

## FOURIER ANALYSIS (751799001, 701866001, 114-1) - HOMEWORK 2

Return by September 24, 2025 (Wednesday) 23:59

Total marks: 50

**Special requirement.** All homework must be prepared by using L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X.

**Exercise 1** (10 points). Let  $f(x) = x^2$  for  $x \in (-\pi, \pi)$ . Compute its Fourier series, which in fact converges pointwisely on  $(-\pi, \pi)$  and find the sum of the series  $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{k+1}}{k^2}$ .

**Exercise 2** (10 points). Put  $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$  in the Fourier sine series of the constant function  $f(x) = 1$  for  $x \in (0, \pi)$ , which in fact converges pointwisely on  $(0, \pi)$ , to compute the sum

$$\left(1 - \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{9} - \frac{1}{13} + \cdots\right) + \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{11} - \frac{1}{15} + \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{9} + \cdots.$$

(Note: The left-hand-side cannot be arbitrarily rearranged because they are only conditionally, not absolutely, convergent.)

**Exercise 3** (10 points). Compute the Fourier series of  $|\sin x|$  in the interval  $(-\pi, \pi)$ , which in fact converges pointwisely on  $(-\pi, \pi)$ . Use it to find the sums

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{4k^2 - 1} \quad \text{and} \quad \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{4k^2 - 1}.$$

**Exercise 4** (10 points). Compute the Fourier series of  $e^x$  on  $(-\pi, \pi)$ .

**Exercise 5** (10 points). Show how the Fourier series on  $(-\ell, \ell)$  can be derived from the series on  $(-\pi, \pi)$  by changing variables  $y = \frac{\pi}{\ell}x$ .