AI LAB RECORD

```
LAB 1: Implement Tic -Tac -Toe Game.
CODE:
board = [' 'for x in range(10)]
def printBoard(board):
  print(''+ board[1] + ' | ' + board[2] + ' | ' + board[3])
  print('----')
  print(''+ board[4] + '|'+ board[5] + '|'+ board[6])
  print('----')
  print(''+ board[7] + '|'+ board[8] + '|'+ board[9])
def isBoardFull(board):
  if board.count(' ') > 1:
    return False
  else:
    return True
def insertLetter(letter, pos):
  board[pos] = letter
def spaceIsFree(pos):
  return board[pos] == ' '
def isWinner(bo, le):
  return (bo[7] == le and bo[8] == le and bo[9] == le) or (bo[4] == le and bo[5] == le and
bo[6] == le) or (
         bo[1] == le \text{ and } bo[2] == le \text{ and } bo[3] == le) \text{ or } (bo[1] == le \text{ and } bo[4] == le \text{ and } bo[7]
== le) or (
             bo[2] == le and bo[5] == le and bo[8] == le) or (
             bo[3] == le and bo[6] == le and bo[9] == le) or (
```

```
bo[1] == le \text{ and } bo[5] == le \text{ and } bo[9] == le) \text{ or } (bo[3] == le \text{ and } bo[5] 
bo[7] == le)
def playerMove():
        run = True
        while run:
                   move = input('Please select a position to place an \'X\' (1-9): ')
                   try:
                            move = int(move)
                            if move > 0 and move < 10:
                                       if spaceIsFree(move):
                                                 run = False
                                                 insertLetter('X', move)
                                       else:
                                                 print('Sorry, this space is occupied!')
                             else:
                                       print('Please type a number within the range!')
                   except:
                             print('Please type a number!')
def selectRandom(li):
        import random
        ln = len(li)
        r = random.randrange(0, ln)
        return li[r]
def compMove():
        possibleMoves = [x \text{ for } x, \text{ letter in enumerate(board) if letter == ' ' and } x != 0]
         move = 0
        for let in ['O', 'X']:
                   for i in possible Moves:
                             boardCopy = board[:]
```

```
boardCopy[i] = let
if isWinner(boardCopy, let):
   move = i
```

```
PS C:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2> python -u "c:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2\TIC_TAC.py"
Do you want to play? (Y/N)Y
Welcome to Tic Tac Toe!
Please select a position to place an 'X' (1-9): 1
x | |
0 | |
Computer placed an 'O' in position 3:
x | x | 0
Please select a position to place an 'X' (1-9): 5
x | x | 0
   | x |
Computer placed an 'O' in position 8:
x | x | o
   | X |
0 | 0 |
Please select a position to place an 'X' (1-9): 9
\mathbf{x} \mid \mathbf{x} \mid \mathbf{0}
   | x |
0 | 0 | X
X's won this time! Good Job!
```

LAB 2: Solve 8 puzzle problem.

```
CODE:
```

```
def printpuzzle(src):
  print(' ' + src[0] + ' | ' + src[1] + ' | ' + src[2])
  print('----')
  print(' ' + src[3] + ' | ' + src[4] + ' | ' + src[5])
  print('----')
  print(''+ src[6] + ' | ' + src[7] + ' | ' + src[8])
  print('\n')
def bfs(src,target):
  queue = []
  queue.append(src)
  explored = []
  while len(queue) > 0:
    source = queue.pop(0)
    explored.append(source)
    printpuzzle(source)
    if source==target:
      print("Goal State Reached")
      return
    poss_moves_to_do = []
    poss_moves_to_do = possible_moves(source,explored)
    for move in poss_moves_to_do:
         queue.append(move)
```

```
def possible_moves(state, visited_states):
  b = state.index(' ')
  dir = []
  if b not in [0,1,2]:
    dir.append('u')
  if b not in [6,7,8]:
    dir.append('d')
  if b not in [0,3,6]:
    dir.append('l')
  if b not in [2,5,8]:
    dir.append('r')
  pos moves=[]
  for i in dir:
    pos_moves.append(convert(state,i,b))
  return [move for move in pos_moves if move not in visited_states]
def convert(state, m, b):
  temp = state.copy()
  if m=='d':
    temp[b+3],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b+3]
  if m=='u':
    temp[b-3],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b-3]
```

```
if m=='l':
                   temp[b-1],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b-1]
                if m=='r':
                   temp[b+1],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b+1]
                return temp
              src = ['1','2','3',' ','4','5','6','7','8']
              target = ['1','2','3','4','5',' ','6','7','8']
              bfs(src, target)
              OUTPUT:
PS C:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2> python -u "c:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2\8puzzle_BFS.py"
```

