

# Regression Analysis

## Multiple Linear Regression

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Assumptions and Diagnostics:  
Data Example

# About This Lesson



# Linear Regression: Example 1

## Quantitative Predicting Variables:

$X_1$  = The amount (in hundreds of dollars) spent on advertising in 1999

$X_2$  = The total amount of bonuses paid in 1999

$X_3$  = The market share in each territory

$X_4$  = The largest competitor's sales

## Qualitative Predicting Variable:

$X_5$  = Indicates the region of the office  
(1 = south, 2 = west, 3 = midwest)

## Response Variable:

$Y$  = Sales (in thousands of dollars) in 1999



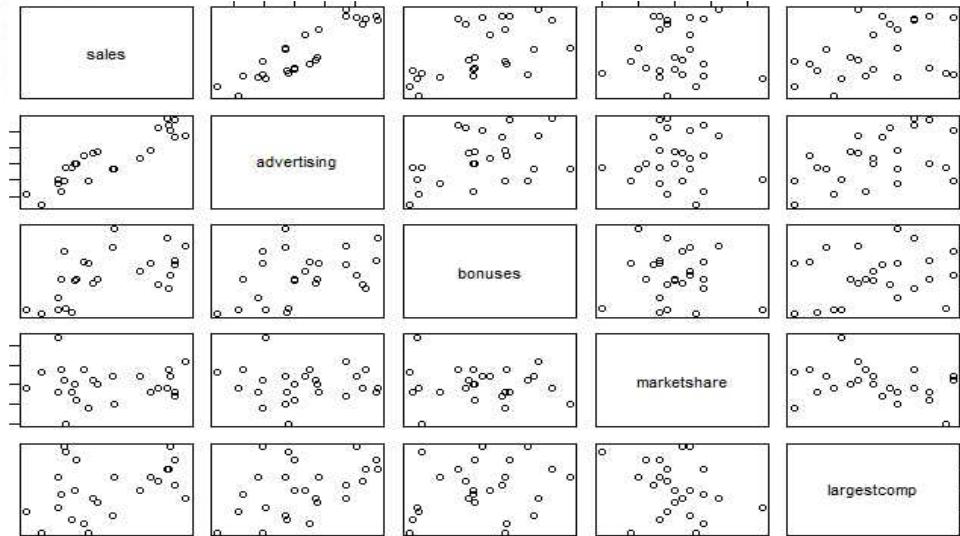
# Residual Analysis: Example 1

- a. Do the assumptions hold? Provide the graphical displays needed to support the diagnostics. Interpret.
- b. If one or more assumptions do not hold, what transformations do you suggest? Did the residual diagnoses improve with the suggested transformations?
- c. Do you identify any outliers?

