

In [14]: `!pip install seaborn # install seaborn library`

ERROR: Invalid requirement: '#'

WARNING: You are using pip version 20.2.1; however, version 24.3.1 is available.
You should consider upgrading via the 'c:\users\pushp\appdata\local\programs\python\python38\python.exe -m pip install --upgrade pip' command.

In [15]: `import seaborn as sns
import pandas as pd #read data_sets
import numpy as np #working with arrays
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt #plot graph and pychart
%matplotlib inline #is a backend comand in jupyter notebook that enables the ren`

UsageError: unrecognized arguments: #is a backend comand in jupyter notebook that enables the rendaring of matplotlib plot directly below of the code cells

In [16]: `mca = pd.read_csv("Diwali Sales Data.csv", encoding="unicode_escape")
mca`

Out[16]:

	User_ID	Cust_name	Product_ID	Gender	Age Group	Age	Marital_Status	
0	1002903	Sanskriti	P00125942	F	26-35	28	0	Mah
1	1000732	Kartik	P00110942	F	26-35	35	1	Andhra
2	1001990	Bindu	P00118542	F	26-35	35	1	Uttar
3	1001425	Sudevi	P00237842	M	0-17	16	0	Ka
4	1000588	Joni	P00057942	M	26-35	28	1	
...	
11246	1000695	Manning	P00296942	M	18-25	19	1	Mah
11247	1004089	Reichenbach	P00171342	M	26-35	33	0	
11248	1001209	Oshin	P00201342	F	36-45	40	0	
11249	1004023	Noonan	P00059442	M	36-45	37	0	Ka
11250	1002744	Brumley	P00281742	F	18-25	19	0	Mah

11251 rows × 15 columns



In [17]: `mca.shape #return the numbers of row`

Out[17]: (11251, 15)

In [18]: `mca.head() # display first five row and column`

Out[18]:

	User_ID	Cust_name	Product_ID	Gender	Age Group	Age	Marital_Status	State
0	1002903	Sanskriti	P00125942	F	26-35	28	0	Maharashtra
1	1000732	Kartik	P00110942	F	26-35	35	1	Andhra Pradesh
2	1001990	Bindu	P00118542	F	26-35	35	1	Uttar Pradesh
3	1001425	Sudevi	P00237842	M	0-17	16	0	Karnataka
4	1000588	Joni	P00057942	M	26-35	28	1	Gujarat

In [19]: `mca.tail() # display last five row`

Out[19]:

	User_ID	Cust_name	Product_ID	Gender	Age Group	Age	Marital_Status	State
11246	1000695	Manning	P00296942	M	18-25	19	1	Maharashtra
11247	1004089	Reichenbach	P00171342	M	26-35	33	0	Haryana
11248	1001209	Oshin	P00201342	F	36-45	40	0	Maharashtra
11249	1004023	Noonan	P00059442	M	36-45	37	0	Karnataka
11250	1002744	Brumley	P00281742	F	18-25	19	0	Maharashtra

In [20]: `mca.info()`

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 11251 entries, 0 to 11250
Data columns (total 15 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   User_ID                11251 non-null  int64
1   Cust_name              11251 non-null  object
2   Product_ID             11251 non-null  object
3   Gender                 11251 non-null  object
4   Age Group              11251 non-null  object
5   Age                    11251 non-null  int64
6   Marital_Status         11251 non-null  int64
7   State                  11251 non-null  object
8   Zone                   11251 non-null  object
9   Occupation              11251 non-null  object
10  Product_Category       11251 non-null  object
11  Orders                  11251 non-null  int64
12  Amount                  11239 non-null  float64
13  Status                  0 non-null      float64
14  unnamed1                0 non-null      float64
dtypes: float64(3), int64(4), object(8)
memory usage: 1.3+ MB
```

In [21]: `#drop bank columns`
`mca.drop(['Status', 'unnamed1'], axis=1, inplace=True, errors='ignore')`

```
print(mca.columns)
```

```
Index(['User_ID', 'Cust_name', 'Product_ID', 'Gender', 'Age Group', 'Age',  
      'Marital_Status', 'State', 'Zone', 'Occupation', 'Product_Category',  
      'Orders', 'Amount'],  
      dtype='object')
```

```
In [22]: pd.isnull(mca).sum()
```

```
Out[22]: User_ID          0  
Cust_name          0  
Product_ID         0  
Gender             0  
Age Group          0  
Age                0  
Marital_Status     0  
State              0  
Zone               0  
Occupation         0  
Product_Category   0  
Orders             0  
Amount            12  
dtype: int64
```

