

```
src/mantra/grn/config.py      Sat Dec 06 23:29:41 2025      1
```

```
# src/mantra/grn/config.py
from __future__ import annotations

from mantra.config import GRNModelConfig, GRNTrainConfig, GRNLossConfig

__all__ = [
    "GRNModelConfig",
    "GRNTrainConfig",
    "GRNLossConfig",
]
```

```
# src/mantra/grn/dataset.py

from __future__ import annotations

from pathlib import Path
from typing import Dict, Optional

import numpy as np
import torch
from torch.utils.data import Dataset

class K562RegDeltaDataset(Dataset):
    """
    NPZ-backed dataset for GRN training.

    Expected keys in the .npz:
    - reg_idx: [N] int64, regulator index per sample
    - deltaE: [N, G] float32, gene-level Δobs
    - deltaP_obs: [N, K] float32 (optional)
    - deltaY_obs: [N, T] float32 (optional)
    - dose: [N] or [N,1] float32 (optional)

    Notes:
    - n_genes inferred from deltaE.shape[1]
    - n_regulators inferred as max(reg_idx) + 1
    """

    def __init__(self, npz_path: Path) -> None:
        npz_path = Path(npz_path)
        data = np.load(npz_path, allow_pickle=False)

        self.reg_idx = data["reg_idx"].astype(np.int64)
        self.deltaE = data["deltaE"].astype(np.float32)

        self.deltaP_obs = (
            data["deltaP_obs"].astype(np.float32)
            if "deltaP_obs" in data.files
            else None
        )
        self.deltaY_obs = (
            data["deltaY_obs"].astype(np.float32)
            if "deltaY_obs" in data.files
            else None
        )
        self.dose = (
            data["dose"].astype(np.float32)
            if "dose" in data.files
            else None
        )

        self.n_samples = self.reg_idx.shape[0]
        self.n_genes = self.deltaE.shape[1]
        self.n_regulators = int(self.reg_idx.max()) + 1

    def __len__(self) -> int:
        return self.n_samples

    def __getitem__(self, idx: int) -> Dict[str, torch.Tensor]:
        batch: Dict[str, torch.Tensor] = {
            "reg_idx": torch.as_tensor(self.reg_idx[idx], dtype=torch.long),
            "deltaE": torch.from_numpy(self.deltaE[idx]), # [G]
        }
        if self.deltaP_obs is not None:
            batch["deltaP_obs"] = torch.from_numpy(self.deltaP_obs[idx])
        if self.deltaY_obs is not None:
            batch["deltaY_obs"] = torch.from_numpy(self.deltaY_obs[idx])
        if self.dose is not None:
```

```
src/mantra/grn/dataset.py      Sat Dec 06 23:25:14 2025      2
    batch["dose"] = torch.as_tensor(self.dose[idx], dtype=torch.float32)
    return batch
```

```
# src/mantra/grn/inference.py

from __future__ import annotations

from typing import Optional, Dict

import torch
from torch import nn, Tensor

from mantra.grn.models import GRNGNN, TraitHead

class GRNInference:
    """
        Inference wrapper for a trained GRN + energy prior.

    Given:
        - grn_model
        - optional trait_head
        - A (gene graph), x_ref, W (cNMF loadings)
        - energy_prior (HVG or embedding prior)

    Provides:
        - predict_batch(batch): uses same batch dict interface as training
        - predict(req_idx, dose=None): minimalist convenience for (r,d) → 206\222 → 224E, → 224P, → 224y, energy
    """
    def __init__(
        self,
        grn_model: GRNGNN,
        A: Tensor,
        x_ref: Tensor,
        W: Tensor,
        energy_prior: nn.Module,
        trait_head: Optional[TraitHead] = None,
        device: Optional[str] = None,
    ) -> None:
        self.device = device or ("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")

        self.grn_model = grn_model.to(self.device).eval()
        self.trait_head = trait_head.to(self.device).eval() if trait_head is not None else None

        self.A = A.to(self.device)
        self.x_ref = x_ref.to(self.device)
        self.W = W.to(self.device)
        self.energy_prior = energy_prior.to(self.device).eval()

        for p in self.grn_model.parameters():
            p.requires_grad_(False)
        if self.trait_head is not None:
            for p in self.trait_head.parameters():
                p.requires_grad_(False)
        for p in self.energy_prior.parameters():
            p.requires_grad_(False)

    @torch.no_grad()
    def predict_batch(self, batch: Dict[str, Tensor]) -> Dict[str, Tensor]:
        """
            batch keys:
                reg_idx: [B]
                dose:      [B] or None
        """
        reg_idx = batch["reg_idx"].to(self.device)
        dose = batch.get("dose", None)
        if dose is not None:
            dose = dose.to(self.device)

        deltaE_pred = self.grn_model(reg_idx=reg_idx, dose=dose, A=self.A) # [B, G]
```

```
x_hat = self.x_ref.unsqueeze(0) + deltaE_pred # [B, G]
energy = self.energy_prior(x_hat) # [B]

deltaP_pred = deltaE_pred @ self.W # [B, K]

out: Dict[str, Tensor] = {
    "deltaE_pred": deltaE_pred.cpu(),
    "deltaP_pred": deltaP_pred.cpu(),
    "energy": energy.cpu(),
}

if self.trait_head is not None:
    deltaY_pred = self.trait_head(deltaP_pred) # [B, T]
    out["deltaY_pred"] = deltaY_pred.cpu()

return out

@torch.no_grad()
def predict(
    self,
    reg_idx: Tensor,      # [B] or scalar long
    dose: Optional[Tensor] = None,  # [B] or scalar float, optional
) -> Dict[str, Tensor]:
    """
    Convenience wrapper around predict_batch.