1 | 2 | 3

| 4 | 5

| 2 | 3

1 | 4 | 5

6 | 7 | 8

1 | 2 | 3

6 | 4 | 5

1 | 2 | 3

4 | | 5

6 | 7 | 8

2 | | 3

1 | 4 | 5

6 | 7 | 8

| 7 | 8

6 | 7 | 8

LAB 3: Implement Iterative deepening search algorithm.

```
def dfs(src,target,limit,visited_states):
    if src == target:
        return True
    if limit <= 0:
        return False
    visited_states.append(src)
    moves = possible_moves(src,visited_states)
    for move in moves:
        if dfs(move, target, limit-1, visited_states):
            return True
    return False

def possible_moves(state,visited_states):
    b = state.index(-1)</pre>
```

```
d = []
  if b not in [0,1,2]:
    d.append('u')
  if b not in [6,7,8]:
    d.append('d')
  if b not in [2,5,8]:
    d.append('r')
  if b not in [0,3,6]:
    d.append('l')
  pos moves = []
  for move in d:
    pos_moves.append(gen(state,move,b))
  return [move for move in pos_moves if move not in visited_states]
def gen(state, move, blank):
  temp = state.copy()
  if move == 'u':
    temp[blank-3], temp[blank] = temp[blank], temp[blank-3]
  if move == 'd':
    temp[blank+3], temp[blank] = temp[blank], temp[blank+3]
  if move == 'r':
    temp[blank+1], temp[blank] = temp[blank], temp[blank+1]
  if move == 'l':
    temp[blank-1], temp[blank] = temp[blank], temp[blank-1]
  return temp
def iddfs(src,target,depth):
  for i in range(depth):
    visited_states = []
    if dfs(src,target,i+1,visited_states):
      return True
```

```
return False

src = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, -1]

target = [-1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]

for i in range(1, 100):

val = iddfs(src,target,i)

print(i, val)

if val == True:

break
```

```
PS C:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2> python -u "c:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2\8puzzle
1 False
2 False
3 False
4 False
5 False
6 False
7 False
8 False
9 False
10 False
11 False
12 False
13 False
14 False
15 False
16 False
17 False
18 False
19 False
20 False
21 False
22 False
23 False
24 False
25 True
PS C:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2>
```

LAB 4: Implement A* search algorithm.

```
def print grid(src):
  state = src.copy()
  state[state.index(-1)] = ' '
  print(
    f"""
{state[0]} {state[1]} {state[2]}
{state[3]} {state[4]} {state[5]}
{state[6]} {state[7]} {state[8]}
     111111
  )
def h(state, target):
  #Manhattan distance
  dist = 0
  for i in state:
     d1, d2 = state.index(i), target.index(i)
    x1, y1 = d1 \% 3, d1 // 3
    x2, y2 = d2 \% 3, d2 // 3
     dist += abs(x1-x2) + abs(y1-y2)
  return dist
def astar(src, target):
  states = [src]
  g = 0
  visited_states = set()
  while len(states):
     print(f"Level: {g}")
     moves = []
     for state in states:
```

```
visited_states.add(tuple(state))
      print grid(state)
      if state == target:
         print("Success")
         return
      moves += [move for move in possible_moves(state, visited_states) if move not in
moves]
    costs = [g + h(move, target) for move in moves]
    states = [moves[i] for i in range(len(moves)) if costs[i] == min(costs)]
    g += 1
    if g>10:
      print("NO SOLUTION")
      break
def possible_moves(state, visited_states):
  b = state.index(-1)
  d = []
  if 9 > b - 3 >= 0:
    d += 'u'
  if 9 > b + 3 >= 0:
    d += 'd'
  if b not in [2,5,8]:
    d += 'r'
  if b not in [0,3,6]:
    d += 'l'
  pos_moves = []
  for move in d:
    pos_moves.append(gen(state,move,b))
  return [move for move in pos_moves if tuple(move) not in visited_states]
def gen(state, direction, b):
  temp = state.copy()
```

```
if direction == 'u':
    temp[b-3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b-3]
if direction == 'd':
    temp[b+3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b+3]
if direction == 'r':
    temp[b+1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b+1]
if direction == 'l':
    temp[b-1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b-1]
    return temp
src = [8,2,3,-1,4,6,7,5,1]
target = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,-1]
```

```
PS C:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2> python -u "c:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2\8puzzle_Astar.p
Level: 0
8 2 3
 46
7 5 1
Level: 1
8 2 3
7 5 1
Level: 2
8 2 3
4 5 6
Level: 3
8 2 3
4 5 6
7 1
Level: 4
8 2 3
4 5
7 1 6
Level: 5
8 2
4 5 3
7 1 6
```

```
7 1 6
Level: 6
8 2 3
4 1 5
7 6
Level: 7
8 2 3
4 1 5
7 6
Level: 8
8 2 3
4 1
7 6 5
Level: 9
8 2
4 1 3
7 6 5
8 2 3
765
Level: 10
8 2 3
461
NO SOLUTION
```