```
In [23]: #drop null values  
mca.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
In [24]: mca.shape
```

```
Out[24]: (11239, 13)
```

```
In [25]: #change data type  
mca['Amount'] = mca['Amount'].astype('int')
```

```
In [26]: mca['Amount'].dtypes
```

```
Out[26]: dtype('int32')
```

```
In [27]: mca.columns
```

```
Out[27]: Index(['User_ID', 'Cust_name', 'Product_ID', 'Gender', 'Age Group', 'Age',  
      'Marital_Status', 'State', 'Zone', 'Occupation', 'Product_Category',  
      'Orders', 'Amount'],  
      dtype='object')
```

```
In [28]: #rename columns  
mca.rename(columns={'Marital_Status': 'Shaadi'})
```

Out[28]:

	User_ID	Cust_name	Product_ID	Gender	Age Group	Age	Shaadi	State
0	1002903	Sanskriti	P00125942	F	26-35	28	0	Maharashtra
1	1000732	Kartik	P00110942	F	26-35	35	1	Andhra Pradesh
2	1001990	Bindu	P00118542	F	26-35	35	1	Uttar Pradesh
3	1001425	Sudevi	P00237842	M	0-17	16	0	Karnataka
4	1000588	Joni	P00057942	M	26-35	28	1	Gujarat
...
11246	1000695	Manning	P00296942	M	18-25	19	1	Maharashtra
11247	1004089	Reichenbach	P00171342	M	26-35	33	0	Haryana
11248	1001209	Oshin	P00201342	F	36-45	40	0	Madhya Pradesh
11249	1004023	Noonan	P00059442	M	36-45	37	0	Karnataka
11250	1002744	Brumley	P00281742	F	18-25	19	0	Maharashtra

11239 rows × 13 columns



In [29]: `#describe() method returns description of the data in the DataFrame (i.e. count, mca.describe())`

Out[29]:

	User_ID	Age	Marital_Status	Orders	Amount
count	1.123900e+04	11239.000000	11239.000000	11239.000000	11239.000000
mean	1.003004e+06	35.410357	0.420055	2.489634	9453.610553
std	1.716039e+03	12.753866	0.493589	1.114967	5222.355168
min	1.000001e+06	12.000000	0.000000	1.000000	188.000000
25%	1.001492e+06	27.000000	0.000000	2.000000	5443.000000
50%	1.003064e+06	33.000000	0.000000	2.000000	8109.000000
75%	1.004426e+06	43.000000	1.000000	3.000000	12675.000000
max	1.006040e+06	92.000000	1.000000	4.000000	23952.000000

In [30]: `#use describe() for specific columns
mca[['Age', 'Orders', 'Amount']].describe()`

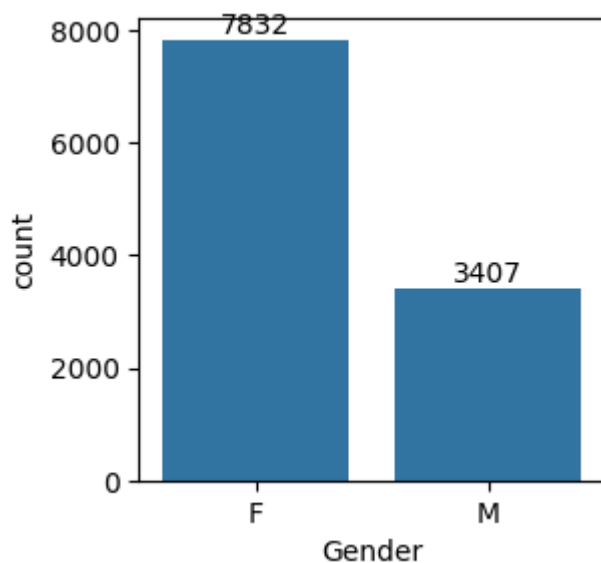
Out[30]:

	Age	Orders	Amount
count	11239.000000	11239.000000	11239.000000
mean	35.410357	2.489634	9453.610553
std	12.753866	1.114967	5222.355168
min	12.000000	1.000000	188.000000
25%	27.000000	2.000000	5443.000000
50%	33.000000	2.000000	8109.000000
75%	43.000000	3.000000	12675.000000
max	92.000000	4.000000	23952.000000

Exploratory Data Analysis

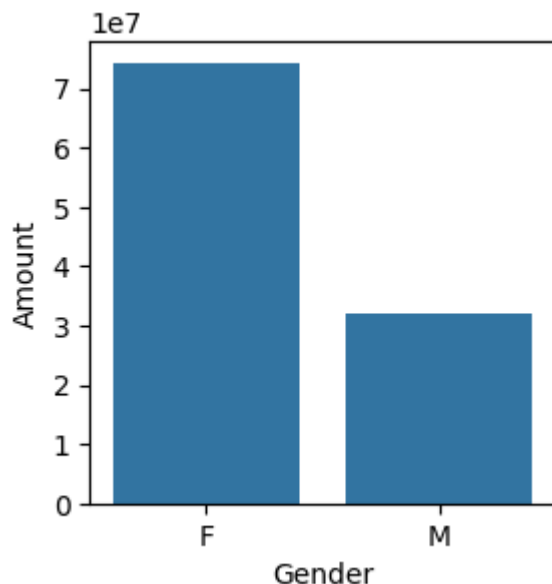
Gender

