## All of Statistics: Random Variables

Giang Le

4/21/2022

## Selected Exercises and My Solutions

## Exercise 16

Let  $X \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda)$  and  $Y \sim \text{Poisson}(\mu)$  and assume that X and Y are independent. Find the distribution of X given that X + Y = n.

My solution:

 $X + Y \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda + \mu)$  because X and Y are independent.

$$f_{X|X+Y=n}(x|x+y=n) = \frac{f_{X,X+Y=n}(x,x+y=n)}{f_{X+Y}(x+y)} = \frac{f_{X,Y}(x,n-x)}{f_{X+Y}(x+y)} = \frac{f_{X}(x)f_{Y}(y=n-x)}{f_{X+Y}(x+y)} = \frac{\frac{\lambda^{x}}{e^{\lambda}x!}\frac{\mu^{n-x}}{e^{\mu}(n-x)!}}{\frac{(\mu+\lambda)^{x+y}}{e^{\mu}e^{\lambda}(x+y)!}} = \frac{\frac{\lambda^{x}}{e^{\lambda}x!}\frac{\mu^{n-x}}{e^{\mu}(n-x)!}}{\frac{(\mu+\lambda)^{x+y}}{(x+y)!}} = \frac{\frac{\lambda^{x}}{e^{\lambda}x!}\frac{\mu^{n-x}}{e^{\mu}(n-x)!}}{\frac{(\mu+\lambda)^{x+y}}{e^{\mu}e^{\lambda}(x+y)!}} = \frac{\frac{\lambda^{x}}{e^{\lambda}x!}\frac{\mu^{n-x}}{e^{\mu}(n-x)!}}{\frac{(\mu+\lambda)^{x+y}}{e^{\mu}e^{\lambda}(x+y)!}} = \frac{\frac{\lambda^{x}}{e^{\lambda}x!}\frac{\mu^{n-x}}{e^{\mu}(n-x)!}}{\frac{(\mu+\lambda)^{x+y}}{e^{\mu}e^{\lambda}(x+y)!}} = \frac{\frac{\lambda^{x}}{e^{\lambda}x!}\frac{\mu^{n-x}}{e^{\mu}e^{\lambda}(x+y)!}}{\frac{(\mu+\lambda)^{x+y}}{e^{\mu}e^{\lambda}(x+y)!}} = \frac{\frac{\lambda^{x}}{e^{\lambda}x!}\frac{\mu^{n-x}}{e^{\mu}e^{\lambda}(x+y)!}}{\frac{(\mu+\lambda)^{x+y}}{e^{\mu}e^{\lambda}(x+y)!}} = \frac{\frac{\lambda^{x}}{e^{\lambda}x!}\frac{\mu^{n-x}}{e^{\mu}e^{\lambda}(x+y)!}}{\frac{(\mu+\lambda)^{x+y}}{e^{\mu}e^{\lambda}(x+y)!}}$$

$$=\frac{\frac{\lambda^x}{x!}\frac{\mu^{n-x}}{(n-x)!}}{\frac{(\mu+\lambda)^n}{n!}}=\binom{n}{x}\frac{\lambda^x\mu^{n-x}}{(\mu+\lambda)^n}=\binom{n}{x}(\frac{\lambda}{\lambda+\mu})^x(1-\frac{\lambda}{\lambda+\mu})^{n-x}$$

This shows that X given X+Y=n  $\sim Binomial(n, \frac{\lambda}{\mu + \lambda})$ 

## Exercise 17

Let

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} c(x+y)^2 & 0 < x < 1 \text{ and } 0 < y < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find  $P(X < 0.5 \mid Y = 0.5)$ .

My solution:

First, find 
$$f_Y(y)$$
 by integrating over x.  $f_Y(y) = \int_0^1 c(x+y)^2 dx = c(\frac{1}{3} + y + y^2)$ 

So, 
$$f_{X|Y}(x|y) = \frac{f_{X,Y}(x,y)}{f_{Y}(y)} = \frac{c(x+y)^2}{c/3 + cy + cy^2} = \frac{(x+y)^2}{1/3 + y + y^2}$$

$$P(X < 0.5 \mid Y = 0.5) = \int_0^{0.5} \frac{(x+0.5)^2}{1/3+0.5+0.5^2} dx \approx 0.2692$$