LAB 5: Implement vacuum cleaner agent

```
def clean(floor):
    row = len(floor)
    col = len(floor[0])
    for i in range(0, row):
        if(i%2 == 0):
        for j in range(0, col):
            if(floor[i][j] == 1):
            floor[i][j] = 0
```

```
print_floor(floor, i, j)
     else:
       for j in range(col-1, -1, -1):
          if(floor[i][j] == 1):
            floor[i][j] = 0
          print_floor(floor, i, j)
def print_floor(floor, row, col):
  for i in range(0, len(floor)):
     for j in range(0, len(floor[0])):
       if(i == row and j == col):
         print(f"|{floor[i][j]}|", end=" ")
       else:
          print(f" {floor[i][j]} ", end=" ")
     print(end='\n')
  print(end='\n')
def main():
  print("Enter no. of rows")
  m = int(input())
  print("Enter no.of columns")
  n = int(input())
  floor = []
  for i in range(0, m):
     a = list(map(int, input().split(" ")))
    floor.append(a)
  print()
  clean(floor)
main()
```

```
PS C:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2> python -u "c:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2\vaccumecleaner.py"
Enter no. of rows
Enter no.of columns
4
1000
0101
1011
|0| 0
         0
         0
     0
    |0|
             0
     0
         1
 0
     0
        |0|
             0
 0
         0
     1
 1
     0
         1
             1
 0
     0
         0
            [0]
 0
         0
     0
 0
     0
             0
            |0|
     0
 0
     0
         0
             0
 0
        |0|
            0
     0
 0
     0
         0
             0
    |0|
 0
             0
     0
 0
     0
         0
             0
|0|
     0
         0
             0
 1
     0
         1
 0
     0
         0
             0
 0
     0
         0
             0
|0|
     0
         0
             0
 0
     0
         0
             0
 0
    |0|
             1
 0
     0
         0
             0
 0
         0
             0
     0
 0
        |0|
 0
     0
         0
             0
 0
         0
             0
     0
 0
     0
         0
            |0|
```

