BUSINESS INSIGHTS FROM TELCO CUSTOMER TICKETS

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- 1. Synopsis
- 2. Methodology & Tools Used
- 3. Project Flow
- 4. Executive Summary
- 5. Objective & Business Problem Quantify Statement
- 6. Excel Analysis to build up stories and proposing logical EER diagram
- 7. My SQL base analysis Schema creation , Tables creation, Inserting of data & designing of EER diagram
- 8. My SQL & Tableau live demonstration [During TA session] along with Queries samples.
- 9. Cross intersecting Excel My SQL queries & Tableau for understanding Business insight and deriving solutions/suggestion
- 10. Dashboards & Charts to Visualize the data and give insights.
- 11. Executive Summary of Business Problem and Suggestion/Solution proposed.
- 12. Recommendation and lesson's learnt from the project

SYNOPSIS:

Project is based on telco customer complaint public dataset of complaints raised [i.e SR Raised].

This project is completely based on customer feedback of telco service and giving suggestion to telco provider to become more of customer centric apart from giving service's and leading them to higher market potential w.r.t competitor.

This dataset corresponds to SR ID, SR Type, Technology Type, SR raised Date, Resolution date, SLA Time, SR Source Type, Customer Account type, Customer details like Name, Address, Customer Type, Area, Geo Lat & Long etc.

Using this data, we intend to analyze SR trends over a given Time period, Average SR raised & time spends for resolutions, delivery performance patterns, Source of SR along with Customer type and Geo location and impact on Business and customer.

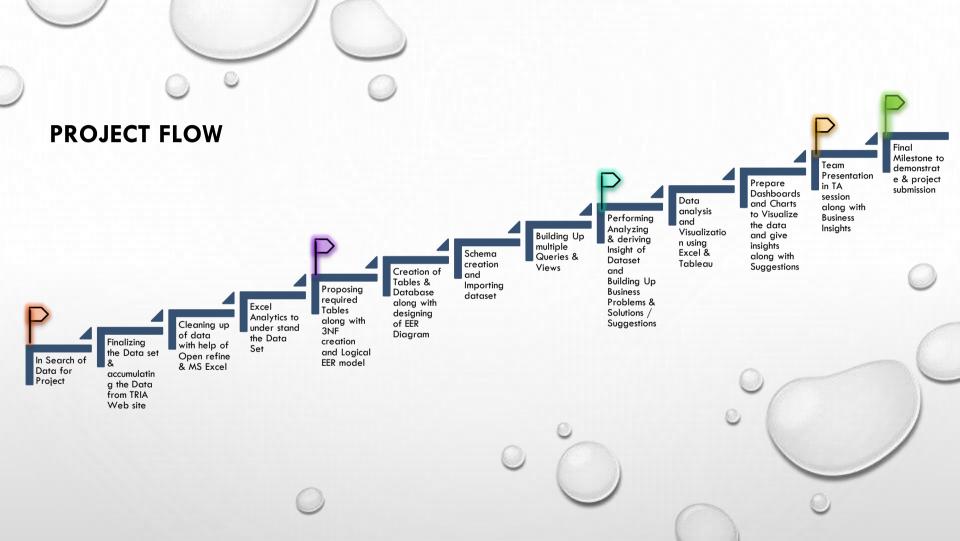
The goal behind is to 'put it all together' by developing a Coherent, Concise, and Realistic analysis in the form of a report and give business insights from customer tickets and further scope for improvement in that domain with strong suggestion and recommendations.

GOAL: Prime goal is to analyze Service Request [SR's] data and come up with actionable insights based on the data, to improve service quality, customer satisfaction which overall enhance business

METHODOLOGY AND TOOLS USED

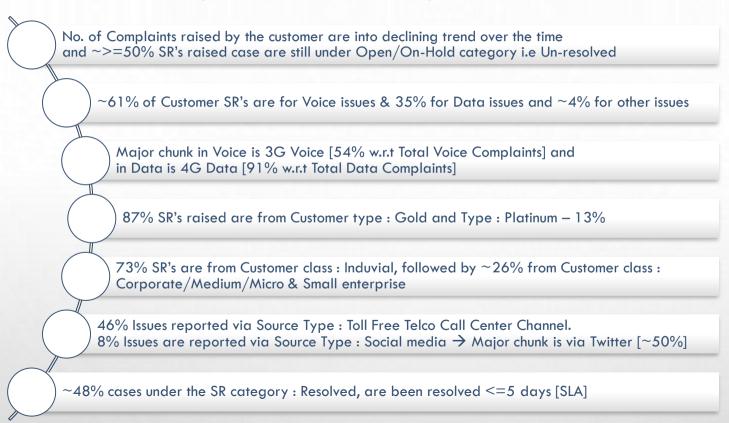
Service Request data is available on https://data.gov.in - TRIA web site in form of CSV files containing various customer's raised complaints along with necessity information, Complaint type and technology, Customer class (Gold, silver, corporate etc.), SIA and other dimensions

Work Task	Tools Used		
Cleanup the CSV data (Remove unwanted & Blank fields, sanitize/format some of them such as Zip codes,	MS Excel		
Address, Names, Lat-Long)	Open Refine		
Design EER diagrams and various analysis dimensions (such as Customer & source Type, Technology, SLA and SR Status along with Geo Lat-Long)	My SQL Workbench		
Create database and Tables based on the ER diagram	My SQL Workbench		
Create Schema and Import the Telco Data inside the tables via Insert Command	My SQL Workbench & MS Excel		
Commanding Queries and Views to gather insights from the Telco data, Analyze the data and conclude for Business Problems and Way forward	My SQL Workbench		
Dwanner Dochhoards and Charts to Vigualiza the data and give and share insights	Tableau		
Prepare Dashboards and Charts to Visualize the data and give and share insights	MS Office		



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:: OBSERVATIONS

Based on Data Analysis done for Telco Service Requests:



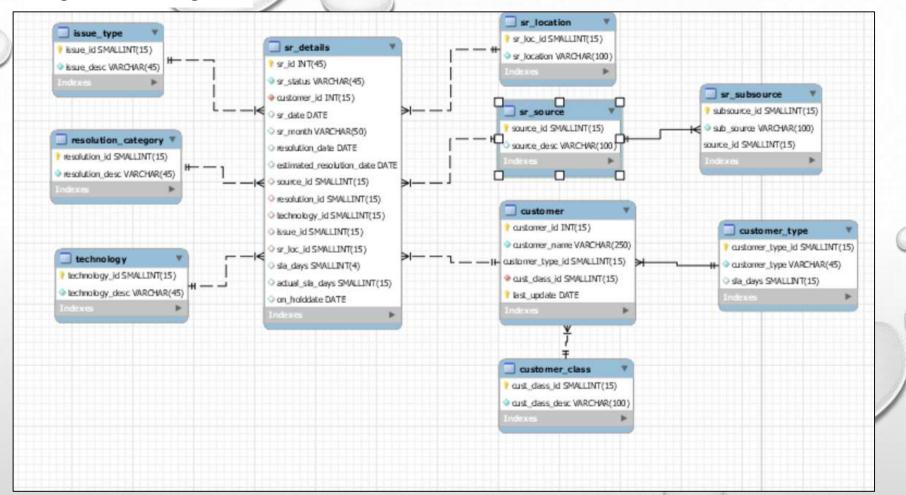
OBJECTIVE: UNDERSTANDING THE BUSINESS PROBLEM:

Deep dive on SR's and suggesting reduction opportunity along with insights, so that company has opportunity to have higher customer satisfaction index which helps in leading them for higher market potential [Customer and revenue wise] w.r.t other competitor.

- 1. No. of SR's vs Technologies vs Issue Type.
- 2. No. of SR's vs Source Type and Sub-Category
- 3. No. of SR's vs Customer Type and class
- 4. No. of SR's vs Locations vs SR's status
- 5. No. of SR's vs SR's status vs SLA days

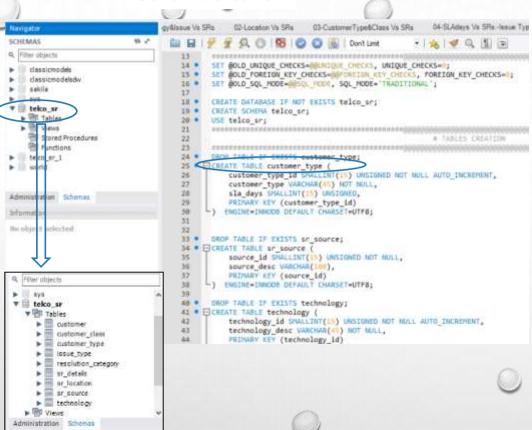
MY SQL BASED ANALYSIS

Logical EER Diagram



How Schema & Tables Created and Data was Inserted

Schema creation



Insert the data base

```
INSERT customer class values
17
        (1, 'Corporate'),
18
        (2. 'Gold').
19
        (3, 'Individual').
20
        (4, 'Key').
21
       (5, 'Medium Enterprise'),
22
       (6, 'Micro').
23
       (7, 'Small Enterprise').
24
       (8, 'Test Card').
       (9, 'Platinum'),
25
       (18, 'Solitaire');
27
28
       INSERT or location values
        (1, 'Colaba, Nariman Point'),
29
30
        (2, 'Marine Lines'),
31
       (3, 'Grant Road, Mumbai Central, Tardeo'),
32
       (4, 'Bhyculla, Dockward'),
33
       (5, 'Lower Parel, Worli'),
34
       (6, 'Wadala, Dadar, Sewri, Matunga'),
       (7. 'Bandra, Khar').
       (8, 'Dharavi, Sion').
       (9, 'Santacruz'),
        (18, 'Kurla, Chunnabhatti'),
        (11. 'Juhu, Vile Parle, Andheri East').
        (12, 'Jogeshwari, Andheri MIDC, Saki Naka'),
41
        (13, 'Goregaon East & West'),
        (14, 'Malad East & West').
```

Use of Joints & Views

```
FROM
                                                                                          create or replace view vw_count_all as
     (SELECT
                                                                                         select 0 as issue id, or month,
          concat(t.technology desc,"-" ,it.issue_desc) as Issue_type,
                                                                                         count(sr id) as Total Srs.
                                                                                         sum(case when sr status = "Resolved" then 1 else # end) as Resolved Srs,
               COUNT(sd.sr id) AS total sr
                                                                                         sum(case when sr status = "Resolved" then 1 else 0 end)/count(sr id) *100 as Resolved srs percent,
     FROM
                                                                                         sum(case when ar status = "Resolved" and on holddate > 0 then 1 else 0 end) as Resolved with hold Srs,
         sr_details sd
                                                                                         sum(case when ir status - "Resolved" and on holddate > 0 then I else 0 end)/count(ir id) "100
                                                                                                                                                             as Resolved with hold Srs percent,
    LEFT JOIN technology t ON sd.technology id = t.technology id
                                                                                         (sum(case when sr status = "Resolved" then 1 else # end))
     LEFT JOIN issue type it ON sd.issue id = it.issue id
                                                                                         - (sum(case when sr status = "Resolved" and on holddate > 0 then 1 else 0 end)) as Resolved with no hold Srs,
     GROUP BY t.technology desc , it.issue desc) AS a,
                                                                                         ((sum(case when sr_status = "Resolved" then @ else 8 end))
                                                                                          - (sum(case when sr status = "Resolved" and on holddate > 0 then 1 else 0 end)))/count(sr id) *100
     (SELECT
                                                                                                                                                             as Resolved with no hold 5rs percent
          COUNT(*) AS total
                                                                                         from sr details
                                                                                         group by ar month
     FROM
                                                                                         order by sr month;
          sr details) AS b
ORDER BY total sr desc
                                                                                         select * from vw count all;
```



2

Example 1 - SQL Queries along with Output

Query: Technology - Issue type bifurcation w.r.t total SR's

```
SELECT
   a.*, 100 * a.total sr / b.total AS percent sr
FROM
   (SELECT
        concat(t.technology desc,"-" ,it.issue desc) as Issue type,
            COUNT(sd.sr id) AS total sr
    FROM
        sr details sd
    LEFT JOIN technology t ON sd.technology_id = t.technology_id
    LEFT JOIN issue type it ON sd.issue id = it.issue id
   GROUP BY t.technology desc , it.issue desc) AS a,
    (SELECT
        COUNT(*) AS total
    FROM
        sr details) AS b
ORDER BY total sr desc
```

Output

	Issue_type	total_sr	percent_sr
•	3G-Voice_issue	27427	32.6279
	4G-Data_Issues	27070	32.2032
	4G-VoLTE_issue	13956	16.6024
	2G-Voice_issue	9587	11.4049
	Roaming_issues-Roaming_issues	3012	3.5832
	3G-Data_Issues	2523	3.0014
	Other_issues-Other_issues	485	0.5770

Query: Matrix between Technology and Issue type

```
SELECT t.technology_desc,
    sum(case when it.issue_desc like "Vo%" then 1 else 0 end) as Voice_issue,
    sum(case when it.issue_desc = "Data_Issues" then 1 else 0 end) as Data_Issues,
    sum(case when it.issue_desc
    in("Roaming_issues", "Other_issues") then 1 else 0 end) as Other_Issues,
    COUNT(sd.sr_id) AS total_sr
    FROM
        sr_details sd
        LEFT JOIN technology t ON sd.technology_id = t.technology_id
        LEFT JOIN issue_type it ON sd.issue_id = it.issue_id
        GROUP BY t.technology_desc

ORDER BY total_sr desc;
```

Output

	t	echnology_desc	Voice_issue	Data_Issues	Other_Issues	total_sr
Þ	40	3	13956	27070	0	41026
	30	3	27427	2523	0	29950
	20	3	9587	0	0	9587
	Ro	oaming_issues	0	0	3012	3012
	0	ther_issues	0	0	485	485

Example 2 - SQL Queries along with Output

Query: Source Type vs No. of SR

```
SELECT
source_desc, COUNT(source_id)
FROM
sr_details
LEFT JOIN
sr_source USING (source_id)
GROUP BY source_id
ORDER BY source_id desc;
```

Output

source_desc	COUNT(source_id)
VIP_escalation	1153
Port_Out_Threat-retention_desk	16205
Social_Media	6542
3rd_Party_Retail_Stores	9228
Telco_Stores	6525
Corporate_Account_issue	2978
Telco_Toll_Free_Call_Center	38536
Telco_Road_Survey	2893

Query: Customer Class vs No. of SR's

```
SELECT

a.*, (100 * a.total_sr / b.total) AS percent_sr

FROM

(SELECT c2.cust_class_desc, COUNT(sr_id) AS total_sr

FROM sr_details sd

LEFT JOIN (SELECT c.customer_id,c.last_update,cc.cust_class_desc,c.cust_class_id

FROM customer c

LEFT JOIN customer_class cc ON c.cust_class_id = cc.cust_class_id) AS c2

ON sd.Customer_id = c2.customer_id AND sd.sr_date = c2.last_update

GROUP BY c2.cust_class_desc) a,

(SELECT COUNT(*) AS total FROM sr_details) AS b

ORDER BY total_sr_desc;
```

Output

cust_class_desc	total_sr	percent_sr
Individual	61561	73.2346
Corporate	13025	15.4949
Micro	3374	4.0138
Small Enterprise	2990	3.5570
Medium Enterprise	2525	3.0038
Key	338	0.4021
Gold	201	0.2391
Platinum	26	0.0309
Test Card	19	0.0226
Solitaire	1	0.0012

Example 3 - SQL Queries along with Output

Query: Month on Month SR's vs SR Status distribution

Query: Month on Month SR's vs SR's Location

```
create or replace view vw count all as
select 0 as issue id, ar worth,
count(sr id) as Total Srs.
sum(case when ar status = "Resolved" then 1 else 0 end) as Resolved Srs,
sum(case when sr status = "Resolved" then I else | end)/count(sr id) *100 as Resolved srs percent,
sum(case when ar status = "Resolved" and on holddate > " them I else " end) as Resolved with hold Srs.
tum(case when sr status - "Resolved" and on holddate > # then : else # end)/count(sr id) *184
                                                                            as Resolved with hold Srs percent,
(sum(case when sr_status = "Resolved" then 1 else 0 end))
- (sum(case when ar status = "Resolved" and on holddate > 6 then 1 else 6 end)) as Resolved with no hold 5rs,
((sum(case when sr_status = "Resolved" then 1 else N end))
- (sum(case when sr status - "Resolved" and on holddate > 0 then 1 else 0 end)))/count(sr id) *100
                                                                            as Resolved with no hold Srs percent
from sr details
group by se month
order by sr month;
select * from vw_count_all;
```

SELECT a1.sr_loc_id,a2.sr_location,									
sum(case when year(sr_date)*100+month(sr_date)	= 2	01804	then	1	else	0	end)	as	Apr2018,
sum(case when year(sr_date)*100+month(sr_date)) = 2	01805	then	1	else	0	end)	as	May 2018,
sum(case when year(sr_date)*100+month(sr_date)) = 2	01806	then	1	else	0	end)	as	Jun2018,
sum(case when year(sr_date)*100+month(sr_date)) = 2	01807	then	1	else	0	end)	as	Jul2018,
sum(case when year(sr_date)*100+month(sr_date)) = 2	01808	then	1	else	0	end)	as	Aug2018,
sum(case when year(sr_date)*100+month(sr_date)) = 2	01809	then	1	else	0	end)	as	Sep2018,
sum(case when year(sr_date)*100+month(sr_date)) = 2	01810	then	1	else	0	end)	as	Oct2018,
count(sr_id) as Total									
from sr_details as a1 left join sr_location as	a2	using	(sr_l	loc	_id)				
where sr_status in ("Resolved") and year(sr_da	ate)*	100+mc	onth(s	r	date)) <	= 201	1810	
group by a1.sr_loc_id,a2.sr_location				-					
order by Total desc;									

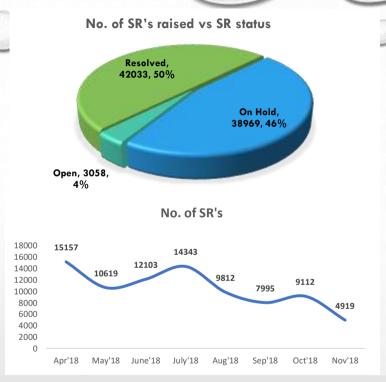
Output

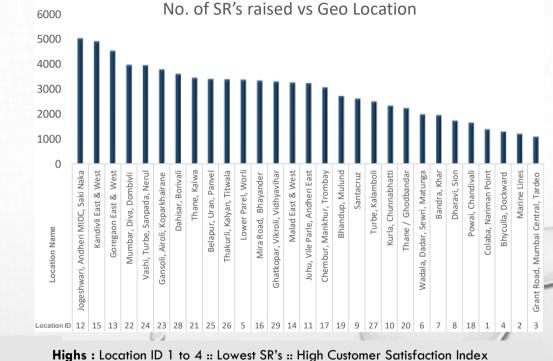
or month	Total_Srs	Resolved_Sns	Resolved_ara_percent	Resolved_with_hold_5rs	Resolved_with_hold_Srs_percent	Resolved_with_no_hold_Sns	Resolved_with_no_hold_Srs_percent	
201804	15157	32989	72.5012	6507	42.9307	462	29.5705	
201805	10619	7225	68.0384	4388	4L 3222	2837	26,7163	
201806	12103	6850	56.5975	3354	27.7121	3496	28.8854	
201907	14341	7129	49.7027	2779	19.3753	4050	30.3294	
201808	9812	4506	45.9234	1754	17.6761	2752	28.0473	
201809	7995	2572	32.1701	555	6.9418	2017	25.2283	
201810	9112	2119	23.2550	29	0.4280	2000	22.6270	
201811	4919	443	13,0718		0.0000	643	13.0718	

Output

ov_loc_id	ar_location	Apr 2018	May 2018	Jun2018	3/2018	Aug2018	Sep2018	Oct2018	Total
12	Jogeshwari, Andheri MIDC, Saki Naka	671	493	419	426	282	165	144	2600
15	Kendivi East & West	612	382	433	386	258	135	111	2319
13	Goregaon East & West	562	387	398	370	275	136	122	2290
23	Gansoli, Airoli, Koparkhamane	540	363	343	419	222	112	114	2113
22	Mumbar, Diva, Dontovik	491	369	337	402	203	96	80	1978
24	Vashi, Turbe, Sarpada, Nervi	545	317	303	315	220	143	91	1934
5	Lower Penel, Work	439	343	282	277	185	98	126	1750
28	Dahlsar, Borivali	517	275	279	289	187	108	84	1739
26	Thakurt, Kalyan, Titmala	442	265	338	306	166	86	135	1738
15	Mira Road, Bhayander	458	295	259	266	174	115	81	1548

EXCEL ANALYSIS TO UNDERSTAND SQL OUTPUT DATA AND BUILD UP STORIES





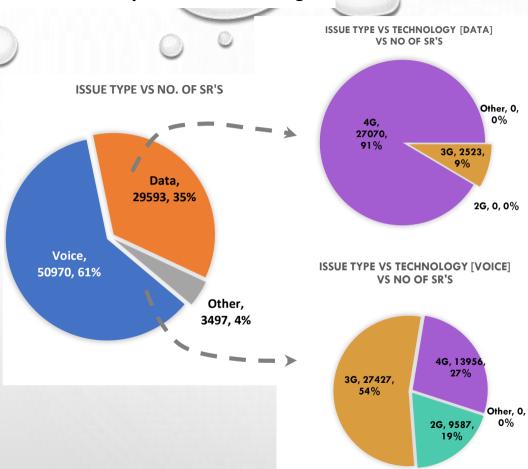
Lows: Location ID 12, 13 & 15 :: Highest SR's :: Low Customer Satisfaction Index

Highs:

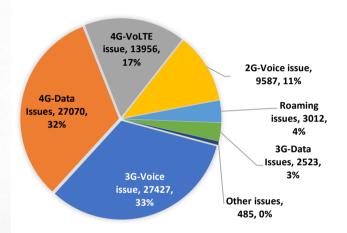
- No. of SR's Month on Month is into decreasing trend.
- 50% SR's raised by customer has status is Resolved

Lows:

46% SR's are attended but still not resolved [On-Hold], rest 4% still Open



ISSUE TYPE/TECHNOLOGY VS NO. OF SR'S



Lows [Technology & Issues]:

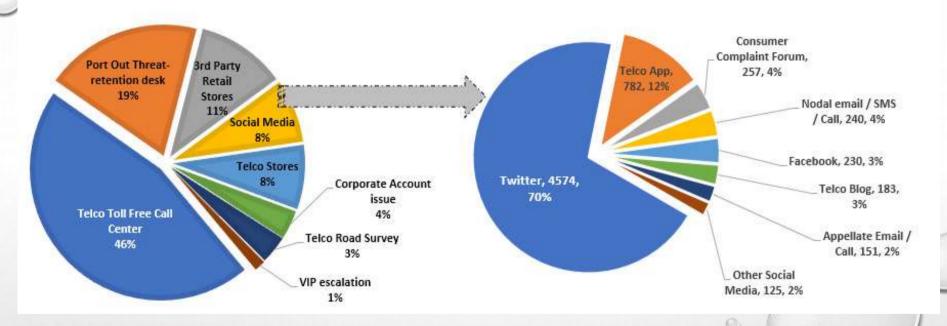
3G – Voice [33%] & 4G – Voice [17%] & 4G – Data [32%] is Major Chuck for Voice & Data related issues respectively.

Highs:

- 2G Voice has very less contribution, which say that majority of customers are using smart phone.
- Roaming issue is very rarely reported, hence there is no intra-inter roaming issues.

