## Perserose Catalan

## Lecture 6-7 Assignment

```
1.
    a. bool pathway[8] = {[0] = true, [2] = true};
    b. bool pathway[8] = {true, false, true};
```

```
2.
                    #include <stdio.h>
                   /*using macros to define size of the array*/
#define N_ROWS 8
#define N_COLUMNS 8
                          int user_input, i, j;
                         /*array of strings for final output*/
char *road_station[]={"A", "B", "C", "D", "E", "F", "G", "H"};
                         /*array for 2d matrix printing*/
char *array_station[]= {" A", " B","[C]","[D]", " E", " F", " G", " H"};
                         int road_networks[N_ROWS][N_COLUMNS]= {
                                { 1, 1,0,0, 0, 1, 0, 0},
{ 1, 1,1,0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
{ 0, 1,1,0, 1, 1, 0, 0},
                                { 0, 0,0,1, 1, 0, 0, 0}, 
 { 0, 0,0,1, 1, 0, 0, 0}, 
 { 1, 0,1,0, 0, 1, 0, 0},
                                { 1, 0,0,1, 0, 0, 1, 0}, 
{ 0, 0,0,0, 0, 1, 0, 1}
                   /*array header*/
printf("
                   H\n");
                         (1= 0;1 < N_ROWS; 1++){  // Eterate through ons
printf("%s",array_station[i]);
for (j= 0; j < N_COLUMNS; j++){  // iterate through columns
    printf("%8d",road_networks[i][j]);  // print 1 and 0 values</pre>
                          printf("\n");
                   printf("\n");
```

First, we need to define the size of the array using macros. We determine the size by rows and columns. Then we declare variables such as the user input, i and j as integers. i for rows and j for columns. After that, we initialize the arrays for the stations. The elements would be in char data type. Then we create a multidimensional array using the values of 1 and 0 from the given table. After initializing the arrays, we are going to display the matrix on the console using the for loop. After that, we take input from the user and print the starting point. using the locator, we will iterate through the columns and if the locator lands on a true value, then the console will print the location. However, of the locator is at column C and D, the console will display that the locator arrived at the charging points. We also set the value of the user input as the locator and increment it by 1 to avoid infinite loop. Lastly, if the locator reaches the value of 7 without arrive at a station, the value of the locator resets back to 0,

At first, I was having a hard time determining the correct algorithm. After sometime, I finally got the working algorithm by reviewing the lectures. I realized that it is tricky to program multidimensional arrays if you don't have a deep understanding about it.

## GitHub Link:

https://github.com/purseerus/CMSC-21/tree/main/Lecture%206-7/Assignments