LAB 6: Create a knowledgebase using prepositional logic and show that the given query entails the knowledge base or not.

```
combinations=[(True,True,True),(True,True,False),(True,False,True),(True,False,
False),(False,True, True),(False,True, False),(False,False,False,False,False)]
variable={'p':0,'q':1, 'r':2}
kb="
a=''
priority={'~':3,'v':1,'^':2}
def input_rules():
  global kb, q
  kb = (input("Enter rule: "))
  q = input("Enter the Query: ")
def entailment():
  global kb, q
  print('*'*10+"Truth Table Reference"+'*'*10)
  print('kb','alpha')
  print('*'*10)
  for comb in combinations:
    s = evaluatePostfix(toPostfix(kb), comb)
    f = evaluatePostfix(toPostfix(q), comb)
    print(s, f)
    print('-'*10)
    if s and not f:
      return False
  return True
def isOperand(c):
  return c.isalpha() and c!='v'
```

```
def isLeftParanthesis(c):
  return c == '('
def isRightParanthesis(c):
  return c == ')'
def isEmpty(stack):
  return len(stack) == 0
def peek(stack):
  return stack[-1]
def hasLessOrEqualPriority(c1, c2):
  try:
    return priority[c1]<=priority[c2]</pre>
  except KeyError:
    return False
def toPostfix(infix):
  stack = []
  postfix = "
  for c in infix:
    if isOperand(c):
       postfix += c
    else:
       if isLeftParanthesis(c):
         stack.append(c)
       elif isRightParanthesis(c):
         operator = stack.pop()
         while not isLeftParanthesis(operator):
```

```
postfix += operator
           operator = stack.pop()
      else:
         while (not isEmpty(stack)) and hasLessOrEqualPriority(c, peek(stack)):
           postfix += stack.pop()
         stack.append(c)
  while (not isEmpty(stack)):
    postfix += stack.pop()
  return postfix
def evaluatePostfix(exp, comb):
  stack = []
  for i in exp:
    if isOperand(i):
      stack.append(comb[variable[i]])
    elif i == '~':
      val1 = stack.pop()
      stack.append(not val1)
    else:
      val1 = stack.pop()
      val2 = stack.pop()
      stack.append(_eval(i,val2,val1))
  return stack.pop()
def _eval(i, val1, val2):
  if i == '^':
    return val2 and val1
  return val2 or val1
input_rules()
ans = entailment()
```

```
if ans:
    print("The Knowledge Base entails query")
else:
print("The Knowledge Base does not entail query")
OUTPUT:
```

LAB 7: Create a knowledgebase using prepositional logic and prove the given query using resolution

```
given query using resolution
CODE:
import re
def negate(term):
  return f'~{term}' if term[0] != '~' else term[1]
def reverse(clause):
  if len(clause) > 2:
    t = split_terms(clause)
    return f'{t[1]}v{t[0]}'
  return "
def split_terms(rule):
  exp = '(\sim *[PQRS])'
  terms = re.findall(exp, rule)
  return terms
def contradiction(query, clause):
  contradictions = [f'{query}v{negate(query)}', f'{negate(query)}v{query}']
  return clause in contradictions or reverse(clause) in contradictions
def resolve(kb, query):
  temp = kb.copy()
  temp += [negate(query)]
  steps = dict()
  for rule in temp:
    steps[rule] = 'Given.'
  steps[negate(query)] = 'Negated conclusion.'
  i = 0
  while i < len(temp):
```

n = len(temp)

```
j = (i + 1) \% n
    clauses = []
    while j != i:
       terms1 = split_terms(temp[i])
       terms2 = split_terms(temp[j])
       for c in terms1:
         if negate(c) in terms2:
            t1 = [t \text{ for } t \text{ in terms } 1 \text{ if } t != c]
            t2 = [t for t in terms2 if t != negate(c)]
            gen = t1 + t2
            if len(gen) == 2:
              if gen[0] != negate(gen[1]):
                clauses += [f'{gen[0]}v{gen[1]}']
              else:
                if contradiction(query,f'{gen[0]}v{gen[1]}'):
                   temp.append(f'{gen[0]}v{gen[1]}')
                   steps["] = f"Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]} to {temp[-1]}, which is in turn
null. \
                   \nA contradiction is found when {negate(query)} is assumed as true.
Hence, {query} is true."
                   return steps
            elif len(gen) == 1:
              clauses += [f'\{gen[0]\}']
            else:
              if contradiction(query,f'{terms1[0]}v{terms2[0]}'):
                temp.append(f'{terms1[0]}v{terms2[0]}')
                steps["] = f"Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]} to {temp[-1]}, which is in turn
null. \
                \nA contradiction is found when {negate(query)} is assumed as true. Hence,
{query} is true."
                return steps
```

```
for clause in clauses:
         if clause not in temp and clause != reverse(clause) and reverse(clause) not in temp:
           temp.append(clause)
           steps[clause] = f'Resolved from {temp[i]} and {temp[j]}.'
      j = (j + 1) \% n
    i += 1
  return steps
def resolution(kb, query):
  kb = kb.split(' ')
  steps = resolve(kb, query)
  print('\nStep\t|Clause\t|Derivation\t')
  print('-' * 30)
  i = 1
  for step in steps:
    print(f' {i}.\t| {step}\t| {steps[step]}\t')
    i += 1
def main():
  print("Enter the kb:")
  kb = input()
  print("Enter the query:")
  query = input()
  resolution(kb,query)
main()
```

```
PS C:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2> python -u "c:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2\N_AI\resolution.py"
Enter the kb:
Rv~P Rv~Q ~RvP ~RvQ
Enter the query:
        |Clause |Derivation
Step
1.
                 Given.
2.
          Rv~Q
                  Given.
          ~RvP
                  Given.
          ~RvQ
                  Given.
4.
          ~R
                  Negated conclusion.
                  Resolved Rv~P and ~RvP to Rv~R, which is in turn null.
A contradiction is found when ~R is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.
PS C:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB 2>
```