TYPE OF SR SOURCE VS NO OF SR'S RAISED

TYPE OF SR SOURCE [SOCIAL MEDIA] VS NO OF SR'S RAISED



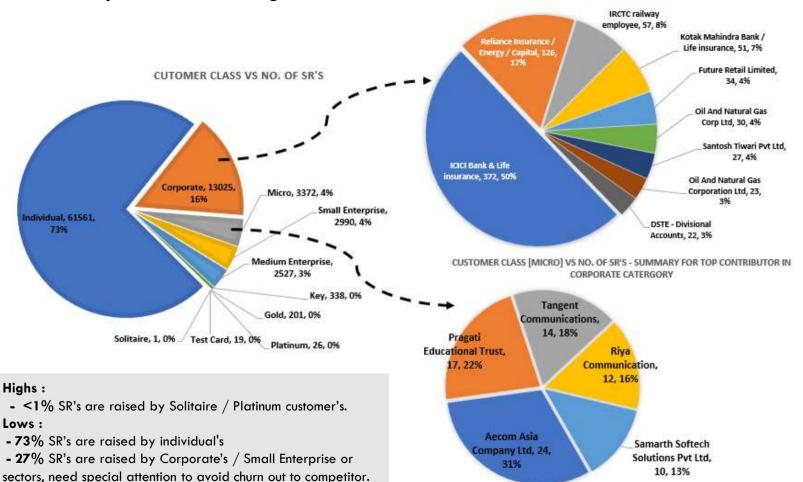
Highs:

- ~1% SR's are obtain via Source Mode: VIP escalation

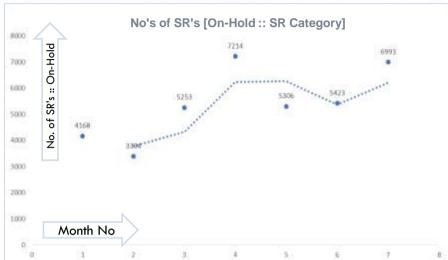
Lows:

- 19% SR's are reported :: Source :: Port Out Threat desk, need special attention to avoid churn out to competitor & loss of revenue
- 8% SR's are reported :: Source :: Social Media, Major chunk from Twitter [70%]

CUSTOMER CLASS [CORPORATE] VS NO. OF SR'S - SUMMARY FOR TOP CONTRIBUTOR IN CORPORATE CATERGORY







Highs:

- 48% SR's under **Resolved** category have <=5 days SLA days.
- 2 to 4 Days is the average SLA days.

Lows:

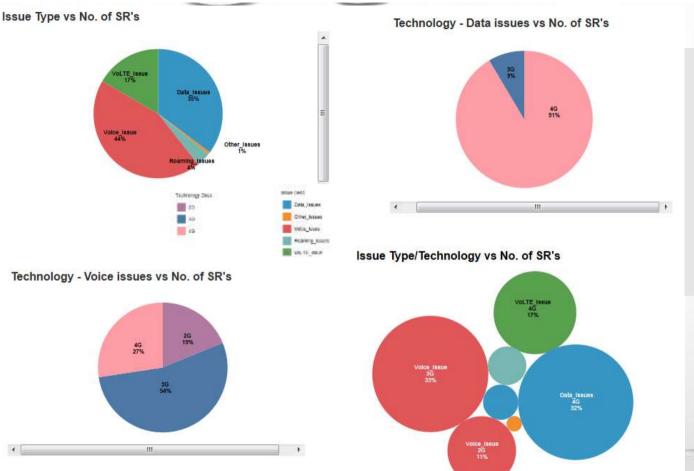
- Minimize SLA days, should target >=8 days SLA days [39%].
- Month on Month Increasing Trend No. of SR's under SR Status :: On-Hold.



DATA ANALYSIS, VISUALIZATION AND STORY MAKING USING TABLEAU

Note: In these section we tried to compare & make Charts/Story as similar to that of SQL output and Excel charts

1. Business Problem: To acknowledge which service's across technology is doing well & the most frequent issue type faced by the customer which needs attention.



Observation:

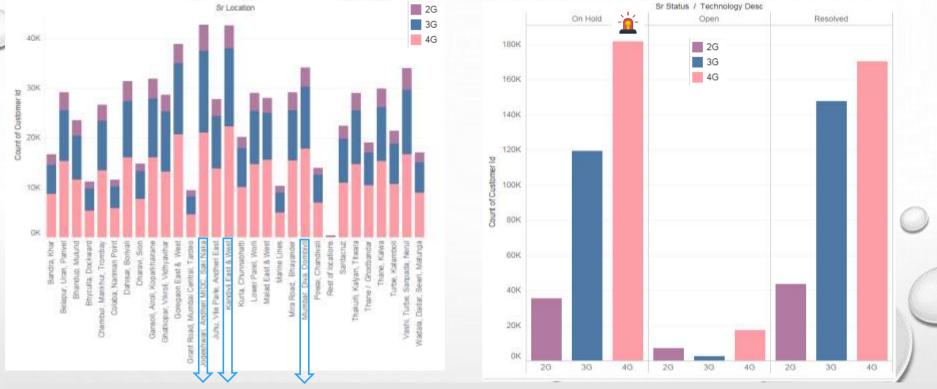
Highs:

- 2G Voice has very less contribution, which say that majority of customers are using smart phone.
- Roaming issue is very rarely reported, hence there is no intra-inter roaming issues.

Lows:

3G – Voice [33%] & 4G – Voice [17%] & 4G – Data [32%] is Major Chuck for Voice & Data related issues respectively.

