

James Dolan

① 11/6/15

Now we wish to apply the belief method within the
Doctrine of "colimits & symmetric tensor products".
This is the algebraic geometry doctrine.

A symmetric monoidal category with colimits,
This is a categorified commutative ring.
We are doing categorified affine algebraic geometry.
(decategory the believers to get a Grobner basis)

Example sketches

1) Theory of an object X



↓
free sym
monoidal

the generic model is cocomplete

the free ~~sym~~ symmetric monoidal category on one object

(free sym. monoidal cat is ...)

See ③ 27/4/14

2) Theory of a pair of objects X, Y

free monoid on X, Y

as a category it's discreet

free sym monoid on X, Y

pairs of bijections between
pairs of sets

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline S & T \\ \hline \vdots & \cdot \\ \hline \end{array} = X \otimes X \otimes Y$$

Example sketches

1)

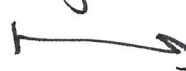


Sketch

free monoidal cat

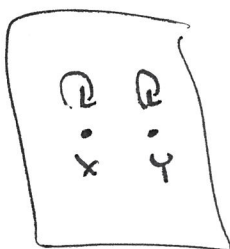


symmetric



Groupoid
(Feynman diagrams)

2)

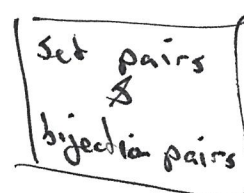


Sketch

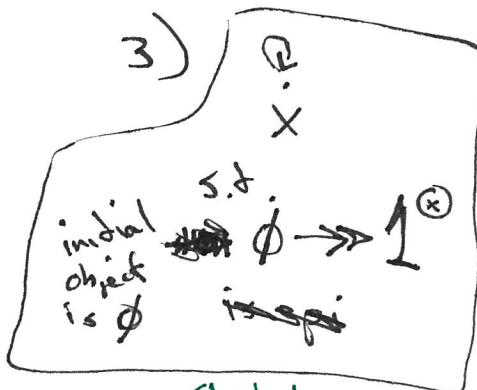
monoidal



sym



3)



Sketch

monoidal

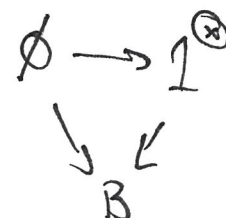


use belief method:

structure types that believe

$\phi \rightarrow 1^{\otimes}$

~~is a pi~~



ϕ is the impossible structure type

1 is the vacuous (trivial) structure type

$$\text{Hom}(\phi, B) \hookleftarrow \text{Hom}(1^{\otimes}, B)$$

using internal Hom's:

$$1 \hookleftarrow B$$

"a subobject of the terminal object is a truth value"
- topos theory

So B is just a property!
ie. a commutative quantale.

The Synthetic category is the category of property types.

3) (cont'd)

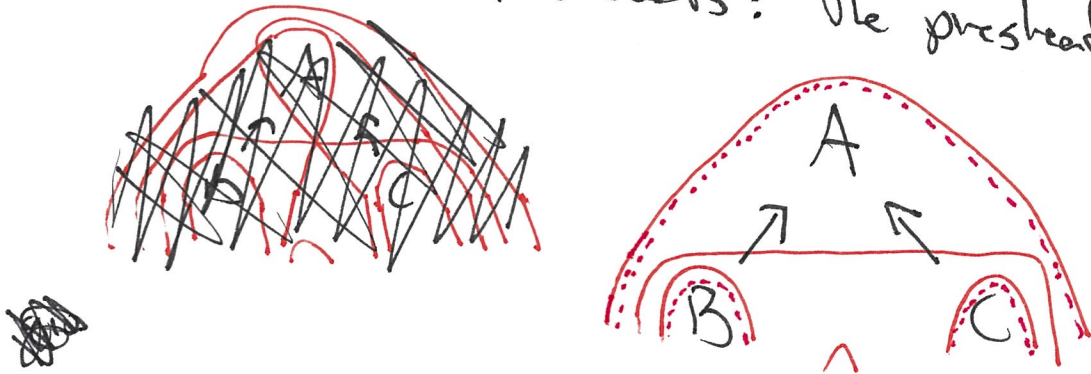
poset P , functor

$$P^{\text{op}} \xrightarrow{F} \left\{ \begin{matrix} \top \\ \perp \end{matrix} \right\}$$

Sub Example

$$\left\{ \begin{matrix} & A & \\ \nearrow & & \nwarrow \\ B & & C \end{matrix} \right\}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \left\{ \begin{matrix} \top \\ \perp \end{matrix} \right\}$$

i.e. downward closed subsets: the presheaf poset



this is & implement this!
the free cocomplete poset ~~on~~ on P !

sub example free com. monoid on X, Y
 $M = \{X^2, X^2Y, \dots\}$

Now take subsets: PM .

this is the free com
quandle on X, Y .

| | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|---|
| 1 | X | X ² | X ³ | . |
| Y | XY | X ² Y | . | . |
| Y ² | XY ² | . | . | . |
| . | . | . | . | . |

Eg. $\{X, XY, Y^2\} \in PM$ a "property"
or $X + XY + Y^2$.

or polynomials over $\{\text{true}, \text{false}\}$

Now add relations

$$B = \{e_i\}$$

James Nolan

using

④ 11/6/19

$$M = B[x, y]$$

internal how we did

the believers:

$$Q = B[x, y]$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

$$\text{Hom}(x^2 + y^2, B) = \text{Hom}(1, B)$$

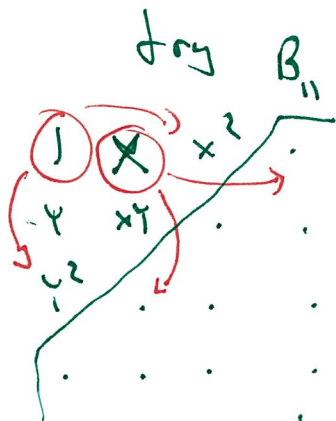
"
B

tensor-hom adjunction

$$K \rightarrow \text{Hom}(x^2 + y^2, B)$$

$$K \otimes (x^2 + y^2) \rightarrow B$$

$$\text{So } K \rightarrow B \text{ iff } K \otimes (x^2 + y^2) \rightarrow B$$



not a believer.

$$B = \sum_{q \in Q} q \text{ is a believer}$$

$$B = \sum x^{2n} y^{2m} \text{ is a believer}$$

