## DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS (751873002, 113-2) - HOMEWORK 2

Return by March 13, 2025 (Thursday) 23:59

Total marks: 50 (last update: March 25, 2025)

Special requirement. All homeworks must be prepared by using LATEX.

Exercise 1 (10 points). Show that

$$||f||_{L^p(\Omega)} = \sup_{||g||_{L^{p'}(\Omega)}=1} \int_{\Omega} f(\boldsymbol{x})g(\boldsymbol{x}) d\boldsymbol{x}$$

and

$$||f||_{L^p(\Omega)} = \sup_{||g||_{L^{p'}(\Omega)}=1} \int_{\Omega} |f(\boldsymbol{x})g(\boldsymbol{x})| d\boldsymbol{x}.$$

Here f is not necessarily in  $L^p(\Omega)$ .

**Exercise 2** (10 points). Let  $f \in L^p(\Omega)$ ,  $g \in L^q(\Omega)$  and  $h \in L^r(\Omega)$  for some  $1 \leq p, q, r \leq \infty$  with  $\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} + \frac{1}{r} = 1$ . Show that  $fgh \in L^1(\Omega)$  and

$$\int_{\Omega} |f(\boldsymbol{x})g(\boldsymbol{x})h(\boldsymbol{x})| \,\mathrm{d}\boldsymbol{x} \leq \|f\|_{L^{p}(\Omega)} \|g\|_{L^{q}(\Omega)} \|h\|_{L^{r}(\Omega)}.$$

**Exercise 3** (10 points). <sup>1</sup> For each 0 , show that

$$||f+g||_{L^p(\Omega)}^p \le ||f||_{L^p(\Omega)}^p + ||g||_{L^p(\Omega)}^p$$
 for all  $f, g \in L^p(\Omega)$ .

In addition, show that  $\|\cdot\|_{L^p(\Omega)}$  does not define a norm for each 0 .

**Exercise 4** (10 points). Let n = 2. Verify that Green's theorem is a special case of divergence theorem, see Exercise 1.0.20 for details.

**Exercise 5** (10 points). Let A be a real symmetric matrix. Show that all its eigenvalue are positive if and only if

$$A\boldsymbol{\xi} \cdot \boldsymbol{\xi} \equiv \boldsymbol{\xi}^{\mathsf{T}} A \boldsymbol{\xi} > 0 \quad \text{for all } \boldsymbol{\xi} \in \mathbb{R}^n \setminus \{ \boldsymbol{0} \}.$$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>It is interesting to compare this exercise with Exercise 3 in Homework 1.