

Chapter-4. Immutable Data Structures

1. String
2. Tuple

1. String.

1.1 Accessing character of String.

1. By using Index.
2. By using slicing operators.
 - A. Syntax.-----> S[begining index:ending index:step]

In [1]: *#1. By using Index.*

```
a='LJ University'
print(a[1])
print(a[-2])
print(a[20])
```

J
t

```
-----
IndexError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-1-ab55319e658b> in <module>
      2 print(a[1])
      3 print(a[-2])
----> 4 print(a[20])

IndexError: string index out of range
```

In [7]: *#2. By using slicing operators.*

```
s="Learning Python is very easy!"
print(s[1:5:1])
print(s[1:5:2])
print(s[:5])
print(s[9:])
print(s[:])
print(s[:])
print(s[:-1])
print("-----")
print(s[-1:-4])
print("-----")
print(s[-1:-4:-1])
```

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Python is very easy!
Learning Python is very easy!
Learning Python is very easy!
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!ys

1.2 Mathemetical Opreators for String.

1. " + " ----> Concatation
2. " * " ----> Repetation or String multiplication.

In [10]:

```
print("aman " + "Aryan")
print("aman " * 3)
```

aman Aryan
aman aman aman

1.3 Comparision of String.

```
In [13]: s1=input("Enter First Sting.")
s2=input("Enter Second Sting.")
if s1==s2:
    print("Both String Are Equal")
elif s1>s2:
    print("First string is grater.")
else:
    print("Second String is grater.")
```

```
Enter First Sting.abcdef
Enter Second Sting.abbcdrrfghtiklg
First string is grater.
```

1.4 Joining of Strings.

1. Syntax---->S = Saperator.join(group of string).

```
In [21]: t=("Apple","Banana","Cherry")
s="-".join(t)
s1=".".join(t)
print(s)
print(s1)
```

```
Apple-Banana-Cherry
Apple.Banana.Cherry
```

1.5 Formating of String.

```
In [19]: name="Jenil"
salary=5000000
age=19
print("{}'s salary is {} and his age is {}".format(name,salary,age))
print("{0}'s salary is {1} and his age is {2}".format(name,salary,age))
print("{1}'s salary is {0} and his age is {2}".format(name,salary,age))
print("{}'s salary is {} and his age is.".format(name,salary,age))
```

```
Jenil's salary is 5000000 and his age is 19.
Jenil's salary is 5000000 and his age is 19.
5000000's salary is Jenil and his age is 19.
Jenil's salary is 5000000 and his age is.
```

1.6 Important Functions of String.

1. len(string name)
2. Removing from srting
 - A. rstrip()
 - B. lstrip()
 - C. strip()
3. Changing the case of String
 - A. upper()
 - B. lower()
 - C. swapcase()
 - D. title()
 - E. capitalize()
4. To check type of charater present in a string. Answer in only in True or False (check function)
 - A. isalnum() (a to z, A to Z, 0-9) Returns all alpha numeric characters of string.
 - B. isalpha() (a to z, A to Z) Returns all alpha characters of string.
 - C. isdigit() or isnumeric()
 - D. islower()
 - E. isupper()
 - F. istitle()
 - G. isidentifier()
 - H. isspace()

```
In [25]: # 2nd function
t="Bamnana "
x=t.rstrip()
print(len(t))
print(len(x))
```

```
t1=" Bamnana"
x1=t.lstrip()
print(len(t1))
print(len(x1))
```

8
7
8
8

```
In [28]: t="Banana"
x=t.rstrip("a")
print(x)
```

Banan

```
In [29]: t="Banana"
x=t.rstrip("an")
print(x)
```

B

```
In [30]: t="Bandana"
x=t.rstrip("an")
print(x)
```

Band

```
In [33]: t="Bandana"
x=t.lstrip("Ban")
print(x)
```

dana

```
In [36]: # 3rd function.
s = "Hello Friends."
x=s.lower()
print(x)
x1=s.upper()
print(x1)
print("-----")

t="Hello my name is JENIL."
x3=t.swapcase()
print(x3)
print("-----")

t2="Welcome to LJIET."
x4=t2.title()
print(x4)
print("-----")

t3="Learning Python Is Very Easy!"
x5=t3.capitalize()
print(x5)
```

hello friends.
HELLO FRIENDS.

hELLO MY NAME IS jenil.

Welcome To Ljiet.

Learning python is very easy!

```
In [38]: # 4th function
t="Jenil1234"
x=t.isalnum()
print(x)
t1="Jenil 1234"
x1=t1.isalnum()
print(x1)
```

True

False

```
In [39]: t="Jenil"
x=t.isalpha()
print(x)
```

True

```
In [40]: t="1234"
x=t.isdigit()
print(x)
```

True

```
In [43]: t="JENIL"
x=t.isupper()
print(x)
t1="Jenil"
x1=t1.isupper()
print(x1)
```

True

False

```
In [45]: t="jenil"
x=t.islower()
print(x)
t1="Jenil"
x1=t1.islower()
print(x1)
```

True

False

```
In [49]: t="HELLO HOW ARE YOU."
b="Hello"
c="22 Names."
d="This Is ^&."
print(t.istitle())
print(b.istitle())
print(c.istitle())
print(d.istitle())
```

False

True

True

True

```
In [51]: a="MyFolder"
b="demo003"
c="2demo"
d="my demo"
print(a.isidentifier())
print(b.isidentifier())
print(c.isidentifier())
print(d.isidentifier())

print("-----")
t=" "
x=t.isspace()
print(x)
```

True

True

False

False

True

```
In [56]: s="Pyt@$ho%n is 12 Very E$sy"
letter=0
```

```
digit=0
space=0
spechar=0
upper=0
lower=0

for i in s:
    if i.isalpha():
        letter+=1
        if i.isupper():
            upper+=1
        elif i.islower():
            lower+=1
    elif i.isdigit():
        digit+=1
    elif i.isspace():
        space+=1
    else:
        spechar+=1
print("Letters are ",letter)
print("Upper cases are ",upper)
print("Lower cases are ",lower)
print("Digits are ",digit)
print("Spaces are ",space)
print("Special charecters are ",spechar)
```

```
Letters are  15
Upper cases are  3
Lower cases are  12
Digits are  2
Spaces are  4
Special charecters are  4
```

In []: