

## **Instructor Notes:**

Explain the lesson coverage

# **Lesson Objectives**

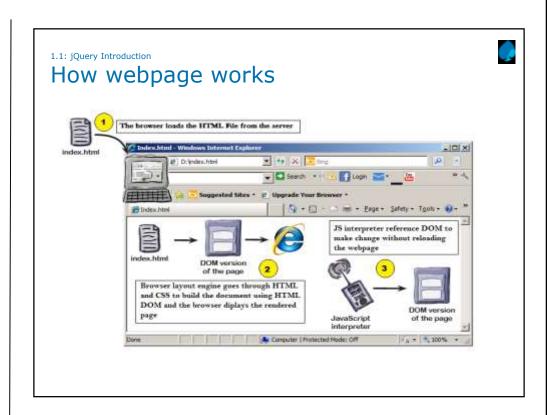
 $\zeta$ 

- ▶jQuery Introduction
- ➤ Why jQuery?
- ➤ About jQuery.com
- ➤ Using jQuery
- ➤ Using Content Delivery Network(CDN)



#### **Instructor Notes:**

Additional notes for instructor

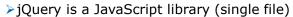


## **Instructor Notes:**

Additional notes for instructor

1.1: jQuery Introduction

# jQuery Introduction



- ➤ It supports cross browser
- ➤ Select HTML elements
- ➤ Handle Events
- ➤ Animate HTML elements
- ➤ Make Ajax calls
- > 1000's of plug-ins available



Additional notes for instructor

1.2: Why jQuery?

# Why jQuery?



- > JavaScript is great for a lot of things especially manipulating the DOM but it's pretty complex stuff.
- jQuery abstracts away a lot of the complexity involved in dealing with the DOM, and makes creating effects super easy.
- > It can locate elements with a specific class
- > It can apply styles to multiple elements
- ➤ It solves the cross browser issues
- > It supports method chaining
- > It makes the client side development very easy

#### **Instructor Notes:**

Additional notes for instructor



Additional notes for instructor

ready() method is called after the DOM has been initialized The handler passed to .ready() is guaranteed to be executed after the DOM is ready, so this is usually the best place to attach all other event handlers and run other jQuery code. When using scripts that rely on the value of CSS style properties, it's important to reference external stylesheets or embed style elements before referencing this scripts., the new handler passed in will be executed immediately.

Additional notes for instructor

1.4. Using jQuery

# Window.load & Document.ready



- Is standard event (Onload) in the DOM
- Occurs after all content (e.g. images, css, frames, etc.) also has been loaded
- Ex \$(window).load(function() {});

#### \$(document).ready

- · Is specific event to jQuery
- · Occurs after the HTML document has been loaded
- Is jQuery event that is fired when DOM is loaded, so it's fired when the document structure is ready.
- Ex \$(document).ready(function(){ });

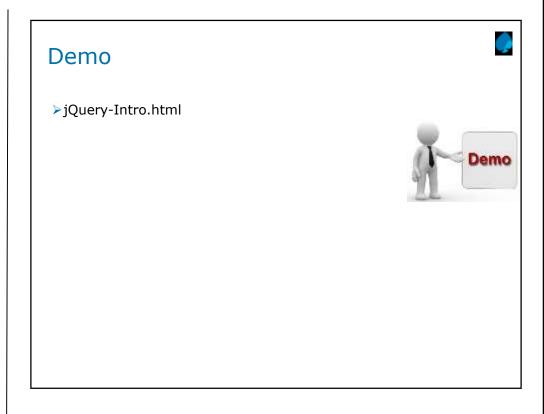
**\$(window).load** is an event that fires when the DOM and all the content (everything) on the page is fully loaded like CSS, images and frames. One best example is if we want to get the actual image size or to get the details of anything we use it.

**\$(document).ready()** indicates that code in it need to be executed once the DOM got loaded and ready to be manipulated by script. It won't wait for the images to load for executing the jQuery script.

The purpose of the ready event is that it should occur as early as possible after the document has loaded, so that code that adds functionality to the elements in the page doesn't have to wait for all content to load.

#### **Instructor Notes:**

Additional notes for instructor



#### noConflict method:

Many JavaScript libraries use \$ as a function or variable name, just as jQuery does.

In jQuery's case, \$ is just an alias for jQuery, so all functionality is available without using \$. If we need to use another JavaScript library alongside jQuery,

we can return control of \$ back to the other library with a call to \$.noConflict

Additional notes for instructor

1.5: Content Delivery Network(CDN)

# Content Delivery Network(CDN)

- Script can be also accessible from
  - Microsoft http://ajax.aspnetcdn.com/ajax/jQuery/jquery-1.12.3.min.js
  - jQuery http://code.jquery.com/jquery-1.12.3.min.js
  - Google <a href="http://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/1.12.2/jquery.min.js">http://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/1.12.2/jquery.min.js</a>
- A CDN short for Content Delivery Network distributes static content across servers. When a user's browser resolves the URL for these files, their download will automatically target the closest available server in the network.

- A CDN short for Content Delivery Network distributes static content across servers in various, diverse physical locations. When a user's browser resolves the URL for these files, their download will automatically target the closest available server in the network.
- If jQuery is hosted locally then users must download it at least once. User probably already has dozens of identical copies of jQuery in their browser's cache, but those copies of jQuery are ignored when they visit your site. Even if someone visits hundreds of sites using the same CDN hosted version of jQuery, they will only need download it once!



## **Instructor Notes:**

Additional notes for instructor

# Lab ➤ 1.1: Creating jQuery Page ➤ 1.2: Accessing jQuery Script from CDN

#### **Instructor Notes:**

Additional notes for instructor

# Summary



- >jQuery is a cross browser java script library
- > Available at http://www.jquery.com
- > Provide a robust way to manipulate DOM elements
- The ready() function detects when the DOM hierarchy is loaded
- Window.load event fires when the DOM and all the content on the page is fully loaded.



Answers Questions 1: A Questions 2: B

# **Review Question**



- > Which sign does jQuery use as a shortcut for jQuery?
  - \$ Sign
  - % Sign
  - # Sign
  - ? Sign



- ➤ Which jQuery function is used to prevent code from running, before the document is finished loading?
  - \$(document).load()
  - \$(document).ready()
  - \$(body).onload()