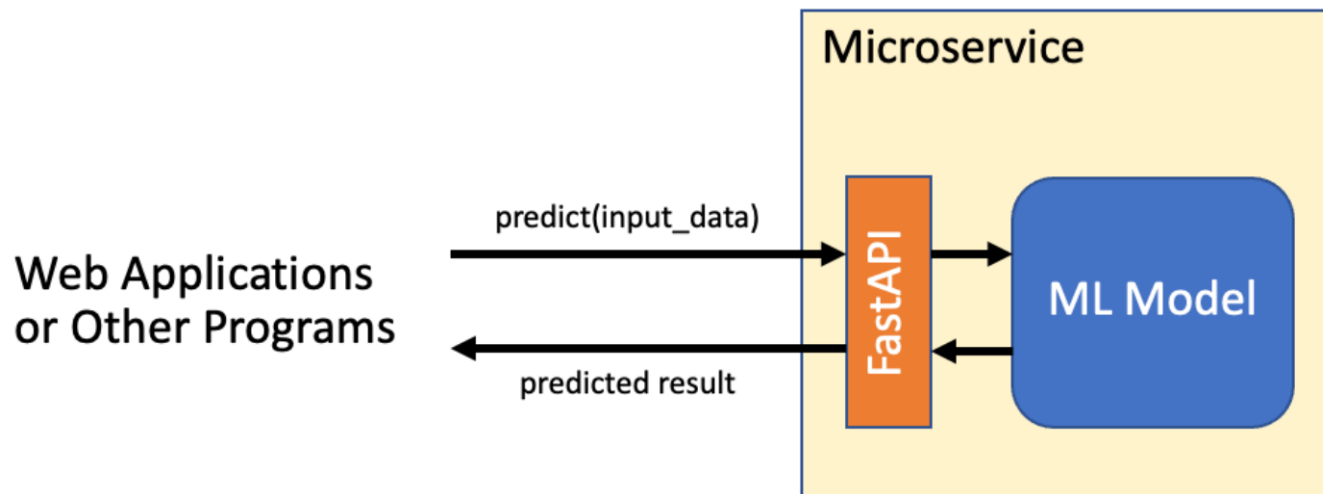


FastAPI

Based on Prof.Natawut's slide

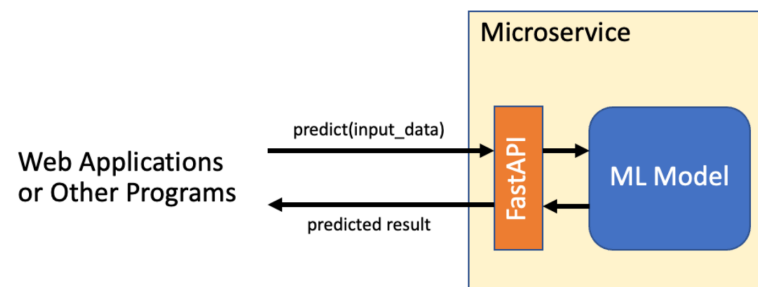
Provisioning ML Model : Synchronous (interactive; expected to get results back)

- Encapsulating your model as a **microservice** is a popular approach to deploy machine learning model
- The model becomes a black box and can be invoked using **REST protocol**
- Using a microframework such as **FastAPI** can simplify microservice development



Microframework

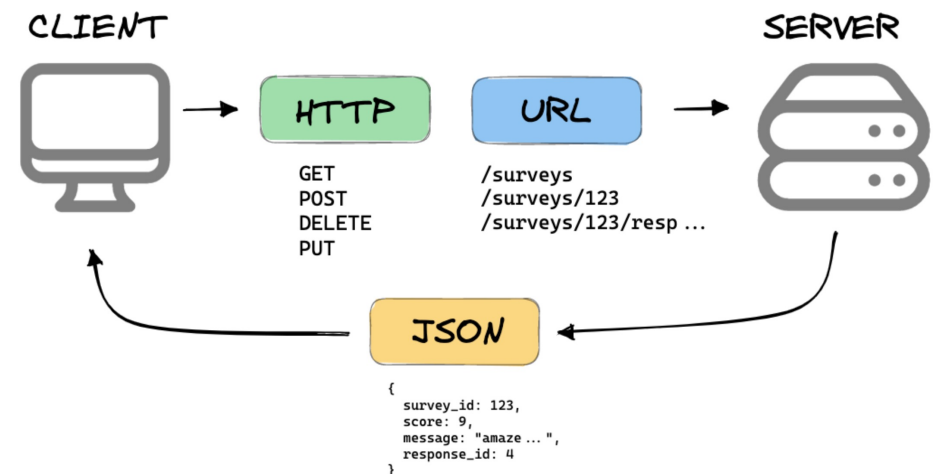
- Minimalistic web application frameworks designed for Microservices and API development
- Facilitate receiving an HTTP request, routing the HTTP request to the appropriate controller, dispatching the controller, and returning an HTTP response
- Designed for building the APIs for another service or application; therefore, lacking most of the functionality expected in full-stack framework



REST - Heart and Soul of Microservices

- REpresentational State Transfer
- Lightweight and simple
 - Only simple XML or JSON on HTTP
 - Utilize HTTP methods instead of using “envelope” style
 - URI as method identification
- Emulate CRUD operations
 - Create, Read, Update, Delete
 - **GET** → Read
 - **POST** → Create
 - **PUT** → Update
 - **DELETE** → Delete

WHAT IS A REST API?



REST over HTTP – GET method (Postman, Python)



FastAPI

- Web framework for developing RESTful APIs in Python based on Pydantic and starlette
- Provide several facilities for REST development
 - Data validation / serialization / deserialization
 - Auto-generate OpenAPI documents
 - Asynchronous programming
 - Dependency Injection
 - Support GraphQL for complex data model
 - Run with Uvicorn and Unicorn (simulated web server)

Installation

- FastAPI & uvicorn
- `pip install fastapi uvicorn`
- Postman in your laptop
- Ngrok (web tunnel) → for Colab
- <https://ngrok.com/>

Lab

- 1. Get
- 2. Get with path param
- 3. Post
- 4. Put