```
In [43]: plt.figure(figsize=(3,3))
ax=sns.countplot(x='Gender',data=mca)
for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```



```
In [44]: plt.figure(figsize=(3,3))
sales_gen=mca.groupby(['Gender'],as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values(by=
sns.barplot(x='Gender',y='Amount',data=sales_gen)
```

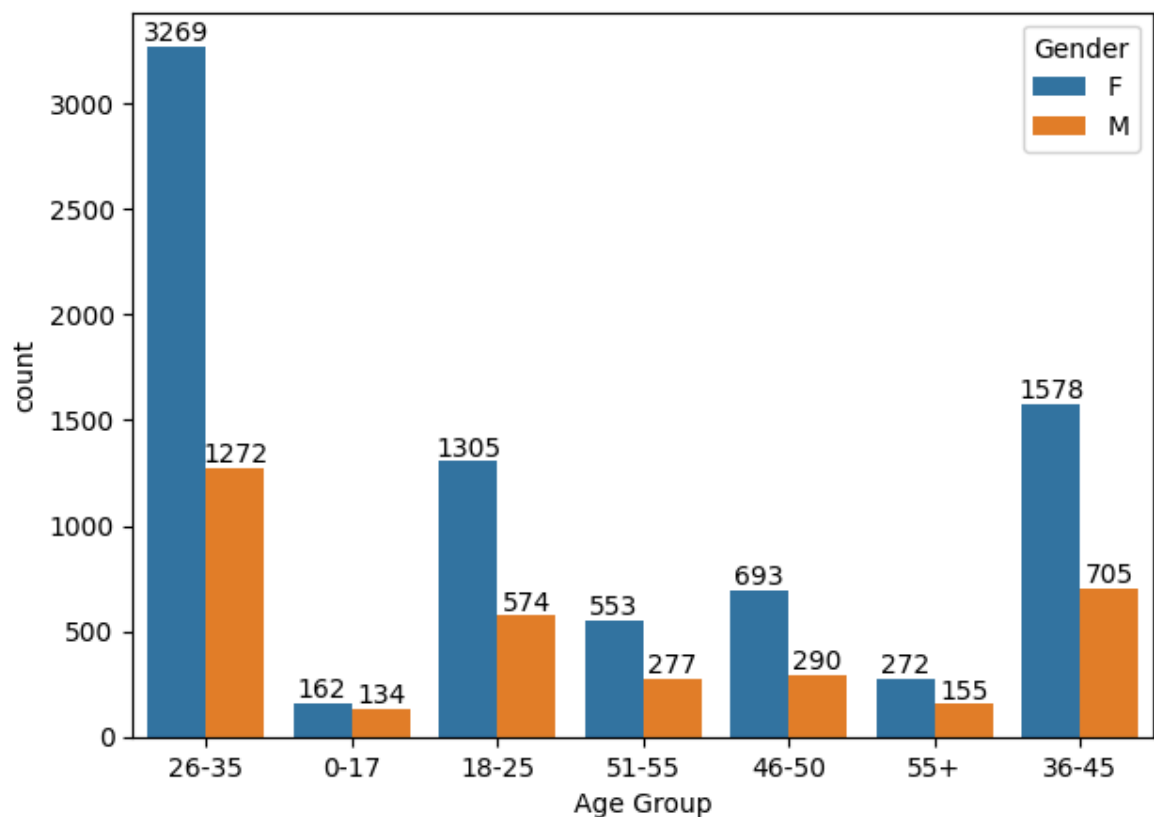
```
Out[44]: <Axes: xlabel='Gender', ylabel='Amount'>
```



from above graphs we can see that most of the buyers are females and even the purchasing power of females are greater than men