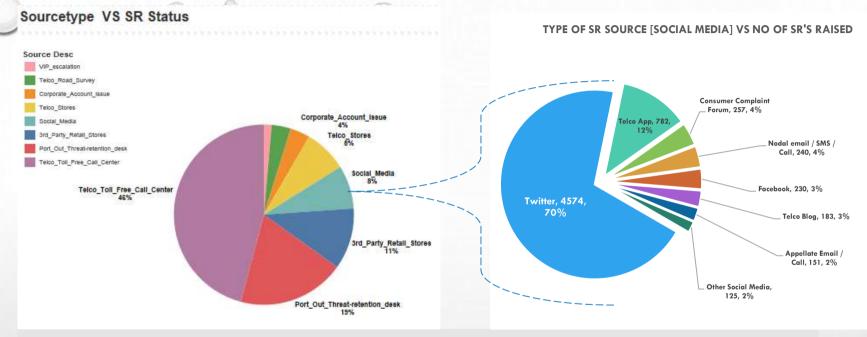




Solution / Suggestion:

- More Focus on resolving 3G Voice issues & 4G Data Issues.
- Insist to push customer's to use VoLTE service which has higher performance metric.
- Identified areas were Coverage & Capacity Augmentation is required for 3G Voice & 4G Data issues [No coverage / Congestion/Buffering/Low speed etc]
- No. of SR's raised for 4G Data are addressed but still un-resolved [i.e On-Hold], special focus has to be given for faster closer.

2. Business Problem: To acknowledge which is the most used source for reporting issues & the most frequent used sub-source type by the customer which needs attention and lower SLA.

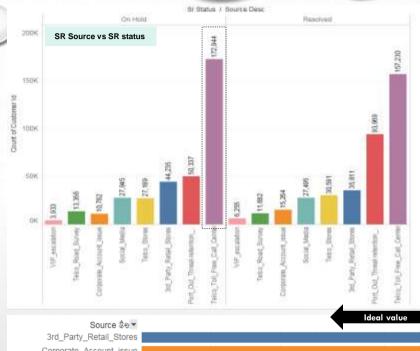


Highs:

- ~1% SR's are obtain via Source Mode: VIP escalation
- Social Media has the lowest SLA days w.r.t other source type.

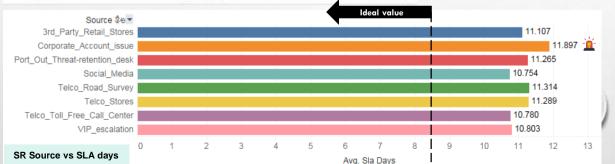
Lows:

- 19% SR's are reported :: Source :: Port Out Threat desk, need special attention to avoid churn out to competitor & loss of revenue
- 8% SR's are reported :: Source :: Social Media, Major chunk from Twitter [70%]
- Corporate Account has the highest SLA days w.r.t other source type.

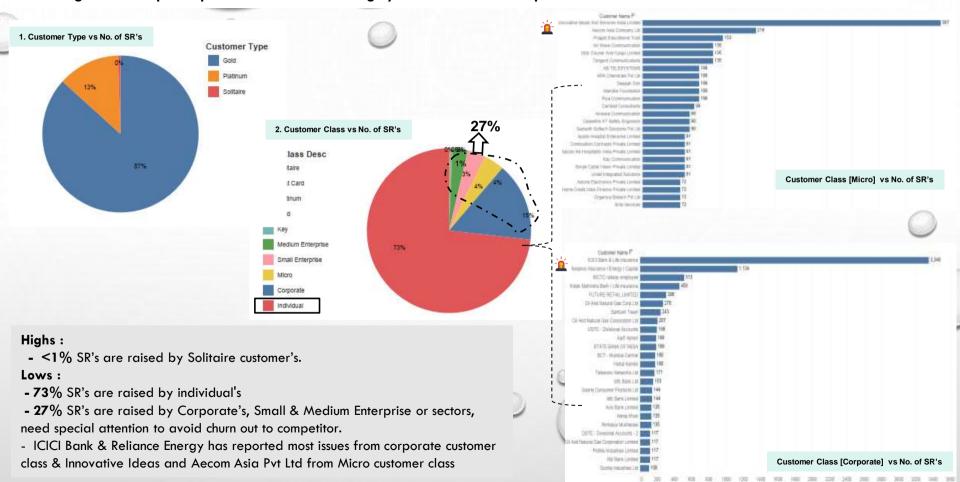


Solution / Suggestion:

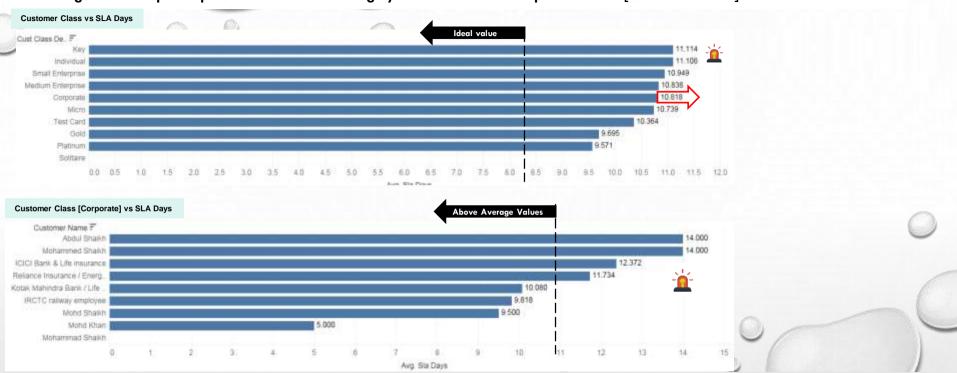
- More Focus on resolving Telco Call center cases.
- Guide and train customer care faculty to understand customer's VOC and try to resolve the issues at that moment is remotely possible, these will help to reduce in-flow of SR's.
- Avg. SLA has to minimize [Currently Avg. SLA >=10 Days].
- Focus required for Corporate Account ["high SLA days"]
- Special benchmarks to be made to reduce SLA days for Corporate Accounts, VIP escalations and Social media cases as they directly links companies performance and reputation.



3. Business Problem: To acknowledge & convey which customer's or class have reported frequent issue and which customer's has to be targeted with special potential and fast tracking system with as low as possible SLA.