    """
    if reg_idx.dim() == 0:
        reg_idx = reg_idx.view(1)
    batch = {"reg_idx": reg_idx}

    if dose is not None:
        if dose.dim() == 0:
            dose = dose.view(1)
        batch["dose"] = dose

    return self.predict_batch(batch)
```

```
# src/mantra/grn/make_npz.py
from __future__ import annotations

from pathlib import Path
from typing import Any, Dict, Optional

import numpy as np
import scanpy as sc  # type: ignore
from scipy import sparse
import torch

def make_grn_npz(
    ad_raw_path: Path,
    energy_ckpt_path: Path,
    out_dir: Path,
    *,
    reg_col: str = "gene",
    dose_col: str = "gem_group",
    control_value: str = "non-targeting",
    max_pct_mt: float = 0.2,
    min_umi: float = 2000.0,
    min_cells_per_group: int = 10,
    val_frac: float = 0.2,
    seed: int = 7,
    cnmf_W_path: Optional[Path] = None,
    traits_dim: int = 3,
) -> Dict[str, Any]:
    """
    Stream K562 GWPS .h5ad and build train/val NPZs in the EGGFM HVG space.

    Parameters
    -----
    ad_raw_path:
        Path to big backed AnnData (e.g. data/raw/k562_gwps.h5ad).
    energy_ckpt_path:
        Path to EGGFM checkpoint with 'var_names' / 'feature_names'.
    out_dir:
        Directory where 'train.npz' and 'val.npz' will be written.
    reg_col:
        obs column with perturbed target gene / regulator.
    dose_col:
        obs column with dose / gem group (ignored here, but kept for API).
    control_value:
        Value in 'reg_col' denoting non-targeting controls.
    max_pct_mt:
        Max allowed mitochondrial fraction for QC.
    min_umi:
        Min UMI_count per cell for QC.
    min_cells_per_group:
        Min # cells for a regulator to be kept.
    val_frac:
        Fraction of regulator-level samples for validation.
    seed:
        RNG seed for train/val split.
    cnmf_W_path:
        Optional path to W.npy [G,K]; if None, uses \224P_obs = \224E.
    traits_dim:
        Dimensionality of \224Y_obs stub (e.g. 3 for MCH, RDW, IRF).

    Returns
    -----
    dict with basic stats: N_train, N_val, G, n_regulators_used, etc.
    """
    out_dir = Path(out_dir)
    out_dir.mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)

    # ----- 1) Get HVG genes from EGGFM checkpoint -----
```

```

src/mantra/grn/make_npz.py           Mon Dec 08 03:31:00 2025      2
print(f"[ckpt] loading energy checkpoint: {energy_ckpt_path}", flush=True)
ckpt = torch.load(energy_ckpt_path, map_location="cpu")
if "var_names" in ckpt:
    hvg_genes = np.array(ckpt["var_names"])
elif "feature_names" in ckpt:
    hvg_genes = np.array(ckpt["feature_names"])
else:
    raise KeyError(
        "Checkpoint missing 'var_names'/'feature_names'; "
        "cannot infer HVG gene list."
    )
G = hvg_genes.shape[0]
print(f"[ckpt] n_HVG from checkpoint: G={G}", flush=True)

# ----- 2) Open raw AnnData in backed mode -----
print(f"[load] raw AnnData (backed): {ad_raw_path}", flush=True)
ad_raw = sc.read_h5ad(str(ad_raw_path), backed="r")
n_cells_raw = ad_raw.n_obs
print(
    f"[info] raw AnnData: n_obs={ad_raw.n_obs}, n_vars={ad_raw.n_vars}",
    flush=True,
)
# Map HVG genes to raw var_names
var_full = np.array(ad_raw.var_names)
gene_to_idx: Dict[str, int] = {g: i for i, g in enumerate(var_full)}

hvg_idx_full = []
missing_genes = []
for g in hvg_genes:
    idx = gene_to_idx.get(g)
    if idx is None:
        missing_genes.append(g)
    else:
        hvg_idx_full.append(idx)

if missing_genes:
    print(
        f"[warn] {len(missing_genes)} HVG genes from checkpoint not in raw var_names. "
        f"Examples: {missing_genes[:10]}",
        flush=True,
    )
hvg_idx_full_np = np.array(hvg_idx_full, dtype=int)
G_eff = hvg_idx_full_np.shape[0]
print(f"[info] using G={G_eff} genes after mapping into raw AnnData", flush=True)
if G_eff == 0:
    raise RuntimeError("No HVG genes from checkpoint found in raw AnnData var_names!")