Age

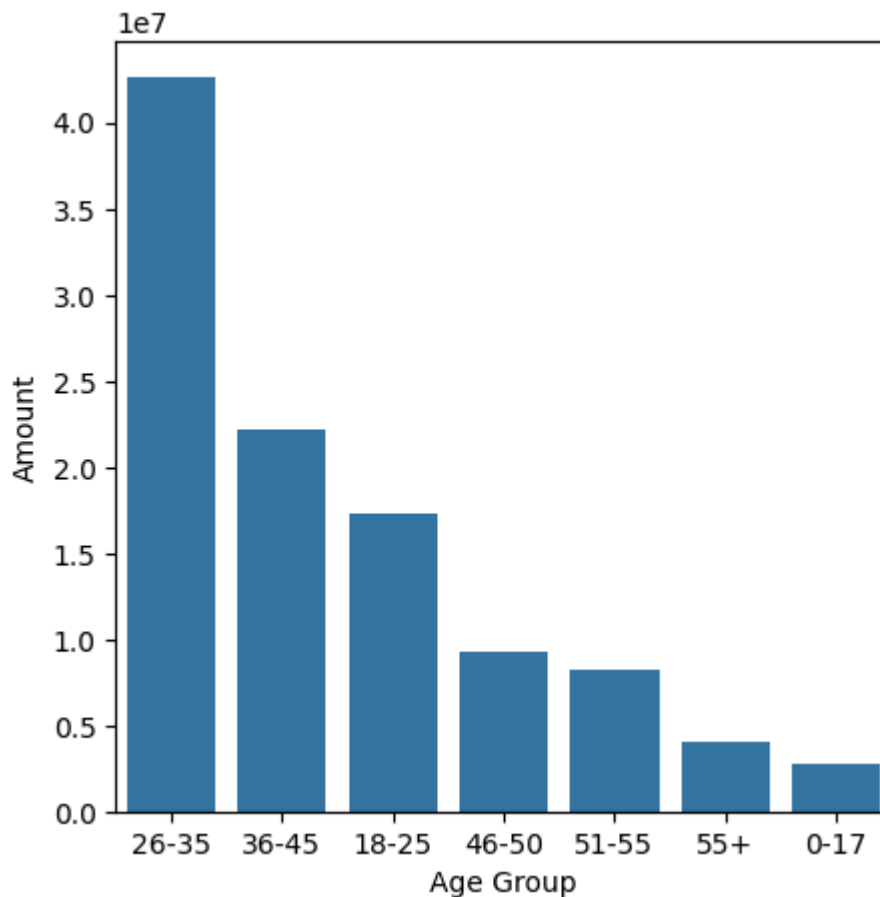
```
In [50]: plt.figure(figsize=(7,5))
ax=sns.countplot(data= mca , x='Age Group',hue='Gender')
for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```



```
In [48]: #Total Amount vs Age Group
plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
```