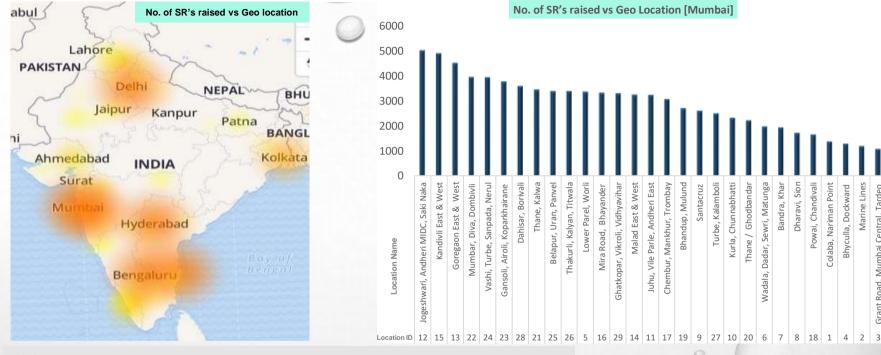
3. Business Problem: To acknowledge & convey which customer's or class have reported frequent issue and which customer's has to be targeted with special potential and fast tracking system with as low as possible SLA [Continue.......]



Solution / Suggestion:

- Avg. SLA has to minimize [Currently Avg. SLA >=10 Days].
- Focus required for Key, Small / Medium Enterprise and Corporate Account ["high SLA days"]
- Special benchmarks to be made to reduce SLA days for ICICI bank and Reliance Energy ["SLA above the Avg of Corporate Account"], as they directly links companies performance and reputation.
- Special solutions to be planned for corporate account & Small / Medium Enterprise to avoid churn to competitor due to high SLA and repetitive complaints.

4. Business Problem: To check for the existence of Geographical locations with maximum SRs registered and distinguish by different SR status which needs attention.



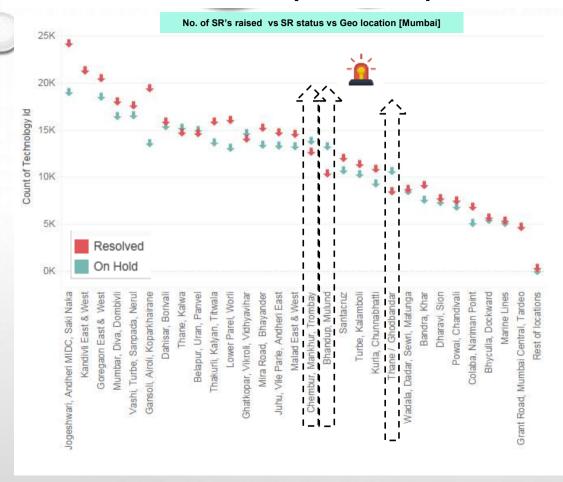
Highs:

- $\le 5\%$ Complaints are from Rest of India.
- For Mumbai :: Location ID 1 to 4 :: Lowest SR's :: High Customer Satisfaction Index
- Kolkata with least complaints raised and best amongst the metro city.

Lows:

- 37% of complaints reported from Mumbai, followed by Bangalore [21%] & Delhi [19%]
- For Mumbai :: Location ID 12, 13 & 15 :: Highest SR's :: Low Customer Satisfaction Index

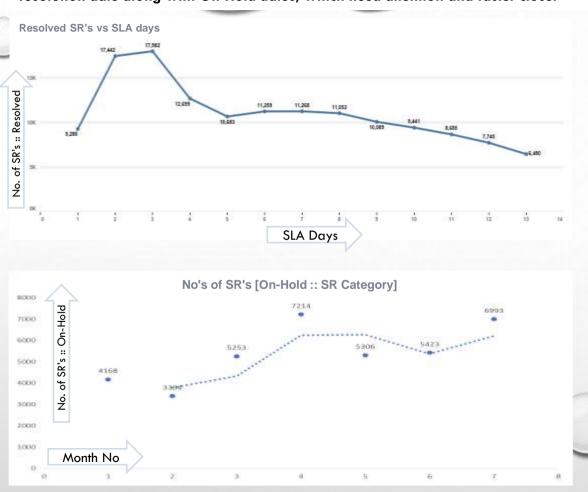
4. Business Problem: To check for the existence of Geographical locations with maximum SRs registered and distinguish by different SR status which needs attention [Continue..........]



Solution / Suggestion:

- Prime Focus for marketing & network team for improvement: Mumbai.
- In Mumbai: Jogeshwari & Kandivali location's has the highest SR's raised and SR Status: Resolved too – Need to get RCA for repeated SR's occurrence's.
- In Mumbai location like: Chembur / Bhandup / Mulund / Thane ghodbander has high On-Hold to SR's raised ratio – needs fast track closer with appropriate solutions

5. Business Problem: To check performance based on SLA days by comparing start date (Service request raised date) and resolution date along with On-Hold dates, which need attention and faster closer



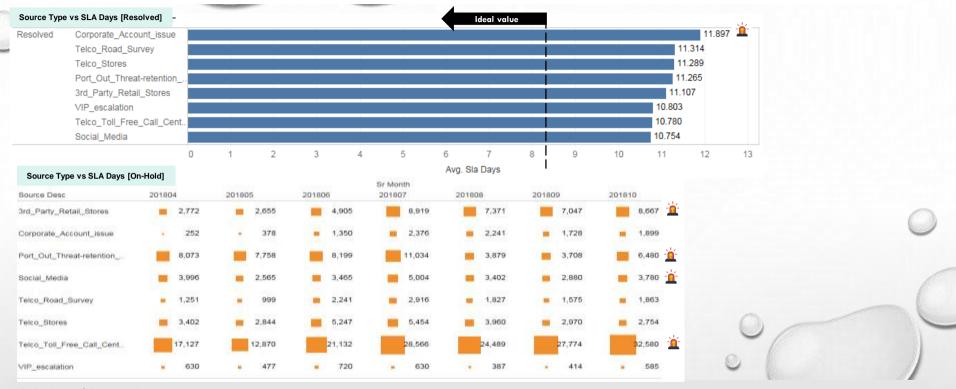
Highs:

- 48% SR's under **Resolved** category have <=5 days SLA days.
- 2 to 4 Days is the average SLA days.
- Social Media has the lowest SLA days

Lows:

- Minimize SLA days, should target >=8 days SLA days [39%].
- Month on Month **Increasing Trend -** No. of SR's under SR Status :: On-Hold.
- Month on Month **On Hold cases :: increased** for Telco Toll free, 3rd party retail store & Social media

5. Business Problem: To check performance based on SLA days by comparing start date (Service request raised date) and resolution date along with On-Hold dates, which need attention and faster closer [Continue......]