LAB 8: Implement unification in first order logic

```
import re
def getAttributes(expression):
    expression = expression.split("(")[1:]
    expression = "(".join(expression)
    expression = expression.split(")")[:-1]
    expression = ")".join(expression)
    attributes = expression.split(',')
    return attributes

def getInitialPredicate(expression):
    return expression.split("(")[0]

def isConstant(char):
```

```
return char.isupper() and len(char) == 1
def isVariable(char):
  return char.islower() and len(char) == 1
def replaceAttributes(exp, old, new):
  attributes = getAttributes(exp)
  predicate = getInitialPredicate(exp)
  for index, val in enumerate(attributes):
    if val == old:
      attributes[index] = new
  return predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes) + ")"
def apply(exp, substitutions):
  for substitution in substitutions:
    new, old = substitution
    exp = replaceAttributes(exp, old, new)
  return exp
def checkOccurs(var, exp):
  if exp.find(var) == -1:
    return False
  return True
def getFirstPart(expression):
  attributes = getAttributes(expression)
  return attributes[0]
```

def getRemainingPart(expression):

```
predicate = getInitialPredicate(expression)
  attributes = getAttributes(expression)
  newExpression = predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes[1:]) + ")"
  return newExpression
def unify(exp1, exp2):
  if exp1 == exp2:
    return []
  if isConstant(exp1) and isConstant(exp2):
    if exp1 != exp2:
      print(f"{exp1} and {exp2} are constants. Cannot be unified")
      return []
  if isConstant(exp1):
    return [(exp1, exp2)]
  if isConstant(exp2):
    return [(exp2, exp1)]
  if isVariable(exp1):
    return [(exp2, exp1)] if not checkOccurs(exp1, exp2) else []
  if isVariable(exp2):
    return [(exp1, exp2)] if not checkOccurs(exp2, exp1) else []
  if getInitialPredicate(exp1) != getInitialPredicate(exp2):
    print("Cannot be unified as the predicates do not match!")
    return []
```

```
attributeCount1 = len(getAttributes(exp1))
  attributeCount2 = len(getAttributes(exp2))
  if attributeCount1 != attributeCount2:
    print(f"Length of attributes {attributeCount1} and {attributeCount2} do not match.
Cannot be unified")
    return []
  head1 = getFirstPart(exp1)
  head2 = getFirstPart(exp2)
  initialSubstitution = unify(head1, head2)
  if not initialSubstitution:
    return []
  if attributeCount1 == 1:
    return initialSubstitution
  tail1 = getRemainingPart(exp1)
  tail2 = getRemainingPart(exp2)
  if initialSubstitution != []:
    tail1 = apply(tail1, initialSubstitution)
    tail2 = apply(tail2, initialSubstitution)
  remainingSubstitution = unify(tail1, tail2)
  if not remainingSubstitution:
    return []
  return initialSubstitution + remainingSubstitution
def main():
  print("Enter the first expression")
  e1 = input()
```

```
print("Enter the second expression")
e2 = input()
substitutions = unify(e1, e2)
print("The substitutions are:")
print([' / '.join(substitution) for substitution in substitutions])
main()
```

```
Enter the first expression
Student(x)
Enter the second expression
Teacher(Rose)
Cannot be unified as the predicates do not match!
The substitutions are:
[]
PS C:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2> python -u "c:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2\N_AI\unification
Enter the first expression
knows(John,x)
Enter the second expression
knows(y,Mother(y))
The substitutions are:
['John / y', 'Mother(y) / x']
PS C:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2> 

| S C:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2> |
```

