# **Fundoo Application Deployment (Django)**

# Database server:

Logged into database server which is present in Private subnet.

#### **Install Postgresql for Database**

->sudo apt install postgresql postgresql-contrib

#### Version of Postgresql

->psql -version

#### Postgres workbench

->sudo –u postgres psql

#### postgres=#

# **Creating database**

->CREATE DATABASE pushpadb;

#### Creating user with password

->CREATE USER pushpa WITH PASSWORD 'root';

#### **Grant Permission to user**

->GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON DATABASE pushpadb TO pushpa;

#### List of databases

->\1;

#### List of tables in current database

-> dt;

#### To display the all credentials from specific table

->select \* from <table\_name>;

# Need to change the Listen address of postgresql.conf file to accept connections on all available IP addresses

->sudo nano /etc/postgresql/16/main/postgresql.conf listen\_addresses = '\*'

Need to host-based authentication configuration in pg hba.conf

->sudo nano /etc/postgresql/16/main/pg\_hba.conf

host all all 0.0.0.0/0 md5

->sudo systemctl restart postgresql

->sudo systemctl status postgresql

# **Backend server**

sudo apt update

sudo apt install python3 python3-pip python3-venv -y

# Clone the Git hub repository

->https://github.com/Aniket2659/Aws\_test

Navigate to Project Directory

->cd /Aws test

Create Virtual Environment because it isolates our project's dependencies from the global Python environment.

- ->python3 -m venv myenv
- ->source myenv/bin/activate

Install the Django framework

->pip install django gunicorn

# **Install Requirements**

- ->pip install -r requirements.txt
- -> (myenv) ubuntu@ip-10-0-2-142:~/Aws test/fundoo notes\$ pip install python-decouple

# Version of python-decouple

->(myenv) ubuntu@ip-10-0-2-142:~/Aws\_test/fundoo\_notes\$ pip freeze | grep python-decouple python-decouple=3.8

#### Run the Django application server again

->(myenv) ubuntu@ip-10-0-2-142:~/Aws\_test/fundoo\_notes\$ nohup python3 manage.py runserver 0.0.0.0:8000 &

Now I need to configure my Django for PostgreSQL

-> Need to edit the settings.py file with environment variables for Database because to avoid the hard coded values

from decouple import config

from decouple import Config from decouple import RepositoryEnv

# Load the env.conf file correctly config = Config(RepositoryEnv('/etc/fundoo/env.conf'))

```
DATABASES = {
  'default': {
        'ENGINE': 'django.db.backends.postgresql',
        'NAME': config('DB_NAME'),
        'USER': config('DB_USER'),
        'PASSWORD': config('DB_PASSWORD'),
        'HOST': config('DB_HOST'),
        'PORT': config('DB_PORT', default='5432'), # Optional default value
    }
}
```

#### Here I have created one folder as /fundoo in /etc

In /fundoo folder I created one .conf file as env.conf for environment variables of database

```
->sudo nano /etc/fundoo/env.conf
DB_NAME=pushpadb
DB_USER=pushpa
DB_PASSWORD=root
DB_HOST=10.0.3.54
DB_PORT=5432
```

#### Note:

 Here I used python decouple for loading environment variables from env.conf mentioned in settings.py

->python3 manage.py makemigrations

It applies the migrations to your database ->python3 manage.py migrate

Then I have .service file in /etc/systemd/system directory

#### fundoo.service

#### [Unit]

Description=Fundoo Service After=network.target

#### [Service]

User=pushpa Group=pushpa EnvironmentFile=/etc/fundoo/env.conf WorkingDirectory=/Aws\_test/fundoo\_notes/
# Execute the Gunicorn server with the specified number of workers and binding
ExecStart=/bin/bash -c "source /home/pushpa/myenv/bin/activate &&
/home/pushpa/myenv/bin/gunicorn --workers 3 --bind 0.0.0.0:8000 fundoo\_notes.wsgi:
application"

# [Install]

WantedBy=multi-user.target

To show processes which are currently using port 8000 on your server -> sudo lsof -i :8000

#### To reload its configuration files, we made changes to service files

->sudo systemctl daemon-reload

#### Starts the fundoo.service

->sudo systemctl start fundoo.service

#### To start automatically every time the system boots

->sudo systemctl enable fundoo.service

#### To check current status of the fundoo.service

->sudo systemctl status fundoo.service

If the status of fundoo.service is active(running), then our application is running in the background and no need to start the server manually using

->python3 manage.py runserver 0.0.0.0:8000 (Because it is included in service file only)

#### Run in Background

nohup gunicorn --workers 3 fundoo notes.wsgi:application --bind 10.0.2.142:8000 &

#### Manually we can check whether server is working or not

-> curl http://10.0.2.54:8000

# **Frontend Instance**

- ->sudo apt update
- ->sudo apt install nginx

# To check the version of nginx

```
\rightarrow nginx -v
```

# Edit /etc/nginx/sites-available/fundoo.conf

```
->sudo nano /etc/ nginx/sites-available/fundoo.conf
server {
         listen 80;
         server_name _default;
location / {
         include proxy_params;
         proxy_pass http://10.0.2.142:8000;
         }
}
```

- Symbolic link to the sites-enabled directory so Nginx can read that file from sites-enabled.
- The configurations present in sites-available are not activated until they are linked to the sites-enabled directory.
- ->sudo ln -s /etc/nginx/sites-available/fundoo.conf /etc/nginx/sites-enabled/

# To test the configuration for Nginx

```
->sudo nginx -t
```

#### If the configuration test is successful, restart Nginx to apply the changes:

->sudo systemctl restart nginx

#### To verify that Nginx is running without issues:

->sudo systemctl status nginx

#### Change the hostname for instances of Private ip address

->sudo hostnamectl set-hostname Frontend

#### Need to edit the /etc/hosts file

->sudo nano /etc/hosts

#### Add this line below 127.0.0.1 localhost

#127.0.0.1 Frontend