# ----- 3) Build cell-level QC mask from obs -----
obs = ad_raw.obs

if "mitopercent" not in obs.columns:
    raise ValueError(
        "'mitopercent' not found in obs; "
        f"available columns: {list(obs.columns)}"
    )
if "UMI_count" not in obs.columns:
    raise ValueError(
        "'UMI_count' not found in obs; "
        f"available columns: {list(obs.columns)}"
    )

mitopercent = obs["mitopercent"].to_numpy()
umi_count = obs["UMI_count"].to_numpy()

mito_ok = mitopercent < float(max_pct_mt)
umi_ok = umi_count > float(min_umi)

```

```
qc_cells = mito_ok & umi_ok
print(
    f"[qc] {qc_cells.sum()} / {n_cells_raw} cells pass "
    f"(mitopercent<{max_pct_mt}, UMI_count>{min_umi})",
    flush=True,
)

# ----- 4) Control / perturbed, reg -----
if reg_col not in obs.columns:
    raise ValueError(
        f"reg-col '{reg_col}' not in obs; "
        f"available columns: {list(obs.columns)}"
    )
if dose_col not in obs.columns:
    raise ValueError(
        f"dose-col '{dose_col}' not in obs; "
        f"available columns: {list(obs.columns)}"
    )

reg_raw = obs[reg_col].to_numpy()
reg = np.array(reg_raw)

is_ctrl = (reg == control_value) & qc_cells
is_pert = (reg != control_value) & qc_cells

n_ctrl = int(is_ctrl.sum())
n_pert = int(is_pert.sum())
print(f"[split] control cells (reg={control_value!r}): {n_ctrl}", flush=True)
print(f"[split] perturbed cells: {n_pert}", flush=True)
if n_ctrl == 0:
    raise RuntimeError(
        f"No control cells found with {reg_col} == {control_value!r}"
    )

# ----- 5) Global control mean in HVG space (dose-free) -----
print("[ctrl] computing GLOBAL control mean in HVG space...", flush=True)

ctrl_mask = is_ctrl
n_ctrl_qc = int(ctrl_mask.sum())
if n_ctrl_qc == 0:
    raise RuntimeError("No control cells after QC filtering!")

ad_ctrl = ad_raw[ctrl_mask, :].to_memory()
ad_ctrl_hvg = ad_ctrl[:, hvg_idx_full_np]

X_ctrl = ad_ctrl_hvg.X
if sparse.issparse(X_ctrl):
    X_ctrl = X_ctrl.toarray()
X_ctrl = X_ctrl.astype(np.float32)

global_ctrl_mean = X_ctrl.mean(axis=0, keepdims=True) # [1, G_eff]
print(
    f"[ctrl] global control mean over {n_ctrl_qc} cells; G={global_ctrl_mean.shape[1]}"
    flush=True,
)

# ----- 6) Aggregate \hat{E} per regulator (ignore dose for K562) -----
print("[agg] aggregating \hat{E} per regulator (dose-free)...", flush=True)

regs_pert = np.unique(reg[is_pert])
print(f"[agg] {len(regs_pert)} unique perturbed regulators", flush=True)

reg_to_idx = {r: i for i, r in enumerate(regs_pert)}

deltaE_list = []
reg_idx_list = []
dose_list = []
```

```

min_cells = int(min_cells_per_group)

for r in regs_pert:
    mask_r = is_pert & (reg == r)
    n = int(mask_r.sum())
    if n < min_cells:
        continue

    ad_r = ad_raw[mask_r, :].to_memory()
    ad_r_hvg = ad_r[:, hvg_idx_full_np]

    X_r = ad_r_hvg.X
    if sparse.issparse(X_r):
        X_r = X_r.toarray()
    X_r = X_r.astype(np.float32)

    x_r_mean = X_r.mean(axis=0, keepdims=True)      # [1, G_eff]
    deltaE = x_r_mean - global_ctrl_mean           # [1, G_eff]

    deltaE_list.append(deltaE)
    reg_idx_list.append(reg_to_idx[r])
    dose_list.append(0.0)  # dummy dose; GRN has use_dose = False

if len(deltaE_list) % 500 == 0:
    print(
        f" [agg] processed {len(deltaE_list)} regulators so far...",
        flush=True,
    )

if len(deltaE_list) == 0:
    raise RuntimeError("No regulators with enough cells after QC!")

deltaE = np.vstack(deltaE_list).astype(np.float32)
reg_idx_arr = np.array(reg_idx_list, dtype=np.int64)
dose_arr = np.array(dose_list, dtype=np.float32)

N, G_eff = deltaE.shape
print(f"[agg] built {N} regulator-level samples; each \u224e has G={G_eff} genes", flush=True)

# ----- 7) \u224e obs via W (optional) -----
if cnmf_W_path is not None:
    print(f"[prog] loading cNMF W: {cnmf_W_path}", flush=True)
    W = np.load(cnmf_W_path).astype(np.float32)  # [G_eff, K]
    if W.shape[0] != G_eff:
        raise ValueError(
            f"W has {W.shape[0]} genes but \u224e has {G_eff}; check HVG alignment."
        )
    deltaP = deltaE @ W  # [N, K]
else:
    print("[prog] no W provided; using \u224e obs = \u224e", flush=True)
    deltaP = deltaE.copy()

# ----- 8) Stub \u224e obs -----
T = int(traits_dim)
deltaY = np.zeros((N, T), dtype=np.float32)

# ----- 9) Train/val split -----
rng = np.random.default_rng(seed)
perm = rng.permutation(N)
N_val = int(val_frac * N)
val_idx = perm[:N_val]
train_idx = perm[N_val:]

def _save_npz(path: Path, idx: np.ndarray) -> None:
    path = Path(path)
    np.savez_compressed(

```

```
    path,
    reg_idx=reg_idx_arr[idx],
    deltaE=deltaE[idx],
    deltaP_obs=deltaP[idx],
    deltaY_obs=deltaY[idx],
    dose=dose_arr[idx],
)
print(f"[save] {path} (N={len(idx)})", flush=True)

train_path = out_dir / "train.npz"
val_path = out_dir / "val.npz"

_save_npz(train_path, train_idx)
_save_npz(val_path, val_idx)
print("[done]", flush=True)

return {
    "N": int(N),
    "N_train": int(train_idx.size),
    "N_val": int(val_idx.size),
    "G_eff": int(G_eff),
    "n_regulators_used": int(len(deltaE_list)),
    "train_path": train_path,
    "val_path": val_path,
}
```

```
# src/mantra/grn/models.py

from __future__ import annotations

from dataclasses import dataclass
from typing import Optional, Dict

import torch
from torch import nn, Tensor

# -----
# 1. Conditioning encoder (regulator ± dose)
# -----

class ConditionEncoder(nn.Module):
    """
    Encodes regulator (always) and optionally dose -> conditioning vector c.

