МІНІСТЕРСТВО ОСВІТИ І НАУКИ, МОЛОДІ ТА СПОРТУ УКРАЇНИ

НАВЧАЛЬНО-НАУКОВИЙ КОМПЛЕКС «ІНСТИТУТ ПРИКЛАДНОГО СИСТЕМНОГО АНАЛІЗУ» НАЦІОНАЛЬНОГО ТЕХНІЧНОГО УНІВЕРСИТЕТУ УКРАЇНИ «КИЇВСЬКИЙ ПОЛІТЕХНІЧНИЙ ІНСТИТУТ ІМЕНІ ІГОРЯ СІКОРСЬКОГО»

КАФЕДРА МАТЕМАТИЧНИХ МЕТОДІВ СИСТЕМНОГО АНАЛІЗУ

КОМП'ЮТЕРНИЙ ПРАКТИКУМ №4

Варіант №18

3 дисципліни: Програмування та алгоритмічні мови

Роботу виконав:

Студент 1 курсу групи КА-95

Петренко Денис

Перевірив:

Гуськова В.Г.

1. Завдання:

Варіант 18. Визначити:

арифметичний оператор "+" для класу «Число»;

10

оздан испытательной версией pdfFactory Pro www.pdffactory.com

- оператор порівняння "<" для «Число»;
- оператори порівняння "==" за вмістом для класу «Фраза»;
- оператори форматного уведення-виведення для класів «Алфавіт» та «Фраза».

