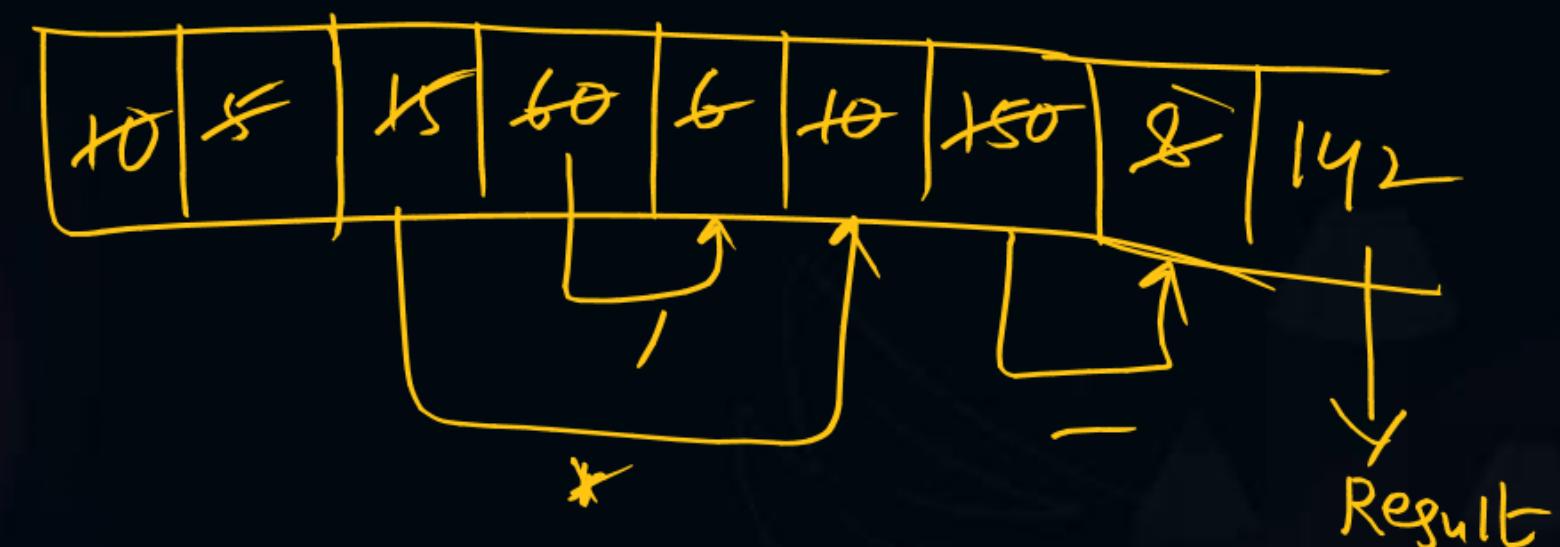




Topic : Expression Evaluation

The result evaluating the postfix expression $10\ 5\ +\ 60\ 6\ /\ *\ 8\ -$ is

- A. 284
- B. 213
- C. 142
- D. 71





2 mins Summary



Expression Evaluation

- Postfix Exp

- Prefix Exp

H/W : Evaluate

Postfix expression : 3 4 * 7 + 3 / 6 * 2 - 4 7 + *

Prefix expression : - 8 20 * 4 + 2 * 9 / 19 3



THANK - YOU