    Shapes:
        reg_idx: [B] (long)
        dose: [B] or [B, 1] (float, optional)
        output: [B, hidden_dim]
    """

    def __init__(
        self,
        n_regulators: int,
        hidden_dim: int = 128,
        reg_dim: int = 64,
        dose_dim: int = 16,
        use_dose: bool = True,
    ) -> None:
        super().__init__()
        self.use_dose = use_dose

        self.reg_embed = nn.Embedding(n_regulators, reg_dim)

        if use_dose:
            self.dose_mlp = nn.Sequential(
                nn.Linear(1, dose_dim),
                nn.ReLU(),
                nn.Linear(dose_dim, dose_dim),
                nn.ReLU(),
            )
            in_dim = reg_dim + dose_dim
        else:
            self.dose_mlp = None
            in_dim = reg_dim

        self.out = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Linear(in_dim, hidden_dim),
            nn.ReLU(),
        )

    def forward(
        self,
        reg_idx: Tensor, # [B]
        dose: Optional[Tensor] = None, # [B] or [B, 1] or None
    ) -> Tensor:
        reg_emb = self.reg_embed(reg_idx) # [B, reg_dim]

        if self.use_dose:
            if dose is None:
                raise ValueError("dose tensor is required when use_dose=True")
            dose = dose.view(-1, 1) # [B, 1]
            dose_emb = self.dose_mlp(dose) # [B, dose_dim]
            x = torch.cat([reg_emb, dose_emb], dim=-1)
        else:
```

```

        x = reg_emb

    cond = self.out(x)                      # [B, hidden_dim]
    return cond

# -----
# 2. FiLM-conditioned GNN layer
# -----

class GeneGNNLayer(nn.Module):
    """
    Single message-passing layer with FiLM conditioning on global cond vector.

    Inputs:
        h:      [B, G, d_in]  node features
        cond:  [B, d_cond]   global condition (reg + dose)
        A:      [G, G]        (row- or sym-normalized adjacency)
    """
    def __init__(self,
                 d_in: int,
                 d_out: int,
                 d_cond: int,
                 dropout: float = 0.0,
                 ) -> None:
        super().__init__()
        self.linear = nn.Linear(d_in, d_out)
        self.cond_to_film = nn.Linear(d_cond, 2 * d_out)
        self.act = nn.ReLU()
        self.dropout = nn.Dropout(dropout)

    def forward(self,
                h: Tensor,           # [B, G, d_in]
                cond: Tensor,         # [B, d_cond]
                A: Tensor,            # [G, G]
                ) -> Tensor:
        # Message passing: (G,G) x (B,G,d_in) -> (B,G,d_in)
        agg = torch.einsum("ij,bjd->bijd", A, h) # [B, G, d_in]
        h_lin = self.linear(agg)                      # [B, G, d_out]

        # FiLM from global condition
        gamma_beta = self.cond_to_film(cond)          # [B, 2*d_out]
        gamma, beta = gamma_beta.chunk(2, dim=-1)       # [B, d_out] each
        gamma = gamma.unsqueeze(1)                      # [B, 1, d_out]
        beta = beta.unsqueeze(1)                        # [B, 1, d_out]

        out = self.act(gamma * h_lin + beta)
        out = self.dropout(out)
        return out

# -----
# 3. GRN GNN model: (reg, dose?) -> 1\224E_pred
# -----

class GRNGNN(nn.Module):
    """
    f_theta: (reg_idx, dose?) -> 1\224E_pred per gene, conditioned on gene graph.