Solutions / Suggestion:

- Avg. SLA has to minimize to less than <=8 days [Currently Avg. SLA >=10 Days].
- Focus required for Corporate Account ["highest SLA days"]
- Special benchmarks to be made to reduce SLA days & reduce On-Hold cases for Telco Toll free, Port Out Treat, 3rd party retail store & Social media cases as they directly links companies performance and reputation.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY – BUSINESS PROBLEM & SUGGESTION

Sr. No	Business Problem	Tables Used	Highs	Lows	Suggestions & Solutions
400	To acknowledge which service's	sr_details	2G Voice has very less contribution [i.e majority	3G – Voice [33%] ,	 Focus required on resolving 3G Voice issues & 4G Data Issues. Insist to push customer's to use VoLTE service which has higher performance
1	across technology is doing well & the most frequent issue type	technology	of customers = smart phone user]	4G – Voice [17%] & 4G – Data [32%]	metric. Areas were Coverage & Capacity Augmentation is required which need to be
	faced by the customer which needs attention.	issue_type	 Roaming issue is very rarely reported, hence there is no intra-inter roaming issues. 	is Major Chuck for Voice & Data related issues respectively	done via network team Faster closer and Special focus on On-Hold cases for 4G data issues [Major chuck]
	To acknowledge which is the most	sr_details		19% SR's reported :: Source :: Port Out Threat desk. AND 8% from Social Media, Major chunk from Sub source : Twitter [70%] Corporate Account has the highest SLA days	More Focus on resolving Telco Call center & Port out cases. Guidance and training to customer care faculty to understand customer's
2	used source for reporting issues & the most frequent used sub-source type by the	sr_source	 ~1% SR's are obtain via Source Mode: VIP escalation Social Media has the lowest SLA days. 		VOC and try to resolve issues. Avg. SLA has to minimize [Currently Avg. SLA >= 10 Days]. Focus required for Corporate Account ["highest SLA days"]
	customer which needs attention and lower SLA.	sr_subsource			 Special benchmarks to be made to reduce SLA days for Corporate Accounts, VIP escalations, Port out desk and Social media cases as they directly links companies performance/reputation and helps to avoid churn out to competitor & loss of revenue.
	To acknowledge & convey	sr_details		73% SR's are raised by individual's	 Avg. SLA has to minimize [Currently Avg. SLA >=10 Days]. Focus required for Key, Small / Medium Enterprise and Corporate Account
	which customer's or class have reported frequent issue and which customer's has to be	customer	<1% SR's are raised by	27% SR's are raised by Corporate's, Small/Medium	["higher SLA days"]. Special benchmarks & Solution to be planned:
3	potential and fast tracking system with as low as possible SLA.	customer type	Solitaire customer's.	Enterprise. ICICI Bank & Reliance Energy [corporate class] and Innovative	Reduce SLA days for ICICI bank and Reliance Energy ["SLA above the Avg of Corporate Account"] Resolve frequently reported issues for Corporate account & Small Enterprise
		customer class		Ideas [Micro class] most issues reported	as they directly links companies performance/reputation and helps to avoid churn out to competitor & loss of revenue.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY – BUSINESS PROBLEM & SUGGESTION

Sr. No	Business Problem	Tables Used	Highs	Lows	Suggestions & Solutions
	To check for the existence of	sr_details	<=5% Complaints are from Rest of India.	37% of total complaints reported from Mumbai [Highest], followed by Bangalore [21%]	Prime Focus for marketing & network team for improvement : Mumbai.
4	Geographical locations with maximum SRs registered and sr_location Sr_location Within Mumbai :: Location ID 1 to 4 :: Lowest SR's		& Delhi [19%]	 In Mumbai: Jogeshwari & Kandivali location's has the highest SR's raised and SR_status:: Resolved too – Need to get RCA for repeated SR's occurrence's. 	
	which needs attention.	sr_status	Kolkata with least complaints raised [best amongst the metro city].	Location ID 12, 13 & 15 :: Highest SR's :: Low Customer Satisfaction Index	In Mumbai location like: Chembur / Bhandup / Mulund / Thane ghodbander has high On-Hold to SR's raised ratio - Fast track closer with appropriate solutions.
	To check performance based on SLA days by comparing start date (Service request raised date) and resolution date along with On-Hold dates which need attention and faster closer	sr_details	 48% SR's under Resolved category have 	• Minimize SLA days, should target >=8 days SLA days [39%].	 Avg. SLA has to minimize to less than <=8 days [Currently Avg. SLA >=10 Days].
5		date date sr_status <=5 days SLA days. 2 to 4 Days is the average SLA days. average SLA days. average SLA days. average SLA days.	 Month on Month – Increasing Trend [No. of SR's under SR Status :: On-Hold]. 	■ Focus required for Corporate Account ["highest SLA days ~11.8 days"]	
		customer type	Social Media has the lowest SLA days.	 Month on Month – On Hold cases :: increased for Telco Toll free, 3rd party retail store & Social media 	 Special benchmarks to be made to reduce SLA days & reduce On-Hold cases for Telco Toll free, Port Out Treat, 3rd party retail store & Social media cases as they directly links companies performance and reputation.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- Encourage customers to use more efficient mechanisms such as Telco App, SMS and Telco Stores to report service issues (Toll free call is inefficient and resource, cost intensive)
- 2) Involve Engineering to look at stability issues with 3G Voice and 4G Data as they are the technologies with most issues.
- 3) Involve Engineering to get RCA along with Strong plan to improve Locations where higher % of Voice and Data issues are observed
- 4) Streamline resolution process to reduce time to resolve requests

LESSONS LEARNT (ON PROJECT)

- 1) Cleanup unneeded data there is too much data that is not relevant to the analysis/goal at hand, cleaning it helps focus efforts on desired goals
- 2) Always keep the desired state/goals in mind to keep the analysis focused on the dimensions that matters.