2.1 Лістинг програми:

```
#define CRT SECURE NO WARNINGS
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Alphabet {
private:
  char* letters;
  char* signs;
  double 11, s1;
public:
  Alphabet();
  Alphabet(char*, char*, double, double);
  Alphabet (Alphabet&);
  ~Alphabet();
  friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& out, Alphabet& v);</pre>
  friend istream& operator>>(istream& in, Alphabet& v);
  Alphabet& setletters(char*);
  Alphabet& setsigns(char*);
  Alphabet& setl1(double);
  Alphabet& sets1(double);
  char* getletters();
  char* getsigns();
  double getl1();
  double gets1();
  void printAlphabet();
  void shortPrintAlphabet();
Alphabet::Alphabet() {
  letters = new char[50];
  signs = new char[50];
  strcpy(letters, "noletters");
  strcpy(signs, "nosigns");
```

```
11 = s1 = 0;
  //cout << "\n------Default constructor
Alphabet";
Alphabet::Alphabet(char* lett, char* sign, double 12, double s2) {
  letters = new char[strlen(lett) + 1];
  signs = new char[strlen(sign) + 1];
  strcpy(letters, lett);
  strcpy(signs, sign);
  11 = 12;
  s1 = s2;
  //cout << "\n----- Alphabet
with parametres";
Alphabet::Alphabet(Alphabet& a) {
  11 = a.11;
  s1 = a.s1;
  letters = new char[strlen(a.letters) + 1];
  signs = new char[strlen(a.signs) + 1];
  strcpy(letters, a.letters);
  strcpy(signs, a.signs);
  //cout << "\n-----Constructor copy
Alphabet";
Alphabet::~Alphabet() { if (letters) delete[] letters; if (signs)
delete[] signs; /*cout << "\n-----</pre>
Destructor Alphabet";*/ };
ostream& operator<<(ostream& out, Alphabet& v) {</pre>
 return out << '"' << v.letters << '"' << ',' << ' ' ' << '"' <<
v.signs << '"' << ',' << ' (' << v.11 << ',' << v.s1 << ')' <<
';' << endl;
istream& operator>>(istream& in , Alphabet& v) {
 return in >> v.letters >> v.signs;
Alphabet& Alphabet::setletters(char* lett) {
  delete[]letters;
  letters = new char[strlen(lett) + 1];
  strcpy(letters, lett);
  return*this;
};
Alphabet& Alphabet::setsigns(char* sign) {
  delete[] signs;
  signs = new char[strlen(sign) + 1];
  strcpy(signs, sign);
  return*this;
};
Alphabet& Alphabet::setl1(double 12) { 11 = 12; return*this; };
Alphabet& Alphabet::sets1(double s2) { s1 = s2; return*this; };
char* Alphabet::getletters() { return letters; };
char* Alphabet::getsigns() { return signs; };
double Alphabet::getl1() { return l1; };
double Alphabet::gets1() { return s1; };
void Alphabet::printAlphabet() {
  cout << letters << ' ' << signs << ' ' << l1 << ' ' << s1 <<
endl;
void Alphabet::shortPrintAlphabet() {
```

```
cout << 11 << ' ' << s1 << endl;
}
class Phrase {
private:
  char* phrase;
  Alphabet alph;
public:
  Phrase();
  Phrase(char*, Alphabet&);
  Phrase(Phrase&);
  ~Phrase();
  friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& out, Phrase& v);</pre>
  friend istream& operator>>(istream& in, Phrase& v);
  friend bool operator == (const Phrase& a, const Phrase& b);
  Phrase& setphrase(char*);
  Phrase& setalph(char*, char*, double, double);
  char* getphrase();
  Alphabet& getalph(char* gl1, char* gl2, double gl3, double gl4);
  void printPhrase();
  void shortPrintPhrase();
};
Phrase::Phrase() {
  phrase = new char[50];
  strcpy(phrase, "nophrase");
  //cout << "\n------Default constructor
Phrase";
Phrase::Phrase(char* phr, Alphabet& alpha) :alph(alpha) {
  phrase = new char[strlen(phr) + 1];
  strcpy(phrase, phr);
  //cout << "\n-----Phrase
with parametres";
Phrase::Phrase(Phrase& b) : alph(b.alph) {
  phrase = new char[strlen(b.phrase) + 1];
  strcpy(phrase, b.phrase);
  //cout << "\n-----Constructor copy
Phrase";
Phrase::~Phrase() { if (phrase) delete[] phrase; };
bool operator==(const Phrase& a, const Phrase& b) {
  return (a.phrase == b.phrase);
ostream& operator<<(ostream& out, Phrase& v) {</pre>
  return out << '"' << v.phrase << '"' << ';' << endl;
istream& operator>>(istream& in, Phrase& v) {
  return in >> v.phrase >> v.alph;
Phrase& Phrase::setphrase(char* phr) {
  delete[]phrase;
  phrase = new char[strlen(phr) + 1];
  strcpy(phrase, phr);
  return*this;
};
Phrase& Phrase::setalph(char* sl1, char* sl2, double sl3, double
  alph.setletters(sl1);
```

```
alph.setsigns(sl2);
  alph.setl1(sl3);
  alph.sets1(sl4);
  return*this;
char* Phrase::getphrase() { return phrase; };
Alphabet& Phrase::qetalph(char* gl1, char* gl2, double gl3, double
g14) {
  alph.getletters();
  alph.getsigns();
  alph.getl1();
  alph.gets1();
  return alph;
void Phrase::printPhrase() {
  cout << phrase << endl;</pre>
  alph.printAlphabet();
};
void Phrase::shortPrintPhrase() {
  cout << phrase << endl;</pre>
class Number : public Phrase {
private:
  double number system;
  double length fraction;
public:
  Number();
  Number(char*, Alphabet&, double, double);
  Number (Number&);
  ~Number();
  friend Number operator+(Number&, Number&);
  friend bool operator<(Number&, Number&);</pre>
  friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& out, Number& v);</pre>
  Number& setnumber system(double);
  Number & setlength fraction (double);
  double getnumber_system();
  double getlength fraction();
  void printNumber();
  void viewNumber();
};
Number::Number() {
  number system = length fraction = 0;
  //cout << "\n------Default constructor
Number\n";
}
Number::Number(char* phr, Alphabet& alpha, double ns, double lf)
:Phrase(phr, alpha) {
  number system = ns;
  length fraction = lf;
  //cout << "\n----- Number
with parametres\n";
Number::Number(Number& n) : Phrase(n) {
  number system = n.number system;
  length_fraction = n.length_fraction;
  //cout << "\n-----constructor copy
Number\n";
```

```
Number::~Number() {
  //cout << "\n------Destructor Number\n";
Number operator+(Number& a, Number& b) {
  Number temp;