    Forward:
        reg_idx: [B]      (long)
        dose:    [B] or None
        A:       [G, G]   (normalized adjacency for genes)

    returns 1\224E_pred: [B, G]
    """

```

```
def __init__(  
    self,  
    n_regulators: int,  
    n_genes: int,  
    n_layers: int = 3,  
    gene_emb_dim: int = 64,  
    hidden_dim: int = 128,  
    dropout: float = 0.1,  
    use_dose: bool = True,  
) -> None:  
    super().__init__()  
    self.n_genes = n_genes  
    self.use_dose = use_dose  
  
    # Global condition encoder (reg ± dose)  
    self.cond_encoder = ConditionEncoder(  
        n_regulators=n_regulators,  
        hidden_dim=hidden_dim,  
        reg_dim=hidden_dim // 2,  
        dose_dim=hidden_dim // 4,  
        use_dose=use_dose,  
)  
  
    # Learnable per-gene initial embeddings  $h_g^0$   
    self.gene_emb = nn.Parameter(  
        0.01 * torch.randn(n_genes, gene_emb_dim)  
)  
  
    # Stack of FiLM-conditioned GNN layers  
    layers = []  
    d_in = gene_emb_dim  
    for _ in range(n_layers):  
        layers.append(  
            GeneGNNLayer(  
                d_in=d_in,  
                d_out=hidden_dim,  
                d_cond=hidden_dim,  
                dropout=dropout,  
            ))  
        d_in = hidden_dim  
    self.layers = nn.ModuleList(layers)  
  
    # Per-gene readout  $\hat{A}^{206 \times 222}$  scalar  $\hat{E}^{224 \times 1}$   
    self.readout = nn.Linear(hidden_dim, 1)  
  
def forward(  
    self,  
    reg_idx: Tensor,           # [B]  
    dose: Optional[Tensor],    # [B] or None  
    A: Tensor,                 # [G, G]  
) -> Tensor:  
    cond = self.cond_encoder(  
        reg_idx,  
        dose if self.use_dose else None,  
    ) # [B, hidden_dim]  
  
    B = reg_idx.shape[0]  
    # Broadcast gene embeddings across batch: [B, G, gene_emb_dim]  
    h = self.gene_emb.unsqueeze(0).expand(B, self.n_genes, -1)  
  
    # GNN layers  
    for layer in self.layers:  
        h = layer(h, cond, A) # [B, G, hidden_dim]  
  
    # Per-gene linear head  $\hat{A}^{206 \times 222}$   $\hat{E}^{224 \times 1}$   
    delta_e = self.readout(h).squeeze(-1) # [B, G]  
    return delta_e
```

```

# -----
# 4. Optional trait head:  $\hat{P} \rightarrow \hat{y}$ 
# -----


class TraitHead(nn.Module):
    """
    Simple MLP mapping program deltas  $\hat{P} \rightarrow$  trait deltas  $\hat{y}$ .
    """

    Input:
        deltaP: [B, K]
    Output:
        deltaY: [B, T]
    """

    def __init__(self,
                 n_programs: int,
                 n_traits: int,
                 hidden_dim: int = 64,
                 ) -> None:
        super().__init__()
        self.net = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Linear(n_programs, hidden_dim),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Linear(hidden_dim, n_traits),
        )

    def forward(self, deltaP: Tensor) -> Tensor:
        return self.net(deltaP)

# -----
# 5. Loss configuration + loss computation
# -----

```

```

@dataclass
class GRNLossConfig:
    """
    Lambda weights for each loss term.
    """

    lambda_geo: float = 0.0
    lambda_prog: float = 0.0
    lambda_trait: float = 0.0

    def compute_grn_losses(
        model: GRNGNN,
        A: torch.Tensor,                                     # [G, G]
        batch: dict[str, torch.Tensor],
        x_ref: torch.Tensor,                                # [G]
        energy_prior: nn.Module,                            # EnergyScorerPrior
        W: torch.Tensor,                                    # [G, K]
        loss_cfg: GRNLossConfig,
        trait_head: Optional[nn.Module] = None,
    ) -> dict[str, torch.Tensor]:
        device = next(model.parameters()).device

        reg_idx = batch["reg_idx"].to(device)             # [B]
        deltaE_obs = batch["deltaE"].to(device)           # [B, G]

        dose = batch.get("dose", None)
        if dose is not None:
            dose = dose.to(device)

        A = A.to(device)
        x_ref = x_ref.to(device)
        W = W.to(device)

```

```
# 1)  $\hat{I} \backslash 224E$  prediction
deltaE_pred = model(reg_idx=reg_idx, dose=dose, A=A) # [B, G]

# 2) Expression loss
L_expr = ((deltaE_pred - deltaE_obs) ** 2).mean()

# 3) Geometric prior (frozen EGGFM)
x_hat = x_ref.unsqueeze(0) + deltaE_pred # [B, G]
energy = energy_prior(x_hat) # [B]
L_geo = loss_cfg.lambda_geo * energy.mean()

# 4) Program-level supervision
deltaP_pred = deltaE_pred @ W # [B, K]

L_prog = torch.zeros(), device=device)
if "deltaP_obs" in batch:
    deltaP_obs = batch["deltaP_obs"].to(device)
    L_prog = loss_cfg.lambda_prog * ((deltaP_pred - deltaP_obs) ** 2).mean()

# 5) Trait head (optional)
L_trait = torch.zeros(), device=device)
if trait_head is not None and "deltaY_obs" in batch:
    deltaY_obs = batch["deltaY_obs"].to(device)
    deltaY_pred = trait_head(deltaP_pred)
    L_trait = loss_cfg.lambda_trait * ((deltaY_pred - deltaY_obs) ** 2).mean()

L_total = L_expr + L_geo + L_prog + L_trait

return {
    "loss": L_total,
    "L_expr": L_expr.detach(),
    "L_geo": L_geo.detach(),
    "L_prog": L_prog.detach(),
    "L_trait": L_trait.detach(),
    "deltaE_pred": deltaE_pred.detach(),
    "deltaP_pred": deltaP_pred.detach(),
}
```

```

# src/mantra/grn/priors.py

from __future__ import annotations

from pathlib import Path
from typing import Optional, Sequence

import torch
from torch import nn, Tensor

from mantra.eggfm.inference import EnergyScorer


class EnergyScorerPrior(nn.Module):
    """
    Wraps an EnergyScorer as a frozen prior: x_hat -> energy.

    GRN does not care whether the underlying energy lives in HVG
    space or an embedding; that logic is inside EnergyScorer.