```
sales_age=mca.groupby(['Age Group'],as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values(
sns.barplot(x='Age Group',y='Amount',data=sales_age)
```

Out[48]: <Axes: xlabel='Age Group', ylabel='Amount'>

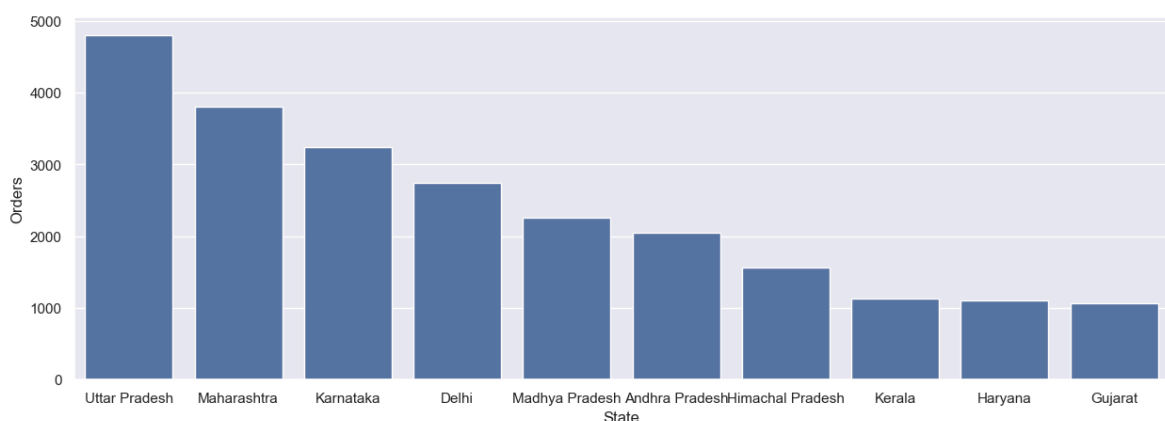


from above graphs we can see that most of the buyers are of age group between 26-35 yrs females

State

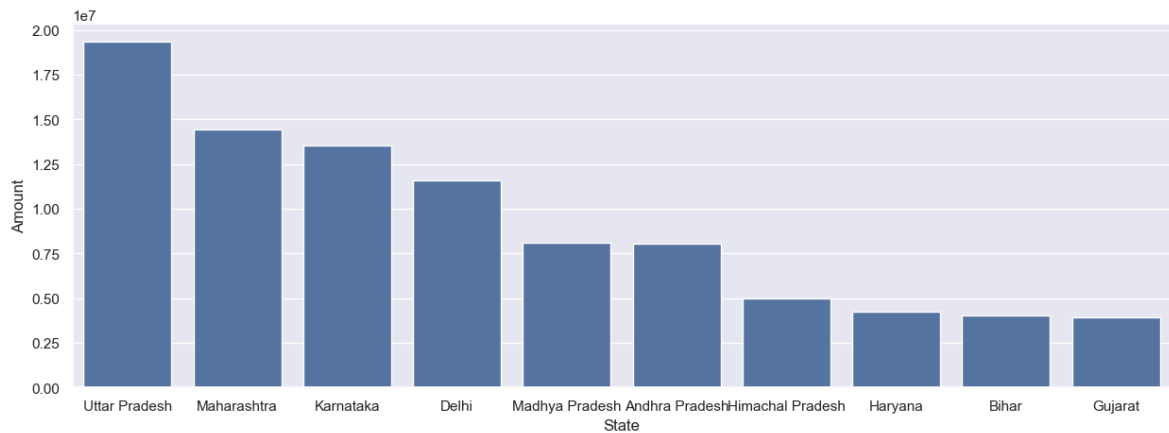
```
In [51]: # total number of orders from top 10 states
sales_state=mca.groupby(['State'],as_index=False)['Orders'].sum().sort_values(by
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(15,5)})
sns.barplot(x='State',y='Orders',data=sales_state)
```

Out[51]: <Axes: xlabel='State', ylabel='Orders'>