  temp.number system = a.number system + b.number system;
  temp.length fraction = a.length fraction + b.length fraction;
  return temp;
bool operator<(const Number& 11, const Number& 12) {</pre>
  return (11 < 12);
ostream& operator<<(ostream& out, Number& v) {</pre>
  return out << '[' << v.number system << ']' << ',' << ' ' << '['
<< v.length fraction << ']' << ';' << endl;
Number& Number::setnumber system(double ns) {
  number system = ns;
  return*this;
Number& Number::setlength fraction(double lf) {
  length fraction = lf;
  return*this;
}
double Number::getnumber system() {
  return number system;
double Number::getlength fraction() {
  return length fraction;
void Number::printNumber() {
  Phrase::printPhrase();
  cout << number system << endl;</pre>
  cout << length fraction << endl;</pre>
void Number::viewNumber() {
  Phrase::printPhrase();
  cout << number system << endl;</pre>
class Sentence : public Phrase {
  double len Alph;
  int ignor register;
public:
  Sentence();
  Sentence(char*, Alphabet&, double, int);
  Sentence (Sentence &);
  ~Sentence();
  friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& out, Sentence& v);</pre>
  Sentence& setlen Alph(double);
  Sentence& setignor register(int);
  double getlen Alph();
  int getignor register();
  void printSentence();
  void viewSentence();
};
Sentence::Sentence() {
   len Alph = ignor register = 0;
```

```
//cout << "\n-----Default constructor
Sentence\n";
Sentence::Sentence(char* phr, Alphabet& alpha, double 1A, int ir)
:Phrase(phr, alpha) {
  len Alph = 1A;
  ignor register = ir;
  //cout << "\n-----Constructor Sentence
with parametres\n";
Sentence::Sentence(Sentence& s) : Phrase(s) {
  len Alph = s.len Alph;
  ignor register = s.ignor register;
  //cout << "\n-----Constructor copy
Sentence\n";
Sentence::~Sentence() {
   //cout << "\n-----Destructor
Sentence\n";
}
ostream& operator<<(ostream& out, Sentence& v) {
  return out << '[' << v.len Alph << ']' << ',' << ' ' << '(' <<
v.ignor register << ')' << ';' << endl;
Sentence& Sentence::setlen Alph(double lA) {
  len Alph = lA;
  return*this;
Sentence& Sentence::setignor register(int ir) {
  ignor register = ir;
  return*this;
double Sentence::getlen Alph() {
  return len Alph;
int Sentence::getignor register() {
  return ignor register;
}
void Sentence::printSentence() {
  Phrase::printPhrase();
  cout << len Alph << endl;</pre>
  cout << ignor register << endl;</pre>
void Sentence::viewSentence() {
  Phrase::printPhrase();
  cout << len Alph << endl;</pre>
}
int main()
  double 12, s2;
  char lett[50];
  char sign[50];
  char phr1[50];
  char phr2[50];
  double ns, lf1, lf2, lA;
  int ir;
  int choice;
```

```
Alphabet obj1;
  cout << "Alphabet 1 will be set by default constructor" <<</pre>
"\nEnter information for Alphabet 2:" << endl;
  Alphabet obj2(lett, sign, 12, s2);
  Alphabet obj3 = obj2;
  cout << "\nEnter information for Alphabet 3:" << endl;</pre>
  cout << "Enter letters: "; cin >> lett; 12 = strlen(lett);
  cout << "Enter signs: "; cin >> sign; s2 = strlen(sign);
  obj3.setletters(lett).setsigns(sign).setl1(12).sets1(s2);
  cout << "\nThere are Alphabet 1, Alphabet 2, Alphabet 3: " <<</pre>
"\nAlphabet 1: " << obj1 << "Alphabet 2: " << obj2 << "Alphabet 3: "
<< obj3 << endl;
  Phrase p1;
  cout << "Phrase 1 will be set by default constructor" << "\nEnter</pre>
information for Phrase 2: " << "\nEnter phrase: ";</pre>
  cin >> phr1;
  Phrase p2(phr1, obj3);
  Phrase p3 = p2;
  cout << "\nEnter information for Phrase 3: " << "\nEnter phrase:</pre>
  cin >> phr2;
  p3.setphrase(phr2).setalph(lett, sign, 12, s2);
  if (strcmp(phr1, phr2) == 0) {
      cout << "\nPhrase 2 and Phrase 3 are the same." << "\nThere</pre>
are Phrase 1 and Phrase 2: " << "\nPhrase 1: " << p1 << "Phrase 2: " \,
<< p2 << endl;
  }
  else {
        cout << "\nThere are Phrase 1, Phrase 2, Phrase 3: " <<</pre>
"\nPhrase 1: " << p1 << "Phrase 2: " << p2 << "Phrase 3: " << p3 <<
endl;
  }
  Number n1;
  cout << "Number 1 will be set by default constructor" << "\nEnter</pre>
information for Number 2:" << endl;</pre>
  cout << "Enter number system: ";</pre>
                                        cin >> ns;
  cout << "Enter length of fraction: "; cin >> lf1;
  Number n2(phr1, obj3, ns, lf1);
  Number n3 = n2;
  cout << "\nEnter information for Number 3" << endl;</pre>
  cout << "Enter number system: "; cin >> ns;
  cout << "Enter length of fraction "; cin >> 1f2;
  n3.setnumber system(ns).setlength fraction(1f2);
  if (lf1 < lf2) {
        cout << "\nLength of fraction in Number 2 is less than</pre>
Number 3." << endl;</pre>
  }
        cout << "\nLength of fraction in Number 3 is less than</pre>
Number 2." << endl;
  Number n4; n4 = n3 + n2;
  cout << "\nNumber 4 is the summ of Number 2 and Number 3." <<</pre>
endl;
```

```
cout << "\nThere are Number 1, Number 2, Number 3, Number 4: " <<</pre>
"\nNumber 1: " << n1 << "Number 2: " << n2 << "Number 3: " << n3 <<
"Number 4: "<< n4 << endl;
  Sentence sen1;
  1A = 12 + s2;
  cout << "\nEnter Sentence: " << "\nEnter 0 or 1 in the value</pre>
whether to ignore case: "; cin >> ir;
   Sentence sen2(phr1, obj3, lA, ir);
  Sentence sen3 = sen2;
  sen3.setlen Alph(lA);
   cout << "\nThere are Sentence 1, Sentence 2, Sentence 3: " <<</pre>
"\nSentence 1: " << sen1 << "Sentence 2: " << sen2 << "Sentence 3: "
<< sen3 << endl;
  cout << "\nPrint Phrase";</pre>
  cout << "\n1. Print Phrase with number of system.";</pre>
  cout << "\n2. Print Phrase with lenght of alphabet.";</pre>
  cout << "\nEnter your choice: "; cin >> choice;
  switch (choice) {
  case 1: {
  n3.viewNumber();
   break;
  }
  case 2: {
   sen3.viewSentence();
    break;
   }
   }
return 0;
```