    """

    def __init__(
        self,
        scorer: EnergyScorer,
        gene_names: Optional[Sequence[str]] = None,
    ) -> None:
        super().__init__()
        self.scorer = scorer
        # optional canonical gene order for GRN's feature space
        self.gene_names = list(gene_names) if gene_names is not None else None

    def forward(self, x_hat: Tensor) -> Tensor:
        # x_hat: [B, G_raw] in GRN's gene space
        return self.scorer.score(x_hat, gene_names=self.gene_names)

def build_energy_prior_from_ckpt(
    ckpt_path: str | Path,
    gene_names: Optional[Sequence[str]],
    device: Optional[torch.device] = None,
) -> EnergyScorerPrior:
    """
    Build an EnergyScorerPrior from a pre-trained EGGFM checkpoint.

    The checkpoint itself encodes:
    - HVG vs embedding space
    - normalization
    - (for embedding) projection matrix.
    """

    scorer = EnergyScorer.from_checkpoint(ckpt_path, device=device)
    prior = EnergyScorerPrior(scorer=scorer, gene_names=gene_names)
    prior.eval()
    return prior

```

```
# src/mantra/grn/run_grn.py
from __future__ import annotations

from pathlib import Path
from typing import Dict, Any, Optional

import numpy as np
import torch
import yaml
import scanpy as sc
from scipy import sparse as sp_sparse
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader

from mantra.config import GRNModelConfig, GRNTrainConfig, GRNLossConfig
from mantra.grn.dataset import K562RegDeltaDataset
from mantra.grn.models import GRNGNN, TraitHead
from mantra.grn.priors import build_energy_prior_from_ckpt
from mantra.grn.trainer import GRNTrainer


def run_grn_training(
    params_path: Path,
    out_dir: Path,
    ad_path: Path,
    train_npz_path: Path,
    val_npz_path: Optional[Path],
    energy_ckpt_path: Path,
    adj_path: Optional[Path] = None,
    cnmf_W_path: Optional[Path] = None,
) -> Path:
    """
    High-level entrypoint to train the GRN GNN with an EGGFM energy prior.

    Parameters
    -----
    params_path : Path
        YAML file with grn_model, grn_train, grn_loss blocks.
    out_dir : Path
        Directory to write GRN checkpoint(s).
    ad_path : Path
        QC\200\231d AnnData used to compute x_ref (same gene space as \224E / energy).
    train_npz_path : Path
        NPZ with aggregated (reg_idx, deltaE, deltaP_obs, deltaY_obs, dose).
    val_npz_path : Optional[Path]
        Optional NPZ for validation set.
    energy_ckpt_path : Path
        Pre-trained EGGFM energy checkpoint (.pt).
    adj_path : Optional[Path]
        Optional adjacency matrix [G,G] as .npy. If None, uses identity.
    cnmf_W_path : Optional[Path]
        Optional cNMF loadings W [G,K]. If None, uses identity [G,G].

    Returns
    -----
    Path
        Path to the saved GRN checkpoint.
    """
    device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")

    out_dir.mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)

    # ---- load params ----
    params: Dict[str, Any] = yaml.safe_load(params_path.read_text())
    grn_model_cfg = GRNModelConfig(**params.get("grn_model", {}))
    grn_train_cfg = GRNTrainConfig(**params.get("grn_train", {}))
    grn_loss_cfg = GRNLossConfig(**params.get("grn_loss", {}))

    # ---- load AnnData ----
```

```
qc_ad = sc.read_h5ad(str(ad_path))

# ---- datasets ----
train_ds = K562RegDeltaDataset(train_npz_path)
val_ds: Optional[K562RegDeltaDataset] = (
    K562RegDeltaDataset(val_npz_path) if val_npz_path is not None else None
)

G = train_ds.n_genes
n_regulators = train_ds.n_regulators

# ---- adjacency ----
if adj_path is not None:
    A_np = np.load(adj_path).astype(np.float32)
else:
    A_np = np.eye(G, dtype=np.float32)
A = torch.from_numpy(A_np).to(device)

# ---- cNMF W ----
if cnmf_W_path is not None:
    W_np = np.load(cnmf_W_path).astype(np.float32) # [G, K]
else:
    # identity: effectively disables program loss when lambda_prog > 0
    W_np = np.eye(G, dtype=np.float32)
W = torch.from_numpy(W_np).to(device)

# ---- reference state x_ref ----
# We need x_ref in the SAME gene space as \224E and the energy prior (G genes).

# 1) Load HVG names from the energy checkpoint
ckpt = torch.load(energy_ckpt_path, map_location="cpu")
hvg_names = np.array(ckpt["var_names"])
if hvg_names.shape[0] != G:
    raise ValueError(
        f"Energy ckpt var_names has {hvg_names.shape[0]} genes, "
        f"but \224E has {G}. These must match."
    )

# 2) Align qc_ad.var_names to this list
var_names = np.array(qc_ad.var_names.astype(str))
gene_to_idx = {g: i for i, g in enumerate(var_names)}

missing = [g for g in hvg_names if g not in gene_to_idx]
if missing:
    raise ValueError(
        "Could not align qc_ad genes to energy ckpt/NPZ space: "
        f"{len(missing)} genes missing. Examples: {missing[:10]}"
    )

idx = np.array([gene_to_idx[g] for g in hvg_names], dtype=int)
qc_ad_sub = qc_ad[:, idx].copy()
print(
    f"[align] subset qc_ad from {qc_ad.n_vars} \206\222 {qc_ad_sub.n_vars} genes "
    f"to match \224E / energy prior space.",
    flush=True,
)

# 3) Compute x_ref in this aligned space
X = qc_ad_sub.X
if sp_sparse.issparse(X):
    X = X.toarray()
X = np.asarray(X, dtype=np.float32)

x_ref_np = X.mean(axis=0) # [G]
if x_ref_np.shape[0] != G:
    raise ValueError(
        "Gene dimension mismatch after alignment: "
        f"x_ref has {x_ref_np.shape[0]} genes, but \224E has {G}."