# Linearity Assumption

## Scatter plot matrix of sales and numeric predicting variables

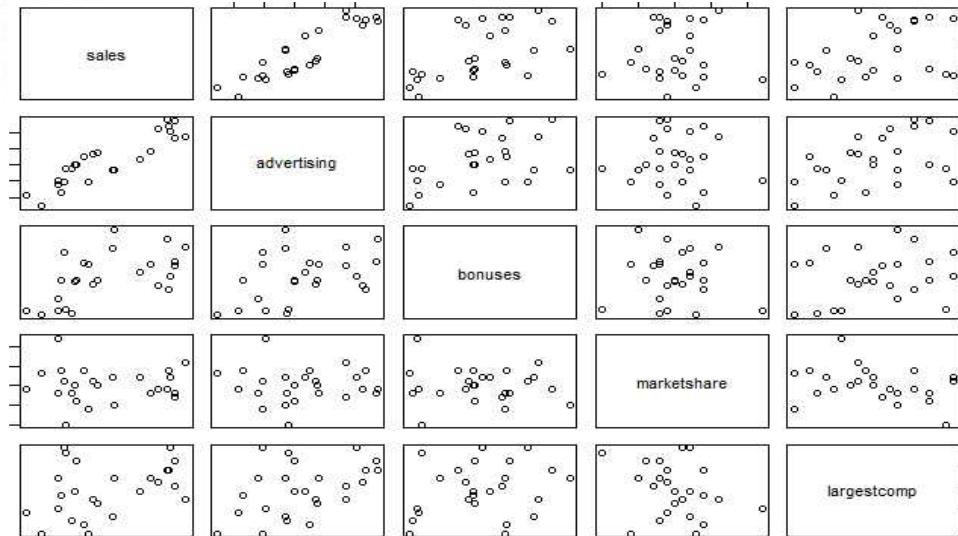
```
plot(meddcor[,1:5])
```



# Linearity Assumption

## Scatter plot matrix of sales and numeric predicting variables

```
plot(meddcor[, 1:5])
```



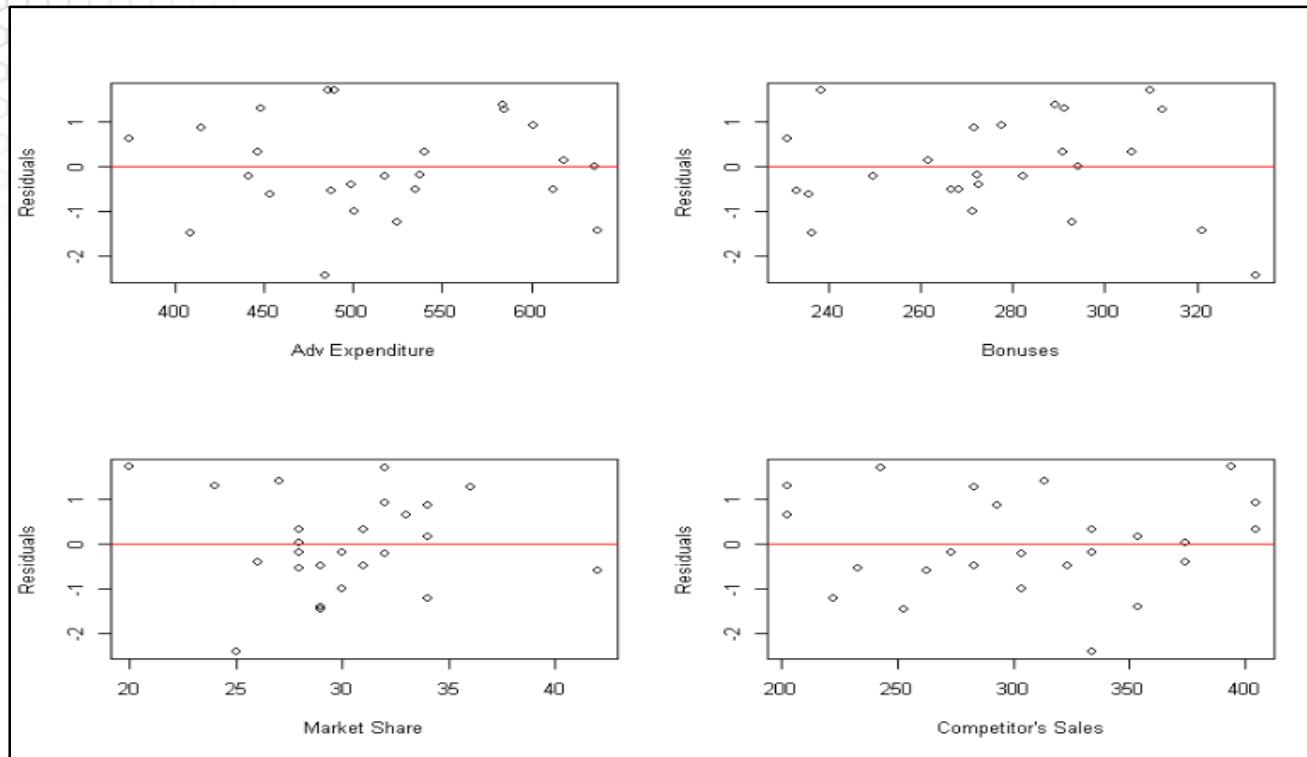
- Linearity assumption holds for all predicting variables.
- For advertisement expenditure, bonus amount, and competitor's sales, the relationship with sales is strongly linear.