2.2 Результати:

C:\Users\↓ыхўър\Desktop\▲єЁёрў\KP4.exe

```
Alphabet 1 will be set by default constructor
Enter information for Alphabet 2:
Enter letters: qwerty
Enter signs: +=-?>/

Enter information for Alphabet 3:
Enter letters: asdfg
Enter signs: (*%$

There are Alphabet 1, Alphabet 2, Alphabet 3:
Alphabet 1: "noletters", "nosigns", (0,0);
Alphabet 2: "qwerty", "+=-?>/", (6,6);
Alphabet 3: "asdfg", "(*%$", (5,4);

Phrase 1 will be set by default constructor
Enter information for Phrase 2:
Enter phrase: ggwp
```

```
Enter information for Phrase 3:
Enter phrase: helloit`sme
There are Phrase 1, Phrase 2, Phrase 3:
Phrase 1: "nophrase";
Phrase 2: "ggwp";
Phrase 3: "helloit`sme";
Number 1 will be set by default constructor
Enter information for Number 2:
Enter number system: 12
Enter length of fraction: 13
Enter information for Number 3
Enter number system: 22
Enter length of fraction 567
Length of fraction in Number 2 is less than Number 3.
Number 4 is the summ of Number 2 and Number 3.
There are Number 1, Number 2, Number 3, Number 4:
Number 1: [0], [0];
Number 2: [12], [13];
Number 3: [22], [567];
Number 4: [34], [580];
Enter Sentence:
Enter 0 or 1 in the value whether to ignore case: 1
There are Sentence 1, Sentence 2, Sentence 3:
Sentence 1: [0], (0);
Sentence 2: [9], (1);
Sentence 3: [9], (1);
Print Phrase

    Print Phrase with number of system.

Print Phrase with lenght of alphabet.
Enter your choice: 1
ggwp
asdfg (*%$ 5 4
22
Process exited after 56.08 seconds with return value 0
Для продолжения нажмите любую клавишу . . . _
```

Висновок:

Виконавши цю роботу я навчився правильно користуватися можливостями перевантаження звичайних і операторних функцій в C++.