    )
```

```
        )
x_ref = torch.from_numpy(x_ref_np).to(device)

# ---- dataloaders ----
train_loader = DataLoader(
    train_ds,
    batch_size=grn_train_cfg.batch_size,
    shuffle=True,
)
val_loader = None
if val_ds is not None:
    val_loader = DataLoader(
        val_ds,
        batch_size=grn_train_cfg.batch_size,
        shuffle=False,
    )

# ---- energy prior (pretrained EGGFM) ----
energy_prior = build_energy_prior_from_ckpt(
    ckpt_path=str(energy_ckpt_path),
    gene_names=qc_ad.var_names,
    device=device,
)

# ---- GRN model ----
model = GRNGNN(
    n_regulators=n_regulators,
    n_genes=G,
    n_layers=grn_model_cfg.n_layers,
    gene_emb_dim=grn_model_cfg.gene_emb_dim,
    hidden_dim=grn_model_cfg.hidden_dim,
    dropout=grn_model_cfg.dropout,
    use_dose=grn_model_cfg.use_dose,
).to(device)

# ---- optional trait head ----
trait_head: Optional[TraitHead] = None
if grn_model_cfg.n_traits > 0:
    K = W_np.shape[1]
    trait_head = TraitHead(
        n_programs=K,
        n_traits=grn_model_cfg.n_traits,
        hidden_dim=grn_model_cfg.trait_hidden_dim,
    ).to(device)

# ---- trainer ----
trainer = GRNTrainer(
    grn_model=model,
    trait_head=trait_head,
    A=A,
    x_ref=x_ref,
    W=W,
    energy_prior=energy_prior,
    loss_cfg=grn_loss_cfg,
    train_cfg=grn_train_cfg,
    device=str(device),
)

trainer.fit(train_loader, val_loader)

# ---- save best checkpoint ----
ckpt_out = {
    "model_state_dict": (
        trainer.best_model_state
        if getattr(trainer, "best_model_state", None) is not None
        else model.state_dict()
    ),
    "trait_head_state_dict": (

```

```
src/mantra/grn/run_grn.py           Mon Dec 08 03:38:07 2025      4
    trainer.best_trait_state if trait_head is not None else None
),
"grn_model_cfg": grn_model_cfg.__dict__,
"grn_train_cfg": grn_train_cfg.__dict__,
"grn_loss_cfg": grn_loss_cfg.__dict__,
"n_regulators": n_regulators,
"n_genes": G,
"W": W_np,
"A": A_np,
"x_ref": x_ref_np,
# --- prior metadata for later reload ---
"prior_type": "eggfm_energy",
"energy_ckpt_path": str(energy_ckpt_path.resolve()),
"energy_var_names": hvg_names, # np.array/list of gene IDs in this space
}

ckpt_path = out_dir / "grn_k562_energy_prior.pt"
torch.save(ckpt_out, ckpt_path)
print(f"Saved GRN checkpoint to {ckpt_path}", flush=True)

return ckpt_path
```

```
# src/mantra/grn/trainer.py

from __future__ import annotations

from dataclasses import dataclass
from typing import Dict, Optional

import torch
from torch import nn, optim
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader

from mantra.grn.models import GRNGNN, TraitHead, GRNLossConfig, compute_grn_losses
from mantra.config import GRNTrainConfig

class GRNTrainer:
    """
    Trainer for the GRN GNN block with an arbitrary energy prior.

    Usage:
        trainer = GRNTrainer(
            grn_model=grn,
            trait_head=trait_head,
            A=A,
            x_ref=x_ref,
            W=W,
            energy_prior=hvg_prior or embed_prior,
            loss_cfg=loss_cfg,
            train_cfg=train_cfg,
            device="cuda",
        )
        trainer.fit(train_loader, val_loader)
    """

    def __init__(
        self,
        grn_model: GRNGNN,
        trait_head: Optional[TraitHead],
        A,
        x_ref,
        W,
        energy_prior: nn.Module,
        loss_cfg: GRNLossConfig,
        train_cfg: GRNTrainConfig,
        device: Optional[str] = None,
    ) -> None:
        self.device = device or ("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")

        self.grn_model = grn_model.to(self.device)
        self.trait_head = trait_head.to(self.device) if trait_head is not None else None

        self.A = A.to(self.device)
        self.x_ref = x_ref.to(self.device)
        self.W = W.to(self.device)

        self.energy_prior = energy_prior.to(self.device)
        self.loss_cfg = loss_cfg
        self.train_cfg = train_cfg

        params = list(self.grn_model.parameters())
        if self.trait_head is not None:
            params += list(self.trait_head.parameters())

        self.optimizer = optim.Adam(
            params,
            lr=float(train_cfg.lr),           # force-cast in case YAML gave a string
            weight_decay=train_cfg.weight_decay,
        )

    # ----- public API -----
```

```
def fit(
    self,
    train_loader: DataLoader,
    val_loader: Optional[DataLoader] = None,
) -> None:
    """
    Simple training loop with optional early stopping on val loss.
