

## 1.) First Normal Form -

If a relation contains composite or multi valued attribute, it violates 1NF.

A relation is in 1NF if every attribute in that relation is single valued attribute.

Doc No.	Name	Add.	Phone	Dep. id.	Designation	Charges	Pat. No.	Patient Name
D1	Dr Nadeem	Abc123	033-123	Neurology	Prof.	5000	P1	Kahlid
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:

CNIC	Phone	Room No.	Room Type	Bed No.
12345-1	042-1	R2	Normal	B1
:	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:

In this way all the composite or multivalued attribute will be removed.

- It will have only single valued attribute.
- Values stored in column are of same domain.
- All columns are unique.

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Subject: \_\_\_\_\_

2.) Second Normal form -

for a table to be in 2NF, it should be in 1NF & it should not have any partial dependency.

Table-1

Doctor-info

Doc No.	Name	Add.	Dep Id	Designation	Charges/hour	Designation
D1	Nadeem	Abc123	Neuro	Proff.	5000	Proffessor
:	:	:	:	:	:	:

Table 2

Doc-phone

DP Id	Phone No.	Doc Id
1	0333-123	D1
2	042-123	D1
:	:	:

Table 3

Doc-designation

DD-id	Doc-No	Dep-Id
1	D1	Neurology
2	D2	Orthopedic
3	D4	ENT
:	:	:



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Table - 4

Patient table

Patient No.	Pat. Name	CNIC	Phone
P1	Kahlid	12345-1	042-1
P5	Ahmed	12345-2	042-2
'	'	'	'
'	'	'	'

Table - 5

Doc\_patient table

DP ID	Doc Id	Pat Id	Admitted
1	D1	P1	Yes
2	D1	P5	Yes
3	D1	P7	No.
'	'	'	'
'	'	'	'

Table - 6

Room\_details table

<del>Bed No.</del>	<del>DP Id</del>	<del>Room No.</del>
Bed No.	Room No	Room Type
B1	R2	Normal
B5	R4	Two bed
B7	R4	Two bed
B8	R5	Special
B9	R6	Special

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Table 7  
Doc\_patient\_bed\_details

<del>Id</del>	<del>Doc No</del>	<del>Pat No</del>	<del>Bed No</del>
<del>Id</del>	<del>DP Id</del>	<del>Bed No</del>	
1	1	B1	
2	2	B1	
3	4	B5	
⋮	⋮	⋮	

### 3) Third Normal Form (3NF)

A table is said to be in 3NF when it is in 2NF & it doesn't have any transitive dependency.

Since above all table doesn't have any transitive dependency & its also in 2NF so it is also in 3NF.

Subject

## 4) Boyce &amp; Codd Normal Form (BCNF)

BCNF is a higher version of 3NF. This form deals with certain type of anomaly that is not handled in 3NF.

For a table to be in BCNF, it must be in 3NF & for each functional dependency  $(X \rightarrow Y)$ , X should be a super key.

Tables will be as following -

## • Table-1

Doctor_info				
Doc No	Doc Name	Address	Designation	Charges/hour
D1	Dr Nadeem	Abc 123	Prof.	5000
D2	Dr Nadeem	Kb13	Prof.	5000
D4	Dr Erum	AK123	Ass. Prof.	3000
:	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:

## • Table-2

Doctor_phone		
D_phone id	Doc No	Phone No
1	D1	0333-123
2	D1	042, 123
3	D2	0334-124
4	D4	0321-123
:	:	:
:	:	:



Subject

## • Table-3

Doct_dept info		
Dept id	Doc No	Dep id
1	D1	Neurology
2	D2	Orthopedic
3	D4	ENT
⋮	⋮	⋮
⋮	⋮	⋮

## • Table-4

Patient Table

Patient No	Pat. Name	ENIC	Phone
P1	Kahlid	12345-1	042-1
P5	Ahmed	12345-2	042-2
P7	Amum	12345-3	042-3
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮

## • Table-5

Doc-patient table

Doc-pat

Doc_pat id	Doc No	Patient No	Admitted
1	D1	P1	Yes
2	D1	P5	Yes
3	D1	P7	No
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮

Subject \_\_\_\_\_

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• Table - 6

Room details table

Bed_No	Room No	Room Type
B1	R2	Normal
B5	R4	Two bed
B7	R4	Two bed
B8	R5	Special
B9	R6	Special

• Table - 7

Doc\_pat\_bed table

DDP_id	Doc_pat_id	Bed No.
1	1	B1
2	2	B1
3	4	B5
⋮	⋮	⋮

Now it satisfies condition of BCNF.