# Linearity Assumption

**## Standardized Residuals versus individual predicting variables**

```
resids = stdres(model)
par(mfrow =c(2,2))
plot(meddcor[,2],resids,xlab="Adv Expenditure",ylab="Residuals")
abline(0,0,col="red")
plot(meddcor[,3],resids,xlab="Bonuses",ylab="Residuals")
abline(0,0,col="red")
plot(meddcor[,4],resids,xlab="Market Share",ylab="Residuals")
abline(0,0,col="red")
plot(meddcor[,5],resids,xlab="Competitor's Sales",ylab="Residuals")
abline(0,0,col="red")
```

# Linearity Assumption

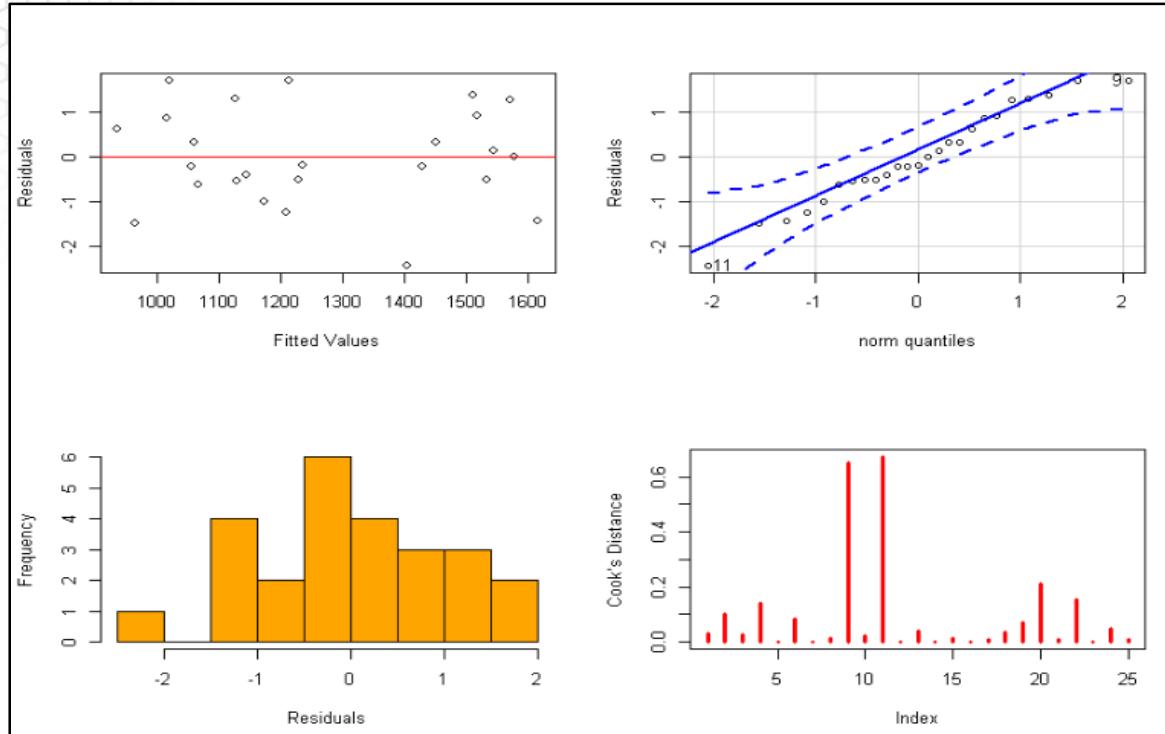


# Residual Analysis: Other Assumptions

```
library(car)
fits = model$fitted
cook = cooks.distance(model)
par(mfrow =c(2,2))
plot(fits, resids, xlab="Fitted Values",ylab="Residuals")
abline(0,0,col="red")
qqPlot(resids, ylab="Residuals", main = "")
hist(resids, xlab="Residuals", main = "",nclass=10,col="orange")
plot(cook,type="h",lwd=3,col="red", ylab = "Cook's Distance")
```



# Residual Analysis: Other Assumptions



# Summary