    """
    cfg = self.train_cfg

    best_val_loss = float("inf")
    best_state = None
    epochs_without_improve = 0

    for epoch in range(cfg.max_epochs):
        train_stats = self.train_epoch(train_loader)
        msg = (
            f"[GRN] Epoch {epoch+1}/{cfg.max_epochs} "
            f"train_loss={train_stats['loss']:.4f} "
            f"expr={train_stats['L_expr']:.4f} "
            f"geo={train_stats['L_geo']:.4f} "
            f"prog={train_stats['L_prog']:.4f} "
            f"trait={train_stats['L_trait']:.4f}"
        )

        if val_loader is not None:
            val_stats = self.eval_epoch(val_loader)
            val_loss = val_stats["loss"]
            msg += f" | val_loss={val_loss:.4f}"
            improved = val_loss + cfg.early_stop_min_delta < best_val_loss
            if improved:
                best_val_loss = val_loss
                best_state = self._snapshot_state()
                # NEW: expose best state for external saving
                self.best_model_state = best_state["grn"]
                self.best_trait_state = best_state.get("trait_head")
                epochs_without_improve = 0
            else:
                epochs_without_improve += 1
        else:
            improved = train_stats["loss"] + cfg.early_stop_min_delta < best_val_loss
            if improved:
                best_val_loss = train_stats["loss"]
                best_state = self._snapshot_state()
                self.best_model_state = best_state["grn"]
                self.best_trait_state = best_state.get("trait_head")
                epochs_without_improve = 0 # no early stopping without val

        print(msg, flush=True)

        if (
            val_loader is not None
            and cfg.early_stop_patience > 0
            and epochs_without_improve >= cfg.early_stop_patience
        ):
            print(
                f"[GRN] Early stopping at epoch {epoch+1} "
                f"(best_val_loss={best_val_loss:.4f})",
                flush=True,
            )
            break

        if best_state is not None:
            self._load_state(best_state)

def train_epoch(self, loader: DataLoader) -> Dict[str, float]:
    self.grn_model.train()
```

```
if self.trait_head is not None:
    self.trait_head.train()

total = 0
sum_loss = sum_expr = sum_geo = sum_prog = sum_trait = 0.0

for batch in loader:
    stats = self._forward_batch(batch, train_mode=True)

    bsz = batch["reg_idx"].shape[0]
    total += bsz
    sum_loss += stats["loss"].item() * bsz
    sum_expr += stats["L_expr"].item() * bsz
    sum_geo += stats["L_geo"].item() * bsz
    sum_prog += stats["L_prog"].item() * bsz
    sum_trait += stats["L_trait"].item() * bsz

return {
    "loss": sum_loss / total,
    "L_expr": sum_expr / total,
    "L_geo": sum_geo / total,
    "L_prog": sum_prog / total,
    "L_trait": sum_trait / total,
}

@torch.no_grad()
def eval_epoch(self, loader: DataLoader) -> Dict[str, float]:
    self.grn_model.eval()
    if self.trait_head is not None:
        self.trait_head.eval()

    total = 0
    sum_loss = sum_expr = sum_geo = sum_prog = sum_trait = 0.0

    for batch in loader:
        stats = self._forward_batch(batch, train_mode=False)

        bsz = batch["reg_idx"].shape[0]
        total += bsz
        sum_loss += stats["loss"].item() * bsz
        sum_expr += stats["L_expr"].item() * bsz
        sum_geo += stats["L_geo"].item() * bsz
        sum_prog += stats["L_prog"].item() * bsz
        sum_trait += stats["L_trait"].item() * bsz

    return {
        "loss": sum_loss / total,
        "L_expr": sum_expr / total,
        "L_geo": sum_geo / total,
        "L_prog": sum_prog / total,
        "L_trait": sum_trait / total,
    }

# ----- internals -----

def _forward_batch(self, batch: Dict[str, torch.Tensor], train_mode: bool) -> Dict[str, torch.Tensor]:
    batch = {k: v.to(self.device) for k, v in batch.items()}

    out = compute_grn_losses(
        model=self.grn_model,
        A=self.A,
        batch=batch,
        x_ref=self.x_ref,
        energy_prior=self.energy_prior,
        W=self.W,
        loss_cfg=self.loss_cfg,
        trait_head=self.trait_head,
```

```
        )
    loss = out["loss"]

    if train_mode:
        self.optimizer.zero_grad()
        loss.backward()
        if self.train_cfg.grad_clip > 0.0:
            torch.nn.utils.clip_grad_norm_(
                list(self.grn_model.parameters())
                + ([] if self.trait_head is None else list(self.trait_head.parameters())),
                self.train_cfg.grad_clip,
            )
        self.optimizer.step()

    return out

def _snapshot_state(self):
    state = {
        "grn": self.grn_model.state_dict(),
    }
    if self.trait_head is not None:
        state["trait_head"] = self.trait_head.state_dict()
    return state

def _load_state(self, state):
    self.grn_model.load_state_dict(state["grn"])
    if self.trait_head is not None and "trait_head" in state:
        self.trait_head.load_state_dict(state["trait_head"])
```

```
src/mantra/grn/__init__.py      Sat Dec 06 23:30:16 2025      1
# src/mantra/grn/__init__.py
from __future__ import annotations

from .models import (
    ConditionEncoder,
    GeneGNNLayer,
    GRNGNN,
    TraitHead,
    compute_grn_losses,
)
from .trainer import GRNTrainer
from .config import GRNModelConfig, GRNTrainConfig, GRNLossConfig

__all__ = [
    "ConditionEncoder",
    "GeneGNNLayer",
    "GRNGNN",
    "TraitHead",
    "compute_grn_losses",
    "GRNTrainer",
    "GRNModelConfig",
    "GRNTrainConfig",
    "GRNLossConfig",
]
]
```