```
In [53]: # total amount/sales from top 10 states
sales_state=mca.groupby(['State'],as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values(by
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(15,5)})
sns.barplot(x='State',y='Amount',data=sales_state)
```

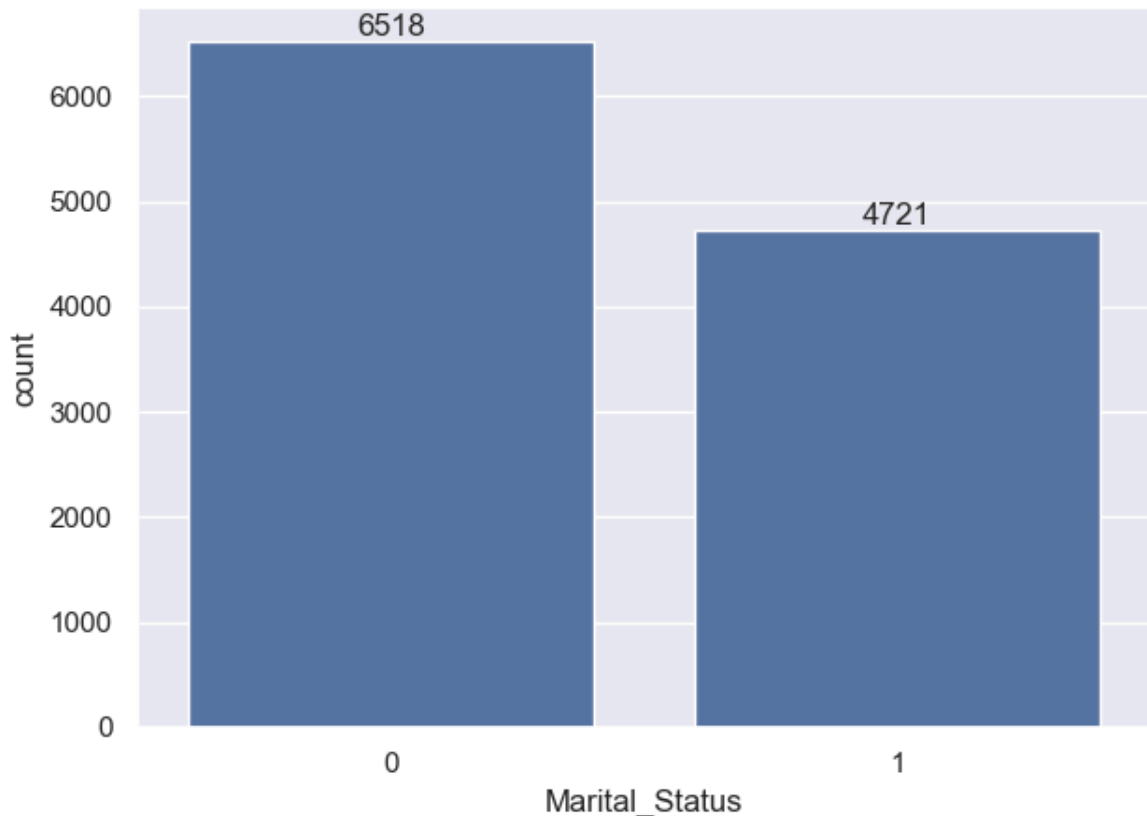
Out[53]: <Axes: xlabel='State', ylabel='Amount'>



from above graphs we can see that most of the orders & total sales/amount are from uttar pradesh, maharashtra and karnataka respectively.

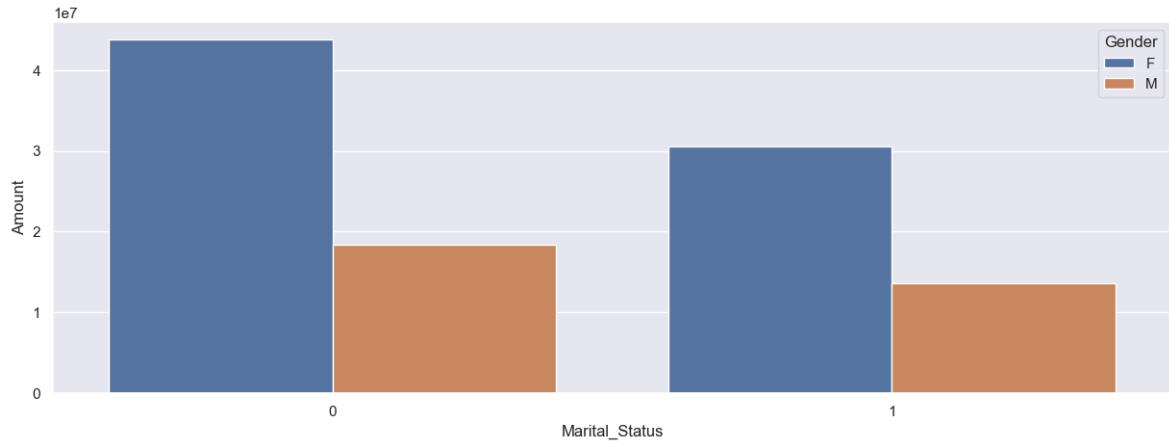
Marital Status

```
In [55]: plt.figure(figsize=(7,5))
ax=sns.countplot(x='Marital_Status',data=mca)
for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```




```
In [56]: sales_state=mca.groupby(['Marital_Status','Gender'],as_index=False)['Amount'].sum()
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(15,5)})
sns.barplot(x='Marital_Status',y='Amount',hue='Gender',data=sales_state)
```

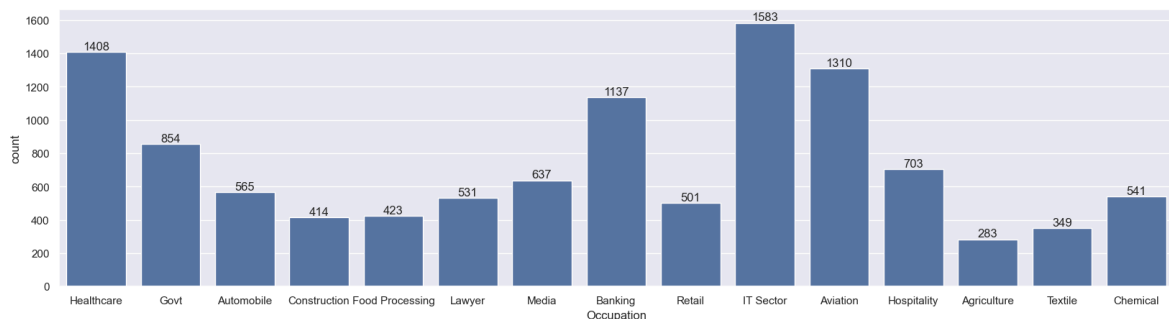
```
Out[56]: <Axes: xlabel='Marital_Status', ylabel='Amount'>
```



from above graphs we can see that most of the buyers are working in IT ,Aviation and helthcare sector