PS C:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB 2> python -u "c:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB 2\N AI\unificatio

```
LAB 9: Convert given first order logic statement into Conjunctive Normal
Form (CNF).
CODE:
import re
def getAttributes(string):
  expr = '\([^)]+\)'
  matches = re.findall(expr, string)
  return [m for m in str(matches) if m.isalpha()]
def getPredicates(string):
  expr = '[a-z^{-}]+([A-Za-z,]+)'
  return re.findall(expr, string)
def DeMorgan(sentence):
  string = ".join(list(sentence).copy())
  string = string.replace('~~','')
  flag = '[' in string
  string = string.replace('~[','')
  string = string.strip(']')
  for predicate in getPredicates(string):
    string = string.replace(predicate, f'~{predicate}')
  s = list(string)
  for i, c in enumerate(string):
    if c == 'V':
       s[i] = '^'
    elif c == '^':
       s[i] = V'
  string = ".join(s)
  string = string.replace('~~','')
  return f'[{string}]' if flag else string
```

```
def Skolemization(sentence):
  SKOLEM CONSTANTS = [f'{chr(c)}' for c in range(ord('A'), ord('Z')+1)]
  statement = ".join(list(sentence).copy())
  matches = re.findall('[\forall \exists].', statement)
  for match in matches[::-1]:
    statement = statement.replace(match, ")
    statements = re.findall('\[[^]]+\]]', statement)
    for s in statements:
      statement = statement.replace(s, s[1:-1])
    for predicate in getPredicates(statement):
      attributes = getAttributes(predicate)
      if ".join(attributes).islower():
         statement = statement.replace(match[1],SKOLEM_CONSTANTS.pop(0))
      else:
         aL = [a for a in attributes if a.islower()]
         aU = [a for a in attributes if not a.islower()][0]
         statement = statement.replace(aU, f'{SKOLEM_CONSTANTS.pop(0)}({aL[0] if len(aL)
else match[1]})')
  return statement
def fol to cnf(fol):
  statement = fol.replace("<=>", "_")
  while '_' in statement:
    i = statement.index(' ')
    new statement = '[' + statement[:i] + '=>' + statement[i+1:] + ']^['+ statement[i+1:] +
'=>' + statement[:i] + ']'
    statement = new_statement
  statement = statement.replace("=>", "-")
  expr = ' (([^]]+) )'
  statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
```

```
for i, s in enumerate(statements):
  if '[' in s and ']' not in s:
     statements[i] += ']'
for s in statements:
  statement = statement.replace(s, fol_to_cnf(s))
while '-' in statement:
  i = statement.index('-')
  br = statement.index('[') if '[' in statement else 0
  new_statement = '~' + statement[br:i] + 'V' + statement[i+1:]
  statement = statement[:br] + new statement if br > 0 else new statement
while '~∀' in statement:
  i = statement.index('^{\vee}\forall')
  statement = list(statement)
  statement[i], statement[i+1], statement[i+2] = '∃', statement[i+2], '~'
  statement = ".join(statement)
while '~∃' in statement:
  i = statement.index('^3')
  s = list(statement)
  s[i], s[i+1], s[i+2] = '\forall', s[i+2], '\sim'
  statement = ".join(s)
statement = statement.replace("`[\forall','[``\forall'])
statement = statement.replace('~[∃','[~∃')
expr = '(\sim[\forall \forall \exists].)'
statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
for s in statements:
  statement = statement.replace(s, fol_to_cnf(s))
expr = '~\[[^]]+\]'
statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
for s in statements:
```

```
statement = statement.replace(s, DeMorgan(s))
return statement

def main():
    print("Enter FOL:")
    fol = input()
    print("The CNF form of the given FOL is: ")
    print(Skolemization(fol_to_cnf(fol)))
main()
```

```
Install the latest PowerShell for new features and improvements! https://aka.ms/PSWindows

PS C:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2> python -u "c:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2\N_AI\FOL.py"

Enter FOL:

∀x[∃z[loves(x,z)]]

The CNF form of the given FOL is:

[loves(x,B(x))]

PS C:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2> 

■
```

LAB 10: Create a knowledgebase consisting of first order logic statements and prove the given query using forward reasoning.

