

30-Aug-2020: Welcome Video, and What is Machine Learning

- Machine learning: algorithms; supervised, unsupervised, reinforcement, recommender. In this course, also will learn best practices.

31-Aug-2020: Supervised Learning, and Unsupervised Learning

- Supervised learning: right answers are given
- Regression: predicts continuous variable output; Classification: predicts discrete values
- Classification can have $1, \dots, N, \dots, \infty$ attributes. E.g. benignness/malignancy based on age, or age and tumor size, etc.
- Unsupervised learning a.k.a. clustering: Right answers aren't given. For example, news that links to different sources for the same topic.
- Cocktail party algorithm: separates two voices in a conversation, with two microphone recordings. Singular value decomposition is key to this algorithm.
- When learning machine learning, use Octave

1-Sep-2020: Model Representation, and Cost Function

- Training set notation: m is number of training examples, x are input examples, and y are the output variables. Together, (x, y) form a training example. Also denoted $(x^{(i)}, y^{(i)})$.
- In a linear regression, $h_{\theta}(x) = \theta_0 + \theta_1 x \equiv h(x)$.
- Cost function is

$$J(\theta_0, \theta_1) = \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i=1}^m \left(h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)} \right)^2$$