Creating Multiple Threads

The multiple threads can be created both by extending Thread class and be implementing the Runnable interface.

1. Java Program for creating multiple threads by extending Thread Class

```
class A extends Thread
{
   public void run()
   {
      for(int i=0;i<=5;i++)//printing 0 to 5
      {
        System.out.println(i);
      }
   }
}
class B extends Thread</pre>
```

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class B implements Runnable

```
public void run()
        for(int i=10;i>=5;i-)//printing 10 to 5
           System.out.println(i);
  class ThreadProg
     public static void main(String args[])
       A t1=new A();
       B t2=new B();
       t1.start();
       t2.start();
                                           Output
       0
       1
       2
       3
       4
       5
       10
      9
      8
      7
      6
    Java Program for creating multiple threads by implementing
    the Runnable interface
class A implements Runnable
  public void run()
     for(int i=0;i<=5;i++)//printing 0 to 5
       System.out.println(i);
```

```
public void rum()
  for(int i=10;i>=5;i-)//printing 10 to 5
    System.out.println(i);
ass ThreadProgRunn
 public static void main(String args[])
   A obj1=new A();
   B obj2=new B();
   Thread t1=new Thread(obj1);
   Thread t2=new Thread(obj2);
   t1.start();
   t2.start();
                                          Output
    0
    3
    4
    5
    10
    9
    8
    7
    6
Example 7.5.1 Write a Java application program for generating four threads to perform the
   following operations - i) Getting N numbers as input ii) Printing the numbers divisible by
   five iii) Printing prime numbers iv) Computing the average.
 Solution:
 import java.io.*;
 import java.util.*;
 class FirstThread extends Thread
  public void run() //generating N numbers
     int i;
```

```
System.out.println("\nGenerating Numbers: ");
   for (i=1)i \in -10ji++)
    System.out.println(i);
lass SecondThread extends Thread
public void run() //Displaying the numbers divisible by five
   int i:
   System.out.println("\nDivisible by Five: ");
   for (i=1;i \le 10;i++) //10 can be replaced by any desired value
      if (i%5==0)
         System.out.println(i);
class ThirdThread extends Thread
public void run() //generating the prime numbers
   int i:
   System.out.println("\nPrime Numbers: ");
   for (i=1;i\leq=10;i++) //10 can be replaced by any desired value
     int j:
     for (j=2; j< i; j++)
      int n = 1%j;
      if (n = = 0)
         break;
    if(i == j)
        System.out.println(i);
```

```
6855 FourthThread extends Thread
public void run() //generating the prime numbers
  int i, sum;
  double avg;
  sum=0;
  System.out.println("\nComputing Average: ");
  for (i=1;i\leq 10;i++) //10 can be replaced by any desired value
    sum=sum+i;
  avg=sum/(i-1);
  System.out.println(avg);
class MainThread
 public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException
   FirstThread T1 = new FirstThread(); //creating first thread
   SecondThread T2 = new SecondThread(); //creating second thread
   ThirdThread T3 = new ThirdThread(); //creating Third thread
   FourthThread T4 = new FourthThread(); //creating Fourth thread
   T1.start(); //First Thread starts executing
   T2.start();//Second Thread starts executing
   T3.start();//Third Thread starts executing
   T4.start();//Fourth Thread starts executing
                                          Output
 Generating Numbers:
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
 8
 9
  10
  Divisible by Five:
  5
```