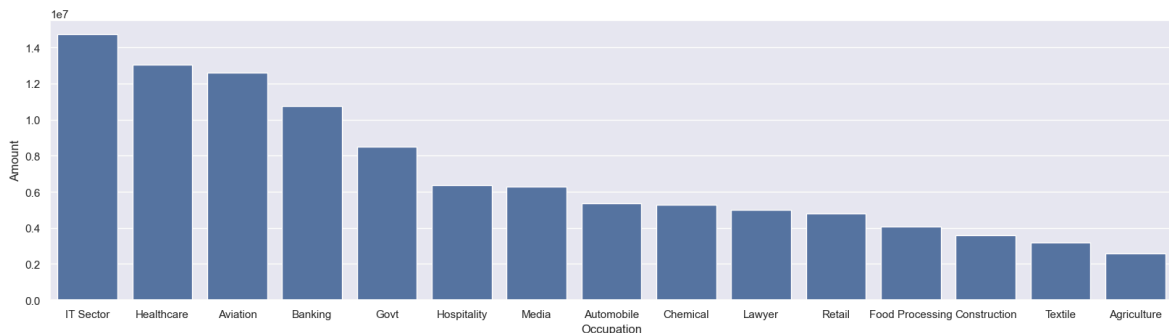
Occupation

```
In [58]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
ax=sns.countplot(data= mca , x='Occupation')
for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```



```
In [61]: sales_state=mca.groupby(['Occupation'],as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values()
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(20,5)})
sns.barplot(x='Occupation',y='Amount',data=sales_state)
```

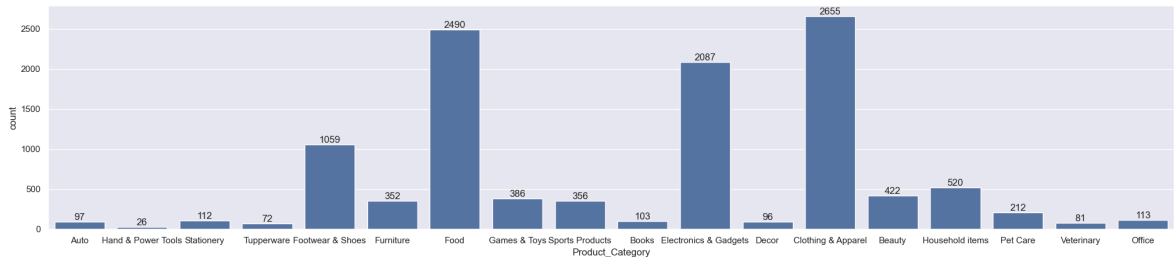
```
Out[61]: <Axes: xlabel='Occupation', ylabel='Amount'>
```



from above graphs we can see that most of the buers are working in IT,Aviation and Healthcare sector

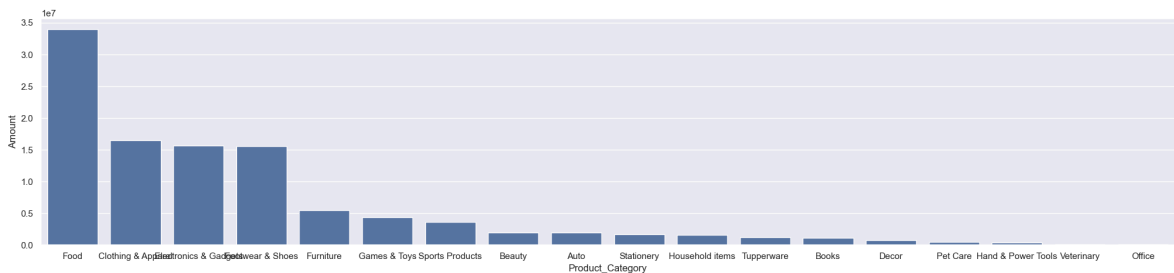
Product Category

```
In [65]: plt.figure(figsize=(25,5))
ax=sns.countplot(data= mca , x='Product_Category')
for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```