CODE:

import re

def isVariable(x):

return len(x) == 1 and x.islower() and x.isalpha()

```
def getAttributes(string):
  expr = '([^{n}]+)'
  matches = re.findall(expr, string)
  return matches
def getPredicates(string):
  expr = '([a-z^{-}]+)([^{k}]+)'
  return re.findall(expr, string)
class Fact:
  def init (self, expression):
    self.expression = expression
    predicate, params = self.splitExpression(expression)
    self.predicate = predicate
    self.params = params
    self.result = any(self.getConstants())
  def splitExpression(self, expression):
    predicate = getPredicates(expression)[0]
    params = getAttributes(expression)[0].strip('()').split(',')
    return [predicate, params]
  def getResult(self):
    return self.result
  def getConstants(self):
    return [None if isVariable(c) else c for c in self.params]
  def getVariables(self):
    return [v if isVariable(v) else None for v in self.params]
```

```
def substitute(self, constants):
    c = constants.copy()
    f = f"{self.predicate}({','.join([constants.pop(0) if isVariable(p) else p for p in
self.params])})"
    return Fact(f)
class Implication:
  def init (self, expression):
    self.expression = expression
    l = expression.split('=>')
    self.lhs = [Fact(f) for f in I[0].split('&')]
    self.rhs = Fact(I[1])
  def evaluate(self, facts):
    constants = {}
    new lhs = []
    for fact in facts:
       for val in self.lhs:
         if val.predicate == fact.predicate:
           for i, v in enumerate(val.getVariables()):
              if v:
                constants[v] = fact.getConstants()[i]
           new_lhs.append(fact)
    predicate, attributes = getPredicates(self.rhs.expression)[0],
str(getAttributes(self.rhs.expression)[0])
    for key in constants:
       if constants[key]:
         attributes = attributes.replace(key, constants[key])
    expr = f'{predicate}{attributes}'
    return Fact(expr) if len(new lhs) and all([f.getResult() for f in new lhs]) else None
```

```
class KB:
  def __init__(self):
     self.facts = set()
     self.implications = set()
  def tell(self, e):
     if '=>' in e:
       self.implications.add(Implication(e))
     else:
       self.facts.add(Fact(e))
     for i in self.implications:
       res = i.evaluate(self.facts)
       if res:
          self.facts.add(res)
  def query(self, e):
     facts = set([f.expression for f in self.facts])
     i = 1
     print(f'Querying {e}:')
     for f in facts:
       if Fact(f).predicate == Fact(e).predicate:
          print(f'\t{i}. \{f\}')
          i += 1
  def display(self):
     print("All facts: ")
     for i, f in enumerate(set([f.expression for f in self.facts])):
       print(f'\t{i+1}. {f}')
def main():
```

```
kb = KB()
print("Enter KB: (enter e to exit)")
while True:
    t = input()
    if(t == 'e'):
        break
        kb.tell(t)
print("Enter Query:")
    q = input()
kb.query(q)
kb.display()
main()
```

```
PS C:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2> python -u "c:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB_2\N_AI\Forward.py"
Enter KB: (enter e to exit)
missile(x) = > weapon(x)
missile(M1)
enemy(x,America)=>hostile(x)
american(West)
enemy(Nono, America)
owns(Nono,M1)
missile(x)&owns(Nono,x)=>sells(West,x,Nono)
american(x)&weapon(y)&sells(x,y,z)&hostile(z)=>criminal(x)
Enter Query:
criminal(x)
Querying criminal(x):

    criminal(West)

All facts:

    criminal(West)

        sells(West,M1,Nono)
        weapon(M1)
        4. owns(Nono,M1)
        5. missile(M1)
        6. hostile(Nono)
        7. enemy(Nono, America)
        8. american(West)
PS C:\Users\PUNEETH K\OneDrive\Desktop\LAB 2>
```