Importing all the libraries

```
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras import datasets, layers, models
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Load and preprocess the data

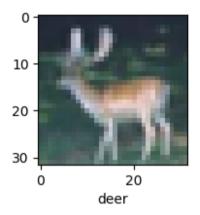
```
# loading the cifar10 dataset
(x train, y train), (x test, y test) = datasets.cifar10.load data()
     Downloading data from https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar-10-python.tar.gz
     # converting data into one dimentional array
y train = y train.reshape(-1,)
y train[:5]
    array([6, 9, 9, 4, 1], dtype=uint8)
y test = y test.reshape(-1,)
# Only keep samples that represent animals (classes 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)
animal_indices_train = np.where((y_train >= 2) & (y_train <= 6))[0]</pre>
x train = x train[animal indices train]
y train = y train[animal indices train] - 2 # Adjust labels to be in range [0, 4]
animal_indices_test = np.where((y_test >= 2) & (y_test <= 6))[0]</pre>
x test = x test[animal indices test]
y test = y test[animal indices test] - 2 # Adjust labels to be in range [0, 4]
```

```
# defining target classes

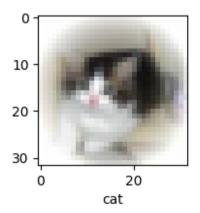
classes = ["bird", "cat", "deer", "dog", "frog"]

def plot_sample(x, y, index):
    plt.figure(figsize=(15, 2))
    plt.imshow(x[index])
    plt.xlabel(classes[y[index]])
```

plot_sample(x_train, y_train, 70)



plot_sample(x_train, y_train, 100)



 $\mbox{\tt\#}$ Scaling the pixel values to a range between 0 and 1

```
x_train = x_train / 255.0
x_test = x_test / 255.0
```

Define/Built the model

```
cnn = models.Sequential([
    layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(32, 32, 3)),
    layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),

layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'),
    layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),

layers.Flatten(),
    layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'),
    layers.Dense(5, activation='softmax') # Adjusted to 5 output classes
])
```

Compile the model

```
cnn.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
```

Train the model

```
Epoch 8/20
Epoch 9/20
Epoch 10/20
Epoch 11/20
Epoch 12/20
Epoch 13/20
Epoch 14/20
Epoch 15/20
Epoch 16/20
Epoch 17/20
Epoch 18/20
Epoch 19/20
Epoch 20/20
<keras.src.callbacks.History at 0x7f7435a5fe20>
```

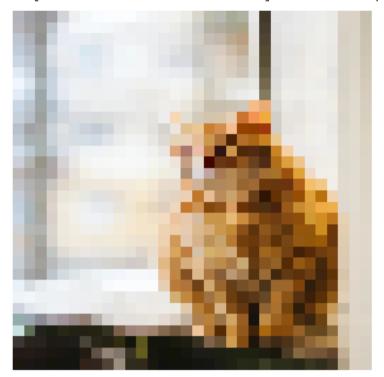
Evaluate the model

Function for Classification

```
def classify animal image(model, image path):
   # Load the image
    img = image.load_img(image_path, target_size=(32, 32))
    # Convert the image to a numpy array
    img array = image.img to array(img)
    # Expand dimensions to match the model input shape
    img array = np.expand dims(img array, axis=0)
    # Preprocess the image
    img array = img array / 255.0
    # Predict the class probabilities
    predictions = model.predict(img array)
    # Get the predicted class index
    predicted class index = np.argmax(predictions)
    # Map the class index to the corresponding animal class
    animal classes = ["bird", "cat", "deer", "dog", "frog"]
    predicted animal class = animal classes[predicted class index]
    # Display the image
    plt.imshow(img)
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.show()
    return predicted animal class, predictions[0][predicted class index]
Example usage:
# Path to the input image
image path = '/content/pexels-photo-1170986.webp'
# Classify the input image
```

predicted class, confidence = classify animal image(cnn, image path)

1/1 [======] - 0s 22ms/step



```
print("Predicted class:", predicted_class)
print("Confidence:", confidence)
```

Predicted class: cat Confidence: 0.95283914

```
# Path to the input image
image_path = '/content/dog-puppy-on-garden-royalty-free-image-1586966191.jpg'
```

```
# Classify the input image
predicted_class, confidence = classify_animal_image(cnn, image_path)
```



print("Predicted class:", predicted_class)
print("Confidence:", confidence)

Predicted class: dog Confidence: 0.98681086