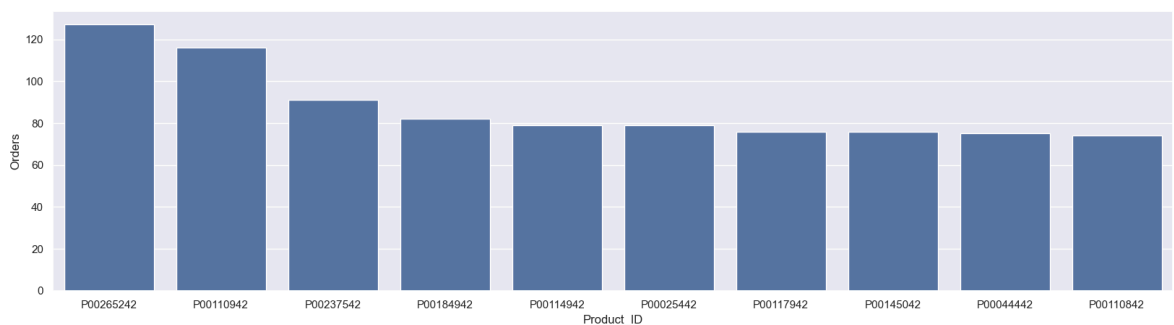
```
In [67]: sales_state=mca.groupby(['Product_Category'],as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(25,5)})
sns.barplot(x='Product_Category',y='Amount',data=sales_state)
```

Out[67]: <Axes: xlabel='Product_Category', ylabel='Amount'>



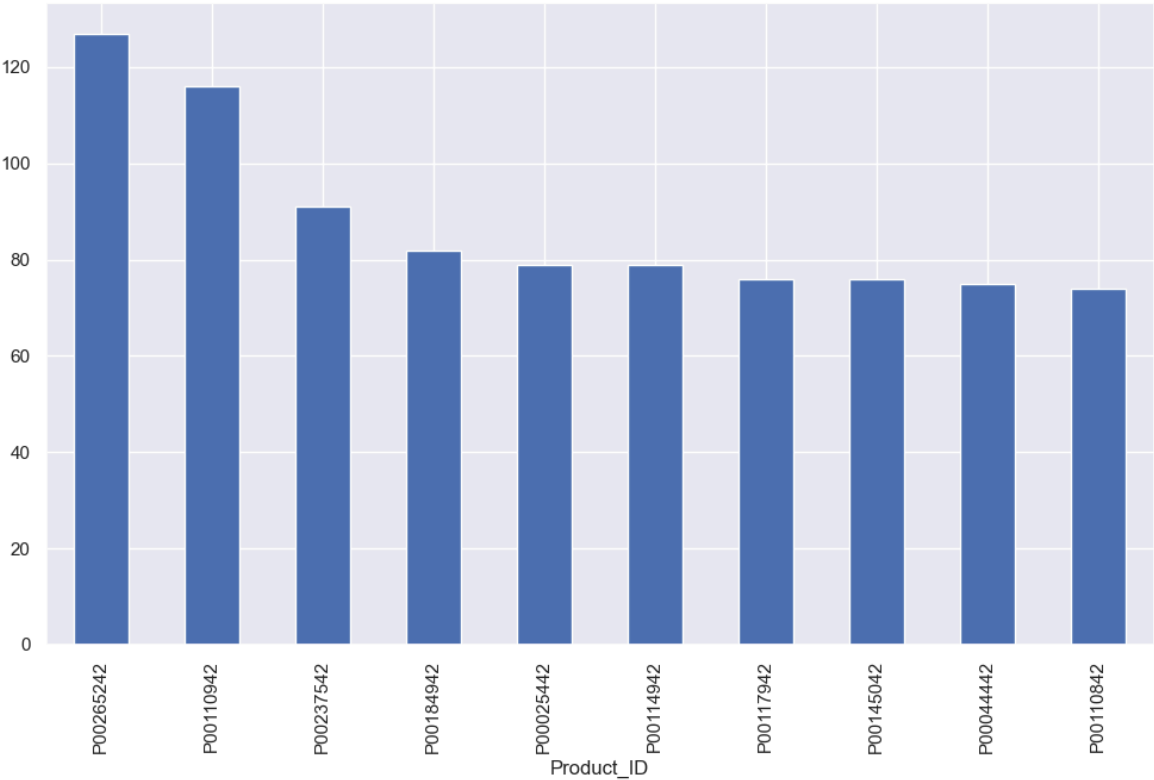
```
In [68]: sales_state=mca.groupby(['Product_ID'],as_index=False)['Orders'].sum().sort_valu
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(20,5)})
sns.barplot(x='Product_ID',y='Orders',data=sales_state)
```

Out[68]: <Axes: xlabel='Product_ID', ylabel='Orders'>



```
In [69]: #top 10 most sold products(same thing as above)
fig1,ax1=plt.subplots(figsize=(12,7))
mca.groupby('Product_ID')['Orders'].sum().nlargest(10).sort_values(ascending=False)
```

Out[69]: <Axes: xlabel='Product_ID'>



Conclusion

married women are group 26-35 yrs from up maharastra and karnataka working in IT ,helthcare and aviation are more like buy products from food ,clothing and electronics category.

In []: